

ER  
he Is

the News  
Fit to Print

# The New York Times

LATE CITY EDITION

Weather: Sunny, warm today; mild tonight. Partly sunny tomorrow. Temperature range: today 60-85; Tuesday 53-80. Details on page 73.

No. 43,327

© 1976 The New York Times Company

NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, 1976

20 CENTS



Jimmy Carter, wearing a white coat and throwing it on stage, Jimmy Carter addressed a crowd at Whitman Hall at Brooklyn College during visit yesterday.

## 'Would Have' Ousted Kelley, Don't Say He Will if President

By JAMES T. WOOTEN  
Special to The New York Times  
A Sept. 7 Jimmy Carter, unlike President Ford, dismissed Clarence M. Kelley of the Federal Bureau of Investigation for accepting gifts and favors from members of his staff. Mr. Kelley, a Republican, had been named as a potential vice-presidential pick. Mr. Carter, however, said he would not say if he would have ousted Kelley if he became President. Mr. Kelley's resignation occurred after Mr. Carter took his presidential oath in a college campus in street rally in Groton, Conn., on Sept. 7. Mr. Kelley, who had been named as a potential vice-presidential pick, said he would not say if he would have ousted Kelley if he became President. Mr. Kelley's resignation occurred after Mr. Carter took his presidential oath in a college campus in street rally in Groton, Conn., on Sept. 7. Mr. Kelley, who had been named as a potential vice-presidential pick, said he would not say if he would have ousted Kelley if he became President.

## G.E. TO PAY 3 MILLION FOR DUMPING PCB'S INTO UPPER HUDSON

Company Also Agrees to Help State Finance Research to Eliminate Pollutant From the River

By LESLIE MATTLAND  
General Electric, in a negotiated settlement with the Department of Environmental Conservation, has agreed to pay \$3 million toward cleaning the Hudson River of highly toxic PCB's that it dumped there. The company has also agreed to pay \$1 million for research on ending the problem. Under the agreement, which neither exonerates nor blames the company for polluting the upper Hudson River, the state will also set aside \$3 million to help eliminate the chemical—polychlorinated biphenyls—from the water. The Department of Environmental Conservation is expected to announce the terms of the agreement—regarded as a historic event by a number of conservationists because it severely penalizes a major polluter—in a news conference in Albany today. Two Decline to Discuss Terms Martin Wasser, an assistant to Peter A. A. Berle, Commissioner of Environmental Conservation, declined yesterday to discuss the terms of the agreement, as did a spokesman for General Electric. Sarah Chasis, a lawyer with the Natural Resources Defense Council, a public-interest law firm that represented several of the conservation groups acting as intervenors in the case, and participated in the negotiations also refused to discuss the terms of the agreement. But she said that the chief concerns of the environmentalists intervenors had been to assure the cleanup of the Hudson River and to establish a precedent for holding polluters responsible for the consequences of their toxic discharges. Result of Hearings The settlement is a result of quasi-judicial hearings ordered by the Department of Environmental Conservation and culminated months of haggling among the department, G.E. and the intervening environmental associations. It also puts to an end, at least for now, an issue that had attracted adverse attention to General Electric. Last February, Prof. Abraham D. Sofaer of the Columbia Law School, the hearing officer in the case, found the company had violated New York State's water-quality standards by its PCB discharges from capacitor plants at Fort Edward and Hudson Falls, north of Albany. The discharges of the pollutant had come to public attention last fall, after high levels of PCB's were found in fish from the Hudson River. Last April, the conflict led to the resignation under pressure of Mr. Berle's predecessor, Ogden R. Reid, whose uncompromising stance on the G.E. case



Secretary of State Henry A. Kissinger with Chancellor Helmut Schmidt of West Germany during their news conference held in Hamburg yesterday.

## Kissinger Expected to Fly to Africa Next Week to Renew Negotiations

HAMBURG, West Germany, Sept. 7—Secretary of State Henry A. Kissinger is expected to fly to southern Africa next week to resume attempts to negotiate solutions to the white-black conflicts in Rhodesia and South-West Africa. Mr. Kissinger said here today that he had received an invitation from President Julius K. Nyerere of Tanzania to return to the area. [In Dar es Salaam, a spokesman for President Nyerere said that Tanzania had not invited Mr. Kissinger but did welcome the idea of a visit by him, Reuters reported.] Although privately Mr. Kissinger and his aides said they were pleased that the black African leaders who have just concluded a meeting in Dar es Salaam had not taken actions that would have precluded an invitation to the Secretary, publicly he delayed formal acceptance. At a news conference here after he briefed the West German Chancellor, Helmut Schmidt, Mr. Kissinger said that he wanted to receive a report first from William E. Schauffele Jr., Assistant Secretary of State for African Affairs, who was sent today to Dar es Salaam to find out from Mr. Nyerere the results of the closed-door meeting held there. While Mr. Kissinger—who flew here this afternoon from Paris—was conferring with Mr. Schmidt at a guest house, initial reports were received by Mr. Kissinger's party from diplomatic sources and from news agencies about the results of the meeting in Tanzania, at which leaders of five black African nations, together with various nationalist groups, tried to arrive at agreed positions on Rhodesia. Continued on Page 4, Column 3

## AFRICAN TALKS CLOSE WITHOUT ENDING RIFT OF BLACK RHODESIANS

DISCUSSIONS REPORTED HEATED

Feud Became Main Topic at Parley of 5 Presidents Held to Develop Policy on Minority Regimes

By JOHN DARTON  
Special to The New York Times  
DAR ES SALAAM, Tanzania, Sept. 7—The Presidents of five black African countries ended two days of talks here today without achieving their objective of reconciling the feuding factions of Rhodesia's black nationalist movement. The meeting had been called to work out a common strategy for dealing with the white minority Governments of Rhodesia and South Africa and the South African administration of South-West Africa. But attempts to reconcile the two factions of the African National Council of Rhodesia turned into the main item on the agenda. No joint communiqué was issued after the meeting attended by Presidents Julius K. Nyerere of Tanzania, Kenneth D. Kaunda of Zambia, Samora Machel of Mozambique, Agostinho Neto of Angola and Seretse Khama of Botswana. A spokesman for the Tanzanian Government said only that the five heads of state had agreed "to further intensify the armed struggle" in Rhodesia. Differences Are Reported However, sources who attended the sessions said that rival Rhodesian nationalist representatives had met with the five Presidents together and separately, that discussions were sometimes heated and that the factions were nowhere near patching up their differences. The rift between the Rhodesian nationalist factions, a moderate one headed by Joshua Nkomo that is based in Rhodesia, the other headed by Bishop Abel Muzorewa and based outside the country, has its origins in ancient tribal animosities and power struggles between leaders. The split reappeared in March when the Nkomo faction agreed to negotiate with the Rhodesian white minority Government of Prime Minister Ian D. Smith and the Muzorewa faction condemned the move. The negotiations eventually broke down. Two Factors Involved The bishop's faction is made up largely of a former political party called the Zimbabwe African Nationalist Union. Mr. Nkomo's supporters came from a group called the Zimbabwe African People's Union. Zimbabwe is the nationalist name for Rhodesia. Earlier this year an 18-member high command, with nine from each faction, was set up to oversee guerrilla fighting against the Smith Government. The forces of the bishop's faction gained the ascendancy, and in June fighting between the two sides was reported in camps in Tanzania. Robert Mugabe, a former guerrilla field commander who is in self exile in Mozambique, said here today that all forces of Mr. Nkomo's faction had withdrawn from the fighting inside Rhodesia and that Mr. Nkomo had promised the five

## 5 LAWYERS INDICTED IN SELLING OF BABIES

Jersey Jury Charges Attorneys in Conspiracy on Adoptions

By JOSEPH F. SULLIVAN  
Special to The New York Times  
HACKENSACK, N.J., Sept. 7—A Bergen County grand jury indicted lawyers in New York, Illinois and Michigan today on charges of conspiring with a New Jersey lawyer to sell babies for as much as \$8,000 to childless New Jersey couples. Joseph C. Woodcock, the Bergen County Prosecutor, said the indictments against the five lawyers and two other persons followed a nine-month investigation that also involved information gathered by grand juries sitting in Morris and Passaic Counties. Mr. Woodcock said the investigation was started when a probate judge referred an adoption case to his office for investigation early this year. He said the cases uncovered thus far by the grand jury represented only the "tip of the iceberg" as far as illegal placements were concerned. He said he believed that most of the hundreds of private adoptions approved by New Jersey courts each year were tainted. However, he emphasized that no attempt would be made to overturn any adoptions or disturb relationships between the babies and their adoptive parents. Edward Turner of West Orange, the state's best-known adoption lawyer and one of several attorneys who helped draft New Jersey's adoption statutes when they were last overhauled in 1954, was named in four of the five indictments and

## Milan's La Scala Makes U.S. Debut

By MOLLY TWINS  
Special to The New York Times  
WASHINGTON, Sept. 7—Milan's renowned La Scala Opera made its historic debut in America here tonight before an audience that was both glittering and demanding. The glitter came from Washington's social elite, who regarded La Scala's performance as the start of the capital's social season. The critical edge was supplied by members of the Music Critics Association, which had timed its convention here because of La Scala's appearance. The festivities were delayed for 52 minutes from 7:30 to 8:22 o'clock, when the platform that lowers the orchestra into the pit failed to operate. Martin Feinstein, executive director of the center, appeared on stage and explained, as stagehands and technicians worked on the platform's mechanism, that such a thing had never happened before. One of those who was not disturbed

## Rock School Now Integration Model

By ROY REED  
Special to The New York Times  
LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Sept. 4—In the central High School became a notorious public school, pointed daily to the strife that white and black students could not go to school together. The nation's attention focused on integration problems outside, a new look at Central became a model of peace-segregation. It is illustrated by two small, tied incidents. 959, Sybil Jordan, who was black, was walking from another at the school when she was suddenly hocked by white students. In a football player, a boy, stepped forward and "nigger," he said, and a red welled up like an echo



Above: A white student jeering a black student, Elizabeth Eckford, in front of Central High School in Little Rock, Ark., in 1957. Below: Jimmy Smith, left, the star of the school's championship football team, with his friend, John Jewell, the president of the student body, at practice last week.

Scar on Her Knee  
Mrs. Stevenson, now of New York, has a scar on the knee that she got when she was 16 years old and black. The student council officer, a boy named Richard, came in to register to vote and election. He recognized her playfully at her. Growl he threw both arms around her and pulled her close. She wriggled and again, growling, he grabbed her hair while she shrieked his name. She collapsed, giggling, and he grinned. She handed her registration card, with a little black indignation and he went

## INSIDE

Business Spending  
A rise in business plans to invest in plant and equipment has improved prospects for quickened economic activity at the end of the year. Page 53.  
Corsicans Blast Jet  
Separatists in Corsica blew up an empty Air France Boeing 707. The crew had been ordered off the plane, and no deaths were reported. Page 6.

About New York	Page 51	Music	Page 47-51
Books	35	Notes on People	47
Bridge	34	Obituaries	40
Business	51-63	Op-Ed	37
Crossword	34	Real Estate	64
Editorials	38	Sports	42-47
Education	32-33	Theaters	47-51
Family/Style	24-31	Transportation	73
Financial	51-63	TV and Radio	64-72
Going Out Guide	49	U.N. Proceedings	7
Movies	47-51	Weather	73
News Summary and Index	Page 39		

## Military Windfall for West

Landing of MIG-25 in Japan Is Opportunity For Examination of Advanced Soviet Weapon

By DREW MIDDLETON  
The United States and allied intelligence services regard expected access to the MIG-25 that a Soviet pilot flew to northern Japan on Monday as the most important East-West coup since the Russians shot down an American U-2 spy plane 16 years ago. Since then, the Israeli successes in the 1967 and 1973 wars with the Arabs have yielded a harvest of Soviet weapons, including the two main surface-to-air missile systems, the SAM-2 and the SAM-3, and the Soviet T-62 tank. Intelligence sources said, however, that the performance and guidance systems technology of these weapons had been fairly well known before they fell into Israeli hands. Access to the MIG-25 would be a "tremendous break" for the West, they added. The MIG-25, these sources noted, is the most advanced Soviet interceptor-reconnaissance aircraft and access to its radar system, engines and fire-control system can only be compared to Soviet possession of an American F-14 or F-15 fighter. And the MIG-25's pilot will be available for questioning when, as Japanese authorities reported in Tokyo, he is transferred to the United States today. [Page 7.] The Soviet plane, code-named Foxbat by the North Atlantic Treaty Organization, is regarded as the fastest aircraft now deployed by either side, with a maximum speed of Mach 3.2. Mach 1 equals the speed of sound, which at sea level is about 740 miles an hour. The aircraft is reported to have a service ceiling of 80,000 feet, which gives it unique capabilities as a reconnaissance aircraft. Its radar, operating from that height, has been used to gather information for Syria and Egypt in the Arab-Israeli war of 1973 and, more recently, over Iran. Why the Shah Bought F-14's United States officers say that the Shah's decision to purchase 80 American F-14 Tomcat fighters was a result of reconnaissance flights by Soviet MIG-25's over Iran. The Tomcat does not have a comparable ceiling or speed, but it carries the Phoenix missile, which, with a range of more than 200 miles, is believed to give the F-14 the capability to deal with the MIG-25. The Soviet plane set a world speed record in September 1967, when it flew at 1,852.61 miles an hour. The record was broken by an American SR-71 last July at 2,016 miles an hour. This speed has



# Brazilian Squatters' Inroads in Amazon Provoke Indians

By JONATHAN KANDELL  
Special to The New York Times

RIO DE JANEIRO, Jan. 3—A new conflict between Brazilian Indians and whites in which two settlers have been killed has been provoked in the Amazon in recent weeks as 5,000 poor white squatters have invaded land set aside for the Surui tribe.

The tribe, numbering several hundred Indians in 300,000 acres in the south-eastern part of the territory of Rondonia, can count on the support of 2,000 Indians in other tribes in the area.

As a result of the conflict, missionaries, anthropologists and Brazilian Government officials have issued warnings that an Indian-white war may break out in the territory.

The Government has agreed to let the squatters remain in the occupied Indian lands until they collect their harvest next year. But the Indians and their supporters believe, on the basis of past experience, that the deadline will be extended indefinitely and that an armed struggle will break out, ending in the inevitable defeat of the Amazon tribes.

### Old American West Recalled

The land struggles, recalling the old American West, are going on in the vast Amazon basin, stretching over an area two-thirds of the size of the continental United States.

The Brazilian Indian population, thought to number more than 2 million before the arrival of the white man, is now estimated at 100,000.

The Indians who have remained in the jungles find their hunting grounds constantly diminishing. Those who have voluntarily moved or have been forced to move to reservations must make the difficult transition to a sedentary agricultural life, often under pervasive Government indifference, often facing the outright hostility of white settlers moving into virgin territories.

The situation is just as bleak throughout the continent. Most of the 20 million to 25 million Indians in Latin America live in crumbling poverty, with diseases that wipe out almost half their infants and cut average life expectancy to fewer than 50 years. In such countries as Argentina and Chile, where Indians are heavily outnumbered by descendants of Europeans, Indians' problems rank low on government priority lists; their very existence is often denied by the urban middle class.

### Torture and Jailings in Paraguay

In nations where the Indian populations are larger and their assimilation is unquestionably equated with progress, it is widely assumed that they will incorporate themselves painlessly into modern society, intermarrying with people of mixed ancestry— mestizos— or even whites, and somehow finding employment on farms and in factories. Private efforts to assist Indians are often met with official resistance.

In Paraguay, the Government has imprisoned and tortured leaders of a private anthropological project aimed at providing medical, economic and legal help to the country's 80,000 Indians. The project's leaders were accused of Marxist subversion despite the fact that they were funded by a grant from the Inter-American



Indians of Brazil's Amazon basin, in spite of the efforts of missionaries to defend them, are seriously threatened by the expansion of white squatters.

ventions or whether they should be granted.

"There is no such thing as an Indian," said Gen. Ismarth Oliveira, the president of the "There are Indians who are in contact with society, but that means that they are integrating the conditions to integrate. It is intention to speed up the process."

Mauricio Rangel Reis, who, of the Interior, has control of the Indian population, has said: "We are going to create a Brazilian society as rapidly as Mr. Rangel Reis said in a two years ago. We believe in preserving the Indian people in its own habitat is very unrealistic."

**Missionaries Main Source:** The main protectors of the the Roman Catholic missionaries decades have been in charge of the church. The Mission Council, which leads the effort to help the Indians, has been the National Indian Foundation of the Interior and the Government as a whole.

"We view the problem of I within the larger context of the distribution of land in our country. The Rev. Thomas Balduino, of the Missionary Indian Council, said: "About 50 million Brazilian total population of 110 million to live in rural areas as low- or subsistence farmers. Government promises, no agrarian programs have been carried out in the last decade, the military Government on the first serious effort of the Amazon, which was initiated as a solution for the landless in the booming drought-stricken east. Plans were made to bring a million settlers, and it was workers who participated in of the Transamazonian High promised land and government."

Most of the Amazon, soil too unfruitful for anything but grazing, on huge private estates. Government has found it too costly the roads, fertilizers and to support small landowners. Squatters continue the Amazon frontier, still hope that already belongs to Indian farmers.



Indian areas in Rondonia invaded by 5,000 white

Foundation, which in turn is financed by the United States Congress.

In the jungles of eastern Paraguay, the Aches, a small tribe of Stone-Age hunters, is facing a losing battle to preserve a primitive culture and way of life from the onslaught of white men and culturally assimilated Indians. Until a few years ago, Aches were victims of man-hunters intent on slaughtering them, enslaving their infants or forcing them onto reservations. Like many other tribes, the Aches have been further decimated by epidemics contracted by their first prolonged contact with whites.

In Peru, which has the largest Indian population in South America, the military Government has tried in better the lot of the descendants of the Incas. Attempts have been made to recultivate ancient communal lands and to link impoverished communities with vast modern farms and ranches recently expropriated under the Government's agrarian reform program. A few educational programs have been started, using Quechua, the Indian language, rather than Spanish.

But many destitute Indians have abandoned their mountainous homelands and flocked to Lima, the capital, increasing the numbers of the unemployed who have virtually doubled the city's population over the last decade. Brazil has drawn more attention abroad over its treatment of Indians than any other Latin American

country. This is partly because of the publicity surrounding the drive into the Amazon hinterlands, the most concerted effort by any nation to develop the interior. Concern abroad has also been aroused because Brazilian Indians have at times been accorded the worst kind of treatment on record in the Americas.

### Atrocities Involved Agency

During the late 1960's, the country was shaken by disclosures that even the Indian Protection Service was deeply involved in atrocities against those under its charge. In 1968, a Government investigation into treatment of the Long Belts in the Mato Grosso documented cases of slaughter, intentional starvation, induced epidemics and sexual assault. Now the Indian Protection Service has been purged and renamed the National Indian Foundation. But with only a \$12 million budget and few trained anthropologists, it has been woefully equipped to deal with its continent-sized problem.

According to officials of the foundation, their task has been complicated by conflicting policies carried out by other Government organizations in charge of land distribution, highway construction and settlement in Amazon areas occupied by Indians. At times there appears to be a conflict of opinion between ranking Government officials on whether the Indians should be protected and isolated in reser-



## our own styling and tailoring of THE FINEST OF BRITISH WORSTEDS

Superb materials and exacting workmanship are but two of the elements that make wearing Brooks Brothers own make suits such a satisfying experience. The third is our own styling...the easy-hanging, natural lines known the world over as the Brooks Look. We invite you to see our new British unfinished worsteds, cut on our famous 3-button model in Glenurquhart plaids, and a variety of stripings, on grounds of blue, grey or brown. Coat, vest and trousers. \$285 and \$295

Use your Brooks Brothers charge account or American Express.

- ATLANTA
- BOSTON
- CHICAGO
- CINCINNATI
- DALLAS
- DENVER
- Detroit
- HONOLULU
- LOS ANGELES
- PHILADELPHIA
- PITTSBURGH
- ST. LOUIS
- SAN FRANCISCO
- WASHINGTON, D.C.

ESTABLISHED 1818

**Brooks Brothers**  
CLOTHING

Mens & Boys Furnishings, Hats & Shoes  
346 MADISON AVE., COR. 44th ST., NEW YORK, N.Y. 10017  
111 BROADWAY, NEW YORK, N.Y. 10006  
696 WHITE PLAINS ROAD, SCARSDALE, N.Y. 10583



**Versatile Threesome**  
Belted jacket, sleeveless dress with low pleats, and matching pants—a magic combination for varied fall dressing. Brel fashion this gem of an outfit in sapphire blue or red polyester knit. Sizes 10 to 18. \$36  
Call 682-8170. Add tax. Out of area, add \$1.00 handling charges. Sorry, no C.O.D.'s.

479 FIFTH AVE. • 600 FIFTH AVE. • 258 BROADWAY AT WARREN THE FASHION CENTER, ROUTE 17, PARAMUS, N.J.



**The Cupola**  
FOR SENIOR CITIZENS invites you to live in the grand manner to which you've been accustomed. If you're used to the best, you'll want to consider The Cupola—the ultimate in senior citizens living. All suites are private (for individuals or couples), each with kitchenette and available unfurnished or furnished to suit your own personal taste. Featured are 3 superb meals a day from a diversified menu, maid service, planned activities, theatre, gift, barber and beauty shops, card & game rooms, libraries, delightful greenhouse, even a fully staffed infirmary... all for one modest monthly fee you never buy a thing! Excellent shopping right nearby. So, come make your next years the very best years of your life... at The Cupola.



**The Cupola**  
W. 100 Ridgewood Avenue  
Paramus, N.J. 07652  
(201) 444-8200

**NORMAN J. LAWRENCE, LTD.**  
IT'S THE BEANS THAT MAKE THE DIFFERENCE



THIS CHIC SHEEP DASHES FROM TOWN TO COUNTRY TEAKWOOD SHEEPSKIN 8-20 \$365  
AVAILABLE ONLY AT 417 FIFTH AVENUE, 1178 FL. AT 38th ST., N.Y.C. (212) 688-3119

What some people call the luxuries of life, you call the necessities.

Like our cashmere and silk turtleneck dress. Luxe, pure and simple. And just the easy, sophisticated look you cannot do without. A soft and supple float of tea rose or willow green to pair with your brilliant peasant shawl, or newest fur coat. In fact, you might just wear it more than anything you own. For 6 to 14 sizes, 90.00  
Casual Dresses, Second Floor

**BONWIT TELLER**



Mail and phone, Call (212) EL 5-2600 any hour. Add 1.5% outside delivery area and sales tax where applicable. Fifth Avenue at 36th Street, New York Manhattan Scarsdale Short Hills

**Answering an ad with a box number?**  
It's simple. Just address an envelope with the box number and send it to:  
(Box number here)  
Times  
New York, N.Y. 10036  
It's the quickest way to a better job.

**The New York Times**  
No. 1 in the nation in job advertising.

**HANDMADE SILVER FLATWARE**  
Queen Anne and our other 18 patterns are hand made for strength, durability and beauty. Because quality cannot be produced in quantity, our flatware is not available elsewhere. We invite your visit and comparison.

**James Robinson**  
12 EAST 57th STREET, NEW YORK, N.Y. 10022 • PL 5-6168

The smart set assemble after-theatre at THE ASSEMBLY STEAK HOUSE  
16 WEST 51 ST. NYC • Reservations LT 1-3581  
Marty Berns at the piano nightly • Closed Wednesdays  
PRE-THEATRE DINNER \$11.95  
LUNCH • COCKTAILS • DINNER • FREE PARKING EVENING

THE NEW YORK TIMES  
25 West 64th St., N.Y. 10023 (212) 556-1234  
Published daily. Second-class postage paid at New York and additional mailing offices.

MAIL SUBSCRIPTION U.S. TERRITORIES  
Weekday and Sunday ..... \$7.00  
Saturday only ..... \$7.00  
Sunday only ..... \$7.00  
Rates for other countries on request.

The Associated Press is entitled exclusively to the use for all news dispatches credited to it or to the associated press and local news articles credited to any of its member newspapers. All other matter herein is also reserved.

**MEET LLE**  
We understand you  
Saks Fifth Avenue  
NEW YORK • WHITE PLAINS • SPRINGFIELD • GARDEN CITY

**MEET LLE**  
Saunders.  
12:30  
with Avenue  
informal  
of her  
collection  
Schrader.

July 20 1970





empt to evade stones thrown by demonstrators in Cape Town

### own Police Fire on Youths onstrating in a White Suburb

Sept. 7 (Reuters)—At were shot to death and inched here today when men clashed with riot-break of racial violence, d.

opened fire with short-revolvers in the center and in several outlying ps. Reporters in one er of the city said they the chest by the police, nbulance that took the re was dead.

lity, confirmed by the Tiervlei township. Late ice said sporadic out- and arson continued in hip of Revensmea.

ter, scene of two days ek, policemen used tear undreds of coloreds, as ethnic background are youths.

Is Also Accused hannesburg township of in fired last night on e man was killed and the South African radio l the blacks were trying and threw stones at po- the scene.

British couple detained since July 28 were spiring with the Commu- her prohibited organiza- tributing literature pre- ups.

David Rabkin, a jour- fe, Susan, appeared with urer, Jeremy Cronin, in magistrate's court. Mr. gged with the same of-

ing Crowd Is Target. ported for the first time near Cape Town.

iso reports that white eing stoned by youths ored townships of Ath-

gh schools in the Cape een closed until Monday nt unrest. The Director r the Administration of W. Theron, said: "Be- isturbances at the high tents could not get down

## Sketches of African Leaders Who Conferred in Tanzania

**Kaunda**  
Kenneth David Kaunda is the first and only President of Zambia since the territory that was called Northern Rhodesia gained its independence from Britain in 1964.

Born April 28, 1924, the seventh child of an African missionary teacher, Mr. Kaunda—who neither drinks nor smokes—grew up in a family that loved the Bible, English literature and music. Ghandi is his political idol.

The father of nine children, he once supported his family as a teacher. He campaigned in Zambia's mining towns by playing the guitar and singing freedom songs he composed. He still plays and sings for his countrymen.

Considered a moderate and functioning as a moderating influence on southern African politics, he was once labeled a Communist, an anarchist and a potential terrorist by colonialists who opposed his political rise. His slogan is "discipline, patience, loyalty and nonviolence."

**Nyerere**  
A slender man with a toothbrush mustache who never lost the patient style of a dedicated teacher, Tanzania's President Julius Kambage Nyerere is probably Africa's most widely respected national leader.

His national program is aimed at building "a new man" who will avoid selfishness and work for the good of his countrymen.

Many of his subordinates express a similar view. The corruption and nepotism that have plagued many other newly independent nations is far less obvious in Tanzania.

He has been a leader in Africa's opposition to colonial and minority white rule in Africa, welcoming the presence in his country of the Liberation Committee of the Organization of African Unity. A pan-Africanist, the 56-year-old father of five has also been in the forefront of welcoming blacks from the African diaspora.

**Khama**  
Sir Seretse Khama, the 55-year-old President of Botswana, a mostly desert nation rich in copper and diamonds, first gained prominence in 1948 when he married an English clerk-typist, Miss Ruth Williams.

Tribal elders and British officials objected and the couple lived in exile in



Kenneth D. Kaunda  
Zambia



Julius K. Nyerere  
Tanzania



Sir Seretse Khama  
Botswana



Agostinho Neto  
Angola



Samora M. Machel  
Mozambique

Britain until 1956, when he officially gave up his right to the title of Paramount Chief in Bechuanaland. Since then he was elected President.

The President has since walked a tight rope because his nation is situated at the northern end of South Africa and is dependent, to a great extent, on the South African rail system for exports and imports.

At the same time, he has been pressured by African guerrilla movements to allow them to cross his borders for forays into South Africa and South-West Africa.

The Oxford-educated leader has made no secret of his contempt for South Africa's racial policies. He refuses to post Botswana diplomats in Pretoria where, he maintains, they would be subject to humiliation.

**Neto**  
A 54-year-old medical doctor, Agostinho Neto emerged as the leader of Angola after soldiers of the Popular Movement for the Liberation of Angola drove the troops of two competing guerrilla movements out of the country with Cuban help earlier this year.

Lushon educated, Dr. Neto is a poet whose writings about the lives of Africans under the Portuguese were termed seditious.

He was detained several times for his writings and for his activism with small secret groups of social activists opposed to Portuguese rule.

Critics who left the Popular Movement before the Angolan civil war have charged that Mr. Neto was "difficult" to get along with and often

changed plans without notifying his subordinates. His supporters describe him as "brilliant."

The 54-year-old leader has termed the Angolan struggle as one of "class" not "race," and he has refused to join a pan-Africanist meeting in Tanzania, terming it "racist."

**Machel**  
Samora Moises Machel has spent the greater part of his 42 years fighting a Portuguese rule in Mozambique, the nation he now leads as president. As a youth, he saw that his father was paid less for farm produce than were white farmers. Later, he earned less as a medical assistant than did whites.

Recruited into the Mozambique Lib-

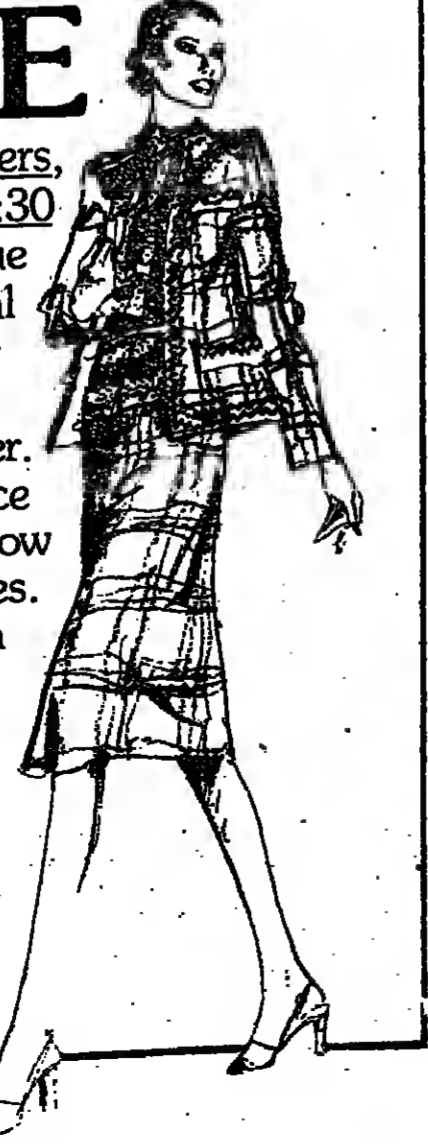
eration Front in the early 1960s, he advanced quickly as a battle strategist and political organizer.

A slender and bearded man who has traveled widely and read extensively, Mr. Machel is warm in his personal relations and seeks to put strangers at ease. Many observers meeting him for the first time expressed doubt that he was a guerrilla leader.

The Mozambique President has attributed the Liberation Front successes to "a clear ideology." He told visitors last year, "We are not hysterical revolutionaries, the 10-year war has tempered us." The job in Mozambique today, he said, is to convert those "intoxicated" by capitalism, selfishness and individual ambition and to liquidate hunger and illiteracy.

## MEET ELLE

er Belle Saunders, tomorrow, 12:30  
2, Fifth Avenue  
ore, for informal modeling of her Fall collection or Abe Schrader. Her new 3 piece off-white shadow aid; misses' sizes. 1.00. Americana ses, third floor, Fifth Avenue, (12) MU9-7000, branches.



Atman & Co.

## African Talks Fail to Heal Split of Black Rhodesians

Continued From Page 1

Presidents that he would attempt to get them to rejoin the struggle.

As the meeting of the Presidents at the Killmanjaro Hotel broke up today, the Rhodesian nationalist representatives remained behind to discuss their differences.

Mr. Nkomo, who has been traveling outside Rhodesia for four months to build international support, sought here today to play down the gravity of the split, as he has secretly in the past.

"There was no discussion on unity," he remarked. "Unity was there. We've always been united."

But Bishop Muzorewa refused comment altogether. "Right now I'm sleepy," he said—a reference to the fact that his faction and Mr. Nkomo's met almost all night in a fruitless effort to come to agreement.

**Guerrilla Group Attends**  
Also at the meeting were representatives of guerrilla fighters inside Rhodesia, sometimes called "The Third Force," a name that suggests a disillusionment with the leadership of both Mr. Nkomo and Bishop Muzorewa.

Some contend that as the Rhodesian fighting intensifies, the recognized nationalist politicians will become increasingly irrelevant and new leaders will emerge from among the guerrillas.

Recently, according to reliable sources both Mr. Nkomo and Bishop Muzorewa have reportedly been unable to obtain permission to visit the guerrilla camps. Some nations, like Nigeria, have made a point of funneling support money through the liberation committee of the Organization of African Unity so that it goes directly to the guerrillas.

One powerful advocate of dealing directly with the guerrillas is President Machel of Mozambique, himself a guer-

rilla fighter who rose to power during the struggle with the Portuguese.

The five Presidents, leaders of so-called front-line countries, opened their sessions here yesterday, the day that talks on southern Africa ended in Zurich between Secretary of State Henry A. Kissinger and the South African Prime Minister, John Vorster.

Mr. Kissinger has promised to involve the African Presidents in the proposals discussed with Mr. Vorster for a peaceful settlement of the conflicts in Rhodesia and South-West Africa, called Namibia by nationalists.

Mr. Kissinger's deputy, William E. Schauffel Jr., the Assistant Secretary of State for African Affairs, is due here tomorrow morning and will presumably meet with President Nyerere, whom the United States regards as critical to a settlement since he has good relations with both moderate and militant African heads of state.

A visit by Mr. Kissinger here next week is possible in what could turn into Middle Eastern-type shuttle diplomacy—between white and black Africa to defuse the volatile situation in southern Africa.



**WEATHER THE WEATHER**  
Our crisp, fall raincoat with cording belt and flat-braid trim is a definite trooper in any storm. Of Klopman's performance tested Mariner™ poplin, a woven fabric of Dacron® polyester and combed cotton. The all-weather flannel-backed acetate satin is ever so warm and nearly weightless. By Max Adler for T.T. Mallo in tan pr brick with contrast bi-color trim, sizes 6 to 16, 138.00.  
Coats & Suits, Third Floor  
Mail to 754 Fifth Ave., N.Y. 10019 (212) PL3-7300. Please add 2.00 beyond our delivery area.

On the Plaza in New York and White Plains  
**BERGDORF GOODMAN**

### The tabard. It's pure panache.

Especially when it's done like this: slipped over a cowl neck jersey and pants, then tied at the sides. This is the new sophistication... styled by Anita Kantor for Non Stop. Done in a polyester and acrylic blend, sizes 6-14. \$68. The Forecast Shop (D. 150), Third Floor, Macy's Herald Square and your Macy's. Mail and phone orders filled. NYC: 971-6000. NJ: 800-221-6822 or call your nearest phone order number. Add 50c handling and sales tax. We regret, no COD's.



**Macy's**

### the lush life at home...

live it in velour. From our glorious new surroundings for your private worlds. The lushest, most comfortable thing you can put between your skin and the world around you. This, one of a collection of Adri for Royal Robes. Tied to provide a glint of skin here, slit to give a flash of leg there. Plenty potent in black, plum or green cotton velour. P.S.M.L. 66.00. Leisurewear. Lingerie Level... Just a step from the Lexington Arcade. New York and all fashion branches.



**bloomingdale's lingerie level**  
1000 Third Avenue, New York, 355-5900. Open late Monday and Thursday evenings.



Intimate friends.  
An intimate evening.  
That began on our new  
Intimate Fifth Floor.

The perfect hostess  
in Christian Dior's  
lounging pyjama.  
Softly fluid smoking jacket  
and trouser pant striped  
tone-on-tone in brandy  
or blue. Add the touch of a  
self sash belt and an ascot  
and relax. You and your  
guests are sure to be  
at ease. It's Klopman's  
performance tested Ultressa®  
a two-way texturized fabric  
woven of 100% Dacron®  
polyester. For P, S, M  
or L sizes, 60.00.  
Loungewear, Fifth Floor

BONWIT  
TELLER



Mail and phone. Call (212) EL 5-2600 any hour. 1.35 outside delivery area and sales tax where applicable. Fifth Avenue at 56th Street, New York Manhattan Scarsdale Short Hills

# Kissinger Forges Ahead and Is Not Yet Ready to Call It Q

By BERNARD GWERTZMAN  
Special to The New York Times

HAMBURG, West Germany, Sept. 7.—Henry A. Kissinger was asked the other day aboard his Air Force jet whether time was not running out on his African peacemaking mission. The questioner had in mind the American election and the good chance that no matter who wins in November, there will be a new Secretary of State.

Mr. Kissinger's reply was oblivious to those considerations. "Yes," he said, "time is running out. If we can't get negotiations started in Rhodesia by the end of the year, it will be a bloody mess."

The exchange underscored a fascinating aspect of Mr. Kissinger's last-minute push for a dramatic diplomatic achievement. Although everyone else in his entourage is aware that power may slip from his grasp at any time soon, he forges ahead, not yet ready to call it quits.

One of Mr. Kissinger's principal aides was eating lasagna in an Italian restaurant in London last night while his boss was off aloft with Prime Minister James Callaghan. Analyzing Mr. Kissinger's success as a mediator, first with Arabs and Israelis and now with black and white Africans, the aide said, "in part Mr. Kissinger succeeds because he does it alone. He makes his moves,

keeps them secret and springs a completed package when everything has been assembled."

Reminded that he was describing the kind of Lone Ranger figure that Jimmy Carter has gone out of his way to criticize, the aide said, "That's a good problem to think about." Given the same facts, the aide was asked, how would Mr. Carter handle the blacks and whites in Africa? "I think there is something good to be said for the Lone Ranger," was the reply.

Mr. Kissinger believes that certain criteria must be met to make agreement possible, and paramount is timing. The time must be right; there must be a sense of crisis so severe as to shake the parties from their positions.

In the Middle East, the October 1973 war was used to convince the Israelis and Egyptians that it was time to try negotiations. Even after the war began to recede in memory, he kept insisting—mostly to keep the Israelis in a negotiating mood—that without further accord another war was inevitable.

The Angola war and the increase in guerrilla activity against the white-dominated Government of Rhodesia have been used by Mr. Kissinger to convince the South Africans and, it is hoped, the white Rhodesians that unless they reach peaceful settlements soon, a conflagration may occur. He also urges negotiations on the black

Africans, warning of the horrors of modern warfare.

This emphasis on impending disaster has led to criticism that Mr. Kissinger is making self-fulfilling prophecies—in effect, inviting further conflict. He denies that he encourages violence by warning about it, but it does seem that in his effort to dramatize a crisis that is, make it more ripe for resolution, he allows himself some hyperbole.

The approach to negotiations, particularly in mediation, has probably won the Secretary of State the most praise from members of his staff. They say that once he is seized of an issue—currently it is Africa—he wants to know everything he can and to meet the various leaders and establish as intimate a relationship as possible to convince them of his even-handedness and sympathy. This requires considerable exchanges of messages, confidentiality and constant travel.

Mr. Kissinger then begins what is regarded by his aides as the most difficult stage: analyzing positions with

all sides and convincing each in the first stage of negotiation per its demands and under problems of the others. When the initial proposals are submitted to Kissinger, he passes them on to the State Department. He is not only to make it easier to understand but to reduce the number of sides and convincing each in the first stage of negotiation per its demands and under problems of the others.

This pattern, followed in the Israel-Syria and Syria-Israel negotiations, will have to be modified for Africa. There will be a wider range of groups and tribal groups with in addition to government leaders. Kissinger is already trying to convince the black Africans to unite their forces but to make it easier to understand but to reduce the number of sides and convincing each in the first stage of negotiation per its demands and under problems of the others.

## New Africa Trip by Kissinger Likely

Continued From Page 1

and South-West Africa, the two most potentially explosive areas in southern Africa.

The initial reaction was that the information was too scanty and that Mr. Kissinger should wait for Mr. Schaufele's report before committing American prestige irrevocably to an African shuttle operation to work out arrangements for negotiated solutions to the problems of Rhodesia and South-West Africa, which is known also as Namibia.

This morning Mr. Kissinger discussed Africa and other matters with President Valéry Giscard d'Estaing in Paris. After his news conference here, Mr. Kissinger headed for Washington where he plans to stay until next Sunday or Monday, when he will fly to Africa unless the report from Mr. Schaufele is so negative as to make such a mission inadvisable.

At a joint news conference with Mr. Kissinger, Mr. Schmidt, now in the throes of a national election campaign, endorsed Mr. Kissinger's African initiatives and gave guarded approval to the tentative plan being worked on for a consortium of Western countries to supply aid to southern Africa, mostly to Rhodesia, as an incentive to a diplomatic solution.

The aid package, which Mr. Kissinger has discussed with British officials in recent months, and with Prime Minister John Vorster of South Africa in Zurich in talks that ended yesterday, would have participation from Western European countries as well as the United States. It would have two aims—to help blacks in Rhodesia in a peaceful assumption of

power and to encourage whites to remain in Rhodesia and keep their skills available to the country. Some aid, however, would be given to people who seek to emigrate.

### Giscard Tells Kissinger He Backs Plan

PARIS, Sept. 7.—President Giscard d'Estaing told Mr. Kissinger today that France would join an effort of the "international community" to ease the transition for whites living in Rhodesia.

### Vorster Briefs Cabinet on Talks

JOHANNESBURG, Sept. 7.—Prime Minister John Vorster returned to South Africa today and immediately briefed his Cabinet on the outcome of his weekend talks in Zurich with Secretary Kissinger.

The Prime Minister, looking tired after the 12-hour overnight flight from Europe, made only cryptic comments to reporters at the airport here. He was driven directly to Pretoria, the capital, where he presided at the weekly Cabinet meeting.

Mr. Vorster described his talks with Mr. Kissinger as "successful" but gave no details. However, his statement that the talks had established "a good basis for further negotiations" was seen as a reference to the possibility of Mr. Kissinger's making an early visit to southern Africa.

### Kissinger Is Back in Washington

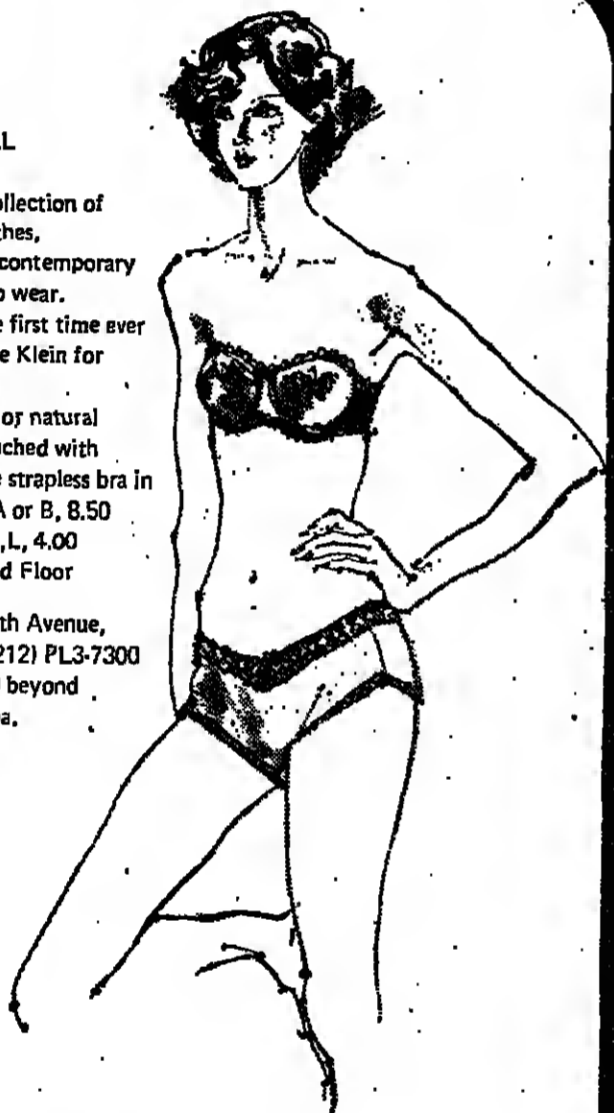
WASHINGTON, Sept. 7.—Secretary of State Kissinger returned to Washington tonight from his negotiations in Europe on the future of southern Africa.

A FIRST!  
ANNE KLEIN  
UNDER IT ALL

Come see our exciting new collection of lacey underclothes, they're totally contemporary and heavenly to wear. And... for the first time ever they're by Anne Klein for Lily of France.

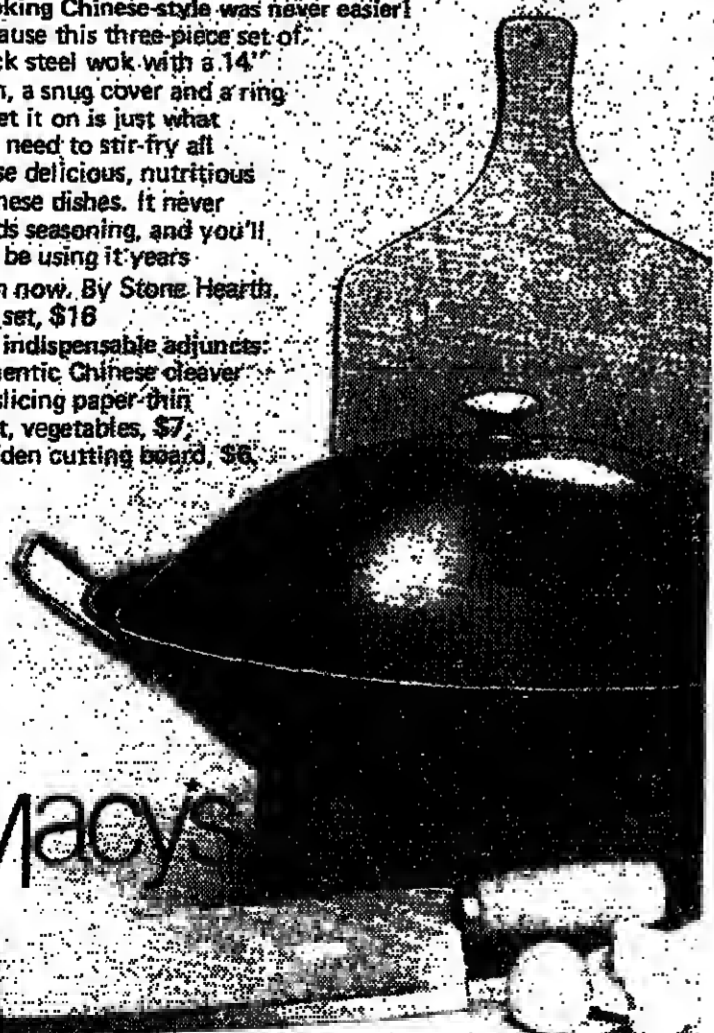
These, in black or natural sheer nylon touched with nylon lace: the strapless bra in sizes 32 to 38 A or B, B-50. The bikini, S, M, L, 4.00. Lingerie, Second Floor

Mail to 754 Fifth Avenue, N.Y. 10019, (212) PL3-7300. Please add 1.50 beyond our delivery area.



On the Plaza in New York and White Plains  
BERGDORF  
GOODMAN

Cooking Chinese-style was never easier! Because this three-piece set of black steel wok with a 14" span, a snug cover and a ring to set it on is just what you need to stir-fry all those delicious, nutritious Chinese dishes. It never needs seasoning, and you'll still be using it years from now. By Stone Hearth. The set, \$18. The indispensable adjuncts: authentic Chinese cleaver for slicing paper-thin meat, vegetables, \$7. wooden cutting board, \$6.



Macy's

Macy's Gourmet Shop, 5th floor, Herald Square, and the Macy's near you. Phone orders accepted any hour, any day. Mail, too; for \$7 or more, tax exclusive. Add 50c handling (for 2 or more items, add 50c only once) and sales tax. NYC 71-6000 or the Macy's phone order number near you. Sorry, no COD's.

## Kreeger & Sons

Where Goose Down Parkas  
Have Always Been in Fashion



THE VEST BY SIERRA DESIGNS  
A little "puff" that's just enough to take the chill off the cool days ahead. \$34.



The Whitney  
A hip length coat that's great for town, the slopes or the back-country. \$64. (\$8.50 for detachable hood) By Sierra Designs.



The Sierra  
Waist length and heart warming (and everything else) The ideal jacket that's lightweight and compact. \$53. By Sierra Designs.



ALL CLOTHING FOR MEN & WOMEN

NEW YORK CITY: 30 West 46th Street 212 541-9704  
WESTCHESTER: Main Street, Armonk, N.Y. 914 878-6320

MAIL & PHONE ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED • MOST CREDIT CARDS ACCEPTED.

## Paul Stuart



When you found some you feel comfortable you ought to wear many occasions. This corduroy jacket, wool handsome almost any robe and worn from spring. Fa of a durable corduroy, skin tan, brown, deep olive green. Matching trousers, shown, \$3. Our tradit wool whip trousers, wear out, equally co with most robes. The in a neutr of olive to distinctive trimming brown lea

MADISON AVENUE AT 56TH STREET, NEW YORK, N.Y. 10017; MU 2-0320, OPEN 9-6.

## The Clothes Gara

- featuring
- |                 |              |           |
|-----------------|--------------|-----------|
| ANNE KLEIN      | KASPER       | Charges   |
| STANLEY BLACKER | ALBERT NIPON | Officials |
| LEON BLOK       | BILL HAIRE   | Boycott   |
| CLUBMEN         | PIERRE D'ALB |           |
| CALVIN KLEIN    | CHRIS ALLAN  |           |
| FRANCK OLIVIER  | BETTY HANSON |           |

European Imports & Our Own Exclusive Sportswear  
31 EAST 64 STREET (bet MADISON and PARK)  
Hours: Monday - Saturday 10:30 - 6:00  
MASTERCHARGE BANKAMERICA

## at wallachs



Shoes by Freeman Free-Flex. Regularly 45.00 Now 34.90. Superbly comfortable slip-on in soft supple leather. Available in black or gold brick. (Lace-up style in black and brown also available.) Not all sizes in all colors.

SALE!

For your convenience there are 24 fine stores in New York, New Jersey, Connecticut, Massachusetts and Rhode Island. Use your Wallachs Credit Card, American Express, BankAmericard or Master Charge.

## ROYAL JAMAIC

World's Finest Cigars  
Gives you more pleasurable qualities than any other fine cigar

ROYAL JAMAIC  
"There's nothing like it."  
by famous smokers of 34 countries  
PAN AMERICAN CIGAR CO. HOBOKEN, NJ 07030  
Write for illustrated brochure: Dept. R F

July 20 1976



# IS BAR WORK A U.S. OIL SHIP

## Egyptians in the Gulf Is Obstructed—Envoy ioned to Hear Protest

**WILLIAM E. FARRELL**  
to The New York Times

Sept. 7—An American oil tanker under contract to Egypt was fired twice by Israeli gunboats Saturday from prospecting waters in the Gulf of Suez.

The incident, which violated international control of the waters and the right of free navigation, is a clear and deliberate exploitation of natural resources belonging to Israel.

The tanker, the *Amoco Starbuck*, owned by Amoco of Standard Oil of Indiana, was fired on Saturday and then again in waters off the Egyptian coast, which has been under Israeli occupation since the 1967 Arab-Israeli war.

When the vessel complied with Israeli orders to leave the area, it was fired again on Saturday. The incident was reported to the State Department by the Israeli Ambassador, Meir Dinitz, to a meeting in Washington on Monday morning during which officials expressed concern and criticism of Israeli action. Discussions are continuing in Washington.

The United States and Israel have long had a disagreement over the Gulf of Suez since the end of the 1948-49 Arab-Israeli war. The United States recognizes Israel's sovereignty over the Gulf of Suez, but it has long opposed this position, consistently opposing this position to Government officials.

The change in our position," the State Department official said today. "We have changed our position on the waters up to the 32nd parallel, about 15 miles wide at the mouth of the Gulf. The official said that Israel has impeded normal ship traffic in the Gulf of Suez off its occupied territories. Israel took exception to that, particularly under Egyptian rule, and an area described as an oil field, a major oil field being worked by Amoco in the Gulf of Suez.

The equipment over the middle of the Gulf of Suez, another Israeli vessel, chased them out." The official said that Israel is now said to recognize the right of oil drilling only west of the 32nd parallel. The official said they were aware of the incident because the tanker had been involved in the incident. But they said Israel's position on water rights was a rhetorical reaction to no matter what was employed by the tanker.

**Reports Israeli Gunfire**  
Sept. 7 (UPI)—The State Department said today that Israeli gunboats fired on the tanker *Amoco Starbuck* in the Gulf of Suez Saturday. The tanker was fired on by Israeli gunboats in the Gulf of Suez. The tanker was fired on by Israeli gunboats in the Gulf of Suez.

The State Department spokesman, Frederick Z. Cook, said today that the State Department had "expressed concern" over the incident. He said that the oil-prospecting area in the Gulf of Suez is an area described as an oil field, a major oil field being worked by Amoco in the Gulf of Suez.

**Init Charges  
Force Officials  
Arab Boycott**

**DAVID BINDER**  
to The New York Times

Sept. 7—A House subcommittee today charged that at least \$4.55 billion of American exports in 1974-1975 had been conducted in violation of the boycott provisions of the 1945 Arab League boycott of Israel.

The House Committee on Foreign Commerce's subcommittee on Oversight and Investigations today charged that at least \$4.55 billion of American exports in 1974-1975 had been conducted in violation of the boycott provisions of the 1945 Arab League boycott of Israel.

The committee's report alleged that about 90 percent of the American companies that had been addressed to them. These companies were primarily of certifications that they had not manufactured in Israel and did not contain Israeli components.

The committee further charged that the State Department "actually served" the companies with information about boycott practices by implicating activity declared against the companies, or by simply looking the other way.

The committee said that while these practices grew, the State Department was aimed principally at a department distributed until that advised exporters to file all boycott demands and then filing was not mandatory and since with the boycott was not.

Secretary Elliot L. Richardson today issued a statement in response to the charges, saying: "The conclusions of the report relate almost entirely to past practices that no longer exist in the desegregation of the report largely of interest."

He said his office had "actively" worked with the subcommittee in assembling data on which the report was based, adding that the department had "fully" cooperated over the last year, has "fully" opposed the Arab boycott of existing law.

SEQUINS, TAFFETA,  
AND EVENINGS TO WRITE  
HOME ABOUT.  
OSCAR DE LA RENTA'S  
BROUGHT GLAMOUR  
BACK WHERE IT BELONGS.  
NEW YORK.

I'll take Manhattan. And start my own kind of fashion revolution the instant the flash bulbs find me. Black sequined blouson of chiffoned polyester. 6 to 12 sizes, \$238. Envy green silk taffeta skirt, 6 to 12 sizes, \$290. Both pulled together with a soft lash of silken rope.

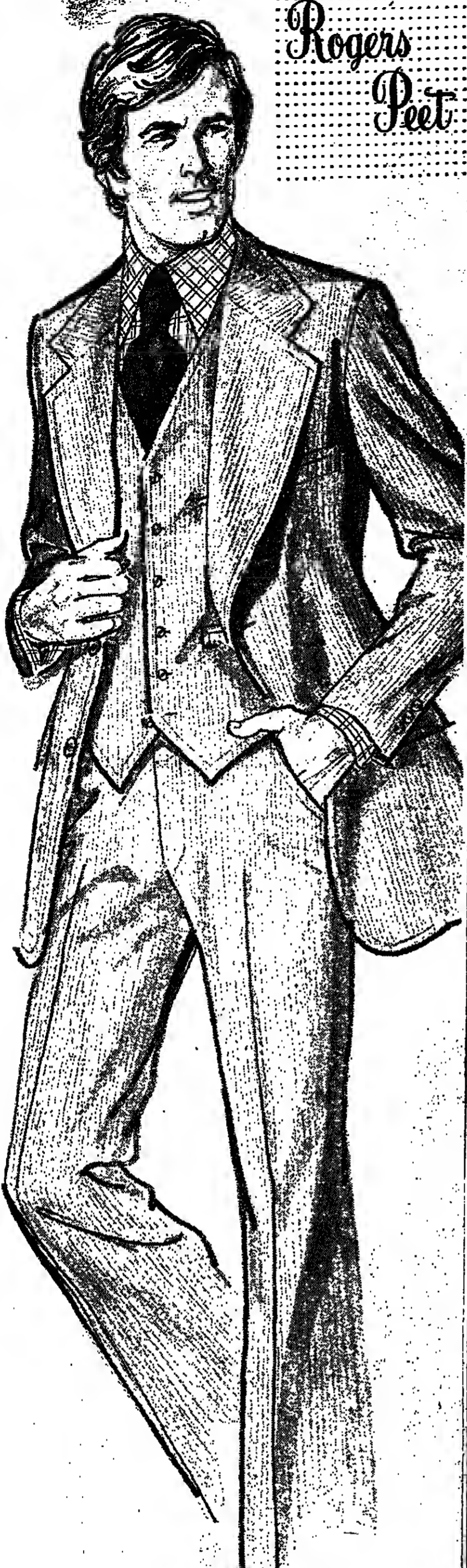
I'm making time to meet Oscar De La Renta Thursday, September 9th. He'll be here from 2 to 4, to show me his plans for my nightlife (and daylife). Then on Friday, September 10th, I can see his fabulous collection informally modeled from 12 to 4

We understand you at  
*Saks Fifth Avenue*



Saks Fifth Avenue at Rockefeller Center (212) PL 3-4000 • New York open Thursday until 8:30 p.m. • White Plains, Springfield and Garden City open Monday and Thursday until 9 p.m. • New York • White Plains • Springfield • Garden City • Chevy Chase • Bala-Cynwyd • Boston • Atlanta • Pittsburgh • Detroit • Troy • Chicago • Skokie • St. Louis • Houston • Beverly Hills • Woodland Hills • Palm Springs • San Francisco • Palo Alto • La Jolla • Phoenix • Monterey • Miami Beach • Surfside • Ft. Lauderdale • Palm Beach





Rogers Peet

SPECIAL! VESTED CORDUROY SUITS

79.00

Originally \$100

Always a Fall favorite, the corduroy suit is still growing in popularity. Contemporary styling and natural cotton fibers make for a comfortable good looking appearance. Available in camel, brown and green.

We honor the American Express, BankAmericard and Master Charge cards.

479 FIFTH AVENUE • 600 FIFTH AVENUE • 258 BROADWAY AT WARREN THE FASHION CENTER, PARAMUS, N.J.

Corsicans Blow Up a French Plane In Insurgent Drive for Home Rule

AJACCIO, Corsica, Sept. 7 (Reuters)—Corsican militants favoring home rule today blew up an Air France airliner parked at Ajaccio airport, police sources said.

The Boeing 707 was empty and no one was hurt, the sources said. Witnesses said seven masked men had placed explosives on the aircraft after forcing its crew to park it in an isolated area of the airport far from buildings.

Two loud explosions were heard as far away as Ajaccio, four miles from the airport. The aircraft burst into flames, the witnesses said.

[Eighty persons were arrested, according to local police reports quoted by The Associated Press.]

Earlier, several hundred demonstrators clashed with the police and then blocked the runway at the airport with trucks. One policeman was injured in the clash. The demonstrators were demanding the release of a leader arrested last week.

This French Mediterranean island has been the scene of agitation since a clash last year in which three policemen were killed.

New Relationship Is Sought

A part of the French nation since it was captured from the German Republic in 1768, Corsica today is at a crossroads. An autonomist movement demand-

ing a new economic and political relationship with Paris made headlines on Aug. 22, 1975, when a band of insurgents seized a winemaking establishment at Aleria on the east coast. The action was had long considered to be the economic, social and cultural discrimination practiced by the French Government. It was intended to demonstrate the extent to which absentee landlords and foreigners controlled the economy.

The Association of Corsican Patriots, a legally constituted body that leads the autonomist movement, has dismissed accusations by Paris as "half-measures, false solutions and promises." Marcel Bartoli, the organization's secretary general, has said, alluding to the Jacobins, an egalitarian, terrorist group in the French Revolution of 1789: "French Jacobin centralism is the enemy. We are fighting for a sacred cause—to preserve the identity of the Corsican people."

The island has a population of 240,000 people compared with 300,000 at the turn of the century. The loss has been attributed to the departure of young people because of a lack of economic opportunity.

Ajaccio, the capital of Corsica, is the birthplace of Napoleon, who integrated the island into the French nation.

Military Windfall for the West

Continued From Page 1

not yet been approved by the Fédération Aéronautique Internationale in Paris.

The MIG-25 has a rawbooned aspect in flight because its slim fuselage blends into two huge rectangular air-intake trunks that serve the twin engines.

The plane has four visible attachments for air-to-air missiles. When used as an interceptor, it is armed with four A-6 missiles, code-named Acrid by the Atlantic alliance. These missiles have a launch weight of 1,870 pounds, including a warhead weighing 220 pounds.

According to the Strategic Air Command, the MIG-25, in its interceptor version, is the most potent weapon in the Soviet air defense force of 2,600 aircraft. In view of its speed, altitude and weapons, it is viewed as a serious threat to the B-52's, which make up the bulk of the American strategic bombing service.

Reason for B-1 Project

The MIG-25's capabilities, the sources said, are one reason why the Air Force wants to push forward with the development of the B-1 bomber, which is faster than the B-52 and can operate efficiently

at low levels, which the MIG-25 cannot do.

The intelligence services hope to learn more about the MIG-25's engines, radar and fire-control system while it is in Japanese hands.

Lieut. Viktor I. Belenko, the Soviet pilot, it is hoped, will provide Western



intelligence with information about the deployment of the MIG-25's with the Soviet Far East. The presence of these planes in that area, one source said, gives the Soviet Union an advantage over the Chinese and Japanese air forces and a slight edge over the United States in the northwest Pacific.

Clarifier

In this fast-changing world, when it's important to keep alert to all the vital issues of the day, it makes good sense to keep up with James Reston's column.

Look for it every Wednesday, Friday and Sunday opposite the Editorial Page of The New York Times.



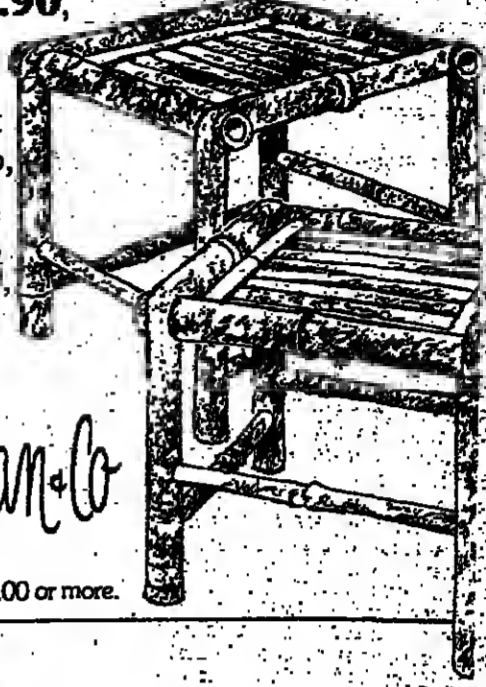
BAMBOO SALE

From China, two small natural bamboo nesting tables with big decorating talents: plant stands, stools, chairside accents.

One is 10x10x9" h; the other's 8 1/2x8 1/2x8" h.

Set, now 7.90, was 11.00.

Quantities are limited so act now. Gift Shop, main floor, Fifth Avenue, (212) MU9-7000, branches.



BAltman & Co

Mail or phone for 10.00 or more.

Your quiet assurance shows in everything.



Especially your clothes. And our essential dress and jacket is your softer way to tell the world who you are. A fine polyester and wool blend that can take you from committee chair to a good seat at the theater. From David Warren or deep burgundy for means. 6 to 16 sizes, 98.00. Miss Bonwit Dresses, Eighth Floor

Accordppy Side

Mail and phone. Add 1.55 outside delivery area and sales tax where applicable. Call (212) EL 5-2600 any hour. Fifth Avenue at 56th Street, New York. Manhasset, Scarsdale, Short Hills.



I'm an outdoor girl

Our buffalo plaid coat is special for all outdoors. It's big, bold red and black toggle coat with zipper and hood. By Weather Winky in reproducible wool and nylon with quilted Kodol® polyester lining. Sizes 6 to 14, 69. Young People's Floor, Seventh, Lord & Taylor. Call Wisconsin 7-33 (24 hours a day). And at Lord & Taylor store.

Lord & Taylor

Handwritten signature or mark at the bottom of the page.



150

# BAMP SAVIERS ASYLUM VIET MIG PILOT

## In Strict Secrecy, Is to Be Handed Over to Japanese Today

Sept. 7—The United States today that it would grant asylum to the pilot of the Soviet bomber that landed in Japan.

It landed at Hakodate on the island of Honshu. The pilot, Lieut. Viktor I. Lushchikov, was sought by the Japanese police.

As one of the most advanced in the world, it is a secret Soviet arsenal. Its presence gives Western countries an insight into the plane's capabilities.

The armed forces said they had been alerted by the military attachés of the Atlantic Treaty countries to inspect the plane. The plane was turned down on the ground and was out of the custody of the Japanese forces, a spokesman said.

Under Strict Secrecy, the pilot will be transferred to the Japanese tomorrow. He was flown in a transport plane from the air base at Irabu, north of Okinawa, then transferred to Tokyo.

It is said the pilot had been planning to defect for the last two years. He had planned flight to defect to the United States, he was quoted as having said. "I have been in the United States, let Union has not changed anything in the days of Czarist there had been no free-

embassy asked the Foreign Office to the plane, to intercept to recognize the Soviet "inviolable right to protect its aircraft" and to return the pilot to the Soviet Union immediately. Minister Kijich Miyazawa said that the return of the pilot was released by the security forces. The Foreign Ministry also said that the pilot did not wish to be interrogated by officials.

Mr. DeLoach by Ford said, Sept. 7 (Reuters)—The president personally has decided that the United States should grant political asylum to the Soviet pilot, the White House said today, adding that Mr. Ford would like to leave to Japan what the plane.

## With Koreans, Site Accord on Unhappy Side

Sept. 7—To many observers, the new security agreement between the United States and South Korea yesterday for the Panmunjom have the unhappy side of completing the partition of the Korean peninsula.

It is used to be a symbol of peace, but a politician said today, "The symbol has disappeared." In, who asked to remain as commenting on the accord and North Korea partition, Panmunjom truce site, a 400-acre area 800 yards in diameter and south.

which is in the demilitarized zone along the border between the two Koreas, was designated as an armistice accord as a joint site where troops from the two sides regularly mix. The partitioned out after two United States soldiers were killed in the southern truce site area Aug. 18 in a clash over the pruning of a tree.

Forbidden to Cross Line, the new accord provides that neither side are to be allowed to cross the demarcation line, free movement of nonmilitary personnel such as work crews, journalists in the Panmunjom.

South Korean diplomats in Seoul have been busy over what they regard as a concession shown by the South Korean government to the period between the 18-day clash and yesterday's accord.

A member of the National Assembly close to the Government said today that Park Chung Hee said the accord did not want to embarrass the administration in an election. He called for arms. In addition to maintain close cooperation, the North Korean government was reportedly re-emerging greater when the South decided to accept the North Korean government expressing regrets over the incident after first rejection.

U.S. Forces Reduced, Sept. 7 (AP)—United States forces in South Korea have been returned to a normal alert level after 20 days of extra readiness because of the slaying of two United States officers by North Korean soldiers in Panmunjom, the Pentagon said.

Officials said that 40 jet fighters and fighter-bombers were sent to the area as reinforcements during the incident.

## U.N. Today

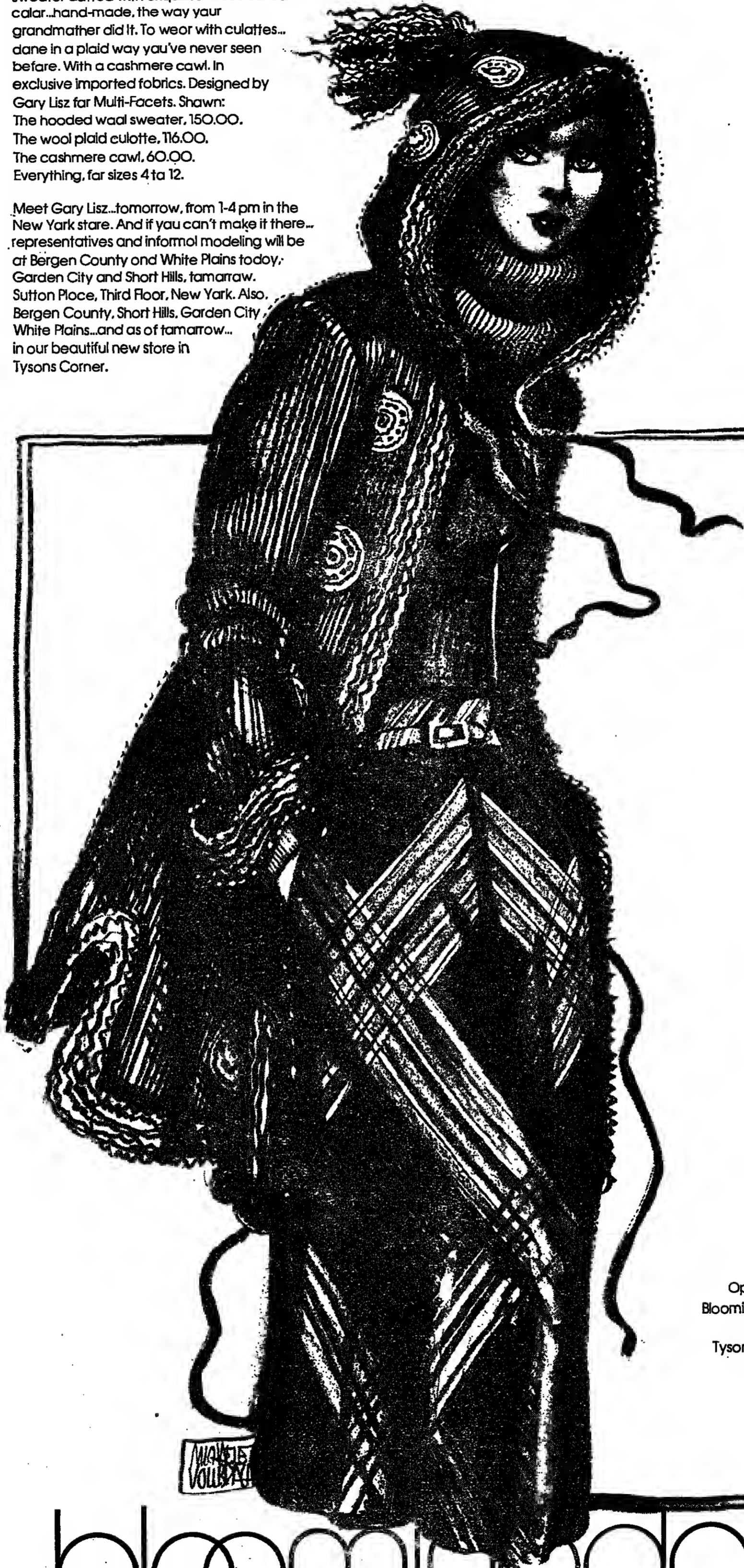
Sept. 8, 1976  
GENERAL ASSEMBLY  
Disarmament Committee—10:30 P.M.  
Committee to review U.N. armament—3 P.M.  
Vote Against Apartheid—3 P.M.

are available at the public hearing in the main lobby, United Nations Secretariat Building. Tours: 9 A.M.-4:45 P.M.

beautiful...from every aspect

Multi-Facets. A collection of sportswear filled with pieces you'd swear were stamped 'one-of-a-kind'. Like a hooded sweater dappled with exquisite medallions of color...hand-made, the way your grandmother did it. To wear with culottes...done in a plaid way you've never seen before. With a cashmere cawl. In exclusive imported fabrics. Designed by Gary Lisz for Multi-Facets. Shown: The hooded wool sweater, 150.00. The wool plaid culotte, 116.00. The cashmere cawl, 60.00. Everything, for sizes 4 to 12.

Meet Gary Lisz...tomorrow, from 1-4 pm in the New York store. And if you can't make it there...representatives and informal modeling will be at Bergen County and White Plains today; Garden City and Short Hills, tomorrow; Sutton Place, Third Floor, New York. Also, Bergen County, Short Hills, Garden City, White Plains...and as of tomorrow...in our beautiful new store in Tysons Corner.



Opening tomorrow... Bloomingdale's beautiful new store at Tysons Corner, Virginia. With Multi-Facets, and all the other fashion greats. A capital ideal!

# bloomingdale's multi-facets

1000 Third Avenue, New York. 355-5900. Open late Monday and Thursday evenings.



# Transkei, as It Prepares for Independence, Finds Itself to Be Outcast Among Nations

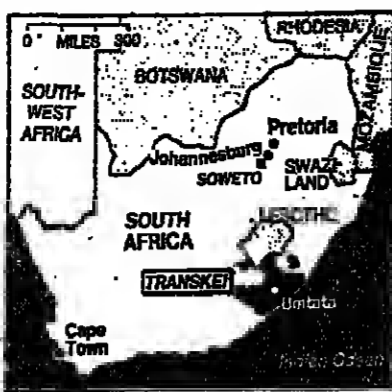
By JOHN F. BURNS

Special to The New York Times

UMTATA, South Africa, Sept. 6—When the bull-crested banner of the Transkei is raised here on Oct. 26, signifying the independence of Africa's newest country, the band will strike up "Nkosi Sikelel' iAfrika," or "God Bless Africa." But Africa, and most of the world, will be looking the other way.

The new country, carved out of South Africa, will cover 14,300 square miles, making it nearly as big as Denmark. It will have a population of three million, comparable to that of Israel. Its terrain, as beautiful and fertile as any in Africa, will be enhanced by a 155-mile coastline on the Indian Ocean. Compared with many countries of the third world, its economic potential will be strong.

The Transkei, however, will be a pariah. Already, its black leaders are diplomatic lepers, shunned in Europe and North America, ridiculed in debate at the United Nations. By pre-set indications, the only



The New York Times/Sept. 8, 1976

foreign dignitaries who will attend the independence celebration in Umtata are the ones at the heart of the territory's diplomatic problems, the white rulers of South Africa.

Diplomatic quarantine has not, however, dampened the determination of South Africa or the Transkei to make the celebrations a gala occasion. Con-

struction crews are working overtime to complete dozens of new buildings designed to turn this once-sleepy market town into a credible national capital.

A new multistory government complex towers high above every other building in town. A few miles away herdsmen have had to abandon traditional grazing grounds to make way for a new jet airport and army base.

For Prime Minister John Vorster, the fluttering of the blue, white and orange flag above the banga, or seat of the government, will represent the fulfillment of a political ideal. With the territory independent, he will have a showcase for his policy of separate development, which hinges on the creation of a series of ethnic mini-states like the Transkei.

In its old guise, apartheid, South African policy was largely a matter of subordinating blacks. When this became indefensible, the Government added a compensatory dimension by offering blacks emancipation in areas called homelands, or bantustans, carved out of the old tribal domains.

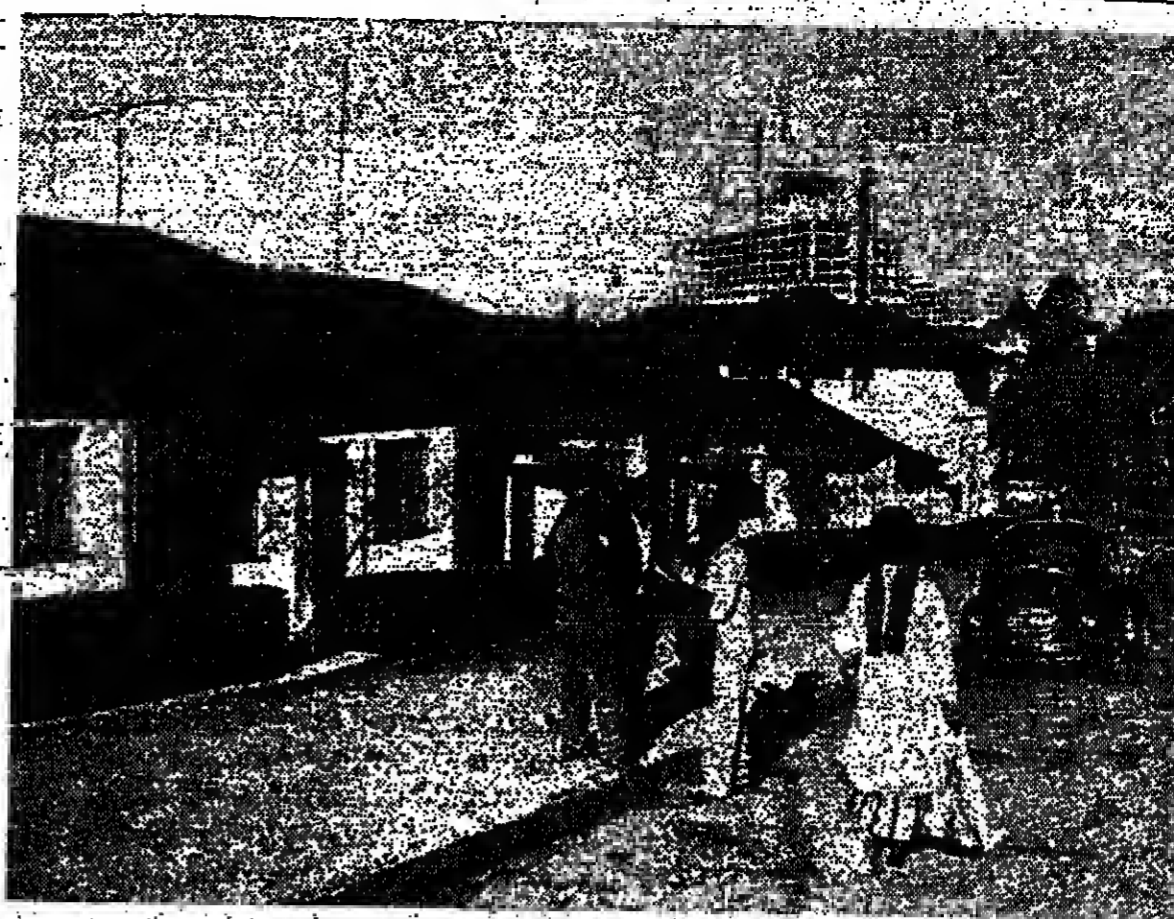
When the Government carried the policy to its logical extension in 1973, offering the homelands independence, the Transkei accepted. Of the eight other territories only one, Boputatswana, agreed to follow suit. The remainder have rejected nationhood, demanding equal rights for their citizens in South Africa as a whole.

The Organization of African Unity has demanded that the world shun the Transkei, on the ground that recognition would constitute acceptance of apartheid. The territory's leaders have countered by arguing that for three million of South Africa's 18 million blacks, at least, independence signifies escape from racial humiliation.

Already apartheid is bad memory for most Transkeians. "Europeans only" signs have been taken down in post offices, hotels and bars, and hand loosely, decrepit and upside down, at many other places once barred to blacks, including some of the best beaches along the coast.

The Transkeians have also made much of historical argument. They point out

The new government complex rises above the streets of Umtata, to become the capital of the Transkei or



The New York Times

that the Transkei existed as loosely organized tribal community as early as the 16th century, and that this territorial integrity was acknowledged by special political arrangements from the time that the British annexed the territory in 1879.

Chief Kaiser Matanzima, scheduled to become prime minister at independence, notes that similar historical antecedents led the British to set aside three territories as protectorates when the Union of South Africa came into being in 1910. These protectorates subsequently gained independence in their own right as Lesotho, Swaziland and Botswana, all members of the United Nations.

The failure of the British to give the Transkei protectorate status—and thus set it on the road to uncontested independence—was, Chief Matanzima argues, a matter of political expediency. The Transkei, large, lovely, and encompassing

some of the most coveted land in the country, was too rich a prize to deny the South Africans, he says.

The status of blacks living outside the homelands is a major factor in the diplomatic equation, for the theory of separate development holds that each of them—10 million in all—belongs to the homeland assigned to his ethnic or language group.

### To Lose Citizenship

In the case of the Transkei, the law authorizing its independence specifies that all blacks with language ties to the territory will lose their South African citizenship on independence day. In theory, the provision strips 1.3 million blacks who speak Xhosa—the "click" language made famous by the singer Miriam Makeba—of any claim to rights as South Africans.

Mhlaleni Njisane, who is sche the Transkei's first ambassador Africa, probably the only dipi the country will have. "For u ence is a chance to break t of apartheid. If we reject it, we reject apartheid, the she just forever."

The philosophical and hiso means mean little to the va of Transkeians, who live, m ancestors have done, or c thatched huts grouped toge rolling hills. Simple peop, bed is often a blanket on a they end to defer, as they al to the opinions of their chie "I'll accept whatever co Aaron Joni, a resident of Mh lage, a tiny group of huts o road leading out of Umtata towering mountains of Gric the west. "If the whites wan opposed."



Aaron Joni, who lives in Mhlalane village, a collection of huts near main road to Umtata, is philosophical. "I'll accept whatever comes," he says.

Classic  
*Bill + Tony*

**The illusion of suede**

Very grand and handled with consummate skill. In our dove grey shirtdress with zip fly front and pleated trouser skirt, 140.00 And a sure, pure wrap skirt with silken shirt, stock tied, in a leafy damask pattern. Both in claret, 140.00

By Bill Tice for Malcolm Starr

in washable polyurethane-acetate-nylon, 6 to 14.

Third Floor, Lord & Taylor  
W 7-3300, Fifth Avenue, Manhattan;  
Westchester, Garden City,  
Millburn, Ridgewood-Paramus and Stamford.

## GOLD DIGGERS' DELIGHT

3 day sale... 34th street only

# 50% OFF

our entire collection of 14K gold jewelry!

FOR WOMEN ONLY

Dazzling! The scope... the variety... the breathtaking half-price savings! On 14K gold rings, chains, bracelets, bangles, pendants, earrings... many set with sparkling diamonds and other precious stones. Marvelous, as cherished gifts... for yourself, too! But hurry... sale ends Saturday! Fine Jewelry on 1. No mail or phone orders, please.

## FRANKLIN SIMON

USE YOUR FS CHARGE, MASTER CHARGE, BANKAMERICARD, AMERICAN EXPRESS  
33 WEST 34TH ST., NEW YORK. SHOP THURSDAY 'TIL 8:30; FRIDAY 'TIL 6:30

**Great movies?**

Every major movie opening is reviewed in The New York Times. The Times gives you inside news about movies, too. Every day.

Whatever interests you goes along with "All the News That's Fit to Print." Every day in

## The New York Times

**Find out what the World's about at The New School**

1138 Fall courses including foreign languages, the humanities, social sciences, cinematic arts, music, photography, modern dance, data processing, and urban affairs. Also: special film screenings, writing workshops, short courses and special lectures, and arts and crafts workshops. Master Charge and BankAmericard accepted. Classes start September 18. In-person registration Sept. 13-18. Mon.-Fri. 1-6, Sat. 9-1. For a free catalogue, phone 582-5555 at any time.

The New School, 66 West 12th St., N.Y. 10011

**custom shirts**

"For those who can appreciate the finest" custom fitted and custom made

Select from over 3,000 fabrics featuring 100% Island Cotton, Swiss Voile, Pure Silk, Polyesters, 4 12 individual measurements by our experts plus workmanship guarantees 100% satisfaction.

\$14 to \$34 Minimum order any 3 shirts

In addition... Custom Made shirts and blouses for the

**David's SHIRTS LTD.**

10 Rockefeller at 49th St (entrance of) (212) 757

09/11/76

TELLER FIFTH AV



5000000000

# y, Amid Outcry, Banishes 2 Accused Men to Island

Special to The New York Times  
Sept. 7 — Two neo-Fascists with bombing a Milan bank 700 days ago were sent today to forced labor on a tiny island off the Tuscan coast. Sixteen people died in the transfer of the two men, Giovanni and Franco Freda, came after a controversy throughout Italy setting a four-year limit on a defendant may be held in pending trial.

of another man accused of the same crime, Pietro Valpreda, a ballet dancer and declared anarchist. Mr. Valpreda was arrested on Dec. 16, 1969, four days after a bomb exploded in the National Bank of Agriculture in Milan. He was released from jail three years later, the first beneficiary of the legislation. Critics this week have charged that the law, instead of protecting the rights of the accused, has been used to permit Mr. Freda and Mr. Ventura to escape punishment for their crime. After seven years, the critics argue, it is unlikely that a trial will take place at all, or if it does

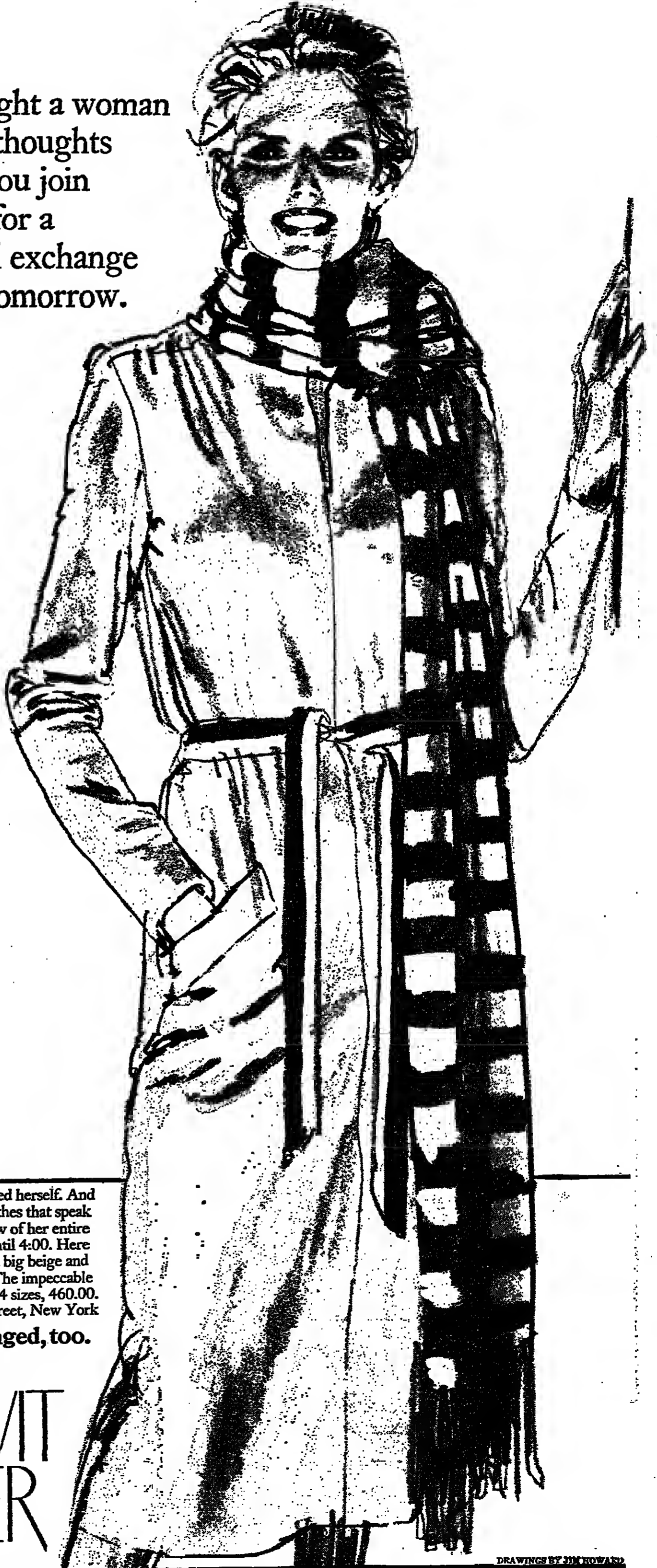
that witnesses will be found to testify against the two. Last week, the people of Giglio, an island off the Tuscan coast about 100 miles northwest of Rome that fills with tourists during the summer months, staged such a vigorous protest at the port where the two were to arrive that they were unable to land. The police, escorted them back to the mainland to await further orders, while the public prosecutor declared that the inhabitants of the island could not legally refuse them goods and services. Today, the two were sent by helicopter to the island under heavy guard.

# Uganda Chief Said to Plan An Operation of 'Revenge' Against Neighboring Kenya

By FLORA LEWIS  
Special to The New York Times  
PARIS, Sept. 7 — Intelligence information reaching Paris today said that President Idi Amin of Uganda has planned a "revenge operation" against Kenya. According to the information, possible targets of one or more Uganda attacks were the international airport at Nairobi,

the port of Mombasa and military installations. The information was based on reports on two sessions of Uganda's National Defense Council, which President Amin addressed during the last week of August. At the first session, it was said, he proposed an operation against Kenya because there was growing agitation against his rule in Uganda, and he thought an attack would restore his prestige. After an intense discussion, the reports said, the council prevailed on him to put off his original plan to launch the operation during the first week in September. At a second meeting held later the same week, the report said, several members

of the ruling group warned that an attack would provoke the economic strangulation of Uganda and a catastrophe. Uganda, which depends on deliveries across Kenya for fuel supplies, was hit severely when they were cut during the tenuous between Field Marshal Amin and the Kenyan Government after the Israeli raid to free hostages at the Eteboe airport last July. According to the intelligence reports, the Uganda leader told his defense council that his prestige was at stake and that it was more important than the economic situation. He finally managed to convince a small majority to support his plans, the reports said, and they decided that the operations would be scheduled for the second week in September.



Once you thought a woman should keep her thoughts to herself. Now you join Adele Simpson for a highly personal exchange of ideas . . . tomorrow.

Because Adele Simpson is one woman who has always expressed herself. And designed for women who do the same. Meticulous, versatile clothes that speak eloquently of the woman who wears them. Join Adele for a formal show of her entire collection, tomorrow at 11:30, with informal modeling continuing until 4:00. Here from the collection: The superbly fitted beige dress wrapped up in a big beige and black shawl, in acrylic and rayon knit for 8 to 16 sizes, 240.00. The impeccable camel suit with jacquard turtleneck, in pure wool for 8 to 14 sizes, 460.00. Designer Salon, Sixth Floor Fifth Avenue at 56th Street, New York

You've changed. We've changed, too.

# BONWIT TELLER

BONWIT TELLER FIFTH AVENUE OPEN EVERY THURSDAY NIGHT UNTIL 8:00 MANHASSET, SCARSDALE, AND SHORT HILLS OPEN UNTIL 9:00

No mail or phone, please. New York Manhasset Scarsdale Short Hills Boston Troy Chicago Oak Brook Philadelphia Wynwood Jenkintown Beverly Hills Palm Beach

DRAWINGS BY JIM HOWARD



Name  
Executive  
San Francisco

Get a head start on your studies with hardcover reference and educational books

sale 1.99-5.99

originally \$4.40 reg. \$9.95

- 1. Modern University Calculus. Orig. 12.95.....Now 1.99
- 2. Child Psychology. Orig. 11.95.....Now 1.99
- 3. History of the United States. Orig. \$11.....Now 1.99
- 4. The Study of Life. Orig. 14.95.....Now 1.99
- 5. Psychological Warfare Casebook. Orig. 17.50.....Now 1.99
- 6. Discussion and Group Method. Orig. 8.95.....Now 1.99
- 7. Child Psychology. Orig. 8.95.....Now 1.99
- 8. History of English Civilization. Orig. 12.95.....Now 1.99
- 9. Introduction to Business Statistics. Orig. 12.95.....Now 1.99
- 10. Corporate Law Department Practice. Orig. 12.95.....Now 1.99
- 11. Modern Concepts of Biochemistry. Orig. 14.95.....Now 1.99
- 12. Introduction to Calculus. Orig. 11.45.....Now 1.99
- 13. Sociology. Orig. 11.95.....Now 1.99
- 14. Labor Economics and Labor Relations. Orig. 11.50.....Now 1.99
- 15. Elements of Russian. Orig. 6.70.....Now 1.99
- 16. Collegia French in the New Key. Orig. 8.95.....Now 1.99
- 17. Psychology of Learning and Instruction. Orig. 10.95.....Now 1.99
- 18. Introduction to Chemical Thermodynamics. Orig. 11.95.....Now 1.99
- 19. Harvard Advocate. Orig. 7.95.....Now 1.99
- 20. Anthropology Today. Orig. 14.95.....Now 1.99
- 21. Introduction to Probability in Statistics. Orig. \$14.....Now 1.99
- 22. Sociology. Orig. 11.95.....Now 1.99
- 23. Economics. Orig. 11.95.....Now 1.99
- 24. Labor Relations Law. Orig. 13.95.....Now 1.99
- 25. History of the Western World. Orig. 11.95.....Now 1.99
- 26. Physical Anthropology. Orig. 11.25.....Now 1.99
- 27. Traditions of the Western World. Orig. 10.95.....Now 1.99
- 28. Physical Geography. Orig. 11.45.....Now 1.99
- 29. Manufacturing, Organization and Management. Orig. 15.95.....Now 1.99
- 30. The Economic Problem. Orig. 10.95.....Now 1.99
- 31. Geometry. Orig. 6.18.....Now 1.99
- 32. Contemporary Algebra I. Orig. 9.24.....Now 1.99
- 33. Contemporary Algebra II. Orig. 9.24.....Now 1.99
- 34. Fundamentals of Mathematics. Orig. 9.95.....Now 1.99
- 35. Theory and Practice of International Relations. Orig. 8.95.....Now 1.99
- 36. Basic Concepts of Calculus. Orig. 11.45.....Now 1.99
- 37. Introduction to Psychology. Orig. 12.25.....Now 1.99
- 38. Philosophy of Religion. Orig. 8.50.....Now 1.99
- 39. Solid State Physics and Electronics. Orig. 16.50.....Now 1.99
- 40. College Algebra and Trigonometry. Orig. 10.75.....Now 1.99
- 41. Statistics for Management and Economics. Orig. 13.95.....Now 1.99
- 42. Words and Ideas. Orig. 6.95.....Now 1.99
- 43. General Psychology. Orig. 7.95.....Now 1.99
- 44. New Dynamic Biology. Orig. 5.40.....Now 1.99
- 45. Experimental Organic Chemistry. Orig. 9.95.....Now 1.99
- 46. Introduction to Chemistry. Orig. 10.50.....Now 1.99
- 47. Cleaning, Hygiene, and Maintenance Handbook. Orig. 12.95.....Now 1.99
- 48. Elementary Functions. Orig. 11.75.....Now 1.99
- 49. Fundamentals of Interpersonal Communication. Orig. 7.95.....Now 1.99
- 50. Finance. Orig. 12.95.....Now 1.99
- 51. Planning and Production of Audiovisual Materials. Orig. 11.50.....Now 1.99
- 52. Marketing. Orig. \$14.....Now 1.99
- 53. Fundamentals of Physics. Orig. \$14.....Now 1.99
- 54. Precalculus Mathematics. Orig. 10.95.....Now 1.99
- 55. College Handbook. Orig. 6.80.....Now 1.99
- 56. Major Foreign Powers. Orig. 11.95.....Now 1.99
- 57. Personality and Behavior. Orig. 7.95.....Now 1.99
- 58. Rhetoric Casebook. Orig. 9.95.....Now 1.99
- 59. History of the United States. Orig. 14.95.....Now 1.99
- 60. American Economic Growth. Orig. 16.95.....Now 1.99
- 61. Science of the Earth. Orig. 13.95.....Now 1.99
- 62. Signals, Systems and the Computer. Orig. 18.75.....Now 1.99
- 63. The Professional Man's Money. Orig. 19.95.....Now 1.99
- 64. Use of Interpretation in Treatment. Orig. 16.75.....Now 1.99
- 65. Methods in Developmental Biology. Orig. \$18.....Now 1.99
- 66. The Complete Stylist. Orig. 8.25.....Now 1.99
- 67. Elementary Statistics. Orig. 5.95.....Now 1.99
- 68. Investing for Profit with Torque Analysis of Stock Market Cycles. Orig. 19.95.....Now 1.99
- 69. Treasurer's and Comptroller's Letter Book. Orig. 24.95.....Now 1.99
- 70. Corporate and Tax Aspects of Closely Held Corporations. Orig. 14.95.....Now 1.99
- 71. Symposium on the Child. Orig. \$10.....Now 1.99
- 72. Governing of Men. Orig. 8.95.....Now 1.99
- 73. Fundamentals and Principles of Mathematics. Orig. 9.95.....Now 1.99
- 74. Essentials of Modern Chemistry. Orig. 14.95.....Now 1.99
- 75. Analytic Trigonometry. Orig. 7.95.....Now 1.99
- 76. Management: Analysis, Concepts and Cases. Orig. 9.95.....Now 1.99
- 77. Fundamentals of Psychotherapy. Orig. 8.95.....Now 1.99
- 78. Economics Today. Orig. 12.95.....Now 1.99
- 79. Modern College German. Orig. 9.95.....Now 1.99
- 80. A Conceptual Approach to Spanish. Orig. 8.25.....Now 1.99
- 81. Algebra: Elementary Functions and Relations. Orig. \$9.....Now 1.99
- 82. Today's Investments for Tomorrow's Securities. Orig. 9.95.....Now 1.99
- 83. Dow Jones Guide to Convertible Securities. Orig. 2.95.....Now 1.99
- 84. Effective Personnel Security Procedures. Orig. 9.95.....Now 1.99
- 85. Principles of Operations Research. Orig. 17.95.....Now 2.99
- 86. Fundamentals of Business Law. Orig. 12.95.....Now 2.99
- 87. An Approach to Literature. Orig. 9.95.....Now 2.99
- 88. The Family Book of Preventive Medicine. Orig. 12.95.....Now 2.99
- 89. Western Civilization Vols. I and II \$26.....Now 5.99
- 90. Webster's New Twentieth Century Dictionary, Unabridged 2nd edition. Thumb indexed and illus. Orig. 59.95.....Now 19.95

Macy's Order Dept.  
Macy's Herald Square, New York, N.Y. 10001

Account Number \_\_\_\_\_  
Name \_\_\_\_\_  
Address \_\_\_\_\_ City \_\_\_\_\_  
State \_\_\_\_\_ Zip \_\_\_\_\_  
Phone \_\_\_\_\_ Aml. enc. \_\_\_\_\_

Please circle number of book(s) you wish.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45
46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75
76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90

Books (Dept. 013), 5th Floor, Herald Square and the Macy's near you. Use coupon or call for \$7 or more (tax exclusive). In NYC: LA 4-6000, N.J.: 800-221-6822 or your nearest phone order number. Please add sales tax and 50¢ handling charge. Outside delivery area, add 1.50. We regret, no COD's.

Macy's

### British Union Leaders Are Heckled on Unemployment

By ROBERT B. SEMPLE Jr.  
Special to The New York Times

BRIGHTON, England, Sept. 7—Some of the most powerful union leaders in Britain were jeered and heckled here today by demonstrators protesting the country's rising unemployment rate and what they regard as the labor movement's failure to demand stronger action from the Government.

The protesters did not seriously disrupt the second day of the annual meeting of the Trades Union Congress, a confederation of more than 10 million workers whose support is crucial if the Labor Government of Prime Minister James Callaghan is to have any hope of sustaining its present anti-inflation policies.

But while they did not interfere with the conference's working sessions, the

protesters served as a reminder that there is growing unease about the Government's policy among Britain's rank-and-file workers. The protest followed by one day a decision by Britain's seamen to strike if necessary to demand more money than the present wage policy allows.

**Inflation Rate Reduced**

The essence of present Government economic policy is to hold all wage increases to a maximum of 2.5 percent, while at the same time holding the line and in some cases cutting Britain's spending and welfare programs.

The policy has helped cut Britain's inflation rate, still the highest of any industrialized Western nation, from nearly 30 to 15 percent in the last year. But unem-

ployment exceeds 6.5 percent of the working population, the highest figure since World War II.

Tomorrow, the Government will seek a vote of confidence in the policy from the T.U.C. delegates here. Vigorous lobbying by union leaders is expected to carry the day for the Government's strategy without much difficulty, but there are signs that the consensus may not hold much longer.

For the last few days, youthful protesters have been marching into Brighton from the industrial centers of the north and from London. They gathered today outside the conference hall and confronted union leaders as they emerged for lunch. One organizer was hoisted, and other high union officials ducked away from the protesters or were escorted through the crowd by the police.

### British Family Held in Ethiopia Said to Be Under Intense

Special to The New York Times

LONDON, Sept. 7—Jon Swain, a newspaperman who was held for near months by Ethiopian guerrillas, returned home today and said that a his British family of four was alive but in heavy strain.

Mr. Swain, a correspondent of the London Times of London who was over to the British Embassy in Khartoum, Sudan, yesterday, said today he was kidnapped in June.

The missing family, Lindsay, a veterinarian, and his wife and two children, who are said to be held in a million in ransom, were described by Swain as living under a bush in the desert, sleeping on the ground and eating two meals a day.



From Sweden  
Pitcher-Thermos  
Holds 1 quart, hot or cold  
Reg. \$12.95  
**\$8.63**



Beechwood  
Fish Trivet  
reg. \$4.95 **\$3.30**



From Sweden  
Decorative  
Wall Mirror  
reg. \$29.95 - \$34.95  
**\$19.97 - \$23.29**



Kitchen  
Scales  
5 lb. spring scale. Grams, ounces, kilos, pounds.  
Many colors.  
Reg. \$9.95  
**\$6.63**

**CLOSING OUT**  
**THIRD AVE. STORE**  
**ONLY**  
**1/3 off**  
**entire stock**

GOURMETWARE AND FINE GIFTS AT FANTASTIC SAVINGS!

**FINAL CLEARANCE**

This is a once-in-a-lifetime chance to buy up kitchen and housewares for yourself — and stock up on gift items for the future. We've taken a whopping one-third off Nordiska's usual lower-than-retail prices — and it all adds up to sensational savings for you. Quantities are limited on some items, so hurry — it's on a first-come, first-served basis.



1/2 off  
CANDLES tool  
Dish  
Paper Napkins  
10 brilliant colors!  
Cocktail — reg. .84¢ — **46¢**  
Luncheon — reg. .99¢ — **66¢**  
Dinner — reg. \$1.49 — **99¢**



Swedish Crystal  
Candle Sticks  
Height 7 1/2"  
Reg. \$9.95 ea.  
**\$5.97 ea.**



Save over \$10  
Bath Scales  
value  
Upholstered in vinyl floral or solid color vinyl. Pouches and 10 lbs.  
Reg. \$9.95 **\$6.63**



From England  
Copper  
Watering Can  
Reg. 1 qt. gleaming copper w/ brass sprinkler head. Value — \$27.50  
Reg. \$16.95 **\$11.29**



stainless steel  
"Chip 'n' Dip" Dish  
Super Shrimp-Server or relish plate. Removable dip dish.  
\$12.50 value  
Reg. \$6.95 **\$4.63**



All purpose  
"Bowls"  
Colorful plastic — red/blue/brown  
5 1/2" reg. \$1.25 — **.83¢**  
8 1/2" reg. \$3.49 — **\$2.33**



New  
Bath Utility Brushes  
Reg. \$4.95 — \$6.95  
**\$3.29 — \$4.63**



Animals  
Beautiful imported crystal. Elegantly sculpted decor.  
\$12. Value  
Reg. \$9.95 **\$6.63**



Cathrinholm  
Tea  
Kettle  
Lovely lotus design  
2 qt. avocado only  
value 20.00  
reg. \$14.95 **\$9.97**

30% off

regular prices for made-to-your-order curtains and draperies

The collection, lined or unlined, includes easy-care fiber blends—sheers, textures, traditional and contemporary prints. All perfectly tailored by Womstuto Trucroft.


This special opportunity now through October 2nd

Ninth Floor, Lord & Taylor

And all Lord & Taylor stores except Monohasset, Boston, Dallas and Chicago

Womstuto Trucroft

**If they ask who designed your terrific suit: Francois, Pierre or Yves... tell them it was Eisenberg... and walk away smiling over the money you saved.**



The Eisenberg family has designing and manufacturing for the past 70 years. So we know about it—and so do the thousands of New Yorkers who've discovered the Eisenberg family over the years. We're not just a factory with a name; we're a factory with a depth of stock that will keep you looking for just what you want.

We've got the popular Euro-styled three piece suits; the shoulder look and the Arm Silhouette (shaped body and padded shoulders). In sportswear as well as suits. All of them in the wool and wool blends and all of them tailored by our master Italian tailors from the great men's clothing factories of Milan and Rome. (Alterations, by the same Italian tailors, are always available.)

And since you're about to ask for our three piece suits \$599.95, and two piece suits \$499.95, if you like our designs, you're well to congratulate our designers. Or the Eisenbergs of Eisenberg. Eisenberg is always art.

We're open weekdays from 9 to 6; Saturdays 9 to 5. Closes from 10 to 4. MasterCard and BankAmericard Inv.

**Eisenberg & Eisenberg**  
149 5th Ave., (21st St) OR 4-0300

Handwritten signature or text at the bottom of the page.



الجمهورية العربية السورية

### or to Name p Executive an Francisco

LES LEDBETTER  
Staff Writer

ANCISCO, Sept. 7—Mayor Moscone will nominate tomorrow Director Rudy Nothenberg as his sixth chief administrative officer, the most powerful position in the local government. The job is for life and includes supervision of most city departments of the police, fire and so on, as well as the supervision and distribution of hotel tax and art groups, the appointments. Mayor Moscone with a duty to establish the imprint of his month-old administration for

the nomination of Mr. Nothenberg, must be confirmed by a vote of the 11-member Board of Supervisors, which has shown a new interest in recent months and a new determination that it have a greater voice in the city.

In a poll of the supervisors in the city they might not approve the nomination when it comes up for a scheduled vote Monday. Six supervisors have already decided to oppose Mr. Nothenberg's selection or were leaning that way.

Mr. Nothenberg expects a more serious battle with the legislative body during his tenure as Mayor, and I will do my best to persuade them to vote for Mayor Moscone.

Mr. Nothenberg has been introducing Mr. Nothenberg as a certified public accountant and college teacher and public official for more than 20 years, to the city that have financial muscle here.

#### Wide Acceptance Noted

Mr. Nothenberg said that his aide had been accepted by all these diverse groups as "a man that understands the whole city" and that his unpopularity in order to manage the city. "I've met and tested everyone who's met and tested me," Mr. Nothenberg said, "and I'm lobbying with the supervisors for the Mayor. Without that, I'm going to stop the board from picking hearing and denying

the Mayor until a vote is taken; there's a lot of support for getting this approved," Mr. Nothenberg said, with a reference to his vote-getting abilities when he was majority leader in Sacramento. Loyalty played a large part in that.

Years of being managed and controlled by Mayors, such as Joseph P. Kamp, the Board of Supervisors has authority in matters such as Civil Service employment, ignoring the Mayor in last year by blue-collar craft work-

ers who will probably vote for Mr. Nothenberg. They say that this nomination is an extraordinary one and note that it requires them to "confirm the Mayor's selection."

One of the few positions in the city dating back to 1932, that of the Board of Supervisors, did not just give a stamp of approval but to participate in the decision if he's qualified," said Mr. Nothenberg, president of the Board.

Mr. Nothenberg said that he had not decided whether to vote for Mr. Nothenberg to be a good budget director for the conservative lawyer, the highest vote getter in last year's election and who may run again in 1979.

A question being raised about whether he has the managerial skills to handle such an important job.

### Vote Blocks for Congress Cut-of-Living Pay

CHARD L. MADDEN  
Staff Writer

WASHINGTON, Sept. 7—The Senate today scheduled a cost-of-living adjustment for members of Congress to allow the raise for Federal top-level officials of the same amount.

On the touchy issue of Congressmen's pay less than two months before Election Day, the Senate, by a vote of 55 to 42, rejected an attempt to raise the pay of top-level officials on a Congressional pay raise pending legislative approval.

On Tuesday, the House of Representatives voted to deny the cost-of-living increase for members of Congressional judiciary and 785 high-level executives, including key aides and Cabinet members, while retaining the ban on a pay raise, agreed by voice vote to the pay increase for the top-level Government officials and by a vote of 55 to 42 to reconsider that decision.

The decision on whether only members or other Federal officials get the pay increase presumably made later this month when the conferees meet to reconcile the two versions of the appropriations measure, which would operate Congress and agencies for the fiscal year 1977.

The measure is expected to complete its version of the measure to about \$1 billion tomorrow. It was passed last year, members of Congress, who now receive \$44,600 Federal judiciary and the top branch officials had been to receive automatic cost-of-living increases that go to most all workers each Oct. 1.

Mr. Ford has not yet set the date for the latest cost-of-living increase to take effect next month but it is expected to be slightly less than 5 per-

cent automatic increase for themselves particularly those seeking re-election this year at a time when Congress is in low esteem by many



New York at Night. Photograph by Peter Fin.

## New York

classic

## the cowled tunic

Utterly romantic. Soft and clinging. And marvelously new. The side-slit tunic in two lengths, one of which could very well serve as a dress, 46.00 and a curved short version at 38.00. Both loosely belted with a tasseled rope. Matching pull-on pants are 20.00. By Jim Baldwin for Crystal Plus in Klopman's performance-tested Sanato®, a textured knit of 100% Dacron® VIII polyester. Champagne or rich brown in sizes 6 to 16. Second Floor Evening Shop, Lord & Taylor, Fifth Avenue at 39th Street, Manhasset, Westchester, Millburn, Garden City, Ridgewood-Paramus, Stamford.

WI 7-3300 (24 hours a day)

*Empire*

isonberg &



# Instant Lotteries Prove to Be Popular, With 12 States Besides New York Operating or Organizing Them

By PETER KIBBS

Instant lotteries, such as the offer for immediate payoffs to the gambling game on which New York State starts selling tickets today, have met with success and popularity, according to reports from other states.

All 12 other states with lottery programs were reported yesterday by the New York State Lottery Commission to have operated instant lotteries or to be organizing them.

Maryland, for instance, with a population of only 4.1 million, reported yesterday that its instant lottery, started last February, sold 20 million tickets at \$1 apiece in five weeks. There were 2,140,210 winners of amounts ranging from \$2 up to \$10,000 as well as a chance at a drawing for \$500 a week for life. Maryland is planning a new instant lottery for 1977 to add to its regular weekly lotteries and a daily numbers game.

Michigan yesterday announced its fourth instant lottery, with ticket sales to start on Tuesday. It has a device that Gus Harrison, the state lottery director, said might help get out the Michigan vote

in the Presidential election Nov. 2. The Michigan game is advertising "Every vote counts" and its top prize—beyond the possibility of instantly winning \$2, \$10, \$500, \$1,000 or \$10,000—will be a payoff of \$1 for every vote cast for the winning Presidential candidate in Michigan. The guaranteed amount to the winner: \$1,250,000.

In New York, the state commission said yesterday that anyone who finds a winning \$2 or \$5 on his ticket after rubbing a coating off six boxes will be paid at once by the vendor.

A winner of \$100, \$500, \$1,000 or \$5,000 will go to a claims center to submit his ticket and get a receipt. His winnings will be mailed to him after about four weeks for validation and processing, the commission said. A "Jackpot" wording in all six boxes on the instant lottery card is paid \$5,000 and given a chance for a later drawing for \$1,000 weekly for life with a guaranteed \$1 million.

John D. Quinn, director of the New York lottery, said New York ticket purchasers would have better than a 1-in-10 chance of winning something.

The popularity of the instant lotteries in Delaware resulted in the selling out of 1.5 million tickets to six weeks in a state with only 580,000 inhabitants. There have been two instant games—the first offering pay-offs up to \$10,000 and the second up to \$15,000 instantly, along with a life with a guaranteed minimum of \$300,000.

Henry O. Luther, executive director of New Jersey's lottery, said that if the New York game is anywhere near as popular as New Jersey's that "it is bound to be successful."

New Jersey also sells instant lottery tickets for \$1. Each ticket bears a picture of a former President and six inaugural years—the number of each year matching the President's actual inauguration determines a prize ranging from \$3 to \$10,000.

The ticket stub also has a historic scene, such as the signing of the Declaration of Independence or the first landing on the moon. The player gets a chart of 20 such scenes, and when he gets enough tickets to complete a vertical or

horizontal column, as in a bingo game, his prize can range from \$50 to \$1,000.

A third incentive is a chance for a \$1,000 weekly prize.

New Jersey also has a 50-cent weekly lottery—New York expects to reinstate a weekly lottery in December—and operates a "pick-it" version of the numbers game with plays of 50 cents to \$5 through a limited number of dealers with electronic machines linked to a central computer in Trenton.

In its nearly six years, the New Jersey lottery has produced \$260 to \$300 million for public institutions and education. Connecticut has a semiannual instant lottery that raised \$6 million for education in its first operation late last year and another \$6 million this year. The state's weekly 50-cent lottery in operation for four years, has produced state revenues of \$15 million a year.

Rhode Island has just run its first instant lottery, in which \$1 purchasers rubbed off the top of the ticket to expose a number in a baseball and then the bottom portion showing runs in nine innings. If there were more runs than in the baseball number, prizes ranged from \$20 to \$50,000.

With a numbers game run by the lottery office as well, Rhode Island has grossed \$2.2 million in sales during July and August. For the year ended June 30, the lottery produced \$6.6 million in revenue for the state.

Massachusetts' latest instant lottery is selling a little more than \$1 million in tickets a week. It was described by David Ellis, a lottery agency spokesman, as the biggest lottery money-maker currently. The state also runs a conventional weekly lottery and started a numbers game this year. Last year the combined programs grossed \$94.6 million, of which \$41 million was a net return for 351 cities and towns.

New Hampshire, which started its state lottery in 1964, has had six instant lottery games. The state also has weekly

lotteries, and for the year ended reported net revenue of \$5.7 million from school districts, up from \$4.2 million last year.

Maine's lottery earned \$1.6 million for the year ended June 30.

Pennsylvania, with instant lotteries, grossed \$137.6 million for the same 12-month period, the highest in the program's history. Net revenue for the \$573 million, up from \$50.3 million last year.

Delaware's lottery began last year with regular weekly tickets 70,000 to 150,000, while its instant lottery was expected to gross \$2.5 million in a year, but projections have forecast a million, with addition of new foot

**Weekend**  
FRIDAY IN  
The New York Times



**Own your own model of the TALL SHIPS PARADING**  
A Possession To Be Proud Of  
You probably saw at least part of the "Tall Ships PARADING" July 4th in New York harbor. Covered by network from the top of the World Trade Center, it was superb.  
Well now you can have your own piece of "LIVING HISTORY." A movie made for the home, the TALL SHIP PARADING New York Harbor on that historic day. It's the high vantage point of the World Trade Center ZOOM lens, this film, in SUPER 8 Kodak Color, will "LIVING MEMORY" of part of the way that America met 200th Birthday.  
This is a unique opportunity to acquire a true BICENTENNIAL. It will be a real treat for the family and an gift for a friend or client. To order, just complete below. If you find, for any reason, that this film isn't what you want, you may return it within ten (10) days for a refund minus postage and handling.  
COMPOSITE ENTERPRISES '76  
114 LIBERTY STREET  
NEW YORK, N.Y. 10006  
Please send me copy/copies of the TALL SHIPS. \$9.95 each plus \$1.00 postage and handling regard many prints I order.  
Name \_\_\_\_\_  
Address \_\_\_\_\_  
City \_\_\_\_\_ State \_\_\_\_\_  
Check Or Money Order Only, Sorry, No C.O.D.  
New York Residents Add Sales Tax



**PUBLIC NOTICE**

STATE OF NEW YORK  
DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION  
N.Y.C. Environmental Protection Administration  
in the Matter of the Petition of Department of Water Resources  
Petition No. TW-22401-0022-WQ-SP  
**PUBLIC HEARING NOTICE**  
Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to Article 25 (Title Waters) of the Environmental Conservation Law and the Rules and Regulations for the exercise of Power under said Law (NYVCR, Part 602), the Department of Environmental Conservation will cause a public hearing to be held in the office of the Department, Two World Trade Center, 81st Floor, Room 6126, New York, New York, 10047 on the 20th day of September, 1976, at 10:00 a.m. in the afternoon on that day for the purpose of:  
(a) hearing all persons, corporations or child dependents of the State of New York that may be affected by the execution of the plan of N.Y.C. Environmental Protection Administration, Dept. of Water Resources, 40 North Street, New York, N.Y. 10013.  
The project site is located in the East River in the southern corner of the former Brooklyn Navy Yard. Petitioner proposes to construct 20,000 cubic yards of dredging, construct a 1,200 ft. x 96 inch steel pipe, construct a culvert, bulkhead and trestle, and construct a 70 mfd sewage treatment plant. Petitioner's dredging is based on the need to construct a culvert and trestle and to provide a connection with existing handling arrangements, plans for which have been filed with the Tidal Wetlands Permit Agency, Department of Environmental Conservation, and are now in his office in New York, New York, where the same are open for public inspection; and  
(b) allowing the petitioner the opportunity to establish that the proposed project is not contrary to (1) the policy of the State to preserve and protect tidal wetlands, to prevent their destruction and to give due consideration to the reasonable economic and social development of the State; and (2) the provisions of Article 25 of the Environmental Conservation Law.  
Further notice is hereby given that, pursuant to Title 5, Article 15 Protection of Waters, Environmental Conservation Law and the Rules and Regulations for the exercise of power under said Law (NYVCR, Part 602), the purpose of said hearing is also to determine whether said dredging for the project and said construction of all such connected structures, and whether execution of the proposal would adversely affect the health, safety, and welfare of the people of the State or the natural resources of the State.  
The petitioner further requests that, pursuant to Section 601 (6) of P.S. 60-602 (Title 5), the project be carried out as soon as possible, and that the Federal official sponsors or other institutions of standards under Section 301, 302, 306 or 307 of the Act.  
All persons, corporations, or child dependents of the State of New York, who have objections to the execution of said plan or wish to be heard in favor of or opposed to such plan, in order to be heard thereon, must file a notice of appearance, in duplicate, to be filed in the hearing and to be filed in duplicate with the petitioner, at Two World Trade Center, 81st Floor, New York, New York 10047 on or before the 22nd day of September 1976. Plans and a copy of the notice of appearance must be filed in the office of the Tidal Wetlands Permit Agency, at the address above, on or before the 22nd day of September 1976. If no notice of appearance is filed, no hearing may be conducted.  
Dated: 8/27/76, New York, New York  
Gordon C. Cohen,  
Local Tidal Wetlands Permit Administrator  
Two World Trade Center - 81st Floor  
New York, New York 10047  
EA 124 & C/75)

**NOTICE TO CREDITORS**

NOTICE is hereby given to all creditors of the estate of the late Mrs. William B. Berna, deceased, to file their claims with the executor of the estate, William B. Berna, Jr., at the office of the executor, 114 Liberty Street, New York, New York, on or before the 15th day of October, 1976. The executor's office is located at the address above. If you are a creditor of the estate, you are hereby notified that you must file your claim with the executor on or before the date above stated, or your claim may be barred.

Follow fast  
**BERNA**  
on the  
Family/ST  
Eye New Ho

# LAST 4 DAYS!

# HERMAN'S The World's Biggest GOLF & TENNIS SALE

OUR ENTIRE GOLF AND TENNIS STOCK REDUCED  
**20% TO 40% OFF AND MORE!!!**  
Except for a few selected items.

**Every Golf Set, All Loose Clubs, Every Ball, Cart and Bag Reduced! All Men's Golf Shoes, All Men's and Ladies' Golf Clothing Reduced!**

**Every Tennis Racket and Every Tennis Ball Reduced! All Men's and Ladies' Tennis Clothing Reduced!**  
Not all sizes and styles available in all stores.

**OPEN EVENINGS • MAJOR CREDIT CARDS ACCEPTED INCLUDING AMERICAN EXPRESS**  
NEW YORK: 135 W. 42nd St. (Daily 9 to 7:30) • 110 Nassau St. (Daily 8 to 6. Sat. Closed)  
QUEENS CENTER: 92nd St. Between 57th and 59th Ave. STATEN ISLAND: Staten Island Mall  
IN NEW JERSEY: Garden State Plaza, Rts. 4 and 17, Paramus • Livingston Mall, Livingston • Woodbridge Center, Woodbridge • Willowbrook Mall, Wayne  
ON LONG ISLAND: Sunnyside Highway, Valley Stream • Route 110, Huntington • Roosevelt Field Shopping Center • Smith Haven Mall, Lake Grove  
IN WESTCHESTER: Cross County Shopping Center, Yonkers  
IN CONNECTICUT: Trumbull Shopping Center • West Farms Mall, Hartford



July 20 1976



Operating or

Sept 8 1976

# IN ACTION UNIT MED IN CAPITAL

up, Described as Global  
part of Common Cause,  
by a Variety of Issues

by GLADWIN HILL

Sept. 7—Plans for a national citizens action organization by a group of prominent in many fields and aimed at solutions to a wide array of problems, were disclosed today. The organization, called "New Directions," has its headquarters in Washington and is described in concept as a global organization of Common Cause, a publicizing organization that has many domestic governmental reform programs.

The organization will be a citizen support and pressure group, outside government, to deal with problems ranging from population and food shortages to international hostilities and energy.

The organization, which will operate in mid-October, was headed by Robert S. McNamara, former World Bank, who was Secretary in the Kennedy and Johnson administrations.

Other members of the organization include Heshburgh, president of the University of Notre Dame, and Norman, publisher of the Saturday Review, who headed the nascent organizing commission.

Members of Panel

The panel are Mr. McNamara; Mead, professor of anthropology at Columbia University; C. Douglas, Wall Street financier and Secretary of the Treasury under Presidents Johnson; Cyrus R. Vance, lawyer and deputy Secretary of the Johnson Administration; Iner, head of Common Cause of Health, Education and the Johnson Administration; president of the Aspen Institute for Humanistic Studies in Colorado; T. Conway, executive director of the American Federation of State, Municipal and Educational Employees; and chief executive officer of the organization will be Dr. Russell B. Long, former Governor of Louisiana, who was designated Friday as chairman of the Environmental Quality Executive Agency.

The four main areas of concern, Dr. Peterson said in a telephone interview, are: "One is helping the poor; the second is helping the world's poor to help themselves; the third is such avenues as reducing pollution, producing more food, housing and other commodities—and through reduction of the affluent societies."

Also, he said, the organization will be concerned with the improvement of the environment, the risks of war and violence throughout the world, and the basic human rights.

From Nuclear Energy

Concerned about the proliferation of nuclear energy as tending to nuclear weapons, and would shift of emphasis, especially in the world, to energy alternative energy."

The organization will not mount project grants or sponsor said, but will concentrate on mobilizing public opinion and action through political "any other channels open

to form ties with other citizens around the world," Dr. Peterson said. "We will influence individual governments, United Nations and multinationals."

Dr. Peterson acknowledged that, in fact, that democratic nations by a minority of the world's population are the focus of citizen pressures in the United States

problem and a challenge, and a which we'll have to feel commented. "But we've had evidence in recent years, I've seen in nondemocratic structures of information and knowledge can be substantial

scale on which New York will operate, and its administration, have not yet been determined. Peterson said it would rely on the Common Cause, membership dues "in the \$15-to-\$20 area."

The organization's offices will be at 1212, the building where Common Cause is its headquarters.

Common Cause was established in 1970, and has played a prominent role in election campaigns, both nationally and in disseminating appraisals of candidates and office-holders and reports on contributions, and it has been instrumental in pushing for tighter ethical controls of Congress.

## Communists Receive 1st Place on Ballot

Sept. 7 (UPD)—The Communist Party filed petitions with the State Board of Elections today to put its name on the ballot for President, Vice President and United States Senator on the ballot in November.

The Communist Party will head the ticket with Jarvis Tyner of New York City running for Vice President and Arnold Johnson of New York City running for the Senate held by James L. Buckley, Conservative Republican.

The Communist petitions included names of more than twice the number of signatures needed. At least 20,000 signatures must be obtained from 10 of the state's 39 Congressional districts.

One of the filings, at 9 A.M., was for the Communist ticket in New York City, behind the Democratic and Republican slates.

In national slates was filed by the Workers Party. Their candidate for President is Peter Camejo of New York City; for vice president, Joe Reid of Chicago, and for Senator, Marcia Gallo of Brooklyn. The Workers' petitions had 33,287



THE INVITATION READ  
"COME AS YOU ARE."  
THIS IS HOW I AM.  
THANKS TO CLOVIS  
RUFFIN'S DEEP WRAPPINGS  
OF BLACK JERSEY  
STREAKED WITH IVORY.

Do you like to make entrances? I do. Big ones, star turns. But I don't stop there. I keep it coming. The attention. With a surprise-wrapped, halter-backed black jersey dress, cooled with stripes of ivory, and a flirty top with side slits. Dress and coat in rayon matte jersey. Dress, in 4 to 14 sizes, '64. Coat, in small, medium and large, '46. And for my other invitations: Clovis has all the answers, the body-baring, body-paring, me-as-I-am clothes in Night Dimensions, Seventh Floor. Call (212) PL 3-4000. Add sales tax on mail and phone, 1.25 handling charge beyond our regular delivery area.

Here's an invitation I'm accepting: to meet Clovis Ruffin, and watch the fashion show of his clothes tomorrow at 6.

We understand you at  
*Saks Fifth Avenue*







مدى الاحوال

# MANDEL AND 4 ON TRIAL TODAY

## Leader and Associates Facing Federal Charges of Fraud and Bribery

**BEN A. FRANKLIN**  
Special to The New York Times  
RE, Sept. 7—Gov. Marvin Mandel and four of the five associates indicted with him on Federal charges of mail bribery come to trial here today.

Mandel's latest political case comes amid spectacular events that have started the case—the substitution of a judge and the severance of Governor's five co-defendants—may have increased that Mr. Mandel, who has gone along with the others, this political and personal

admirers of the still widely year-old Democratic Governor, halfway through his second term, are saying that they hope Mandel, Maryland's first Jew, may yet escape the two pieces of the trial. These pieces that would drive him or damaging testimony that him up to public ridicule or erode his political effectiveness.

very hard on Marv if he but comes out as a moral ripple," a ranking Baltimore. "Of course, it will be aster—if they convict him, sink they can."

**The Same Team**  
in the Mandel case, the of the United States Attorney, are essentially the same eminent lawyers who in the discovered contractors' pay- Vice President Spiro T. Agnew, a former Maryland igned as Vice President and sea of oo cootest to an In- rge in Baltimore in 1973, prosecutors' objections, de- in the Mandel case woo- sation on a technicality of al judge, Herbert F. Murray States District Court here, week obtained a separate ailing co-defendant, Irvin

**H. Pratt of the District** ington ruled last Thursday ns, a 58-year-old millionaire r Mr. Mandel, was too ill sease to stand trial now. of Mr. Kovens could make the Government to prove basic conspiracy allegation ovens put up \$200,000 so Rogers 3d, 49; his brother, odgers, 50, and W. Dale i secretly obtain an interest Mariboro Race Track with fendent, Ernest N. Cory Jr., was the only race track se holdings were publicly

contend that in return from the other alleged con- Mandel exercised his legis- other political influence in 1972 to enhance the ends' holdings in the track. t charges Mr. Mandel with mail fraud and two of tivities" under the Federal ig statute. This permits the utors' to charge him with that would otherwise fall

Federal mail fraud counts sum sentence of five years' and a \$1,000 fine, and each abilitated "activities" counts sum of 20 years and a plus Government confisca- vestments linked to the al- The charges against Mr. r. Cory include the same but only one count each activities.

**biology Equipment**  
**ioning Normally**  
**tivation and Tests**  
Calif., Sept. 7 (UPI)—Vik- biology instruments have irst test and appeared ready an man's second attempt to on Mars Saturday. answers to the tantalizing, ether there is life on Mars, ng 1, should start coming 10 days. But biologists say ch longer before any definite an be reached. fe-detection instruments had months before word came ay showing that activation ad checks were going well. t had been closed since April, ened, radioactivity detectors gas analyzer checked and taken, Dr. Fred Brown, a list, said that everything ap- at the only thing we cared does the instrument work? ver that and the instrument at it's supposed to and we t some soil and get on with n said. e digging arm is to scoop al of soil Saturday and dump ology assembly to start the ocedures designed to stimu- ocesses that the instrument

g activated was the organic alizer aboard Viking 2. Its arch the Martian soil for evi- anic molecules that are con- sisting blocks of life. found no organics in the soil, ing the enthusiasm of bio- hought that life detection in- aboard the first lander had be presence of organisms in, entirely said the life signs also been produced by strange emical reactions. id Klein, head of the Viking im, said the Viking 1 life it in two possible directions. sibility is that some of the uts would lead us to conclude s life on the planet Mars, and measurements or other interpre- id lead us to conclude that e seeing is some sort of active rocess, but of non-biological

## which one of these skirts is the real you?

Probably more than one of them is the really right skirt for the life you lead. The knit to go with your new hacking jacket. The menswear chalkstripe that can major in business with a crepe de chine shirt. The ombre plaid that's a perfect foil for sweaters in every color you own. And wouldn't that front-wrapped check be comfortable on your bike? How can you ever make the choice?

Front wrap in gray check, imported blend of acrylic and polyester, 23.00.  
Chalk stripe on black or brown polyester and wool, 30.00.  
Ombre plaid in navy or brown acrylic and polyester imported fabric, 23.00.  
Knit in blue plaid of acrylic, polyester and wool, 31.00. **Skirts by Summit**, sizes 6 to 16. And with all, the perfect cowl sweater by **Rosanno** in natural, light gray, red, steel blue, oatmeal, brown, hunter green, oak taupe, rose or black. Of new Civona® Orfan® acrylic that feels so much like wool, 16.00.  
Sizes S, M, L. Plaza 2 Misses Sportswear, 2nd Floor, New York, and all fashion branches.

opening tomorrow...  
Bloomingdale's beautiful  
new store of Tysans Corner,  
Virginia.  
Find these great skirts,  
sweaters and much more...  
in our Plaza 2 Misses'  
Sportswear collections.  
A capital idea!



# bloomingdale's all new plaza 2

1000 Third Avenue, New York, 355-5900. Open late Monday and Thursday evenings.



# LOUISVILLE SCHOOLS REOPEN PEACEFULLY

## Blacks and Whites Bused Without Incident—Omaha, Dayton, Ohio, and Milwaukee Also Calm

By United Press International

Nearly 51,600 black students and white students were bused without incident yesterday from neighborhood schools in Louisville, Ky., Omaha, Dayton, Ohio, and Milwaukee for a better classroom racial balance. Boston officials hoped to continue the peaceful busing pattern today.

Schools in the Louisville area reopened peacefully after a Labor Day weekend in which antibusing protests resulted in the police's use of tear gas to break up demonstrations, as well as 28 arrests and a possible busing-related school bombing.

Officials said that about 20,000 students had been peacefully bused in the Louisville area.

A fleet of 150 buses and vans in Omaha transported about 11,000 students for integration purposes. The main problem in Omaha was that some buses ran slightly behind schedule.

**14,000 Students Bused in Dayton**  
In Dayton, about 14,000 students were bused in the third day of Ohio's first school-busing program.

Confusion over some school bus stops was the only problem, according to the Dayton School Superintendent, John Maxwell.

In Milwaukee, 6,800 students, more than 50 per cent of them black, were bused to new schools in the first stage of an integration plan drafted in response to a Federal court order.

In Boston, city officials were cautiously optimistic for a trouble-free opening of schools today.

"There can be no dispute that the past two years have been long and arduous ones," Mayor Kevin H. White said. "We have undergone a tremendous social change and such things are never easy."

"I feel there will be less racial tension," said John J. McDonough, chairman of the Boston School Committee, the elected board which oversees the schools.

**Teachers' Strikes Break Out**  
Teachers' strikes that have signaled the return to school in recent years broke out again in numerous cities. Teachers' spokesmen expected even more strikes this year because of cutbacks in school budgets.

Teachers went on strike Tuesday in Seattle, Manchester, N.H., and Buffalo. In Boston, teachers voted down a contract offer but held off on a walkout until at least October.

A National Education Association spokesman said that there could be more trouble ahead this year because more teachers' contracts remained unsettled than usual.

"Tight money and all of the factors which led to a record number of teacher strikes for the 1975-76 school year are the same," Terry Herndon, the association's executive director, said. "And the incredible number of unsettled contracts—some 2,200—could result in more strikes later if settlement is not reached."

In Seattle, teachers voted to strike on their first preparation day. Classes for 50,000 students are scheduled to resume tomorrow. The teachers had asked for a 20.6 percent raise over two years. The school board offered 16 percent. The annual starting salary for beginning teachers under the old contract was \$9,007.

In Boston, teachers voted unanimously to reject the latest offer for a two-year contract, with no raise the first year, and a six percent increase in the second. They had demanded a one-year pact, with two raises of five percent, in September and February. The teachers' negotiating team will meet in the first week of October to consider a walkout if school officials have not accepted the union's proposal or agreed to binding arbitration.

In Buffalo, teachers set up picket lines yesterday after voting for a strike Monday. Classes were scheduled to open today for some 54,000 students. A teachers' spokesman said about 30 issues divided the two sides, including a school board move to freeze wages.



Edie Schaffner helping another first grader, Harvey Daniel, with a project at Emerson Elementary School in Dayton, Ohio. Confusion over some school bus stops was the only problem reported by officials on the third day of Ohio's first school-busing program. About 14,000 students were bused.

# Little Rock High School Now Desegregation Model

Continued From Page 1

reluctantly across the room to fill it out.

Central became the best known high school in the world in 1957, two years before Sybil Jordan enrolled, when nine bold, frightened children broke the color bar there. They had to be protected by Federal troops for a year. With occasional abatement, it remained a hard and often cruel place throughout the 1960's and into this decade.

Central is now one of the most effectively desegregated public schools in the United States.

It is not merely the numbers, which are about 50-50 black and white, with perhaps a slight majority of blacks.

During the last two or three years, the black and white students have approached something close to harmony. Racial violence has practically disappeared. Athletic teams, cheerleader squads and several other student organizations are integrated after years of foot-dragging by some of them. Both races participate vigorously in student government, and the elective offices are about evenly divided between blacks and whites.

Tension seemed to be nonexistent as the 1976-77 school year began Monday. A few black and white students walked and talked together between classes, although a large majority still gathered with members of their own race.

**Change Not Explained**  
No one is able to explain fully how this relaxation came about. Several theories can be heard, but precisely what happened is a little of a mystery.

Whatever the reasons, much of the community is pleased and proud. Little Rock and Central High were once synonymous with racism in many parts of the world. It was never that simple; many here were not racists. But the town is happy to be rid of even the appearance of fear and hate in its most famous institution.

"My general impression is that Little Rock has made a better adjustment than many Northern cities," Ernest G. Green, one of the first nine black students at Central, who now lives in New York, said in a telephone interview today. He is executive director of Recruitment and Training Programs, Inc., which works for better jobs for blacks.

Black students in Central now, 19 years

after Mr. Green enrolled there, share that feeling. Some laugh when they hear of racial turmoil in Boston and other cities. One girl said, "They condemned the South for being so backward, but they're still segregated and we're not."

Racial tension has not disappeared in Little Rock. New, predominantly white high schools in the western end of the city, where many whites fled in what was finally a vain attempt to avoid desegregation, are still plagued by periodic outbursts of racial violence. So are several junior high schools.

Sybil Stevenson, now director of higher education opportunities at Iowa College, in New Rochelle, goes home to Little Rock regularly. She believes one reason for Central's success is the white flight to the western part of the city. White troublemakers tended to move away from Central, she said, and while that helped Central, it probably pushed back effective desegregation in those western schools by several years.

**Many Whites Bused**  
That appears to be true. However, many of Central's white students are bused in—over the objection of some parents—from those same western suburbs.

School Superintendent Paul R. Fair, who is white, said this week that the district had done many things to try to make desegregation work. Counseling

rooms, for example, have been opened in every school where angry students are sent to "cool off" and talk about their problems.

Mr. Fair said that a great effort had been made to improve basic educational skills. He said that much progress had been made in closing the academic gap between white and black students. Blacks now score considerably higher—on tests and whites score slightly better than 10 years ago, he said. Desegregation has made those gains come easier, he said.

But why has Central High, after years of tumult, gone so far toward racial harmony?

One reason mentioned by almost every student and teacher interviewed is a new principal, Morris Holmes, 36, the second black principal since the school was desegregated, took over two years ago. He apparently enjoys exceptional rapport with black and white students and is spoken of with respect in and out of the school.

Another reason given for Central's progress is that today's black and white students have been going to school together since the early grades. Little Rock abandoned tokenism in 1971 and began massive desegregation with busing and relatively minor disturbance.

John Jewell, white, the president of Central's student body, and Jimmy Smith, black, the star linebacker of their cham-

ionship football team, first got to know each other that year. They were seventh graders at Southwest Junior High School, bused there—against their will, initially—from different parts of town.

Now they are friends. They have worked together at scores of student council meetings and football practices.

One other possible reason for Central's easy-going atmosphere might be that the black students finally feel at home there. They are no longer a tiny minority. They are involved in almost every activity.

Every student interviewed, black and white, talked of a new school spirit.

Pamela Harris, a black senior who was defeated by John Jewell for student president last spring, knows about the 1957 troubles and the bad years that followed.

"But I still feel great pride in Central," she said. "This is my school and if anyone says anything against it, it hurts my feelings."

The football team, nicknamed The Tigers, was undefeated last year. Black and white students used to segregate themselves in the bleachers, but that has begun to break down as they come in growing numbers to cheer the red-hot Tigers.

"When the Central High Tigers are on the field," Pamela Harris said, "everybody sitting on our side of the stadium is a Tiger, regardless of what color they are."



Berkeley students at the Center for Independent Living, a service and support center for handicapped students

# Berkeley Turns Into Mecca for Handicapped Persons

By NANCY HICKS

BERKELEY, Calif., Sept. 5—The Free Speech and People's Park struggles are long gone, but Berkeley has become a mecca for a new, equally radical movement—the growing numbers of handicapped people who are determined to live independent lives in the community, out of their family basements, out of the institutions that have kept them hidden for so long.

Armed with new antidiscrimination legislation that protects the 25 million physically and emotionally handicapped Americans, and working with a sympathetic City Council here, the handicapped are pushing to open up this town to accommodate their wheelchairs and accept their disabilities, and they are succeeding.

**Unusual Student Body**

"Berkeley ought to be the kind of place where people feel free to create something and be whatever they want to be," said City Manager Elijah Rogers, in explaining why this municipality is spending \$250,000 this year to put an elevator in City Hall so that citizens in wheelchairs can attend City Council meetings and to continue the program of constructing sidewalk ramps for wheelchairs.

They have a friend in Sacramento, the state capital—Edward V. Roberts, a quadriplegic who runs the state's programs for the handicapped as director of rehabilitation. Mr. Roberts, a controversial figure, is credited with beginning the

Berkeley movement for the handicapped when he convinced the university here to admit him as a student against its will in 1962.

The disabled have now swelled their ranks in the student population at the university to what is probably the largest concentration of handicapped people on a campus in the country—409 students, 150 of them in wheelchairs.

And they have set up an unusual service and support center, the Center for Independent Living, which is complete with peer counseling, job and housing referral and a kind of travel service for wheelchairs. It has become a model replicated around the state, the country and the world.

The center, C.I.L., as it is known, is the hub of activity for the handicapped here. An outgrowth of the campus radicalism of the 1960's, it has been a driving force to challenge traditional charity groups, to help define issues, and to provide nuts and bolts answers to problems that keep the disabled out of circulation. It does the following:

• Operates a 24-hour-a-day wheelchair repair program, complete with emergency road service, to enhance mobility, which center leaders believe is the key to integrating the handicapped into mainstream life. Recognizing that most wheelchairs are designed for indoor use and break down often as a result, it has made prototype of a new, smaller, more sturdy chair built with longer-lasting parts that are cheap and easily available in bicycle shops and department stores.

• Modifies cars and vans to allow the

handicapped to drive. It modifies wheelchair controls so that those who are unable to use their hands or fingers can use their chins, cheeks or foreheads—whatever moves—to propel themselves to their destination. The center is training other handicapped people to make these repairs so that they become the nucleus for staffing other centers like theirs across the country.

• Operates an attendant referral service that screens and develops a pool of reliable aides who help immobile people bathe, dress and eat.

• Seeks to remove sections of Federal welfare laws that discourage persons from working. While Federal rehabilitation law is supposed to encourage work opportunities for the disabled, Federal programs that provide allowances for living, for help and for attendants are often cut off once the disabled person earns more than \$3,000 a year. Government agencies estimate that a paraplegic has to earn \$12,000 a year to recover lost benefits through income.

• Sponsors bachelor's and master's degree programs in health administration and psychology with the Center for Health Studies at Antioch College.

The essence of C.I.L.'s approach is its federally funded peer-counseling research project, headed by Don Galloway.

Mr. Galloway, who was blinded in childhood play at age 13, is also the local president of an organization called BOLD—the Blind Outdoor Leisure Development project—which sponsors skiing, white water rafting, tandem bicycle groups and backpacking parties for the blind.

# Around the Nation

## Ehrlichman Told to Term in Plumbers

WASHINGTON, Sept. 7 (AP)—Ehrlichman, once the chief domestic affairs to President Nixon, ordered today to begin a six-month prison sentence on his role in break-ins carried so-called White House plumbers.

Federal District Judge Gerb said ordered Mr. Ehrlichman to the Federal prison at Safford or before that date.

Mr. Ehrlichman has been in personal recognition bond since 1974, when he was convicted of the civil rights of Dr. Lewis.

The prosecution in the plot contended that Mr. Ehrlichman, others, was connected with the Dr. Fieldings' office. Mr. Gerb has ordered the plumber to stay out of prison, at least.

Now they are friends. They have worked together at scores of student council meetings and football practices.

One other possible reason for Central's easy-going atmosphere might be that the black students finally feel at home there. They are no longer a tiny minority. They are involved in almost every activity.

Every student interviewed, black and white, talked of a new school spirit.

Pamela Harris, a black senior who was defeated by John Jewell for student president last spring, knows about the 1957 troubles and the bad years that followed.

"But I still feel great pride in Central," she said. "This is my school and if anyone says anything against it, it hurts my feelings."

The football team, nicknamed The Tigers, was undefeated last year. Black and white students used to segregate themselves in the bleachers, but that has begun to break down as they come in growing numbers to cheer the red-hot Tigers.

"When the Central High Tigers are on the field," Pamela Harris said, "everybody sitting on our side of the stadium is a Tiger, regardless of what color they are."

**Jailed Newsmen Will Await Court's**  
FRESNO, Calif., Sept. 7 (AP)—The Fresno Bee says they will not demand an inquest to determine whether newsmen will ever disclose a news source.

The next legal step, now I have been jailed for refusing to disclose a source, is a court hearing to determine whether further make them talk the lawyers.

The newsmen were sentenced to jail terms by Superior Court Judge Hollis Best when they refused their source of material published 1975 from a sealed grand jury.

The four Bee newsmen, George Patterson and Joe B. Patterson, spent their fifth day in jail. Mr. Gorman said no inquest would be demanded because had indicated that the four to serve some jail time before a hearing would be held.

**Pesticides' Production Halted by 2 Conc**  
WASHINGTON, Sept. 7 (AP)—Manufacturers have voted a halt to the further sale of pesticides: Galecron and F-15. Tests indicate that they may be harmful to animals.

The Protection Agency said today. The agency said that the pesticides contain a chemical called DDT and are used only in agriculture against cotton pests.

It said that chlordecone, an insecticide, is not for use in gardens.

An E.P.A. spokesman said the agency had praised Ciba-Geigy, N.C., and Nor-Am Products Inc. of Chicago, quickly to notify the agency of their own tests of Galecron and F-15.

**F.T.C. Will Invest Nursing Home In**  
WASHINGTON, Sept. 7 (AP)—Federal Trade Commission said that it was opening an inquiry into the nursing home industry whether it engages in unfair practices.

The agency said that the be directed at matters that the state commerce, including: ing homes handle patient requirements that patients p and other goods and service nursing homes get cash o able consideration" from o other suppliers in each homes' business; and langu home contracts that disci bility for the health, safety of patients.

The agency also said it to determine the general of ing home services.

**Meeting on Garment**  
Union and management the cotton garment industr day with Federal mediators in an effort to reach an a would avert a strike t tomorrow by workers in a (shirt) factories.

A spokesman for the Drechsler and Leff, repr manufacturers, said that reports on Monday, no a been reached with the out factories.

A spokesman for the Clothing and Textile Work reported tentative agreement the pants and outerwear i but the management spokel was a pact only with the

**More Jobs in 2 Cit**  
WASHINGTON, Sept. 7 (AP)—N.C., and Fort Wayn dropped in August from t department's list of metropolli performing "substantial u rates of 6 per cent or more.

This reduced to 117 th areas still listed as having unemployment rates. The n at 135—out of a total 150 areas—in September 1975.

In the Asheville area, gains in manufacturing, serv construction were primari for the reduction in jobsl partment said.

The improvement in the area resulted from job cre portation equipment, electri and primary metals industr

# SEW-EASY KNITS

Just arrived, our Fall fashion knits by Master Knitters. Sew up the new looks with Trevira® polyester knits, blends, textures, coordinates, stripes, solids, prints. 58" to 60" wide; 8.00 to 12.00 yd. Fashion Fabrics, fifth floor, Fifth Avenue, branches.



Baltman & Co

Vogue patterns: suit 9461, sweater 9381

SELLER FIFTH AVENUE  
41-135 outside delivery area, New York

09/11/1976



25 من الابريل

# Radioactive Waste at the Nation's Nine Storage Centers Is Termed a Major Hazard to Health

By DAVID BURNHAM  
Special to The New York Times  
Sept. 7—A prominent expert has concluded that millions of high-level radioactive and the 51 million cubic feet of low-level waste now stored at nine locations in the United States pose a major health hazard. A draft report prepared for the Research and Development Administration by the expert said that the Government's past handling of the material had been "marred by a number of instances of carelessness or concern."  
Dr. Mason Willich, who is of absence from the law university of Virginia, is the

director for international studies at the Roskefeller Foundation. At the time he was writing the report, Mr. Willich was a visiting professor of nuclear engineering at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology.  
"A major radioactive waste problem already exists in the United States," the Willich report said, noting that the escape of material into the air and water of the earth would "constitute a radiological hazard for hundreds of thousands, perhaps millions of years."  
The concerned tone of the report on radioactive waste management and regulation appeared to contrast with a study released in June by the Federal Energy Resources Council that emphasized that scientific and technological solutions to handling waste were feasible.

The Willich report charged that the existing system of storing waste soon "will be unworkable" and that Federal enforcement of safety standards "will be ineffective" without a drastic reorganization of these functions.  
The report, a copy of which was obtained and made public today by Ralph Nader, a critic of nuclear power, will gain some credibility among supporters of nuclear power by a notation in the introduction that its conclusions and recommendations had won the support of Dr. Norman C. Rasmussen, chairman of the nuclear engineering department of M.I.T.  
Dr. Rasmussen was the director of a major study recently completed for the Nuclear Regulatory Commission that attempted to measure the chances of a serious accident in a nuclear reactor. It has

been used by industry to answer some of the questions raised by those opposed to nuclear reactors.  
Radioactive waste is generated by nuclear fission in the 61 reactors now generating electricity for commercial use, the Government reactors producing plutonium for the manufacture of atomic weapons and the propulsion for submarines, missile cruisers, and aircraft carriers.  
The report said that the Government's military reactors were presently producing 7.5 million gallons of liquid high-level waste each year and that it was expected that the growing number of commercial reactors would produce a total of 60 million gallons of such waste in the next 25 years.  
Concerning low-level wastes, which also

can present radiological hazards, the report said that the Government was now producing 1.3 million cubic feet a year and that the commercial plants anticipated producing a total of 50 million cubic feet of such low level materials—wiping rags, discarded machinery, effluents—by the year 2000.  
At the Government's major storage area in Hanford, Wash., 18 leaks have resulted in losses of 430,000 gallons of high-level wastes into the surrounding soil, according to the report. Another recent study, this one conducted by the Environmental Protection Agency, found that, contrary to the initial expectations, plutonium was being washed out of low-level waste buried in a commercial dump in Kentucky and into the surrounding soil.

"These leaks have neither killed nor injured anyone to date," the report said. "Nonetheless, their hazard will remain for hundreds of thousands of years."  
Industry Role Weighed  
The question of what the Government has done about radioactive waste and what it will require the industry to do in the future remains one of the major emotional and technological challenges of the proponents of nuclear power.  
The nine locations where military and commercial wastes are stored, in some instances with leaks and other technical problems, are Richmond, Wash.; Savannah River, S.C.; Idaho Falls, Idaho; Los Alamos, N.M.; Oak Ridge, Tenn.; Beatty, Nev.; Moorehead, Ky.; Sheffield, Ill., and West Valley, N.Y.



Even if you lost the penthouse, the diamonds and the furs, you'd live a fabulous life as a peasant.

DRAWINGS BY JIM HOWARD

Well, you always knew peasant could mean something like our exclusive challis. Worn cinched in with belts for a touch of the extravagant, or paired with jeans, these fine polyester challis prints from Gregory come, as shown, or in other prints à la provençal. The Stripe Tunic in rich shadings of blue, purple, black and red (tunic also in the airy floral print). Field Flower Bow Blouse in vibrant red, blues and lavender. The shirt classic in the airy floral print with royal and red predominating. All part of our exclusive collection for 6 to 14 sizes, 34.00 each. In our beautiful new Blouse Shop, First Floor, Fifth Avenue at 56th Street, New York

You've changed. We've changed too. Blouses, in a new home on One.



# BONWIT TELLER

BONWIT TELLER FIFTH AVENUE OPEN EVERY THURSDAY NIGHT UNTIL 8:00 MANHASSET, SCARSDALE, AND SHORT HILLS OPEN UNTIL 9:00  
Add 1.35 outside delivery area, and sales tax where applicable. Call (212) EL 5-2600 any hour. Bonwit Teller charge accepted, of course. We also honor American Express, BankAmericard and Master Charge cards.  
New York Manhasset Scarsdale Short Hills Philadelphia Wynnewood Jenkintown Chicago Oak Brook Boston Troy Palm Beach Beverly Hills



**For Dinner You Will Prepare**  
**Appelizer**  
 Lobster Abointhe  
**Entree**  
 Beef Wellington  
**Dessert**  
 Souffle  
 Grand Marnier

Yes you will! Now that the Well Tempered Kitchen has developed an exciting series of continental cooking classes you will learn how to prepare Veal Carbon Black, Chicken Kiev, Moscow, Cress Souffle, Bateu Au Thon, Caramel Flan and much more.

The classes, which will commence on September 16, also include an introductory Chinese lesson, a lecture on how to buy meat, and a wine tasting in a mid-town French restaurant.

Also offered is a challenging series of advanced classes.

Tues., September 6, and next Wednesday, September 15, our instructor, David Bernstein will be on hand to personally answer any questions you may have. Drop by between 3-7 pm or call 545-077 for a free brochure and schedule—Join us for fun, gourmet evenings of fine food and wine.

**The Well Tempered Kitchen**  
 200 Broadway floor, 7nd fl. 1  
 6 days a week open Sun 12-4

**SHEEPSKIN COATS**  
 Pre-Season Special



Value \$275  
 Now \$150

Warm, stylish, lightweight.  
 Save by buying direct from the manufacturer.

**THE SHEARLING FACTORY**  
 130 West 30th Street  
 New York, NY 10001  
 15th Floor  
 (212) 564-2570

## Studies of Teeth Link Japanese To Influx of Chinese in 200 B.C.

By **BOYCE RENSBERGER**

Studies of ancient and modern teeth from Japan and China have led an American anthropologist to conclude that the Japanese people of today are descendants of a colony of Chinese people who sailed to Japan about 2,200 years ago and displaced a culturally more primitive people who had been living there for thousands of years.

This biological evidence confirms controversial theories put forth by historians about 20 years ago.

There has long been debate over what caused the sudden and widespread appearance of Chinese cultural remains in Japanese archeological deposits of about 200 B.C. While some experts had suggested a large influx of Chinese people, others argued that the Japanese people had always been on the islands and that heavy trading with China brought in the artifacts.

The evidence of the teeth also suggests that the present Ainu people of Japan, a culturally primitive tribe whose origins have long been in doubt, are a remnant of the earlier inhabitants of Japan.

**Mongoloid Descent Seen**

Although it is often suggested that the Ainu, a light-skinned people who do not look particularly Oriental, are Caucasoids, the dental evidence from them and the earlier people living in Japan suggests descent from a Mongoloid or proto-Mongoloid stock.

The studies were made by Dr. Christy G. Turner 2d, a physical anthropologist at Arizona State University in Tempe. His report was published in the Sept. 3 issue of the Journal Science.

Although anthropologists prefer to have complete skeletons on which to base racial identifications or to trace ancestries of groups, they are seldom available in sufficient numbers. Teeth, being harder, preserve better and exist in large numbers for many ancient populations.

The shapes of teeth, particularly of the cusps and grooves on the biting surfaces, are known to be genetically controlled and to persist in consistent patterns in populations over many generations. Geographically separated races and subracial populations often have characteristic dental features that can be used to distinguish one group from another.

To make his study, Dr. Turner examined teeth from 277 Chinese people who lived during the Shang Dynasty in China around 1100 B.C., 101 Jomon people living in Japan at about the same time, and 85 present-day Ainus. He compared certain traits with those known from published reports to be characteristic of modern Japanese.

**'Overwhelming Evidence'**

"The data are overwhelming," Dr. Turner said in a telephone interview. They show that the Japanese most closely resemble the ancient Chinese and that the Ainu most closely resemble the ancient inhabitants of Japan.

Archeologists call the prehistoric Japanese, whose bones and cultural remains have been found over the four main islands of Japan, the Jomon people. They are known to have been hunters and gatherers, relying heavily on shellfish. The Jomon people lived in settled villages and may have practiced a primitive form of agriculture.

Traditional Japanese scholars have asserted that the present-day Japanese people are descendants of the Jomon people.

"Now it looks as if the Japanese are descendants of the Chinese, whose arrival had the same impact on the Jomon people as the Europeans hitting the New World," Dr. Turner said.

In parts of Japan where the Ainu people still live, most of them as peasant farmers, they suffer from racial discrimination similar to that directed by white Americans at American Indians, Dr. Turner added.

## BECK'S NEED AN OFFICE CHAIR? NEED A TABLE

### Here's a GRAND OPENING SALE

**SALE**  
 Sept. 7 Thru 10th

**CONFERENCE TABLE**  
 Walnut or Teak Mica Top with Chrome Legs

72" x 36" Reg. \$159.95 ea. Buy 1 - \$129.95 ea. Buy 6 - \$ 99.95 ea.

60" x 36" Reg. \$129.95 ea. Buy 1 - \$94.95 ea. Buy 6 - \$ 89.95 ea.

**PHONE ORDERS ACCEPTED**

**DISCOUNT OFFICE FURNITURE**  
**BECK**  
 JOE BECK DESK CO.  
 5 Showrooms

**Call or Write for our FREE CATALOG**

<b>MANHATTAN</b> 23 W. 38th St. (212) 354-7448	<b>MINEOLA</b> 69 Jericho Turnpike (516) 747-6825	<b>ROCKVILLE CENTRE</b> 54 E. Long Beach Road (516) 796-3627	<b>HUNTINGTON STATION</b> 69 E. Jericho Turnpike (516) 229-9530	<b>PATCHUGUE</b> 1057 Route 1 (516) 229-9530
--	---	--	---	--

**HOURS: DAILY 9 A.M. to 5:30 P.M. SAT. STARTING SEPT. 13 - 10 A.M. to 4 P.M.**

**Insurance License Course Open Oct. 12**

The 38th term in Insurance Brokerage for men and women who want to qualify for state license opens Tuesday, Oct. 12, at Eastern School, 721 Broadway, N.Y. 10003. AL-4-5029.

This evening course is approved by the State of New York as fulfilling the requirements for admission to the state examination for insurance brokers' licenses. No other experience or education is needed. G.I. Bill Veterans Eligible.



**The Manhattan Shop**

thinks one good grey wool flannel leads to another and another. To mix freely—Blazer jacket, 95.00 Easy skirt, 52.00 Shirt jacket, 58.00 Pants with contour waistband, 55.00 Softening the flannels, a white bowed blouse of polyester crepe, 35.00 And a paisley shirt in grey-rust polyester surah, 35.00 All by Wilbrooke® for sizes 12 to 20 and 14½ to 22½. Now on the Fourth Floor, Lord & Taylor, WI 7-3300. And at all Lord & Taylor stores.

# Do your best shopping with the Food Day feature of The New York Times

If you're looking for better ways to stretch your dollars, let The Times Food Day features be your guide.

Every Wednesday, these special food pages carry the advertising of many of the big food stores in your area. They offer you a big selection of best-food buys and plenty of those money-saving coupons.

And remember: Every Wednesday, Food Day brings Craig Claiborne's weekday food recipes and advice, Frank J. Priol's "Wine Talk" column, the "Consumer Notes" column and other stories about food.

So for better shopping, eating and entertaining every week, take the time—make the time—to read the Food Day feature...

## Every Wednesday in The New York Times

**This week Marilyn Sokol will make you chuckle.**



**Dial-A-Joke (212) 999-3838**  
 Different jokes every day.

**New York Telephone**

William Goldman wrote "Butch Cassidy and the Sundance Kid." Everything he writes is touched with **MAGIC**.

His most dazzling novel yet, on today's book page.

**delacoria press**

**Hotels, Motels Offer Well Paid Positions For Men and Women**

Increasing opportunities for employment and advancement in hotels and motels are predicted by the U.S. Department of Labor.

Meeting the demand for personnel New York Hotel and Motel School of 721 Broadway, N.Y. 10003, prepares men and women of all ages to fill positions from room clerk and assistant housekeeper up to top supervisory and managerial posts (5th term).

Enrollment is now open for classes beginning Sept. 29. G.I. Bill Veterans eligible. For information, visit, write or phone AL-4-5029.

Handwritten signature or note at the bottom of the page.



19

NEED AN OFFICE  
NEED A TABLE  
AND OPEN

### WHY EXPECT CASE TO FADE

#### Inquiry Over an Alleged Contribution From Gulf Oil 'Blow Over'

**NICHOLAS M. HORROCK**  
Special to The New York Times  
WASHINGTON, Sept. 7—Several of Ford's key political advisers they believe the controversy over Senator Robert J. Dole, the Vice Presidential candidate, legal political contributions of Oil Corporation will soon "blow over" as one of them put it.

Advisers, who asked not to be named, said that an assessment by the White House had indicated that the matter would soon fade from news broadcasts. An adviser, however, said he had heard a White House inquiry on Mr. Dole's selection for Mr. Ford's running mate had been hurried and incomplete and did not include all the facts of the incident.

#### Disputes Charges

Mr. Dole's Presidential campaign conducted a review of Mr. Dole's contributions. In a television interview, he called such an evaluation a "mistake." He said he had no recollection of Mr. Dole's contributions and was satisfied the charges were "not true."

Mr. Dole has been in two matters involving Gulf Oil. In January 1976, Mr. Dole, a longtime Gulf Oil lobbyist, told a Federal grand jury that he had made an illegal contribution of \$1,000 to \$6,000 through one of the Senator's sources according to sources familiar with the investigation. Mr. Dole refused to comment on this matter yesterday. He said he had received \$2,000 from a legal Gulf Oil fund in 1970 to pass on to other candidates. Mr. Dole had no recollection of Mr. Dole's contributions because one of his sources wrote Mr. Dole thanking money sent via Mr. Dole.

#### Not Receiving Money

The junior Senator from Kansas denied receiving any money either from Gulf or from Mr. Dole. He said he voluntarily went before a grand jury on March 11 to testify that he had accepted the 1973 contribution to report it, the transcript questions about possible Federal election law violations.

Mr. Dole accepted legal Gulf contributions in 1970. The transaction would have been legal if he should have disclosed the contributions as a political committee or as a candidate.

#### Five-Minute Decision

Ford advisers said that they did not conduct an early inquiry into Mr. Dole's background because the running mate was made in the last minute and Mr. Dole considered one of the least likely to be chosen. Mr. Dole received five percent of the vote that was given Baker's name, the source said, referring to H. Baker, Republican.

Mr. Dole believed that some of Mr. Dole's advisers checked after the other political adviser said that a personal inquiry into the names of political figures credited to be in good standing.

### to Ribcuff Wins 1 Primary Vote in Divisive Contest

**MICHAEL R. NIGHT**  
Special to The New York Times  
HARTFORD, Conn., Sept. 7—Geoffrey 30-year-old former legislator Abraham A. Ribcuff, won victory tonight in the Congressional primary this year.

Mr. Ribcuff, who is white, seized the party's nomination for the Congressional District in Fairfield from Charles B. Tisdale, a sharecropper who won the nomination last June at a tumultuous convention. Claimants by both sides, the contest aligned blacks against whites and areas against poor ones.

Mr. Ribcuff, who until recently headed a poverty program, won a heavy vote from the city's black and inner-city areas. He had been expected to be a strong contender. But the turnout in the white sections was high and in some cases ran as high as 80 percent.

Mr. Tisdale, who is black, won the nomination in the largely white district. Mr. Ribcuff's victory was a surprise to many. He had at least part of it to a "black" and to what he called "white causes" he pursued while at the anti-poverty agency. Mr. Ribcuff was held in Connecticut only by candidates defeated at the party conventions. Mr. Peterson, a 60-year-old white former legislator, filed primary petitions and ran on the sixth ballot. Mr. Peterson ran a "new politics" style campaign, charging the party organization with "old-fashioned conservatism," while Mr. Tisdale portrayed Mr. Peterson as a "latecomer" and more interested in Washington than in the district.

best  
going with  
1 Day  
of  
New York

Wednesday  
New York Times



LOOK AT THESE—  
THE SORT OF GOOD GREY  
FLANNELS I COULD MAKE  
A FULL-TIME CAREER  
OUT OF WEARING!

They're that easy to work with. The coat's unlined—so when it wraps it's really wrappy—in the most wonderfully cushy double-faced wool flannel from Amicale Fabrics, \$275. There's a matching vest—just as it should be—\$50; and straight leg trousers, \$70; and I found them all, in sizes 6 to 14, in the middle of a great grey-flannel revival from Season's Best going on in Sport Coats and Suits, Third Floor. Sorry, no mail or phone orders.

We understand you at

*Saks  
Fifth  
Avenue*

For your shopping convenience Saks Fifth Avenue will be open tomorrow until 8:30

Saks Fifth Avenue at Rockefeller Center (212) PL 3-4000 • New York open Thursday until 8:30 p.m. • White Plains, Springfield and Garden City open Monday and Thursday until 9 p.m. • New York • White Plains • Springfield • Garden City • Chevy Chase • Bala-Cynwyd • Boston • Atlanta • Pittsburgh • Detroit • Troy • Chicago • Skokie • St. Louis • Houston • Beverly Hills • Woodland Hills • Palm Springs • San Francisco • Palo Alto • La Jolla • Phoenix • Monterey • Miami Beach • Surfside • Ft. Lauderdale • Palm Beach



# Ford 'Campaigns' From White House by Signing Bills

By JAMES M. NAUGHTON

WASHINGTON, Sept. 7 — President Ford, establishing a pattern for a back porch campaign, used the White House today as a setting to demand an accounting of Americans still missing in Vietnam, for the most part, in the White House, to display compassion for flood victims and to further his thesis that vetoes are a vital tool of government.

The President appeared late today before reporters and television technicians to reiterate what his spokesmen had said earlier, that diplomatic relations with Vietnam could not be normalized until Hanoi gave "a full accounting without further delay" of all Americans listed as missing in action in the war.

Earlier, for the benefit of the television cameras, Mr. Ford twice ventured into the White House rose garden to sign into law two measures, read statements on each and, in a moment of exuberance, shake hands twice with his wife, Betty.

While none of the events was unusual, each was described as an element in a Presidential campaign strategy through which Mr. Ford will make his case for staying in the White House for the most part, in the White House.

The bills signed by Mr. Ford provided full compensation for victims of the June 5 collapse of a Bureau of Reclamation dam on the Teton River in Idaho and delayed until late 1977 the enforcement of controversial Federal standards for the staffing of day care centers.

The compromise day care measure was hailed by the President as a "new and better version" of legislation he vetoed last April and as evidence that his 55 vetoes in two years had "exercised a balancing influence on the Congress."

The compromise bill put off until Oct. 1, 1977, the imposition of requirements, first enacted in 1974, for staffing federally assisted centers that provide care for

children of the poor. It also directed the Department of Health, Education and Welfare to study the appropriateness of the delayed regulations and it provided \$24 million in interim funds to help the centers meet existing health and safety standards.

The Teton Dam relief act committed the Government to provide full compensation to the victims of the flood caused by the collapse of the dam. Eleven individuals were killed and more than \$400 million in property damage was caused by the failure of the dam in southeastern Idaho.

Apart from the significance of the two measures themselves, the White House ceremonies today illustrated Mr. Ford's strategy of countering the energetic cross-country campaigning by Jimmy Carter, the Democratic nominee for President, by spending most of his time on highly visible "Presidential" activities.

This morning Mr. Ford's aides arranged a small desk, straight-backed chair and fiberglass floor mat on the lush White House lawn so that television cameras could film the President striding to them from the Oval Office to sign the Teton dam measure.

An hour later, the desk, chair and mat had been moved and the television cameras repositioned so that Mr. and Mrs. Ford could be filmed striding into the garden from a different White House door.

In each instance, leading Congressional sponsors of the legislation, Democrats and Republicans, were arrayed behind the desk where Mr. Ford used several pens to sign each of the measures.

Notably absent from the second ceremony, however, was the principal Senate advocate of Federal assistance to day care centers for the poor, Senator Walter F. Mondale of Minnesota, the proponent, was instead in California, campaigning as the Democratic nominee for Vice President.

Unlike Mr. Carter, Mr. Mondale and Mr. Ford's own running mate, Senator

Robert J. Dole, the President will refrain from political travel until next week, when he is scheduled to deliver an address on education at his alma mater, the University of Michigan.

Mr. Ford has instead granted an interview to Harry Reasoner, the ABC News anchorman, for broadcast in segments every evening this week, and he sought the maximum exposure from the White House ceremonies today.

Mr. Ford's statement on the missing Americans in Vietnam essentially repeated what Administration spokesmen had said since Hanoi gave the United States Embassy in Paris a list yesterday of 12 airmen killed in the Vietnam war.

The gesture by Hanoi, presumed here to be a prelude to a bid for United Nations membership that Washington could veto, was welcomed but described as insufficient by State Department and White House officials before the President read a similar reaction.

"It is callous and cruel to exploit human suffering in the hope of diplomatic advantage," Mr. Ford said, adding that he had renewed a demand for a full listing of the Americans listed as missing or known to be dead without their bodies having been recovered.

Although the practice often is dispensed with at informal events, each appearance by Mr. Ford in the rose garden today was heralded by a stentorian voice that declared, "Ladies and gentlemen, the President of the United States."

Having signed the day care bill Mr. Ford prepared to mingle with the legislators and the representatives of interested private groups.

"Congratulations," said Mrs. Ford. Instinctively, the President put out his right hand and shook his wife's hand. Moments later, as the President and Mrs. Ford greeted each guest separately, Mr. Ford worked his way through the group and shook hands with every last one—including his wife again.



President Ford shaking hands with his wife, Betty, in the Rose Garden...



... and doing it again for photographers who asked for a better angle.

# Udall Challenged for House Seat Arizona G.O.P. Senate Race B

An erstwhile Presidential candidate and a member of Congress in trouble with his colleagues tried to hold on to House seats yesterday as several states held primaries.

Representative Morris K. Udall, who came in second to Jimmy Carter in the Democratic Presidential primaries, was challenged for his Arizona House seat by Ruben Romero, a Tucson city councilman.

The Arizona race on the Republican side featured a challenge to the House minority leader, John A. Rhodes, and a bitter race between two conservative members of Congress, Sam Steiger and John Conlan, for the Senate nomination to succeed the retiring Paul Fannin.

Carolyn Warner, the state education superintendent, former state Attorney General Wade Church, and Dennis DeConcini, a lawyer, are seeking the Democratic nomination for Senator Fannin's seat.

In Florida, Representative Robert L.F. Sikes, a 35-year Congressional veteran, faced a challenge from John Benton Jr., 26 years old, only a year above the minimum House age. Mr. Sikes was reelected by the House in July for not disclosing a possible conflict of interest involving some of his financial dealings and his chairmanship of the Military Construction Appropriations subcommittee.

There was also a three-way race for the Republican Senate nomination, with the winner to run against Senator Lawton Chiles, a Democrat. Two conservatives, Dr. John Grady and Walter Sims, faced Helen Hansel, a St. Petersburg lawyer who was seeking moderate votes.

In North Dakota, Richard Elkin, president of the Public Service Commission, and Herb Geving were contending for the Republican gubernatorial nomination, with the winner to face Gov. Arthur A.

Link, a Democrat, who was for renomination.

Mr. Steiger and Mr. Conlan, servatives, took similar stances, but their contest was a number of bitter personal One involved accusations of tism against Mr. Steiger. By and Senator Hansel, who reported him, Mr. Steiger is Senator Link's running mate.

Carter Viewed as Liberal According to Most

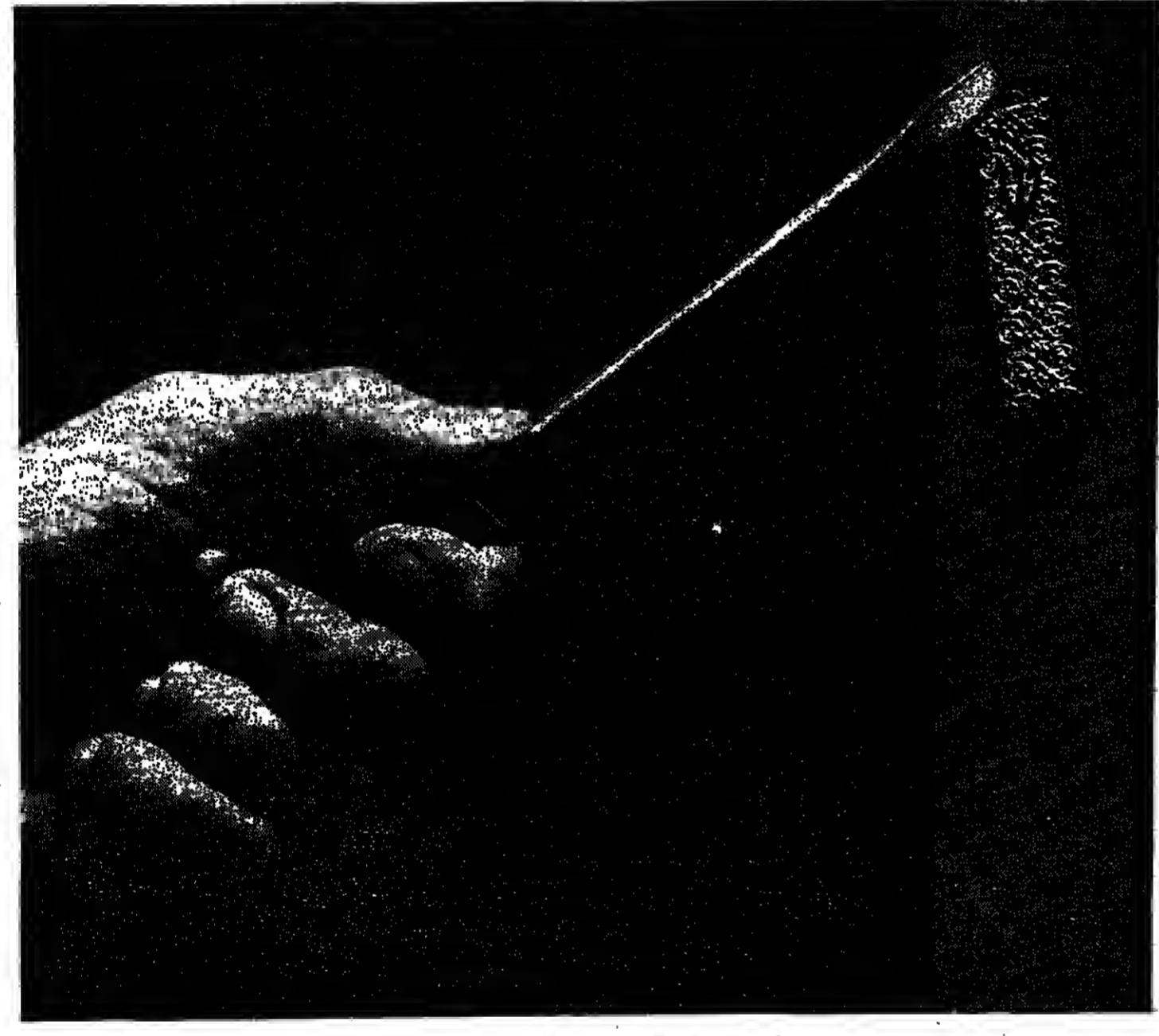
Louis Harris, a political reporter, said that Mr. Carter was beginning to be viewed as a liberal, though a conservative.

Mr. Harris said that in the Mr. Carter was nominated on number of voters who were "liberal" went up from 29 to 35 while those describing him as "middle of the road" fell from 31 to 27, Reuters reported.

Mr. Harris said that all voters believed that President political philosophy rather than Carter had been able to reach each ideological stripe—both one of their own.

The results of the latest that may be helping Mr. Carter. The 57 percent majority that Mr. Carter was either a conservative or liberal, depending on the category.

## Is it going on...



## or is it just going?

As your children grow older, they'll settle down with families of their own. Many will place a mezuzah on their door as a symbol of their Judaism... but many more won't.

You see, American Jewry is on the decline. The rate of intermarriage is 31.7%. The rates of conversion, assimilation and alienation from Judaism are reaching frightening proportions. And it means, in a matter of time, there won't be an American Jewry to speak of.

Today, a substantial number of Jewish children are being raised without any knowledge of the history, culture and traditions of the Jewish people. And their children, your grandchildren, will probably be brought up without any Jewish identity... in essence, lost to the Jewish way of life.

### Survival through education

One way to combat the attrition of American Jewry, is to give your children a Jewish education. The values and knowledge received from such an education, are indispensable to Jewish self-preservation.

A Jewish education is a modern, well-rounded experience providing a comprehensive program in Judaic and Hebrew studies, fashioned to instill a strong sense of Judaism and promote the

Jewish way of life in our children. A tradition which has contributed so much to the advancement of mankind.

Fill in coupon below, or call the "Jewish Education Hotline" (212) 245-8390 for further information. If you want, we'll put you in contact with a Jewish educational institution that meets your particular needs and requirements.

Do it soon. Before the Jewish family is a thing of the past.

The Board of Jewish Education 426 W. 58th St., N.Y.C. 10019

Please send me further information about the role of Jewish Education in stopping the decline of American Jewry.

Please send me specific information about enrolling my child in a Jewish educational program. The following information should be helpful to you. I'm interested in:

nursery and kindergarten

Elementary:  one-day-a-week  afternoon  day school

High School:  one-day-a-week  afternoon  day school

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Address \_\_\_\_\_

City \_\_\_\_\_ State \_\_\_\_\_ Zip \_\_\_\_\_

Child's Name \_\_\_\_\_ Age \_\_\_\_\_

Telephone \_\_\_\_\_

© 1976 Board of Jewish Education, Inc. a b e

### BIDS AND PROPOSALS

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

NOTICE OF HEARING ON TRUSTEE'S APPLICATION TO SELL SECOND MORTGAGE TO ALIENATED INTEREST PARTIES: NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a hearing will be held before the Court in Room 1100, United States Courthouse, Foley Square, New York, on the 13th day of September, 1976, at 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, at which hearing the Court will consider the application of James Moor, as Recipient Trustee for the above-captioned debtors, for authority to sell to Hudson Bridge Associates, Inc. ("Hudson Bridge") all of the right, title and interest of said Trustee and FIC Collateral Corporation ("Collateral") in a certain second mortgage covering a property located on or near North Marginal Road, (hereinafter described as "North Marginal Road") for a purchase price in the sum of \$40,000.00 net to said Trustee, payable in cash, under the terms and conditions specified in the certain Contract of Sale between said Trustee and the Purchaser dated July 1, 1976 (the "Offer").

NOTICE IS FURTHER GIVEN, that in the event the aforementioned application of the Trustee is granted, a hearing shall be held on the same date and at the same time and place, at which hearing the Trustee shall offer for sale the aforementioned second mortgage and the Trustee may be authorized either to accept the offer of Hudson Bridge Associates or to bid the above second mortgage in the person, firm or corporation making the highest or best offer therefor which is approved by this Court provided, however, that the Court may refuse to accept and all bids, all sales shall be without reimbursement of expenses and without recourse as against the Trustee, except as specifically provided for by the Offer of Hudson Bridge Associates and as otherwise may be approved by this Court. All offers must be accompanied by a deposit in the amount of 10% of the purchase price payable in cash or by certified check or by other such deposit as may be approved by this Court.

NOTICE IS FURTHER GIVEN, that the properties herein referred to as the North Marginal Road properties consist of three parcels of land, to-wit: Parcel "A" located at the corner of Lenox Avenue and North Marginal Road; and to-wit of parcels of land, to-wit: Parcel "B" located at the corner of 230th Street and North Marginal Road; and Parcel "C" located at the corner of 230th Street and North Marginal Road. All three parcels are improved with a second mortgage held by the Trustee and are subject to the certain Contract of Sale between said Trustee and the Purchaser dated July 1, 1976. The first mortgage is in default and a foreclosure proceeding has been commenced. Tax arrears by the Trustee are in the amount of \$13,000.00 which bears interest at the rate of 7 1/2% per annum and which will accrue on a daily basis.

NOTICE IS FURTHER GIVEN, that additional information in respect of the North Marginal Road Property may be obtained from the Trustee by contacting Mr. James Moor, Trustee, at the address set forth above, or by contacting Messrs. Wall, Cohen & Moore, Attorneys at Law, 747 First Avenue, New York, New York, (212) 750-7800, Attention: Mrs. E. M. Wall, Secretary of the Trustee's application and the available financial information in respect of the properties, and at the office of the Attorney for the Trustee, and may be inspected by interested parties during normal business hours.

NOTICE IS FURTHER GIVEN, that the foreclosure proceeding may be adjourned from time to time without notice to the Debtor, creditor, mortgage holder, or other parties is, in fact, other than the abandonment of the foreclosed estate or date of sale being set.

August 27, 1976

BY ORDER OF THE COURT/ Dudley E. Rosen, United States District Judge

**Motorcycles**

**Tour**

**Portugal's Morocco**

**\$759**

**Portugal's Morocco**

**\$868**

**Fly-Drive**

**Great Brit**

**\$399**

**Spain**

**\$412**

July 20 1976



30

# Announcing the TWA Sale on Europe.



If you've decided to wait until fall to see Europe, you've made a smart move. Not only are airfares lower but most of the tourists have gone home, so you'll see what is truly a European's Europe.

Don't pat yourself on the back yet, because there is even more.

TWA has put Europe on sale. Now just about every country you've ever dreamed of visiting is offered to you at wonderful sale prices. TWA has all sorts of bargains on rental cars, hotels, sightseeing and much, much more.

You've already made one smart move by waiting until fall to see Europe. Make another one. Take a look below.

## Motorcoach Tours

No other way of travel gives you the combined advantages of maximum comfort, scenic enjoyment and big dollar savings as travel by Motorcoach.

**Portugal/Spain/  
Morocco**  
Iberian  
Fiesta  
2 Weeks  
**\$759-\$789**

Great shopping and exotic entertainment await you in this paradise trio. Price includes first-class hotels, continental breakfasts in Madrid and dinners in other cities.

**Portugal/Spain/  
Morocco**  
Moorish  
Accent  
17 Days  
**\$868-\$898**

Here you'll tour the great cities of Seville and Granada. Price includes continental breakfasts and dinners, land transportation via Motorcoach with an experienced Tour Director on board.

## Fly-Drives

Go anywhere, plan your own days. If you have a bit of imagination there's nothing like a TWA Fly-Drive vacation. You'll get an Avis rental car, guest-house accommodations, plus shopping discounts.

**Great Britain**  
1 or 2  
Weeks  
**\$399-\$549**

Enjoy Yorkshire pudding in a country inn or visit Shakespeare's country. You can spend one or two weeks with a car or only 10 days with four nights at a London Penta Hotel.

**Spain**  
1 or 2  
Weeks  
**\$412-\$651**

Drive around Madrid, or south to the Costa del Sol. Your time is your own. There are plenty of shopping discounts, and guest-house accommodations are available.

## London Theatre Tours

London is theatre without equal. You'll get reserved seats to top plays. Also guided sightseeing, countryside excursions and a choice from five hotel categories. TWA's "Taste of London" lets two dine for the price of one at selected restaurants.

**London**  
1 or 2  
Weeks  
**\$399-\$846**

The length of time you stay determines how many plays you'll see. Only TWA offers you an evening at the "Talk of the Town" night spot with dinner and all-star entertainment included.

**London/Paris**  
for 2  
Weeks  
**\$485-\$883**

These tours offer you the pomp, pageantry and history of London along with the art, exquisite cuisine and sheer beauty of Paris. You'll see theatre in London and the Folies Bergere in Paris.

## Freestyle Tours

Freestyle tours are doing what you want when you want with no one telling you how or why. TWA's Freestyle tours are designed with your independence in mind. Included are a choice of hotel categories and lots of discounts and sightseeing.

**Costa del Sol**  
One  
Week  
**\$439-\$586**

Flamenco, bullfights and fiestas are just a few of the things that make this little stretch of Spain Europe's most popular sun resort. Included is a dinner party with champagne, unlimited wine and entertainment.

**Madrid/  
Costa del Sol**  
One  
Week  
**\$459-\$614**

With TWA's "Taste of Europe," two dine for the price of one at selected restaurants. There's also a half-day of sightseeing in Madrid, including a guided tour of the famed Prado Museum.

## Airfare

TWA also saves you money on airfare alone. With our APEX fare you'll...

**Save up to 49%**

If you can plan to stay at least 22 and not more than 45 days visiting Europe, TWA can save you money. Up to 49% off the Economy fare.

You must book your round-trip ticket at least two months before departure and pay within seven days of booking. If you travel on Friday, Saturday or Sunday, there is a \$15 surcharge. There is a limited number of APEX seats, so the sooner you make your reservations the better.

**London or Lisbon**  
**\$325**

Minimum stay 14 days, maximum 45 days, subject to government approval.

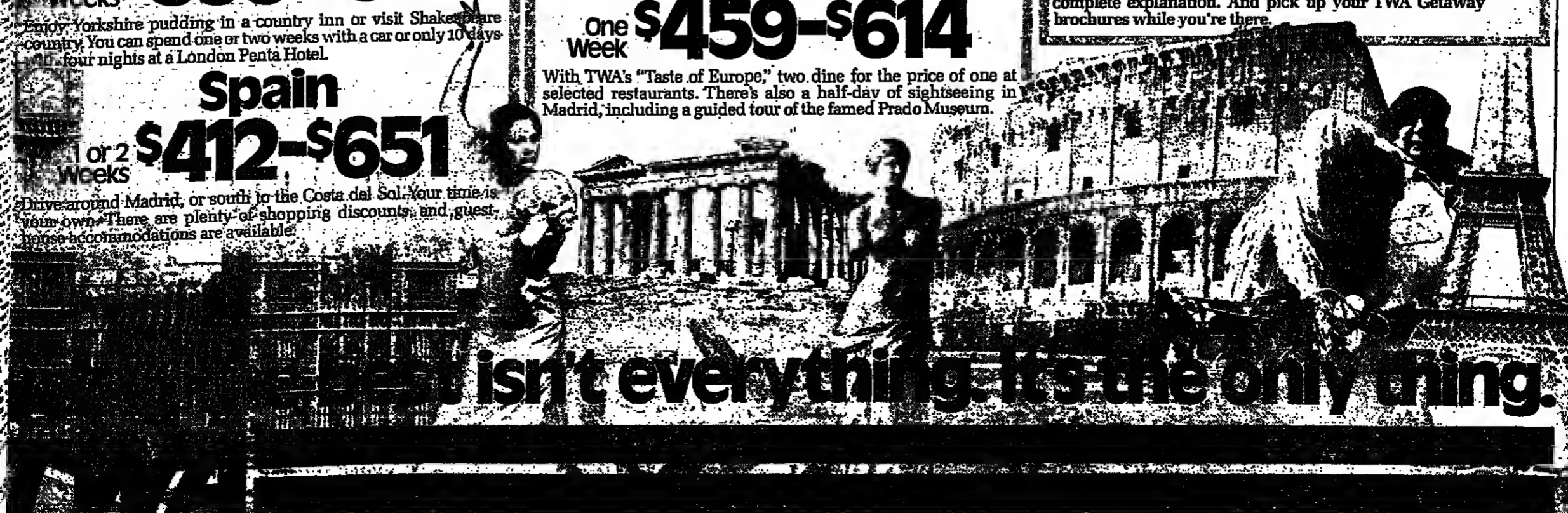
**Paris, Casablanca,  
Madrid or Malaga**  
**\$350**

**Geneva or Zurich**  
**\$369**

**Rome**  
**\$433**

**Athens**  
**\$492**

NOTE: Because TWA's APEX fare offers substantial savings, there are certain cancellation and/or itinerary change penalties. Tour prices include round-trip airfare, depend upon when you go and where you stay and are per person, based on double occupancy. Fare and tour prices are subject to change and do not include the \$3.00 International Departure Tax or any foreign departure taxes. There are certain restrictions and penalties on these tour packages and fares, so see your Travel Agent for a complete explanation. And pick up your TWA Getaway brochures while you're there.



Isn't everything it's the only thing.



# Nominee Vows to Urge Industries Not to Move Out of New York

By CHARLES MOHR

Jimmy Carter said yesterday that, if he is elected President, he would try to persuade business and industrial leaders not to move their headquarters from New York, thus arresting a deteriorating economic situation that he said "is feeding on itself."

The Democratic Presidential nominee began the second full day of his fall election campaign in New York, where he arrived Monday night. He noted that he had already visited the city three times in recent weeks and said he hoped to return "often" during the campaign.

When he did come to this state, which has the second-largest Electoral College vote in the nation, Mr. Carter said he wanted to visit neighborhoods and answer voters' questions, as he did yesterday in an appearance at Brooklyn College.

The former Georgia Governor began the day with what was planned as a hand-shaking tour at the subway station at Columbus Circle. But it was a so-called "media event" in which the news media, in effect, got out of control and became the message.

### Unable to Chat With Riders

Mr. Carter was so closely hemmed in by television cameras, microphones, writers and Secret Service agents that he was unable to chat with passengers and could meet only a handful of New Yorkers entering or leaving the subway station.

At one point the candidate plaintively asked an aide, "Is there some way I can see the people down here?" There did not seem to be. In fact, at times the Transit Authority Police had to assist distracted passengers who were blocked from their train to the street by the milling mob of journalists.

Mr. Carter motored from the station to Walt Whitman Hall at Brooklyn College at Flatbush and Nostrand Avenues, which was filled with an overflow crowd

of several hundred students and adults. After brief remarks, in which he accused President Ford of having told New York City to "drop dead," Mr. Carter answered questions from the audience.

Of special interest to New York was his repetition of previous pledges that, if elected, he would meet soon after the election with Mayor Beame and Governor Carey to work out a long-range plan for New York's financial problems. Mr. Carter said there would be "complete support from the White House" for the solution of these problems.

### Anxious to Campaign Here

After the speech, he met with a group of New York Democrats in an office near the ball and said he was anxious to campaign with the candidates chosen in the forthcoming state primary.

"I want to see a Democratic majority in the House and Senate in Albany," Mr. Carter said.

Among those who met with Mr. Carter were Representatives Shirley Chisholm and Elizabeth Holtzman, both of Brooklyn; State Senator Albert Blumenthal, the minority leader of the State Senate, who is not seeking re-election; State Senator Stanley Steingut; City Councilman Sam Wright, who is Mrs. Chisholm's opponent in the Democratic primary; Harrison J. Goldin, the City Comptroller, and Mayor Beame.

### End of Rubber Strike Forecast

AKRON, Ohio, Sept. 7 (AP) — United Rubber Workers officials predicted today that the last of the master agreements ending a 20-week strike against the major rubber companies would be approved in tomorrow's voting. "I think it will go through," Ray Wiseman, president of Local 715 at the Goodrich plant in Woodburn, Ind., said of the tentative agreement with the B. F. Goodrich Company.

# Carter 'Would Have' Ousted Kelley, but Won't Say He Will if Elect

Continued From Page 1

it," and Mr. Ford said, "Well, I'll let him stay where he is."

According to a report by the Department of Justice, Mr. Kelley accepted household gifts from his subordinates, and F.B.I. carpenters constructed valances for the windows of his Washington apartment.

Warning to his subject, Mr. Carter said, "When big and little people see Richard Nixon lying, cheating and leaving the highest office in disgrace and the previous Attorney General violating the law and admitting it, when you see the head of the F.B.I. break a little law and stay there, it gives everybody the sense that crime must be O.K. If the big shots in Washington can get away with it, well, so can I."

His scathing observations prompted an enthusiastic response from 400 Philadelphians jammed into St. Simeon's Lutheran Church and took some of the edge off an embroglio over whether he would be able to meet with a community action group in a nearby Roman Catholic church.

Mr. Carter had originally been sched-

uled to meet with representatives of Community Organizations Acting Together in a hall at Our Lady of Pompeii Church, which the group had reserved.

Yesterday, however, the parish priest was notified by the local diocese that if Mr. Carter and the group were to use the church hall for the meeting, the issue of abortion would have to be on the agenda.

The community group said that it was most interested in such things as "redlining" by banks—excluding certain neighborhoods from eligibility for home loans—and rescheduled the meeting in the Lutheran Church.

Mr. Carter may have been relieved by the move, since his anti-abortion stand has been criticized by many Roman Catholic officials. Nevertheless, at the mid-point of an hour-long stroll through the littered streets of the neighborhood around St. Simeon's Church, he mounted a stoop, grabbed a portable microphone and reiterated his views on abortion and his resistance to a constitutional amendment that would ban it.

Doffing his coat at the beginning of a question-and-answer session in Walt Whitman Hall at Brooklyn College, Mr-

Carter said that he thought United States involvement in the Vietnam war was a "terrible mistake."

But he said that he thought at the time that, given that involvement, "We ought to try to win the war."

Later, in 1971, in an interview with Time magazine, he said that he recommended a unilateral withdrawal and an arbitrary declaration of victory.

In response to a question on education, he said, "I would give all the aid I could to parochial schools, within the framework of the Supreme Court decision."

The candidate's day began early, as most of them do, with a walk through a subway station in New York City. After the speech at the college, he met with local Democratic leaders there, including Representative Shirley Chisholm and Representative Elizabeth Holtzman, and then flew to Groton, where he lived in 1948 and again in 1950 as a young Naval officer.

A crowd of several thousand people listened patiently but quietly as Mr. Carter promised a strong national defense based on "a proper priority in the expenditure of public funds."

Many of his listeners in Connecticut were workers in the General Dynamics Electric Boat Division, which has Department of Defense contracts for the construction of 22 nuclear submarines in the Trident class. Most of the workers on their lunch hour, and they fit three-block-long area in front of his hotel.

His Secret Service bodyguards fit a protective ring around him and led him into the hotel. He was not injured. "Life, life, life, life," yelled the demonstrators. Carter supporters shouted "We want Carter. We want Carter."

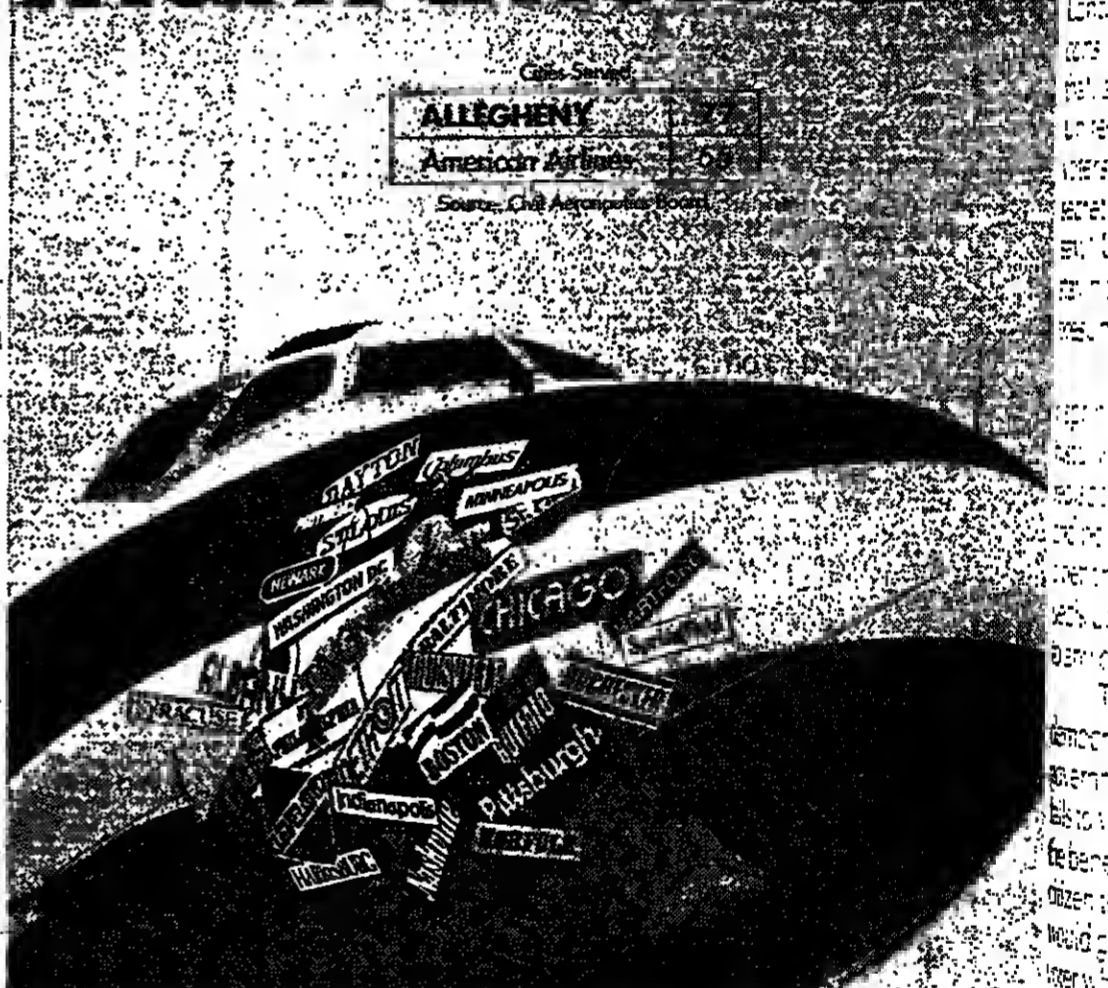
Mr. Carter was pushed and pulled the crowd, which the police estimate about 1,000 persons. Some hands re out in apparent attempts to shake him. But he was not struck. He kept his posture, tried to greet individuals in the crowd and reached out to shake

## Household repair problems?

Help is no farther away than next Sunday. Every Sunday, you'll find Bernard Gladstone's expert advice, instructions and answers to questions on the Home Improvement Pages of the Arts & Leisure Section in

The New York Times

# It takes a big airline to fly to more than American.



### ...and to give you 9 nonstops to Buffalo every business day, the most of anybo

Match Allegheny's Buffalo service against anybody else's. See who does the most for you. Besides 9 nonstop jets going and 10 coming... besides being the only airline to Buffalo from all three New York airports... our flight times are set up to give you a full business day. Head for Buffalo on a breakfast flight at 7:55 am or 8:00 am. Coming home, there's a 4:09 pm into Newark and a 5:04 pm into LaGuardia. Or save yourself 20% just by flying home at night on our 9:39 pm Moonlighter into Newark. Frequent flights. Convenient times. Courteous and professional service. You expect as much from a big airline. Allegheny is determined to give it to you—from the moment our computer confirms your reservation, till the moment we deliver your luggage. For reservations, see your travel agent, call your corporate travel manager or call Allegheny at (212) 736-3200. Welcome aboard!

To Buffalo		And Back	
Depart	Arrive	Depart	Arrive
7:55a* L	8:56a	7:00a*	7:57a N
8:00a* N	8:58a	7:29a*	8:25a L
10:00a* N	10:58a	10:24a*	11:20a L
11:40a* L	12:41p	2:35p*	3:28p N
1:25p* L	2:26p	3:00p*	4:03p K
2:07p* N	3:05p	4:09p*	5:02p N
5:15p* K	6:24p	5:04p*	6:00p L
6:00p* L	7:01p	6:57p*	7:50p N
6:25p* L	7:23p	9:07p*	10:03p L
8:30p N	10:06p	9:39p**	10:30p N
9:35p K	11:26p		

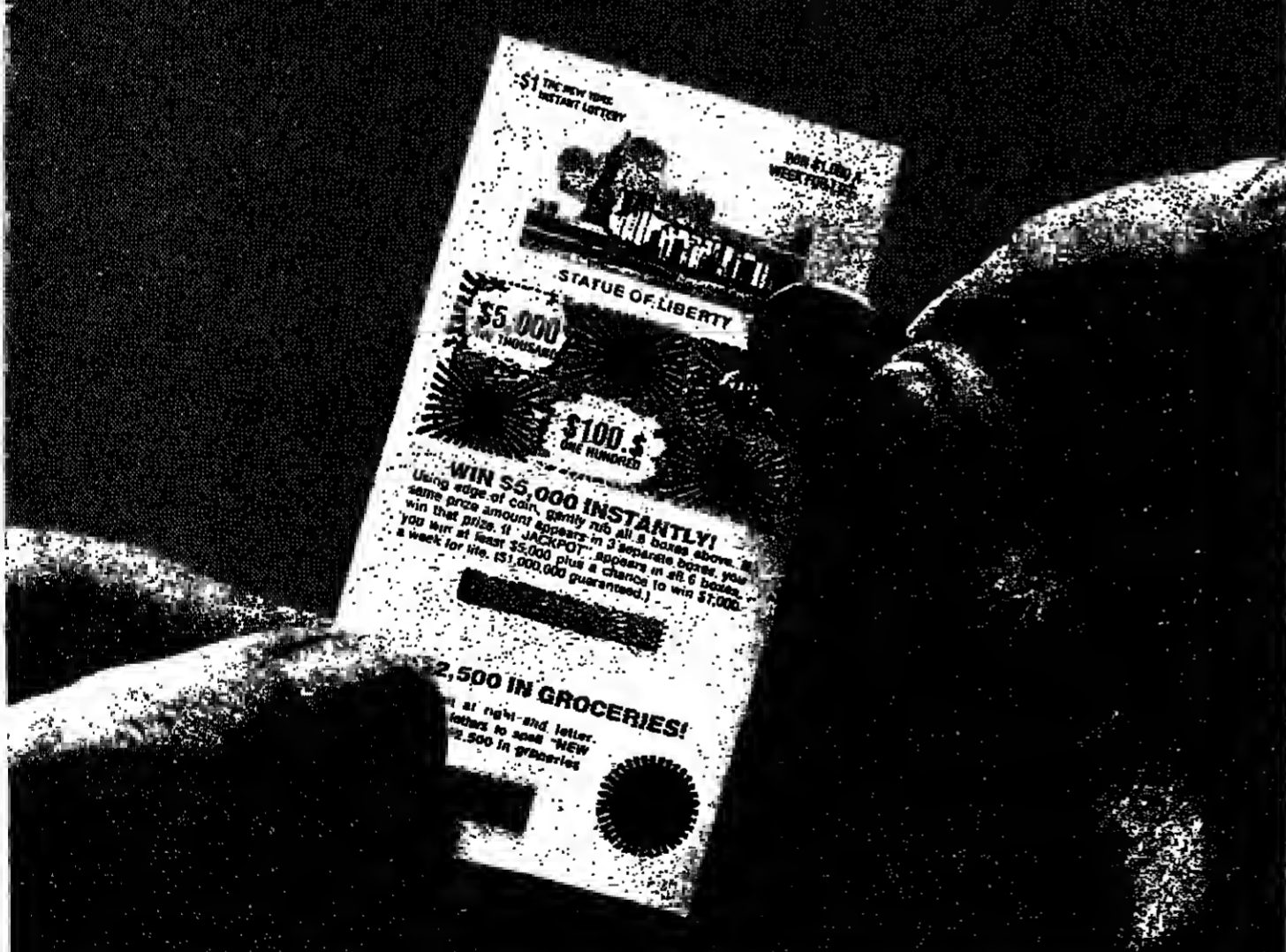
\*Nonstop. \*\*Moonlighter Night Jet—Save up to 20%. L=LaGuardia Airport. N=Newark Airport. K=Kennedy Inland Airport.

## ALLEGHENY

The businessman's airline to Buffalo

# Introducing The Empire Stakes Instant Lottery.

Where no one has a better chance than you.



The Empire Stakes Instant Lottery is like no other lottery New York State has ever had. It's instant. Which means that instead of having to wait days or weeks to find out if you're a winner, you'll know instantly. And being a winner in The Empire Stakes Instant Lottery could mean up to \$1,000 a week for life. Match three dollar amounts, and you've won. Using a coin, scrape the coating off the 6 squares on your ticket. Under each is a dollar amount. Uncover three of the same dollar amounts, and that's how much you've won. It's that simple. Instant prizes range from \$2 to \$5,000. Prizes of \$2 and \$5 can be collected right where you bought your ticket.

And winning isn't a long shot. The odds are better than 1 in 10 that you'll win a cash prize in The Instant Lottery. For every 480,000 tickets, there are 33,880 two-dollar winners, 10,030 five-dollar winners, twenty \$100 winners, ten \$500 winners, six \$1,000 winners, two \$5,000 winners, and two Jackpot winners. How you can win \$1,000 a week for life. Finding "Jackpot" under all six squares makes you eligible for a special Jackpot Drawing where you'll win at least

\$5,000 and where you could win as much as \$1,000 a week for life. (\$1,000,000 guaranteed.) What you can win besides cash. Even if you don't win a cash prize, you still have a chance to be a winner. On every ticket there's a round bonus spot. Scrape it to uncover a letter. Collect the letters that spell "New York," and you've won \$2,500 in groceries. Where to buy tickets. Instant tickets are on sale at supermarkets, chain stores, newsstands, drug stores, thousands of outlets all over the state. Wherever you see an Empire Stakes sign. The Empire Stakes Instant Lottery. It's the one game where no one has a better chance than you.



Sept 10 1976



25

# CITIVIEWS

CITIVIEWS is distributed quarterly to Citicorp investors. It contains viewpoints on timely issues affecting the public interest. We believe the following may be of interest to you...

## "Suppose they held a convention and nobody came?"

A television commentator raised this question during the unprecedented series of political primaries that launched the 1976 presidential campaign. It deserves to be answered. What, indeed, would happen if nobody came to the conventions? Or, for that matter, if no one bothered to vote in the election. Would anybody care? Does it matter?

It has become the custom in election years to urge everyone to vote. National advertising campaigns popularize slogans like "Vote for the Candidate of Your Choice — But Vote." It is considered somewhat of an embarrassment that, among all the Western democracies, the United States turns out the lowest percentage of voters on election day. And whatever he might secretly prefer, no candidate for office is heard to say, "Unless you intend to vote for me, please stay home." Even a vote for the opposition is presumed to be better than no vote at all.

Illogical as this presumption might appear, it springs from a sound historical instinct. For the history of democracy has been the continual rediscovery that all members of a society — rich and poor, wise and foolish — somehow contrive a better life for themselves when their political decisions are made collectively than when left to any one group in the society acting alone.

That is the one essential tenet of the democratic faith, without which democratic government becomes impossible. A citizen who fails to vote is, in effect, denying fellow citizens the benefit of his or her opinion. Were every citizen to behave likewise, the democratic process would grind to a halt. Intentionally or not, the voter who chooses to "sit this one out" is indulging in conduct that is fundamentally anti-democratic and perceived as such by those struggling to make the democratic system work. It is one more tiny leak in the ship of state.

Subversion of democracy consists of nothing more than placing the ultimate power to decide in the hands of some one citizen, or some group of citizens, to the exclusion of all the others. Whether the decision-making power comes to rest in the hands of a few because they conspire to seize it, or because others let it slip from their grasp, the result is the same. This is a point apparently overlooked by large numbers of Americans. For despite our relatively poor performance at the polling place, in opinion polls we continue to regard our own democracy as healthier than most others. People are able to believe this because, as one pollster recently reported, "If they did not actively participate in

political affairs, they felt they could do so if they wanted to." This was also the view of the Roman Senate in the time of Augustus. Only when they attempted to renew their active participation, after the lapse of a generation or so, did they discover that while they were relaxing, Rome had ceased to be a republic.

Poor health in a democratic society infected by too many nonparticipating members becomes apparent, however, long before the disease becomes terminal. More than one hundred years ago, John Stuart Mill was able to write:

*When nobody, or only some small fraction, feels the degree of interest in the general affairs of the State necessary to the formation of a public opinion, the electors will seldom make any use of the right of suffrage but to serve their private interest, or the interest of their locality, or of someone with whom they are connected as adherents or dependents. The small class who, in this state of public feeling, gain the command of the representative body, for the most part use it solely as a means of seeking their fortune.*

It is hardly necessary to point out that the phenomena Mill described were not unique to early 19th-century England, nor to adduce further arguments for getting to the polls on election day.

Dissatisfaction with the candidates and issues put forward by our two major parties is the most commonly heard excuse for nonvoting. "If they want me to vote, let them put up somebody worth voting for" — like a dyspeptic guest at a smorgasbord waiting for the caterers to spread their wares on the table.

The citizen who feels this way is confusing the role of a voter with that of a consumer. In a free-market society, the consumer's disinclination to buy is a powerful creative force, eliminating wasteful surpluses and inspiring ceaseless innovation and invention as producers seek to overcome consumer apathy with more desirable goods and better services. But an election is not an auction, and the political arena is not a banquet hall. If we succeeded in turning it into one, and left the catering to others, the result would not be a more elaborate and tempting buffet to choose from, but service table d'hôte — one dish for everyone, with no substitutions allowed. This has, in fact, been known to happen. It is called the one-party state.

Those who call themselves "Independents" now slightly outnumber those who consider themselves Democrats, and are more than twice

as numerous as those who consider themselves Republicans. But to express dissatisfaction with the performance of the political parties by becoming "independent" is not to create a new alternative, for it really means withdrawing from that part of the electoral process where people decide what this year's political options are going to be. Since there is no "Independent Party," it offers us no options of its own, and it is misleading to say, "She's a Democrat, he's a Republican, and I'm an Independent." For the first two represent coalitions of people engaged in a common political effort, whereas "Independent" refers only to an individual who is not so engaged.

Even Thomas Jefferson, who once wrote, "If I could not go to heaven but with a party, I would not go there at all," soon discovered that he could not impress his principles and beliefs upon the electorate of his day without the help of an organized political party. Does anyone really believe it can be done today? And even if there should arise among us one who could — through some singular mesmeric power over television, perhaps — would we really applaud the result?

The leader of a national political party in the United States, after all, represents far more than his party's platform. He stands atop a pyramid composed of party units in fifty states, each with its own problems to worry about, from local school boards to mayors and governors, senators, and congressmen (all functioning, presumably, without the help of our Independent voter). It is highly unlikely that any leader will ever arise who is wise enough to contain within himself such a sprawling diversity of aims and interests.

But even if such a paragon should be found, the rest of us would become hardly more than a "flock of sheep innocently nibbling the grass side by side," as Mill described the nonparticipating citizen, adding that "a people may prefer a free government, but if from indolence, or carelessness, or cowardice, or want of public spirit, they are unequal to the exertions necessary for preserving it... though it may be for their good to have had it even for a short time, they are unlikely long to enjoy it."

So perhaps the best way to respond to the question that occasioned this little essay — "Suppose they held a convention and nobody came?" — is to give no answer at all. The question is moot; in real life, it will never happen.

For you may depend on it, somebody will come. Someone always does. And there is still safety in numbers.

# CITICORP



399 Park Avenue  
New York, New York 10022

Won't Say He

akes a  
airline  
o more  
ican a  
merica

77



u 9 nonstops to  
day, the most

LLEGHE  
businessman's attire



# Aboard This Ship, Everybody Gets to Dine at Captain's Table

By CRAIG CLAIBORNE

Special to The New York Times

BLOCK ISLAND, R.I.—It isn't the largest galley afloat and it certainly isn't the smallest. It measures about 9 by 12 feet, about the size of a decent apartment kitchen in Manhattan. Whatever its size, out of it comes some of the best meals in Atlantic and surrounding waters.

We've known for decades that when a good chef works, it is frequently for a 12-hour day with demonic devotion. We also know that when a good chef plays, it is generally with equal dedication and fervor.

Paul Steindler and his wife, Aja, were on a two-day spree that would carry them and a party of six from the Shagwong Maroon on Three Mile Harbor in East Hampton, L.I., to the waters of Block Island where the boat would be anchored overnight. It was, Paul explained, only his second holiday after a long hot summer of gutting and rebuilding the interior of a restaurant scheduled to open in a month or two. That plus his frequent daily and nightly presence at the Duck Joint, a popular Manhattan eatery owned by him and his wife.

### Well-Stocked Cabin

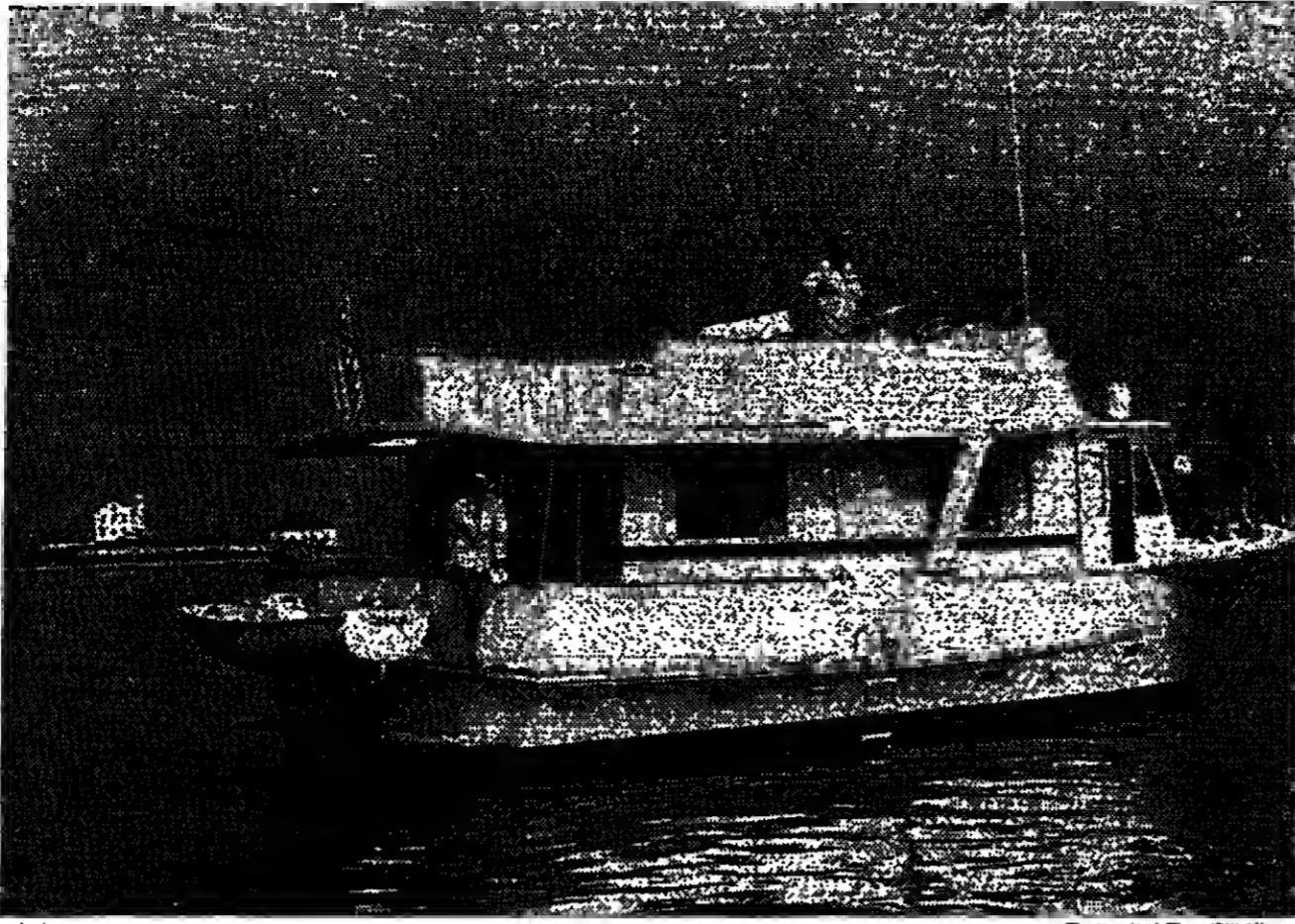
The anchor was hoisted, the boat moved away from the pier and Paul, at the wheel, was playing. The bits and pieces of his game that weekend would include a case or two of Dom Pérignon champagne, some in a cabin below, a constant supply being iced on deck; a pound of fresh Iranian caviar, the grains the size of buckshot; three kinds of pâtés; a quintet of fire-engine red lobsters recently cooked ashore and now being iced; an impressive pinkish-white hunk of veal for scaloppine; avocados; tomatoes fresh from the garden; a splendid jar of highly concentrated fish stock to be turned into chowder; a pair of sweetbreads braised in port wine (these would become the filling for a Sunday omelet). In the hold there were other wines with such labels as Puligny-Montrachet, Bâtard-Montrachet and Chateau Talbot.

Paul set the automatic pilot and settled down, offered his guests wine and his wife passed the assorted pâtés—a country pâté, a delicate sweetbread pâté and a fish pâté.

### Discusses His Past

Paul, who is 55 years old, discussed his past, noting that he was born in a small town close to Prague, that he fled his native Czechoslovakia at the time of the Communist takeover in 1948. He was at one time an Olympic wrestler, and his wife, Aja, a handsome woman with dark hair and a graceful athletic walk, was twice the world ice skating champion. She was born in Prague and defected in 1950.

"Aja," Paul said, "was a star of the



A holiday aboard the Caraja means hard work in the galley for Paul Steindler

Ice Capades for 16 years. She spends most of her time in the restaurant, but she is still a talent scout for Ice Capades."

Aja is Paul's second wife and the name of his boat is Caraja, named for Aja and his daughter, Carol, by his previous marriage.

The most extended cruise the Steindlers have ever taken was for five days with eight people. Cooking on the boat had never been a problem because of his organization and a remarkably well-equipped kitchen, which also has a small electric stove with three top burners and an oven with a broiler above. When he uses the broiler, he generally gets down on his knees to tend whatever is being cooked. Next to the stove is a cutting and chopping area equipped with a small, rectangular cutting board.

### Small Food Processor

He also has the smallest professional version of the French food processor that has recently become so popular in this country. His processor is one size larger than the Cuisinart machine and is called a Robot Coupe. (It is available in New York at Bridge Kitchenware, 212 East 52d Street, and is primarily designed for small restaurants.)

He also has an electric skillet that he admires for its versatility and maneuverability. With it he has made suki-yaki for 20 guests on the fantail of his boat during a tour around Manhattan.

As the day progressed and after the boat had been safely anchored, more champagne was poured and eggs were cooked "mollé-style," which is to say less than hard-cooked so that they could be unmolded but with a soft center. He cracked the tops of the eggs, scooped out the insides, which he mashed. The egg shells were refilled with mashed egg and scallion; a touch of sour cream was piped into each and a large spoonful of the fresh caviar was placed on top. More champagne.

As the chef proceeded to the main course of the evening, veal scaloppine with cubed avocados and tomatoes, we learned a good number of things about boat cookery. Mr. Steindler, for instance, prepares ashore a fairly sizable assortment of foods with good keeping qualities and brings them aboard.

He prepares an assortment of "bases," such as concentrated fish broth to be turned into soup; an assortment of herb and vegetable butters, some made with shallots, some with garlic, onion, celery, carrots and so on which are kept in plastic containers.

This, of course, eliminates a good deal of chopping while under way or at anchor.

The Steindlers prefer to entertain with six to eight at table, because, they explain, "anything beyond that is camping out" or that is the best number so as "not to be too much ashamed."

The couple also told us that they like to come to Block Island because each Sunday morning a boatman comes alongside singing "O Sole Mio" and selling freshly baked bread and meat pies. He also carts away any garbage that may have accumulated overnight.

Breakfast was followed by lunch, a superior fish chowder and an excellent lobster salad with avocados (avocados were in good supply aboard the vessel).

During the course of the weekend we learned that Mr. Steindler has recently purchased a landmark designated building, the old Humane Society edifice at 313 East 58th Street. He has gutted the building and excavated a basement. When it is transformed into a restaurant, tentatively named Paul's Landmark, it will have an inner dining room with a seating capacity of 85 plus a patio and a kitchen area of 2,500 square feet. That's no broom closet.

### Veal Scaloppine With Avocado and Tomato

- 6 medium slices of veal cut as for scaloppine (about six ounces each). Salt and freshly ground pepper to taste.
- 2 firm but ripe avocados, about one pound each.
- Juice of one lemon.
- 2 firm but ripe tomatoes, about three-quarters pound each.
- 2 tablespoons butter.
- 1/4 cup chopped onion.
- 7 cloves garlic, finely chopped.
- 2 teaspoons curry powder.
- 5 tablespoons flour, preferably Wondra flour.
- 1/2 chicken bouillon cube, preferably Knorr Swiss brand (see note).
- 1 cup milk.
- 1/2 cup heavy cream.
- 1/2 cup olive oil.
- 1/2 cup Scotch whisky.
- 6 thin slices Muenster cheese, available in plastic bags in supermarkets.

1. Place the scaloppine on a flat surface and pound with a mallet. Sprinkle with salt and pepper.
2. Peel the avocados and discard the skin and seeds. Cut the avocados into half-inch cubes or slightly larger and place in a mixing bowl. There should be about four cups. Add the lemon juice and toss to coat.
3. Core, peel and seed the tomatoes. Cut into half-inch cubes. There should be about two cups. Add this to the avocados.
4. Heat four tablespoons of and add the onion. Cook briefly and add the garlic. Cook brief remove from the heat. Add the mixture and sprinkle with the curry. Add salt to taste. Stir briefly to heat thoroughly. Set aside.
5. In a saucepan heat remaining tablespoons of butter and add flour, stirring with a wire whisk. Mix with remaining curry powder. Add the bouillon cube in cream, stirring with the whisk about 10 minutes, stirring often.
6. Dust the scaloppine lightly sides with the remaining flour.
7. Heat the oil in an electric skillet and when it is quite hot, the meat. Cook about 45 seconds. Cook for five seconds on each side to a baking dish. This may be done in two stages.
8. Add the Scotch to the pan. Reduce quickly by half and avocado mixture. Stir, turn.
9. Spoon equal amounts of mixture over the veal and top with the remaining flour. Slice of Muenster cheese, folded on top. Cover with remaining sauce and run briefly under the broiler. This may have to be done in two stages. Serve piping hot with risotto (see recipe). Yield: Six servings.

### Mushroom Risotto

- 4 tablespoons butter.
- 1/2 cup finely chopped onion.
- 3 cups mushrooms cut into half-inch cubes, about one-half pound.
- 1 teaspoon saffron.
- 2 cups uncooked rice.
- 1 large Knorr Swiss chicken bouillon cube (or use 3 cups of rich chicken broth and do not use the water that follows).
- 3 cups water.
- 2 whole cloves.
- 1 bay leaf.
- Salt and freshly ground pepper to taste.

1. Heat half the butter in saucepan or casserole and onion. Cook, stirring, to wilt mushrooms and cook until up their liquid. Continue cook the liquid evaporates.
2. Add the saffron and stir. Add the bouillon cube and the remaining ingredients. Cover and stir until the bouillon melted. Cover closely and simmer. Stir with a fork and remaining butter.
- Yield: Six or more servings.

### Fish Chowder à la Caraja

- 5 tablespoons butter.
- 1/2 cup finely chopped onion.
- 1 cup finely chopped celery.
- 1 cup finely diced carrots.
- 3/4 cup white part of leek cut into very fine julienne strips.
- 2 clove garlic, finely minced.
- 4 cups concentrated fish broth (see recipe).
- 2 tablespoons flour.
- 2 cups potatoes (about one and one-half pounds), peeled and cut into quarter-inch cubes.
- 2 cups white-flesh, non-oily fish such as sea trout (weakfish), sole or striped bass cut into one-inch cubes.
- 1/2 cup heavy cream or milk.
- Salt and freshly ground pepper to taste.

1. Melt three tablespoons in a saucepan and add the onion, leek and garlic. Cook for about 10 minutes. Add the fish broth and bring to the boil.
2. Blend remaining two-thirds of butter with the flour and by bit, to the soup, stirring constantly.
3. Add the potatoes and cooking until the potatoes are soft. Do not overcook or the soup will become mushy. Add and simmer briefly just until piping hot; about two minutes.
4. Add the cream or milk, pepper to taste and bring to a boil. Do not boil but serve piping hot.
- Yield: Six or more servings.

(More recipes on Page 25)



Waldbaum's food specials also available in TSS Hempstead & Lawrenceville. PLEASE REQUEST A comparable item or rain check (good anytime at any Waldbaum's if an advertised item is temporarily out of stock). Waldbaum's is happy to accept Government Food Stamps. To find how to apply for Food Stamps, call this toll free number: 800-342-3710.

regular or super #102 NYT  
40 Modess #149 NYT  
with this coupon good 'til Sat. night Sept. 11, 1976

#103 NYT  
15 Hefty tall kitchen bags 79¢  
with this coupon good 'til Sat. night Sept. 11, 1976

#104 NYT  
20¢ towards the purchase of any pkg. of Flavor Ice or Pop Ice  
with this coupon good 'til Sat. night Sept. 11, 1976

#105 NYT  
12 canning jars 1.99  
with this coupon good 'til Sat. night Sept. 11, 1976

#106 NYT  
20¢ towards the purchase of any Lipton or Wylor's 10 pack ice tea mix  
with this coupon good 'til Sat. night Sept. 11, 1976

#108 NYT  
1 Free when you Buy 1 cont. of gallon Berkshire spring water  
with this coupon good 'til Sat. night Sept. 11, 1976

not avail. in Suffolk Co. #148 NYT  
giant size Cold Power 1.09  
3-lb. 1-oz. pkg.  
with this coupon good 'til Sat. night Sept. 11, 1976

WALDBAUMS  
for dishes, not avail. in Suffolk Co. NYT #149  
Palmolive liquid 1.39  
1-quart 1-pint cont.  
with this coupon good 'til Sat. night Sept. 11, 1976

#100 NYT  
dishwasher All 79¢  
2-lb. 3-oz. pkg.  
with this coupon good 'til Sat. night Sept. 11, 1976

WALDBAUMS  
#101 NYT  
Keebler CC Biggs 69¢  
14-oz. pkg.  
with this coupon good 'til Sat. night Sept. 11, 1976

WALDBAUMS  
#102 NYT  
20¢ towards the purchase of any pkg. of Flavor Ice or Pop Ice  
with this coupon good 'til Sat. night Sept. 11, 1976

#103 NYT  
12 canning jars 1.99  
with this coupon good 'til Sat. night Sept. 11, 1976

#104 NYT  
20¢ towards the purchase of any Lipton or Wylor's 10 pack ice tea mix  
with this coupon good 'til Sat. night Sept. 11, 1976

#108 NYT  
1 Free when you Buy 1 cont. of gallon Berkshire spring water  
with this coupon good 'til Sat. night Sept. 11, 1976

### bakery specials

Nabisco, Nilla  
vanilla wafers 12-oz. box 59¢  
not avail. in Kingston or Upper Westchester Co.

jelly 2 for 99¢  
delicious, assorted

health & beauty aids  
avail. in stores with Health & Beauty Aids dept.

dry, normal or oily  
Breck shampoo 11-oz. 99¢  
Cutler polish remover 3-oz. 35¢  
economical 100 Wipe 'n Dipe pkg. 99¢  
Mennen Baby Magic bath 8-oz. 89¢  
family favorite  
Aim toothpaste 6.4-oz. tube 89¢

### dairy specials

save 14¢, 100% pure  
Florida Citrus orange juice 1/2-gallon cont. 59¢

save 10¢, past. process, American  
Borden's slices 8-oz. pkg. 79¢  
save 10¢, Schor's  
new pickle strips 4-oz. pkg. 69¢  
save 12¢, Breakstone Stay 'n Shape Cottage cheese 12-oz. cont. 59¢  
delicious  
Crowley buttermilk 4-oz. cont. 49¢

past. process, 6 portion, New! Borden's Milkboy  
imported Swiss Gruyere 6-oz. pkg. 39¢

save 18¢, non-fat sour dressing  
King Sour 1-lb. cont. 39¢  
save 14¢  
Maybud Gouda 7-oz. pkg. 95¢  
save 14¢, Pillsbury  
Crescent rolls 8-oz. pkg. 39¢  
save 10¢, Nu Parfait  
gelatin dessert 16-oz. cont. 39¢  
save 22¢, in our margarine dept.  
unsalted Chiffon 2 1/2-lb. cont. 57¢

save 10¢  
Philadelphia cream cheese 8-oz. pkg. 55¢

### frozen specials

save 30¢, chocolate, golden or banana  
Sarà Lee cakes 13-oz. pkg. 89¢

save 4¢, Waldbaum's  
cauliflower 10-oz. pkg. 33¢  
save 23¢ on 4 cans, 100% pure Florida  
orange juice Old South 4 cans 75¢  
save 21¢ on 2 cans, 100% pure Florida  
orange juice Old South 2 cans 73¢  
save 30¢, Gorton  
Flounder fillet 1-lb. pkg. 1.69  
save 18¢, meat or cheese  
Mt. Rose ravioli 1-lb. 2-oz. pkg. 79¢  
save 10¢  
Eggo plain waffles 11-oz. pkg. 55¢

save 23¢ on 2 pkg., all varieties, frozen  
Banquet Dinners 2 11-oz. pkg. 99¢

## YOU'LL LOVE OUR CORNISH HEN AND SIRLOIN STEAK PRICES

1 1/2 to 2-lb. sizes, grade A frozen, Rock

**Cornish hens 59¢ lb.**

U.S.D.A. Choice, tender well trimmed beef

**porterhouse steak 1.19**

U.S.D.A. Choice, lean tender beef

**sirloin steak 1.59 lb.**

WE DO NOT REMOVE the filet portion from our sirloin steaks

U.S.D.A. Choice beef, loin

**shell sirloin steak 98¢**

meat or beef

**Plymouth Rock franks 89¢**

fresh chicken parts

with rib bone

chicken breasts 1.09 lb.

chicken legs with thighs .89¢ lb.

chicken drumsticks .89¢ lb.

chicken wings .69¢ lb.

chicken thighs .85¢ lb.

chicken livers fresh .79¢ lb.

govt. inspected, Cry-O-Vac wrapped, beef

**boneless corned brisket 1.29 lb.**

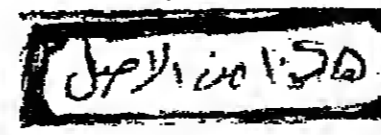
thin cut

U.S.D.A. Choice beef, chuck

**boneless steaks**

great for the Bar-B-Que pepper, sandwich, Swiss or filet.

Prices effective in N.Y. Metro Stores only. Not avail. in Conn. We reserve the right to limit quantities on all advertised items.





# For the Members, Their Club's Routine Falls Apart During Open at Forest Hills

TONY KORNEISER

the belly of the clubhouse of the West Side Tennis Club, in an office paneled with wood with lacquer the color of

By Joseph Huizenga, the club manager, hasn't got time to find about how the place will

he asked, "Am I worried about I just hope and pray that doesn't get sick."

days and nights that surround the West Side Tennis Club in

the time of the United States tennis championships, the rigorous American tennis tour

and surely by extension it is the most prestigious tennis club.

353 days a year during which sway at the club, the members their tennis playing and

about their exclusive rights to lockers, locker rooms, dining

the first week of the Open—49 tennis courts. Only the courts are theirs alone.

is virtually showered with and their celebrity friends, theory of acceptance seems

the universal axiom that "it is time to go backstage."

about 1,000 members at resident and nonresident

and nonplaying men, women under 18 years of age. All

are individual. One does apply; one must be nominated and ultimately approved,

easy, for example, as joining the club.

is remarkably inexpensive. Most it can cost a 1976 dues is \$580. A junior pays

initiated, and \$145 in dues, the members object to the

the fees," said Tony DeGray, the club manager for the last 20 years.

it will cause a run on the club might lower the prestige."

Prestige, after all, is the calling card of membership.

So much so that nonresident members are known to take their vacations in order to come to West Side for the Open. Members and their guests swarm around the clubhouse.

Members who do not attend single club social functions all year, like Bill Mangold, attend the Open, when, ironically, all official social functions are suspended.

In fact, the Open is the biggest social function West Side has. So much bigger, for example, than the dance in the Rose Garden two weeks ago that 86 members attended. The Open is a

**"You come here as a club member and you're not treated that way. You're treated as an intruder."**

reunion. The talk in the dining room runs to tennis, family and friendships, and more than once a business deal has been consummated over the prime rib of beef that goes for \$8.50.

On a normal weekday in July the staff will serve 65 lunches. During the Open it will serve about 600 on a weekday. Don't even ask about weekends. The numbers soar.

Mr. Huizenga hires 40 extra employees for the clubhouse during the Open, swelling the overall staff to 60. The basic prices—\$6.75 for the stuffed chicken, \$1.50 for imported beer—are maintained because the membership is still being served. But the concession is that the menu stays constant for the Open, while it changes daily during the rest of the year.

"It's really amazing," Mr. Huizenga said. "With all these crowds, with all this congestion and, you'd think, inconvenience to the members, I haven't had one complaint about service. The members that I speak to really seem to love this tournament. It's like they bend over backwards to help it go smoothly."

Most Not all. Lore Noto, who has been a member for 12 years, does not buy a ticket to the Open; that is his protest. He doesn't like the Open played at his club, mainly because during the Open it is not really his club anymore.

"I joined this club to play tennis," Mr. Noto said. "During the tournament I have found myself locked out of the

courts that I pay for. I have found myself being told that I cannot play on my tennis courts because I am supposed to show some respect for the pros. Show some respect? Hell, the pros are guests. Let them have some respect."

"Now all say this thing with me, a few weeks ago, this with me, 100 percent. But I resent the fact that the club control this situation. I resent being told over and over that I must accept these terms, that we need this tournament. It is anathema to me."

"During the tournament, I can't even get three other members to play tennis with me, and this is a tennis club. They're all scared off, intimidated by these pros. Well, they ask us to give up our lockers for these pros, and I do not. For all I care, they can take this tournament and play it in Louisville."

"In every organization there is a certain amount of fanatic indignation. And Leo Tedesco, the club member who acts as a liaison between West Siders and the United States Tennis Association, which runs the Open, points out that "no matter what we do, not everyone will agree with it."

Speaking for the overwhelming majority are West Siders such as Richard Windatt, a member for 10 years, and W. E. Sullivan, now in his 24th year of membership. Both play tennis about three times weekly.

"Listen, what difference does not being able to play on all the courts for a couple of weeks make?" asked Mr. Windatt, who said he played tennis on West Side grass courts during the Open and didn't feel the slightest bit intimidated.

"I have no inconvenience," he said. "As a matter of fact, it's refreshing to see all these people."

And Mr. Sullivan spoke of prestige. "Prestige—yes, that's the word," Mr. Sullivan said. "Who else has the Open? I ask you, who else has this wonderful tournament?"

Obviously, no one. But there are those members who like playing host to the tournament, but don't like having it shoved down their throats.

Bill Mangold has been a club member for more years than he cares to count, and he has seen club presidents and members of the Board of Governors come and go. And now, he says, "The Board of Governors here treat the mem-

**A list that evaluates the best cooking schools in New York City appears on the following page.**



Patrons at the club-house dining room at the West Side Tennis Club can eat in sunlight or under a roof.

bers like poor relations. I think the members are getting ripped off."

Operating on the financial principle that hamburger for one is better than chateaubriand for none, the 13-member board of governors—they can be seen on the grounds wearing official ribbons and Mr. Noto calls them "metal-breasted popinjays"—influenced the West Siders at large to relinquish all claim to their share of the \$1 million three-year television contract that CBS has

with the U.S.T.A. to telecast the Open. "You come here as a club member, and you're not treated that way," said Tony DeGray. "You're treated as an intruder. If these pros feel anything at all for the members, it's resentment for any of us who go on our courts and inhibit them from practicing."

And then there are the celebrities. "The members love the celebrities," Mr. Tucker said.

Most Not all. "I'd like to see Oleg Cassini and his crew get the hell out of here," said Tony DeGray. "And why is Alan King always hanging around the locker room?" He has a clubhouse pass. But not being a member, his dues did not go up 25 percent this year.



**produce specials**

**YOU'LL LOVE! ORNISH HEN ON STEAK**

**99¢**

**extra large cantaloupes 59¢**

**U.S. #1, 150 size, California Mountain Bartlett pears 3.89¢**

**red plums 39¢**

**large eyedews 98¢**

**Holiday food sale**

**Gefilte fish 1.39**

**Mrs. Adler's Gefilte fish 1.09**

**Canada Dry ginger ale 77¢**

**Pabst beer 6.139**

**Waldbaum's...the top of its class in back-to-school savings.**

Savings like these are always welcome. Especially on lunch-box favorites like tuna fish. And ketchup. (Ever meet a kid that didn't love ketchup?) Now that they're back at school and active, your youngsters need refueling often. So stock up at Waldbaum's ... and get an "A" for economy.

Heinz ketchup 67¢	chunk light tuna 39¢	Niblets corn 27¢
Welch's grape jelly 2.79¢	apple sauce 39¢	
Viva towels 49¢	Del Monte green beans 23¢	
Figaro cat food 4.89¢	stuffed olives 65¢	Pure-X bleach 59¢
Mama's cookies 79¢	pickled beets 3.99	delicious Jif peanut butter 79¢
Cheez-it crackers 59¢	California tomatoes 3.97¢	Waldbaum's vegetable juice 59¢
Seafest sherbet 85¢	Waldbaum's chunk chopped juice 89¢	Wally dog food 6.1
mixed vegetables 2.30	Bury's cookies 59¢	Waldbaum's non-fat dry milk 1.99
Kal Kan cat food 5.99	over cleaner 89¢	Waldbaum's, Israeli orange sections 45¢
Canada Dry ginger ale 77¢	Pringles potato chips 69¢	Waldbaum's large white bread 39¢
Pabst beer 6.139	Del Monte sardines 59¢	Waldbaum's golden raisins 59¢
		Waldbaum's iced tea mix 10.89¢
		Waldbaum's, medium whole beets 29¢
		Waldbaum's, dark red kidney beans 29¢
		Waldbaum's, Concord grape juice 55¢
		Waldbaum's non-dairy creamer 99¢
		Waldbaum's golden raisins 59¢
		Waldbaum's shortening 3.119

**waldbaum's**



# Those Proliferating Cooking Schools: A Selection of the Best

**André's Mediterranean Cooking School, 301 East 66th Street, 249-8619.**  
 Instructor: André Abramoff.  
 Cost: \$75 for five sessions.  
 Starting date: Sept. 15; mornings and evenings.  
 Type: Limited participation.  
 Description: Emphasis is on interesting Middle-Eastern dishes with some Provencal and Spanish clichés. Participation is limited in dining area; much cooking goes on off stage. Some dishes were good, others only fair.

**Annemarie's Cooking School, 164 Lexington Avenue, 685-5685.**  
 Instructor: Annemarie Huete.  
 Cost: \$180 for five sessions.  
 Starting date: Sept. 13; mornings and evenings.  
 Type: Demonstration.  
 Description: A casual, once-over-lightly course for beginners, stressing simplified versions of more or less Continental dishes. Demonstrations take place in bright surroundings behind a counter well arranged for good visibility.

**James Beard School of Cooking.**  
 Because Mr. Beard is recuperating from an illness, no classes will be conducted in his kitchen until further notice.

**Steve Bierman's Cooking Classes, location to be determined, 249-4594.**  
 Instructor: Steve Bierman.  
 Cost: \$240 for eight classes.  
 Starting date: October or November; evenings.  
 Type: Participation.  
 Description: The well-trained instructor is a successful caterer and a serious student of cooking. He tries to give a practical, simplified course in Continental cooking for those who want to learn to cook for themselves, mostly after work, and in short time. Classes will start when new quarters are arranged.

**A La Bonne Cocotte, 23 Eighth Avenue, 675-7736.**  
 Instructor: Lydie Pinoy Marshall.  
 Cost: \$90 for four lessons.  
 Starting date: Sept. 17; mornings and evenings.  
 Type: Participation.  
 Description: A no-nonsense French cooking school, and the best in town. Haute cuisine, regional cooking and baking are taught in a handsome, rustic brownstone kitchen well equipped for full participation under the direction of the exacting, uncompromising French-born instructor. Recipes are stylish and the results superb.

**Helene Borey School of Creative Cooking, 255 East 71st Street, 249-3833.**  
 Instructor: Helene Borey.  
 Cost: \$180 for six classes.  
 Starting date: Oct. 13 and 14, mornings and evenings.  
 Type: Participation.  
 Description: Practical, entertaining and excellent courses in Northern Italian, French, classic and regional cuisines taught in an attractive kitchen that allows for full participation. Cooking techniques, shopping information and presentation of dishes are stressed. Menus are original, the food delicious. Meals after class are served at a beautifully decorated table.

**Giuliano Bugialli Cooking School, 201 East 77th Street, 472-0760.**  
 Instructor: Giuliano Bugialli.  
 Cost: \$125 for five lessons.  
 Starting date: Nov. 1; mornings and evenings.  
 Type: Limited participation.  
 Description: Although this school is new, and therefore not yet visited, the instructor has taught for several years at the America-Italy Society cooking school and in Florence with great success. Dishes of his native Tuscany are stressed, with many antique and classical recipes. Pastas and breads are especially interesting.

**Chinese Catering 'n' Cooking Lessons, 639 West End Avenue, 724-7535.**  
 Instructor: Yung Hwa.  
 Cost: \$75 for five lessons, held on Tuesday evenings.  
 Starting date: Sept. 21.  
 Type: Limited participation.  
 Description: Under her English name, Jean Chen, this instructor teaches at the China Institute and the Culinary Arts Shoppe, but her course was not visited. It stresses the cooking of all Chinese provinces, including Mandarin, Szechuan, Shanghai and Canton. The teacher has advanced as chef in several local Chinese restaurants, and emphasizes techniques best suited to party cooking.

**China Institute in America, 125 East 66th Street, 744-9181.**  
 Instructors: Florence Lin, Dorothy Lee, Averil Tong and others.  
 Cost: \$75 for nine sessions; gourmet class, \$110.  
 Starting date: Sept. 27; mornings and evenings.  
 Type: Participation.  
 Description: This is the granddaddy of the city's Chinese cooking classes, given in a large kitchen auditorium. Dishes of all regions of China taught and students work in teams. However, all classes—whether beginner, intermediate or advanced—are larger than they should be and are best for those who really are in this cuisine before going on to more expensive, but more private classes. The best course here is Florence Lin's gourmet class.

**Madame Chu's Chinese Cooking School, 370 Riverside Drive, 663-2182.**  
 Instructor: Grace Chu.  
 Cost: \$160 for basic seven lessons; \$130 for five advanced lessons.  
 Starting date: Next month; mornings and evenings.  
 Type: Limited participation.  
 Description: This 77-year-old doyenne of Chinese cooking teachers was the first to give these courses at the China Institute 26 years ago. Now that she has a small apartment kitchen, she teaches technique by having students practice in the dining area, then going into the kitchen to cook in groups.  
 Basic and advanced courses cover food of all China with simple home and party dishes.

**John Clancy's School of Cooking and Baking, 324 West 18th Street, 243-0958.**  
 Instructor: John Clancy.  
 Cost: \$150 for five workshop classes; \$60 for two classes on holiday baking; \$75 for two classes on Christmas dinner.  
 Starting date: Nov. 1; mornings and evenings.  
 Type: Participation.

**Description:** An experienced chef, teacher and author, the instructor conducts solidly practical full participation courses in bread, pastry and cake baking, and in Christmas cooking.  
 Both recipes and instructions are superb. Techniques and reasons-why are stressed.

**Cooking With Class, 226 East 54th Street, 353-5021.**  
 Instructor: Janeen Sarlin.  
 Cost: \$120 for six sessions.  
 Starting date: Sept. 15; mornings, afternoons and evenings.  
 Type: Limited participation.  
 Description: Although this is a new course and not visited, the chief instructor is a Midwestern home economist who was observed teaching at the Culinary Arts Shoppe. Her manner is lively, with a certain professional-demonstrator briskness. French recipes tend to be Americanized.

**Cooking With Love, Gimbel's, East 86th Street and Lexington Avenue, 348-2300.**  
 Instructors: Vary.  
 Cost: \$95 for five classes, \$125 for advanced series.  
 Starting date: Year round; mornings, afternoons and evenings.  
 Type: Demonstration.  
 Description: Various teachers give once-over-lightly courses in different international cuisines including French, Italian, Chinese, Japanese, Jewish and Middle Eastern, as well as in baking and party foods.  
 This is more of a place to get ideas and pass time pleasantly than it is for solid learnings of techniques. Recipes stress equipment sold in the store.

**Cooking With Mady, 210 West 101st Street, 850-2404.**  
 Instructor: Mady Brown.  
 Cost: \$80 for five lessons.  
 Starting date: Late September.  
 Type: Participation.  
 Description: An informal, personal course good for absolute beginners and those who prefer a class on the West Side. Participation takes place in a small dinette-foyer under close supervision of the young, cheerful instructor. International techniques and recipes are taught with emphasis on simplicity and more attention is paid to taste than to technique.

**Le Cordon Bleu de Paris, Gimbel's, Broadway and 33d Street, LO 4-3300.**  
 Instructor: Richard Grausman.  
 Cost: \$40 for three lessons, \$75 for six.  
 Starting date: Next May; mornings, afternoons, evenings.  
 Type: Demonstration.  
 Description: Holder of the Grand Diplôme of Le Cordon Bleu in Paris, and that school's only authorized representative here, the instructor performs deftly and professionally at a big demonstration counter with a wide tilted mirror overhead that makes his steps easy to follow if you don't get dizzy doing so in reverse.

**Calinary Arts Shoppe, 133 East 65th Street, 628-0066.**  
 Instructors: Dorothy Sims, Henry Dubow, Jean-Claude Szrudak, Jean Chen and Ada Sberhait.  
 Cost: Five-week courses from \$75 to \$250.  
 Starting date: Continuous throughout the year; mornings, afternoons and evenings.  
 Type: Demonstration.  
 Description: Entertaining courses in French and Chinese cooking, baking, casserole dishes, and in the operation of the Cuisinart's food processor are given in this cookware shop at a demonstration counter that affords best visibility to those sitting closest to the center. Participation is very limited; classes large and attention hard to focus. Recipes stress use of equipment on sale in the shop.

**André Dodi Cooking Classes, 333 East 18th Street, 677-8473.**  
 Instructor: André Dodi.  
 Cost: \$80 for four lunch classes, \$100 for four dinner classes.  
 Starting date: Sept. 23; afternoon and evening.  
 Type: Limited participation.  
 Description: Another of the teachers working at the America-Italy Society cooking school, the instructor operates far less effectively here. His manner is colorful and professional, but he is a bit impatient with student questions, and decidedly inferior ingredients are used, if with apologies.  
 His North Italian and Continental recipes are unusual and interesting and his basic knowledge of cooking is beyond question, but he is badly directed here.

**Madhur Jaffrey, 101 West 12th Street, 924-2377.**  
 Instructor: Madhur Jaffrey.  
 Cost: \$250 for five morning sessions.  
 Starting date: Next month.  
 Type: Participation.  
 Description: The author of a justly popular Indian cookbook, this charming and efficient instructor who formerly was at the James Beard school teaches the cuisine of India to classes limited to four students each. She utilizes full participation for dishes of all regions of India.

**Jeanette's Cooking School, 333 Central Park West, 749-8551.**  
 Instructor: Jeanette Seaver.  
 Cost: \$150 for six weekly lessons.  
 Starting date: Next month; evenings.  
 Type: Participation.  
 Description: A pleasant if helter-skelter presentation of French and Continental dishes, both at basic and advanced levels, take place in a very cramped kitchen around a work table that is disorganized and confusing. The French-born instructor's manner is casual and off-handed, and some of her methods are questionable, but there is full participation. French bread is baked at the beginning of each class and the menus are practical and fairly good. A good course for beginners who need confidence.

**Marcella Hazan's School of Italian Cooking, 155 East 76th Street, 861-2825.**  
 Instructor: Marcella Hazan.  
 Cost: \$250 for six three-to-four-hour lessons.  
 Starting date: Applications are being accepted for spring and fall of 1977.

**Type: Limited participation.**  
 Description: The instructor teaches both well-known and recherché dishes of all regions of Mexico. The course's only weakness is the very limited student participation, but the techniques are clearly demonstrated and explained. The food is incomparable and the ingredients and equipment fascinating.

**Peter Kump Cooking School, 333 East 69th Street, Apt. 8D, 628-1778.**  
 Instructor: Peter Kump.  
 Cost: \$125 for five 3 1/2-hour sessions.  
 Starting date: Oct. 21; mornings and evenings.  
 Type: Limited participation.  
 Description: Participation takes place around a table outside of the kitchen, but at the class visited; few students went into the kitchen to see the food actually cooking. The well-informed young instructor, whose manner is crisp and efficient if slightly overbearing, stresses basic techniques relating them to specific dishes, and also teaches food shopping, care of equipment and table-setting. The basic menu is French, adapted to American kitchens.

**Helen R. Heller, 41 West 58th Street, 682-6093.**  
 Instructor: Helen R. Heller.  
 Cost: \$225 for five 1 1/2-hour lessons.  
 Starting date: Days and hours by mutual arrangement.  
 Type: Participation.  
 Description: For the last 16 years, this stern instructor has taken seriously motivated private students in her small apartment kitchen, teaching them basics they want to learn, such as how to cook for themselves or guests, or specifics such as making soufflés or crepes. Students do the work under her close direction, but her recipes are fairly banal. Still, for a shy beginner with money to spare, this is a possible answer.

**Nan Mabon's New School of Cooking, 186 Riverside Drive, 724-8807.**  
 Instructor: Nan Mabon.  
 Cost: \$100 to \$120.  
 Starting date: Sept. 23, Oct. 27 and Jan. 26, evenings.  
 Type: Participation.  
 Description: The young, casual instructor has a well-organized small kitchen. Recipes are classic and sound, but there is too much compromise on the quality of ingredients used, and though students are criticized for using wrong techniques, they are not forced to correct them before continuing.

**Marique School of French Cooking, 170 East 83d Street, 879-4228.**  
 Instructor: Isabelle Marique.  
 Cost: \$135 for six sessions.  
 Starting date: Sept. 14, afternoons and evenings.  
 Type: Demonstration.  
 Description: This vivacious instructor is skillfully professional as she demonstrates classic French and "stay-thin" dishes. Unfortunately the class is too large, the demonstration counter too obscured for good visibility, and all of the cooking is behind the scenes in the kitchen. Recipes are standard classics and the instructor tends to stress dishes prepared in the special pans she designs and sells.

**Modern Gourmet of New York, 300 East 59th Street, 486-9392.**  
 Instructor: Linda Hunkler Wagner.  
 Cost: \$110 to \$150 for five lessons, depending on subject.  
 Starting date: Sept. 27; day and evening.  
 Type: Participation.  
 Description: Although this young instructor lacks an air of authority, she gives a very good, solid, clear course in the most elementary basics of classic and Provencal French and Italian cooking, a dinner-against-the-clock course, and another in Viennese baking. Some of her preliminary background information on regional dishes is somewhat questionable, but the cooking instructions are sound and the participation well guided in a normal apartment house kitchen. It is a very good course for beginners.

**Moore-Betty School of Cooking, 162 East 92d Street, 860-4922.**  
 Instructor: Maurice Moore-Betty.  
 Cost: \$225 for six weekly lessons.  
 Starting date: Fall session, fully booked; Reservations being taken for January; mornings and evenings.  
 Type: Participation.  
 Description: One of the best and most enduring of the city's cooking schools, this one emphasizes menu planning based on international cuisine, with some stress on cooking ahead. The recipes are excellent, the participation kitchen stylish and well laid-out, and the debonair instructor also goes into table setting, the selection of wines and marketing.

**Anna Muffoletto's Cordon Bleu of New York, 332 East 84th Street, New York City, 628-0264.**  
 Instructor: Anna Muffoletto and others.  
 Cost: \$100 to \$550.  
 Starting date: Sept. 14; mornings and evenings.  
 Type: Participation.  
 Description: This is really a sort of three-ring circus with courses in Provencal or classic French and Italian cooking, Chinese cooking and wine seminars taught by an assortment of teachers. The basic skills course is justifiably the most popular, taught by Miss Muffoletto. Twin work kitchens are crowded and disorganized and the tone casual, but it is a good course for building confidence.

**Murray Hill School of Cooking, 125 East 36th Street, 694-4299.**  
 Instructor: Fanny Farkas.  
 Cost: \$120 for six lessons.  
 Starting date: Sept. 28; mornings and evenings.  
 Type: Participation.  
 Description: European cooking is taught with emphasis on techniques and basic preparations. Recipes are simplified, sometimes too much so, but the range of dishes is interesting with a number of good ideas for party menus. The friendly but flappable instructor is Swedish and conducts the morning class each week in that language. More emphasis is needed on use of correct equipment.

**Riverside Church Arts and Crafts Program, 490 Riverside Drive, 749-8140.**  
 Instructor: Janet Davies.  
 Cost: \$90 for 14 weekly sessions.  
 Starting date: Oct. 4; mornings and evenings.  
 Type: Participation.  
 Description: Two courses are given in this rather spaced out, poorly equipped, somewhat leaky church banquet kitchen—one on bread baking and the other on natural foods. The bread baking course is a good buy, but the other isn't very worthwhile.

**Herbert Ross School of Cooking, 99 West 27th Street, 675-8155.**  
 Instructor: Herbert Ross.  
 Cost: \$150 for six weekly lessons.  
 Starting date: Oct. 12; evenings.  
 Type: Participation.  
 Description: One of the courses not visited, this stresses practical versions of international dishes for what are described as "serious" students. Dishes listed on well-planned menus are interesting including pasta with clam and green peppercorn sauce, peach caloufi, mushroom croustades and orange ginger Bavarian cream.

**Edward Schoenfeld's Chinese Cooking Classes, 250 West 99th Street, Apt. 7C, 666-4422.**  
 Instructor: Edward Schoenfeld.  
 Cost: \$125 for five lessons.  
 Starting date: Immediately; classes by appointment.  
 Type: Participation.  
 Description: Having worked and

**Virginia Lee's Chinese Cooking Classes, 12 Mott Street, 571-0985.**

**trained with Uncle Tai at his Yuan restaurant, this instructor mastered the techniques and dishes of the cuisine and he a few private students at a student's kitchen. This has some back, as he has to carry all of the work himself, and the work is not always adequate. If he were better than his sea and dishes, sampled were fair.**

**Seminole Italiana Di Cucina America-Italy Society, Kitchens James's Episcopal Church, 86 South Avenue, 858-1580.**  
 Instructors: Andrea Dodi (in courses); Giuliano Bugialli (courses).  
 Cost: \$120 for nonmembers; \$100 for members.  
 Starting date: Mid-October; evening.  
 Type: Demonstration.  
 Description: Both courses directed and organized and entertaining. They are geared dilettantes than rolled-up sleeves home cooks. Interesting are mostly North Italian and from simple pastas to unusual sauce dishes.

**The Seasonal Kitchen, 19 E Street, 289-0556.**  
 Instructor: Perla Meyers.  
 Cost: \$175 for five weekly sessions.  
 Starting date: Sept. 15; evenings.  
 Type: Demonstration.  
 Description: Stylish and recipes for classic French and tinned dishes, many from restaurants where this attractive professional instructor has Peasant dishes and some Vien French pastry-making are also unfortunately, both the room class are so large, it is impossible to see the demonstration and the third row. Only experience will be able to duplicate the at home with this format.

**Soho Cooking School, 133 Street, 868-3330.**  
 Instructor: Felipe Rojas-Lor.  
 Cost: \$250 for 5 classes.  
 Starting dates: Oct. 11, Nov 17; evenings.  
 Type: Limited participation.  
 Description: An experienced teacher and cookbook author energetic instructor holds of very limited periods, and it possible to visit any last semester curriculum covers international preparation and presentational education and menu planning in food runs to gussies as best suited to entertain.

**Margaret Spader Cooking, 235 East 50th Street, Apt. 23.**  
 Instructor: Margaret Spade.  
 Cost: \$75 for five lessons.  
 Starting date: Sept. 22; evenings.  
 Type: Participation.  
 Description: A continuous Chinese cooking classes this has held for the last three St. Peter's Church, this series divided into beginner and in sections, with a shopping trip town for the former. Basic explained and dishes are a better course for those trying Chinese cooking for time than for those into it

**Michele Urviater, 200 W Street, 595-0768.**  
 Instructor: Michele Urviater.  
 Cost: \$25 per lesson for Butter week courses.  
 Starting date: Sept. 21; evenings.  
 Type: Participation.  
 Description: A disciple of A La Bonne Cocotte, charming, exacting instructor is a professional her course promises to be the best. Teaching space is a foyer and small kitchen, space is well organized, for participation. All cooking is of bourgeois French.  
 The five-week course is on menus that cover all primary basic preparations. The more 10-week course is divided (eggs, sauces, etc.) and (braising, roasting, etc.) with recipes that generally means.

**The Helen Worth Cooking, 106 East 31st Street, 532-2121.**  
 Instructor: Helen Worth.  
 Cost: \$35 per person for sons; \$100 per hour for private.  
 Starting date: Year round; evenings.  
 Type: Limited participation.  
 Description: Having taught in New York for 28 years, this author-instructor owes thanks private students only, but lessons or complete courses needs and desires. Learn Y classes, for men only, are the menu prepared in service.

**Instructor: Sherri Zitroo.**  
 Cost: \$150 for six weekly sessions.  
 Starting date: Sept. 20; mornings and evenings.  
 Type: Demonstration.  
 Description: About as a demonstration course can, small classes and complete in a dinette area. Most cooks on a hot-plate in full view, termines menus to be coming from classic or continental Italian and European dishes.  
 Strong emphasis is placed ing ahead; shopping and are discussed; instructor hand-techniques good on and menu planning and, enticing without being over-

**A list of cooking schools Brooklyn, Queens, West County and Connecticut, see our Saturday. The New and Long Island Weeklies Times will also carry schools in their circulation on Sunday.**

## Buffet of Many Courses

By MIMI SHERATON

*If a proliferation of cooking schools can be regarded as a vital life sign, New York is in great shape. After touring 50 or so in Manhattan alone last season, one gets the feeling that at any given moment in any part of town, hundreds of men, women, teen-agers and children are mastering the art of mincing, puréeing, braising and sautéing, raising soufflés, flipping crepes and rolling out puff pastry, pasta and egg roll skins with speed and agility.*

*With so many schools to choose from, it stands to reason some will be better than others. For that reason, the schools are this year for the first time described with recommendations to help prospective students choose which best suit their needs and levels of proficiency. The least satisfactory courses have been eliminated from this listing entirely.*

*The best courses are unquestionably those that require full student participation. Usefulness of demonstration courses varies with the size of the class, and the visibility of both hand techniques and the food as it cooks.*

*Unless otherwise noted all classes run from two to three hours, the food prepared is served to the students, printed recipes are handed out, and the class size is comfortable; only excessively large or small numbers of students have been noted.*



Lydie Marshall with students at A La Bonne Cocotte school, a no-nonsense place that is the best in town.

**Lilah Kan's Chinese Cooking Classes, 884 West End Avenue, 749-0550.**  
 Instructor: Lilah Kan.  
 Cost: \$120 for six lessons.  
 Starting date: November; mornings and evenings.  
 Type: Participation.  
 Description: Chinese cooking of all provinces, blue-jeans style, is taught in small but adequate kitchen by this lively teacher who avoids most specialized Chinese cooking equipment and tries to make the whole affair seem clear. Techniques for cutting and use of the cleaver are stressed, with basic sauces, and Chinese cooking methods illustrated.  
 The teacher is an actress who has cooked professionally at Western and Chinese restaurants, and has special appeal for the young and the casual. The atmosphere here is informal and partylike.

**Diana Kennedy—Mexican Cooking, c/o Rosengard, 311 West 95th Street, 628-1778.**  
 Instructor: Diana Kennedy.  
 Cost: \$100 per series of four classes for general Mexican cooking; \$75 per series of three classes in Yucatecan cooking.  
 Starting dates: April and May, 1977; mornings, afternoons and evenings.

**Gilda Latzky Cooking School, 42 East 69th Street, 549-1646.**  
 Cost: \$130 for six participation classes.  
 Starting date: Oct. 4; mornings and evenings.  
 Type: Participation.  
 Description: In a big, roomy kitchen on the parlor floor of a townhouse, this young efficient instructor gives solid, practical courses in French, Northern Italian and Chinese cooking and baking. Judging by her recipes and the class observed, the baking is her strong point.

**Karen Lee's Chinese Cooking Classes, 142 West End Avenue, 787-2227.**  
 Instructor: Karen Lee.  
 Cost: \$140 for six four-hour sessions.  
 Starting date: Sept. 13; mornings and evenings.  
 Type: Participation.  
 Description: Mrs. Lee's name has led first-time students to think she is Chinese, which she is not. She is a well-trained student of Grace Chu's and uses similar teaching techniques. Most of the cutting goes on around a table in the dining foyer, and students squeeze into the tiny kitchen to watch cooking steps.  
 She is strict with students and supervises closely. Seasoning here is a little pallid and a little less than authentic, but it is an excellent starter course.

**Virginia Lee's Chinese Cooking Classes, 12 Mott Street, 571-0985.**

Butter 19c  
 Pasta 4c  
 Pastries 19c  
 Large Eggs 49c  
 1.29  
 3 for 1.00  
 1.99  
 SUPER COUPON  
 With This Coupon \$7.50 Purchase WILDBIRD Large Eggs 49c  
 Limit one per family. Valid thru Sat. Sept. 12, 1976.

09/11/2012



AP 12015D

### HAVE YOU PARTICIPATED YET? Donation Days at A&P

An exciting way to raise funds for your favorite non-profit organization  
Check your local A&P Manager for more details or call toll free in N.Y. & So. Conn. (800) 631-0100 and N.J. (800) 562-2725 Mon. thru Fri. 9 a.m. to 4 p.m.

## Here's Proof A&P Offers You More Ways To Save!



**FRYING**

# Chickens

Whole Fresh 2 1/2 to 3 Lbs. Avg. **39¢** lb.

Limit 4 Please With Additional Purchase

**ADVERTISED ITEM POLICY**  
Each of these advertised items is required to be readily available for sale at or below the advertised price in each A&P Store, except as specifically noted in this ad.

<b>LESS BREASTS</b> <b>Chicken Lett</b> <b>1.49</b> lb.	<b>THIN SLICED FROM THE LEG</b> <b>Veal for Scallopini</b> <b>2.79</b> lb.
<b>WITH BONE IN</b> <b>Chuck Steaks</b> lb. <b>69¢</b>	<b>FREIRICH</b> <b>Smoked Tongue</b> lb. <b>1.29</b>
<b>WITH BACKS or BREASTS WITH WINGS</b> <b>Chicken Parts</b> Quartered lb. <b>53¢</b>	<b>PORK SHOULDER</b> <b>Fresh Picnics</b> lb. <b>79¢</b>
<b>FOR CUT, 2 SHOULDER, 2 LOIN END</b> <b>Chop Combo</b> lb. <b>1.29</b>	<b>BONELESS</b> <b>Stew Veal</b> For A Hearty Meal lb. <b>1.39</b>

**FRESH**

## Perdue Oven Stuffers

5 to 7 Pounds  
**69¢** lb.

**A&P's OWN**

## Allgood Bacon

With Coupon Below and \$7.50 Purchase  
**1.19** 1-lb. pkg.

## Whole Beef Brisket

8 to 12 lbs. Untrimmed Custom Cut to Your Order  
**99¢** lb.

## Whole Pork Loins

12 to 16 lbs. Average Custom Cut to Your Order  
**1.19** lb.

**DEL MONTE**

## Tomato Sauce

8-oz. cans  
**6 for 1.00**

**NABISCO**

## Premium Saltines

Salted or Unsalted  
1-lb. pkg. **49¢**

**HANDY SIX PACK**

## Miller Beer

12-oz. cans  
**6 for 1.49**

## FREE Sweathog Book Covers

ONE FREE WITH COUPON BELOW  
Also Available at 49¢ No Purchase Required



## Jif Peanut Butter

18-oz. jar **89¢**

## Welch's Grape Jelly or Jam

2-lb. jar **89¢**

## Charmin Toilet Tissue

4 roll pkg. **69¢**

## Yogurt

Light & Lively  
Any Flavor 3 8-oz. cups **89¢**

## Orange Juice

A&P Grade "A" Frozen  
3 12-oz. cans **1.00**

<b>FLAVOR</b> <b>C Drinks</b> 2 46-oz. cans <b>89¢</b>	<b>ADD ZEST TO FOOD</b> <b>Ketchup</b> ANN PAGE 3 14-oz. bottles <b>1.00</b>
<b>DINA</b> <b>Tomato Paste</b> 4 6-oz. cans <b>95¢</b>	<b>VEGETABLE-3-LB. CAN</b> <b>Crisco Shortening</b> <b>1.49</b>
<b>HAND-ANY VARIETY</b> <b>Master Pastries</b> 10-oz. pkg. <b>49¢</b>	<b>SUNSHINE-10-OZ. PACKAGE</b> <b>Cheez-It Crackers</b> <b>65¢</b>

<b>AMERICAN CHEESE</b> <b>Borden's Slices</b> Past. Process 12-oz. pkg. <b>99¢</b>	<b>FROZEN NIBLETS or PEAS</b> <b>Green Giant</b> 2 10-oz. pkgs. <b>89¢</b>
<b>BREAKSTONE STAY N' SHAPE</b> <b>Cottage Cheese</b> 12-oz. cup <b>65¢</b>	<b>FROZEN ANY VARIETY</b> <b>Morton Pot Pies</b> 4 8-oz. pkgs. <b>1.00</b>

### Produce Dept. Values at A&P

**GRADE "A"**

## Wildmere Large Eggs

With \$7.50 Purchase & Coupon Below  
1 dozen **49¢**

**COMBO SALE!**

## Ham Bologna and American Cheese

You get half lb. of each  
both for **1.59** lb.



**"The Natural Snack"**  
Sweet Luscious  
**Grapes** **49¢** lb.

**RED, BLACK or SEEDLESS**

## Bananas

Golden Ripe  
4 lbs. **88¢**

## Sunkist Oranges

Juicy Fresh Flavor  
10 88 Size **99¢**

**AUNDRY**  
**Detergent** 49-oz. pkg. **1.29**

**12 1/2-OZ. CAN**  
**Spoonfuls** 3 for **1.00**

**ORDER FOIL**  
**Aluminum Foil** 200 sq. ft. roll **1.99**

**VIRGINIA STYLE DOMESTIC**  
**Baked Ham** half pound **1.19**

**DELICIOUS**  
**Shrimp Salad** half pound **95¢**

**SMOKED**  
**Whitefish Chubs** half pound **99¢**

**SWEET AND JUICY**  
**Bartlett Pears** 3 lbs. **1.00**

**SERVE BAKED, MASHED or CANDIED**  
**Golden Yams** lb. **19¢**

**U.S. #1-2 1/4" MIN.-RED**  
**Delicious Apples** 3 lb. bag **89¢**

**BUTTERNUT or**  
**Acorn Squash** 2 lbs. **25¢**

**JUMBO 4 SIZE**  
**Honeydews** each **1.39**

**U.S. NO. 1-BAKING**  
**Russet Potatoes** 5 lb. bag **79¢**

**FIRM, CRISP**  
**Cucumbers** 3 for **49¢**

**HONEY SWEET**  
**Golden Carrots** 2 lb. bag **39¢**

<b>ER COUPON</b> With This Coupon \$7.50 Purchase <b>ALLGOOD Sliced Bacon</b> <b>1.19</b>	<b>SUPER COUPON</b> With This Coupon \$7.50 Purchase <b>WILDMERE Large Eggs</b> <b>49¢</b>	<b>VALUABLE COUPON</b> <b>FREE!</b> WITH THIS COUPON & \$7.50 PURCHASE <b>Sweathog Book Cover</b> HORSHACK Limit one per family. Valid thru Sat., Sept. 11th.	<b>VALUABLE COUPON</b> <b>40¢ OFF</b> ONE 24-OZ. CAN <b>20 RINGS</b> <b>Max-Pax Coffee</b> Limit one per family. Valid thru Sat., Sept. 11th.	<b>VALUABLE COUPON</b> <b>40¢ OFF</b> ONE 2-LB. CAN <b>Maxwell House Coffee</b> Limit one per family. Valid thru Sat., Sept. 11th.	<b>VALUABLE COUPON</b> <b>20¢ OFF</b> ONE 10-LB. BAG <b>Gravy Train Dog Food</b> Limit one per family. Valid thru Sat., Sept. 11th.	<b>VALUABLE COUPON</b> <b>15¢ OFF</b> ONE 22-OZ. CAN <b>Niagara Spray Starch</b> Limit one per family. Valid thru Sat., Sept. 11th.	<b>VALUABLE COUPON</b> <b>20¢ OFF</b> ONE QT. PLASTIC <b>Step Saver</b> Floor Shine Cleaner Limit one per family. Valid thru Sat., Sept. 11th.
--	---	--	--	--	---	---	---

Prices effective thru Sat., Sept. 11th in A&P Stores in Brooklyn, Queens, Nassau, Suffolk County. Detergents not sold in Suffolk County. Not responsible for typographical errors. In order to assure a sufficient quantity of sale items for all our customers, we reserve the right to limit sales to 3 packages of any item unless otherwise noted.



CONSUMER NOTES

Food Cooperatives Get Brand-Name Products

By IRVIN MOLOTSKY

It may come as a surprise to many people to learn that food cooperatives may purchase articles from brand-name processors...

For example, Dannon, which makes a popular line of yogurt products, has indicated its willingness to sell to co-ops...

Dannon is among several concerns offering such a service, according to a list compiled by the New York City Department of Consumer Affairs.

Some of the suppliers on the list are also willing to sell to individuals not connected with co-ops...

For example, those dealing with some vendors at the Bronx Terminal Market must be prepared to make their purchases before dawn.

The cost-saving advantages of co-ops are well known, as are the disadvantages—picking up the goods and delivering them to members...

In a recent week, for example, the Consumer Affairs Department found that 60-cent prices were 48 percent lower for onions than in food stores...

Gasoline Survey Points To Best Buy in Boroughs

Another effort by the Consumer Affairs Department has come up with the oft-unsurprising news that gasoline costs more in Manhattan than any other borough.

Most New Yorkers probably would guess that Staten Island has the lowest gasoline prices, that borough being the least densely populated and less subject to the urban woes that increase costs.

The average price by borough in cents per gallon were:

L.I. Workers Cite G.O.P. Kickbacks

WESTBURY, L.I., Sept. 7—Nine government witnesses testified today that it was common practice to contribute 1 percent of their salaries to the Town of Hempstead Republican Finance Committee...

motorists who live outside Manhattan should fill up their tanks before driving into midtown.

Dangerous Pacifiers Found Still in Homes and Stores

Following the death of a 5-year-old baby who choked on a faulty pacifier last February, the Federal Consumer Products Safety Commission issued a recall of the devices.

The distributor is La Cibles Inc. of Union City, N.J., which is cooperating with the Federal agency in the attempt to recall all of the pacifiers.

A toll-free telephone number has been set up for people who believe they have purchased one of the suspect pacifiers. The number is (800) 638-2666.

The handle of the pacifier is in the shape of an animal head, a flower or a hairy with a cowboy hat or a sailor cap.

Lightweight Sports Jackets Present a Fire Hazard

The Consumer Product Safety Commission also issued a warning to people who bought men's and boys' lightweight nylon sports jackets from October to December 1974.

The jackets present a fire hazard to wearers, the commission said, and a Federal District Court in Louisville upheld seizure of the jackets by a Federal marshal.

J.C. Penney cooperated with the Government in recalling the jackets from its stores, but some probably are still in use.

MW Machine wash warm-line dry only—Towncraft Boys-Sports Outer Wear—J.C. Penney—Made in Malaysia; or Town 'n' Trail—Made in Singapore.

Amateur Football Players Are Warned of Injuries

The smell of autumn in the air will doubtless send legions of middle-aged Joe Namaths, O.J. Simpsons, and Larry Conkas into sandlots along city streets and patches of grass near suburban parkways.

Injuries include broken collarbones for those out using shoulder pads, eye cuts and broken noses for those out wearing helmets and leg bruises for those whose knee pads fall to stay in place.



\*WE GLADLY REDEEM\* U.S.D.A. FOOD COUPONS

GRAND OPENING KEY FOOD 245 REID AVE. BROOKLYN N.Y. CORNER HALSEY ST.

Pepsi-Cola 64 Ounce N.R. Bot. 69¢

Green Giant Niblets Corn 12 Oz. Vac. Can 3 89¢

Red Cross Salt Plain or Iodized 26 Oz. Cont. 15¢

Coupon Savings TAX WILL BE COLLECTED ON FULL SHELF PRICE OF TAXABLE ITEMS

Ballard Biscuits Sweet Milk or Buttermilk 15¢ OFF

KEY Quality Ice Tea Mix 20¢ OFF

Snowy Bleach 15¢ OFF

Woolite 10¢ OFF

Kotex Feminine Napkins 40¢ OFF

Cold Power Detergent 15¢ OFF

Chuck Steaks U.S.D.A. Choice Beef 59¢

London Broil U.S.D.A. Choice Beef \$1.59

Fresh Ground Beef Chuck Chopped 89¢

Spare Ribs Fresh Meaty Pork \$1.29

Sausage Italian Style Pork \$1.39

London Broil Shoulder \$1.49

Sirloin Steak \$1.29

Porterhouse Steaks \$1.59

Shoulder Blade Bone Lamb Chops \$1.69

Fillet Steaks U.S.D.A. Choice Beef \$1.29

Veal Cutlets Italian Style...From Leg \$2.79

Chicken Broilers & Fry Whole...2 1/2 Lb. 49¢

Roast Beef U.S.D.A. Choice \$1.29

KEY FOOD BACK TO SCHOOL SAVINGS

DAIRY FOOD FRIENDSHIP COTTAGE CHEESE 65¢

Borden's Singles 99¢

Garlic Dill Batampick Pickles 69¢

Mozzarella Non Dairy...Gold Bowl Margarine 65¢

CHOC FULL O'NUTS Marble Cake 79¢

KEY Quality Orange Juice 39¢

Pancake Batter 55¢

Cod Fillets MEAT or CHEESE 89¢

Builton Ravioli 89¢

KEY Vegetables CHOPPED BROCCOLI MIXED VEGETABLES \$1.00

DELI SPECIALS Boiled Ham 1.29

Chicken Roll 99¢

Salad Sale 49¢

Genoa Salami 1.19

Roast Beef 1.49

Large White Fish 1.29

HEBREW NATIONAL Salami or Bologna 1.45

Jarlsberg 2.89

KEY Quality Mayonnaise 69¢

KEY Quality Peanut Butter 79¢

KEY Quality...Plastic Sandwich Bags 99¢

Dish Detergent Palmolive Liquid 99¢

Hi-C Assorted Fruit Drinks 39¢

KEY Waffles 59¢

KEY Vegetables CHOPPED BROCCOLI MIXED VEGETABLES \$1.00

DELI SPECIALS Boiled Ham 1.29

Chicken Roll 99¢

Salad Sale 49¢

Genoa Salami 1.19

Roast Beef 1.49

Large White Fish 1.29

HEBREW NATIONAL Salami or Bologna 1.45

Jarlsberg 2.89

5 LB. BAG Dominick Granulated Sugar 67¢

All Cooking Varieties My-T-Fine Pudding 59¢

College Inn Chicken Broth 49¢

FRUIT & PRODUCE Tomatoes 39¢

Grapes 59¢

Italian Prunes 1.00

Cucumbers 39¢

Grapefruit 1.00

Oranges 1.00

Bananas Golden 59¢

Russet Potatoes 59¢

U.S. No. 1... 59¢

69¢

59¢

59¢

59¢

59¢

59¢

59¢

59¢

59¢

59¢

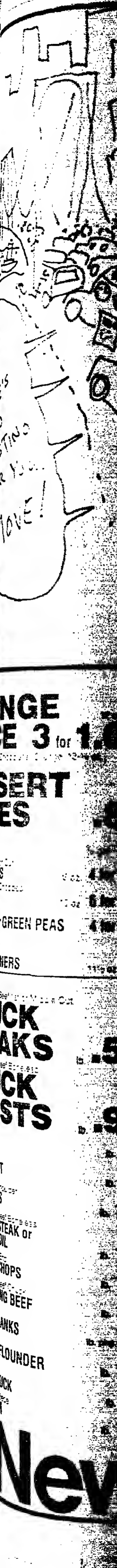
59¢

Good things are cooking in The New York Times on Sundays, too.

There are lots more tempting recipes to try in The New York Times Magazine.



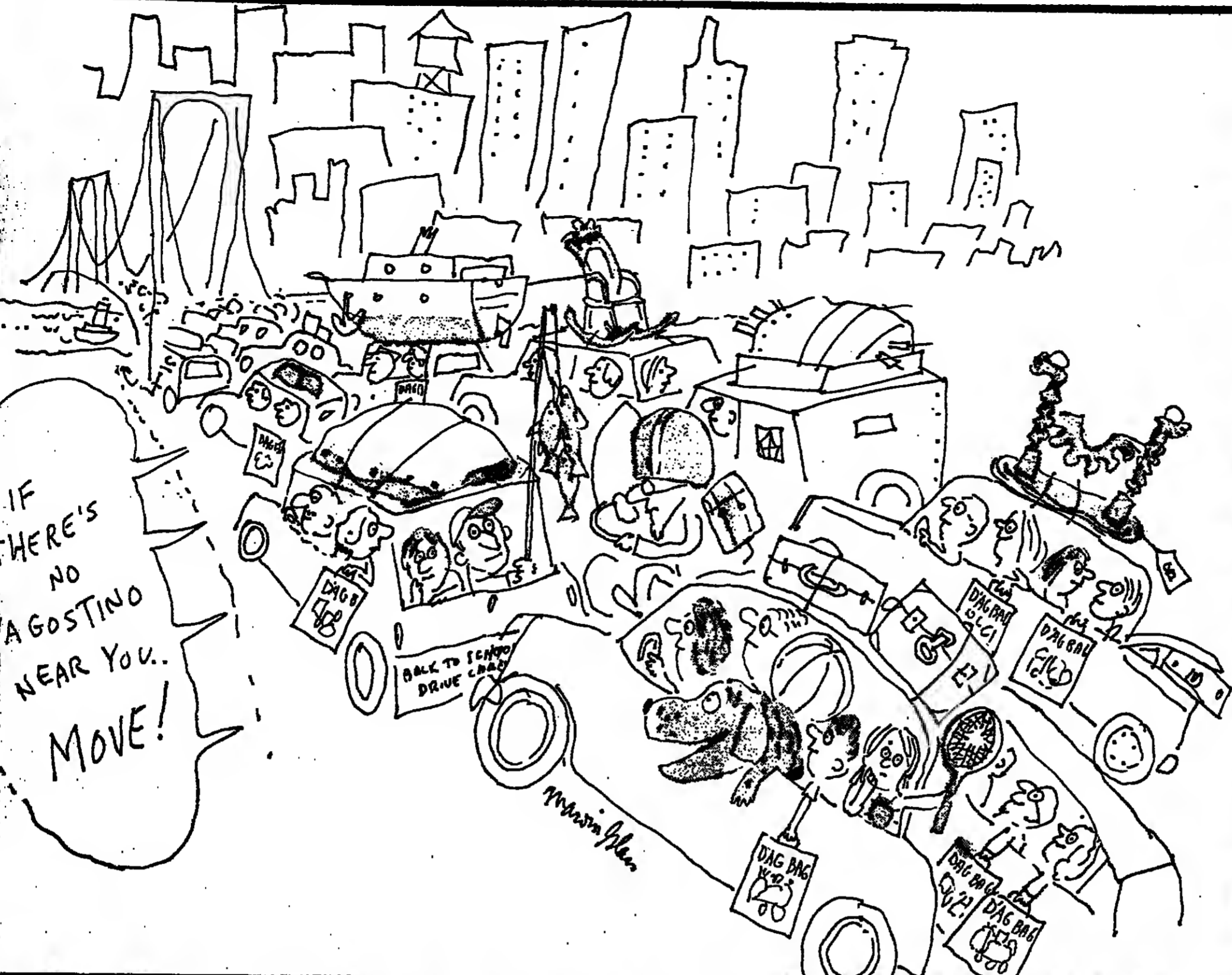
And for a special treat every day, why not arrange for convenient home delivery of The Times. Just call toll-free 800-325-6400.





Sept 10 1976

**Join \$**  
**1. A. CHOICE BEEF LOIN**  
 Make the 1/2 Portion in Steaks!  
**or Bar-B-Q**  
 \$1.59 T-Bone Steak  
**Pork Shoulder**  
 Fresh Bone-in  
**69c**  
**Chicken Parts**  
 Fresh Quarters  
**59c**  
**Franks**  
**89c**  
**TO SCHOOLS!**  
 Quality  
**onnaise**  
**9c**  
 Quality  
**nt Butter**  
**9c**  
 Quality Plastic  
**rich Bags**  
**9c**  
 Detergent  
**ive Liquid**  
**9c**



**OSTINO D'AGOSTINO D'AG**

**PRODUCE**  
 3 Tomatoes \$1.00  
 3 Grapes .59  
 4 Italian Prunes \$1.00  
 4 Cucumbers .39  
 3 Grapefruit \$1.00  
 6 Oranges \$1.00  
 10 Oranges \$1.00  
 and for a special price every day...  
 range for...  
 home deli...  
 The...  
 Just call...  
 800-325...

**DAIRY**  
 Parkay  
**MARGARINE** 16 oz. qtrs. **.39**  
 Kraft  
**AMERICAN SINGLES** 8 oz. **.69**  
 Friendship  
**POT CHEESE** 12 oz. cont. **.59**  
 Dorman's Imported  
**AUSTRIAN SWISS CHEESE** 6 oz. **.69**  
 Foodtown  
**POTATO SALAD or COLE SLAW** 15 oz. **.39**  
 Tropicana  
**ORANGE JUICE** qt. cont. **.39**  
 Rondele  
**HERB or PEPPER CHEESE** 4 1/2 oz. **.69**  
 Pillsbury  
**BUTTERMILK BISCUITS** 8 oz. **.17**  
**HEALTH & BEAUTY**  
 Colgate Large  
**TOOTHPASTE** 5 oz. **.69**  
 Tylenol  
**TYLENOL** 24's **.39**  
 Adhesive Bandage Strip 3/4" Plastic  
**BAND-AID BRAND** 60's **.59**

**GROCERY**  
 Foodtown or Domino  
**SUGAR** 5 lb. **.85**  
 Skippy Creamy or Crunchy  
**PEANUT BUTTER** 18 oz. **.89**  
 Mott's  
**APPLESAUCE** 25 oz. **.49**  
 Schmidt's 12 oz. bottle  
**BEER** 6 for **.99**  
 Reg., Diet or Light 12 oz. can  
**PEPSI** 6 for **.99**  
 Del Monte  
**TOMATO SAUCE** 8 oz. 2 for **.35**  
 Foodtown All Flavors  
**REG. or DIET SDDAS** 28 oz. 4 for **.99**  
**TIDE** 49 oz. **1.29**  
 Kleenex White or Ass'l.  
**FACIAL TISSUES** 200's **.49**  
**PRODUCE**  
 Golden Ripe  
**BANANAS** lb. **.19**  
 Salad Pleasers  
**CHERRY TOMATOES** pt. **.49**  
 Crisp Pascal  
**CELERY** stalk **.39**  
 California Sunkist  
**ORANGES** 10 for **.89**  
 Fancy Fruit Farms  
**STRAWBERRY JAM** 14 oz. jar **.89**

**MEAT**  
 A. Choice Beef 1st or Middle Cut  
**HUCK TEAKS** lb. **.59**  
 A. Choice Beef Boneless  
**HUCK ROASTS** lb. **.99**  
 Sliced  
**LIVER** lb. **.39**  
 or Stuffing  
**L BREAST** lb. **.89**  
 American Shoulder  
**B CHOPS** lb. **1.59**  
 A. Choice Beef Boneless  
**ULDER STEAK or DON BROIL** lb. **1.49**  
 Rib or Loin End  
**PORK CHOPS** lb. **1.09**  
 A. Choice Beef Chuck  
**E STEWING BEEF** lb. **1.59**  
**BEEF FRANKS** lb. pkg. **.99**  
**READY FLOUNDER** lb. **1.29**  
**ROUND CHUCK** lb. **.99**  
 Sliced By the Piece  
**KEY HAM** lb. **1.79**

**New York's Grocer**

All Prices Apply Tues. Sept. 7 thru Sat. Sept. 11, 1976. We Reserve the Right to Limit Quantity to Three (3) Sale Items.











# EDUCATION

### For the woman who wants a job that's "something special"...

#### 4 ways to move ahead in business

- 1. Career Action—General Management Courses
- 2. Career Action—Sales Management Courses
- 3. Career Action—Accounting Management Courses
- 4. The Administrative Assistant

#### 10 ways to brush up your office skills --or learn the new ones you need

- 1. Beginning Typing
- 2. Beginning Shorthand
- 3. Refresher Typing
- 4. Refresher Shorthand
- 5. Business English
- 6. Advanced Business English
- 7. The Legal Secretary
- 8. Practical Mathematics
- 9. Correspondence Specialist for Word Processing
- 10. Adult Training Program: Entry-level courses in typing, transcription, filing, more.

#### 5 ways to get a new outlook on your career, your money--yourself

- 1. Career Planning
- 2. Focus: Shaping a Better You
- 3. Psychology for Women
- 4. You and Your Money
- 5. Rethinking Your Investments

If you want the kind of job you're proud to tell your friends about...a job that's head and shoulders above so many others...then look at the many ways Katharine Gibbs School can help you prepare yourself.

In addition, Gibbs offers specialized office skills courses for both beginners and those who want to brush up. And, for mature people who want to enter or re-enter business, Gibbs offers the special Adult Training Program.

Here are evening and spare-time courses for people who want to advance into management...shape a successful new career...manage their money...even improve their self-image!

A brief listing of Gibbs courses appears above. For details, check the appropriate category on the coupon, then mail it to the address shown. Or, call: (212) 867-9300, Ext. 3185.

### Katharine Gibbs School

200 Park Avenue, New York, NY 10017

Please send me information about the following (check as many as you like):

- Career advancement courses
- Office skills courses
- Self-development courses

Name \_\_\_\_\_  
 Address \_\_\_\_\_  
 City \_\_\_\_\_ State \_\_\_\_\_ Zip \_\_\_\_\_  
 Telephone \_\_\_\_\_

## In Fall Semester 1976 PACE UNIVERSITY Will Accept A Limited Number of Special Students (non-matriculated basis) for Graduate Courses in EDUCATIONAL ADMINISTRATION at a choice of two campuses

### WHITE PLAINS CAMPUS

- Saturday Classes (9:00 - 11:35 a.m.; 12:00 - 2:35 p.m.)
- The Community & the School Administrator
- Supervision & the Improvement of Teaching & Learning
- Seminar: Management & Educational Leadership in an Urban Society

### NEW YORK CITY CAMPUS

- Saturday Classes (9:00 - 11:35 a.m.; 12:00 - 2:35 p.m.)
- The Community & the School Administrator
- The Teacher, the Student & the School Administrator
- Principles, Problems & Procedures in Administering
  - (a) An Urban Elementary School
  - (b) An Urban High School
  - (c) An Urban Middle School
- Supervision & the Improvement of Teaching & Learning
- Curriculum Workshop for School Administrators
- Seminar: Management & Educational Leadership in an Urban Society
- Weekday Evenings (6:00 - 8:35 p.m.)
  - Fundamentals of Educational Administration (Mon.)
  - The School Superintendent in Changing Times (Wed.)
  - Education Law & the School Administrator (Thurs.)

The Fall Semester commences September 18, 1976.

For information and applications write or phone Dr. Leo Weitz, Director, Graduate Program in Educational Administration, Pace University, Pace Plaza, New York, N.Y. 10038. Tel. (212) 285-3748.



New York City Campus: Pace Plaza, New York, N.Y. 10038  
White Plains Campus: 78 North Broadway, White Plains, N.Y. 10603

## New York State and Israeli Join to Train Americans as I

### Found to Aid Know

By MOSHE BRILLIANT  
Special to The New York Times

TEL AVIV, Sept. 7—New Yorkers crowded out of congested medical schools at home will be helped to become physicians by the State of New York in a four-year study program at Tel Aviv University.

The program, patterned after an arrangement between the state and the University of Vermont, is the first involving a school outside the United States. New York State will pay \$6,000 a year for each student. The students will pay another \$6,000 in tuition but will be eligible for scholarships and loans available to any others in the state.

An innovation in the Tel Aviv University plan requires the students to undertake to work three of four years after graduation in areas of medical need in New York to be designated by the state.

### Classes to Start Next Year

Forty students will be admitted annually. Barring hitches, it is planned to start classes in September 1977.

A bill authorizing the arrangement was signed by Governor Carey in July after it was adopted overwhelmingly by the State Legislature. The senate and the board of governors of the university also approved it. Still required is a letter of approval by the Israeli Minister of Education, which has been assured.

Academic details are being worked out by the university's School of Medicine with the Regents of the University of the State of New York. The diplomas of a corporation to be chartered in New York to conduct and operate a graduate school in Tel Aviv will be recognized as equivalent to those of any medical school in the state. The corporation will undertake to raise \$2 million for dormitories, lecture rooms and equipment.

The program will be open to all New Yorkers on the basis of academic standards. Students will be selected in New York by an admissions committee to be appointed by the American corporation and to include members of Tel Aviv University.

The project has stirred some controversy here since the four Israeli medical schools—in Jerusalem, Haifa, Beersheba and Tel Aviv—have been accepting only

300 of the 2,000 who are estimated that 1,500 attend medical schools in Italy.

Michael Bessos, vice president of the American Medical Association, said he was furious when he heard of the plan. Mr. Bessos, who has two Israeli schools competing for his aid, said he was always told it was a matter of time.

Prof. Haim Ben-Shahar, Tel Aviv University, said that he was not a doctor but a professor and doctor. He said he would train more students and attend hospitals where the need was greatest.

The cost of training a doctor is \$12,000 a year, he said, covering 5 percent of the funds for the rest. The Government meets needs and was not doing any more, Prof. Ben-Shahar said.

7,000 Doctors, All Have Jobs, according to Dr. Haim Ben-Shahar, dean of the School of Medicine at the American University.

Classes for the American University will be held in the first two years, required to study Hebrew, when they start. Israeli students and teachers will be made to work in Hebrew.

"You can't teach medicine with patients," the admission requirement to those in American schools will have to have bachelor's degrees in physics, mathematics, biology and chemistry.

The medical college admission requirements will be the same as those of the American medical schools. The project will benefit from the teaching methods and said, adding, "It's got good company."

# EDUCATION

**NEW YORK'S MOST FAMOUS ADVERTISING & MARKETING COURSE**  
 22 weekly sessions, conducted by experts sponsored as a public service by  
**THE ADVERTISING CLUB OF NEW YORK**  
 Total Tuition Only \$116.  
 STARTING THURSDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1976, 6:15 p.m. at the conveniently located  
**Engineers' Club**  
 32 West 40th Street, N.Y.C.  
 Mail coupon today—or phone 685-1810 for brochure and guest tickets to Opening Session

Advertising Club of New York  
 23 Park Avenue, New York, N.Y. 10016  
 Please send me brochure(s) and guest tickets to the  
 No. \_\_\_\_\_ No. \_\_\_\_\_  
 Opening Session of the A&M Course.  
 Name \_\_\_\_\_ (please print)  
 Address \_\_\_\_\_  
 City \_\_\_\_\_ State \_\_\_\_\_ Zip \_\_\_\_\_

**HEALTH CARE HOSPITAL/MEDICAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITIES**

**OCCUPATIONAL THERAPISTS**  
 Immediate openings available for registered occupational therapists at fully accredited (JCAH) adult state psychiatric center in the Hudson Valley, suburban setting with numerous cultural and recreational facilities (six nearby colleges and universities). Mid-way between New York City and the Adirondacks. Responsible for clinical program and assisting with affiliating students. Starting salary \$11,337. Promotional opportunities. Excellent benefits package. Contact: Personnel Director, Hudson River Psychiatric Center, Poughkeepsie, New York 12601.  
 Equal Opportunity Employer

**PSYCHIATRIST**  
 Full time medical director in established clinic serving children and adults. Associates of 375 bed general hospital with 20 psychiatric inpatient units. Opportunity to develop advanced psychiatric services and participate in development of Day Treatment program. Board certified or eligible. Consultant positions. Community psychiatric experience preferred. Salary negotiable. Best benefits. Central office. Excellent cultural and recreational facilities.  
 Contact: Gerald F. Burke, MD, Director of Psychiatry  
 Middlesex Memorial Hospital  
 Middletown, Conn.  
 203-347-6471

**FAMILY PHYSICIAN**  
 Detroit, Michigan is in need of family physicians for solo or group practice. We have offices in several suburban areas. JCAH approved 150 bed multi-care hospital. Family doctors in the professional building share a fully accredited clinical lab & x-ray. You could concentrate in office or write prescriptions. For details, call or write:  
**COMMUNITY MEDICAL MANAGEMENT**  
 Shirley Coonan  
 937 E. Jefferson Ave.,  
 Detroit, Michigan 48207  
 (313) 963-5468

**EXEC DIRECTOR**  
 for non-profit care facility. Accredited agency in Nassau County. Good academic education & experience in community organization necessary. Also knowledge of agency administration, financial care services, community relations, and fund-raising. Writing skills desirable. Some resume & salary requirements in Y 7698 TIMES

**LANGUAGE CENTER**  
 Learn the language you need at The World Trade Center.  
 World Trade Institute  
 Language School  
 One World Trade Center  
 (212) 667-1074  
 9:30 am - 6:30 pm  
 THE PORT AUTHORITY  
 0675264

**CAREERS IN EDUCATION**

**DEAN**  
 Franklin College—  
 Bowling Green State University  
 Huron, Ohio 44839  
 Chief executive officer, responsible for instruction, faculty/staff supervision, student affairs, fiscal affairs, long range planning, and other major planning and administrative functions. Associate of Arts, career education, and continuing education. \$5,400,000 physical plant. Applicants should have demonstrated leadership ability, the M.A. or equivalent terminal credential, successful experience in teaching and administration in higher education, and strong interpersonal, communication and public relations skills.  
 Salary competitive and commensurate with ability and experience. Starting date no later than July 1, 1977.  
 Bowling Green State University is an Equal Opportunity and Affirmative Action Employer.  
 Submit recommendations, applications, and credentials by October 15, 1976, to Dr. Kenneth E. Hill, Search Committee, Franklin College, A.G.S.A., 501 Eye Beach Road, Huron, Ohio 44839.

**VICE PRESIDENT**  
 THE FOUNDATION AT NEW JERSEY INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY  
 An experienced professional with an M.S. in electrical engineering and a Ph.D. in electrical engineering. Position is a newly created position with a great foundation affiliated with New Jersey Institute of Technology. Individual must possess good communication skills and have the ability to relate to high level executives, alumni and faculty.  
 This position offers an opportunity to design and implement a new fund raising program. Individual will report directly to the President of the Foundation. Salary and fringe benefits are commensurate with experience. An Equal Opportunity and Affirmative Action Employer.  
 Resumes should be forwarded to: Dr. Paul J. Nevill, President, The Foundation at New Jersey Institute of Technology, 1001 University Heights, Newark, N.J. 07102.

**PHYSICIAN**  
 Surgical House Officer  
 Full time, New York license required. \$30,000 plus benefits. Long Island Hospital.  
 Send Resume To:  
 P.O. Box 9395-079  
 Garden City, L.I., N.Y. 11530

**THE OTHER FUTURE**  
 Looking to increase your earning potential? Maybe thinking about a new career? Then Real Estate should definitely be considered.  
 Real Estate: Sales and Brokerage course - 30 sessions - Starting September 20, 1976 - Fee: \$125.00 - Monday evenings from 6:30 - 9:00 pm - Staten Island Campus of St. John's University.  
 This professional course is approved by the Veterans Administration and accredited by the New York Department of State in partial fulfillment of the broker's license requirements.  
 It is an excellent preparation for the N.Y. Real Estate Salesman's and Broker's Examination.  
 Certificate awarded on successful completion of the course substitutes for one of the two years of experience required of licensed salesmen.  
 Registration now through Friday, September 17, 9 am - 5 pm.  
 For further information and registration contact: Dr. Edward Shirke, Director, Community Service Program, 201 Howard Ave., Staten Island, New York 10311 - 212-447-4343, Ext. 220

**St. John's UNIVERSITY**  
 NAME \_\_\_\_\_ ADDRESS \_\_\_\_\_  
 CITY \_\_\_\_\_ STATE \_\_\_\_\_ ZIP \_\_\_\_\_

**Playing lots of tennis? Don't stop now!**  
 Play fall, winter, into spring at New York City's luxurious new tennis facility. If you don't have a regular game, we'll put together one for you with players of the same level. We'll watch your kids in our nursery, even teach you with one of our Lessons/Play plans while you play. All just a short job from Bloomingdale's.  
 Call (212) 878-4212 or (516) 454-9222 (eve.) for brochure. Visitor's Center: 1160 Madison Ave. (bet. 85th-86th).  
**Bobby Karlov's EAST RIVER bath & tennis**  
 A Division of PAK Tennis Corp.

**AMERICAN ENGLISH**  
 Basic or Remedial • Day or Evening • Programs Offered On-Site at Major Organizations or in Our Classrooms.  
 929-2100  
**THE LANGUAGE LAB**  
 19 17th Street, N.Y. 10011  
 100 New York University Center  
 100 N. 5th Street, N.Y. 10012

**Social work professionals and volunteers:**  
 Take graduate level NYU courses in your field—on a part-time, nondegree basis—in Manhattan or Westchester.  
 Explore the wide world of social work—test and enrich your skills—with courses in: Social Welfare Programs and Policies. Personality Development. Social Work Research. Skills in Interpersonal Communications. Black and Puerto Rican Life-Styles.  
 Classes meet at two convenient locations:  
 • New York University's Washington Square Center. Right in the heart of New York City—one of the greatest social work laboratories in the world.  
 • The College of New Rochelle. Classes taught Wednesday evenings by faculty members of NYU's School of Social Work.  
 Prerequisites: A bachelor's degree plus work experience or a volunteer commitment in a social work agency.  
 Classes begin September 16.  
 Go on to a graduate degree if you choose: You may qualify for the One Year or Two Year Residence Program leading to the Master of Social Work degree. (Your part-time courses may then be worth up to 12 credits toward your graduate degree.)  
 For full information, phone (212) 598-2614.

**NYU SCHOOL OF SOCIAL WORK**  
 New York University is an equal opportunity institution.

**Earn a High School Diploma**  
 (Fall term starts September 13)  
 A full program of accelerated high school subjects for adult men and women. Classes meet 2 or 4 evenings weekly. Continuous career and college guidance.  
**Rhodes High School**  
 Our 65th year  
 11 West 54 Street  
 New York 10019 • (212) 757-7800

**Never been to an auction?**  
 Look over the Auction Sales Notices, weekdays in the Classified Pages and in Section 9 on Sundays. You might find the very item you've been wishing for scheduled to go to the highest bidder. And that could be you.  
**The New York Times**

**Parsons School of Design**  
 Part Time Evening Professional leading to the  
**Associate in Applied Degree in**  
 Interior Design  
 Fashion Design  
 Graphics & Advertising  
 Illustration  
 Photography  
 Through its evening program Parsons School of Design grants credit for high school students who wish to prepare for their professional careers in their best effort. Courses are taught by distinguished members of the Parsons Design faculty. You will be able to earn more than 1,000 credits by Parsons and The New School. All the AAS degree can be completed in two years.  
 Students with previous college credit may receive transfer credit for the arts requirement of this curriculum.  
 For further information, phone the Continuing Education at (212) 741 mail the coupon below.  
 You may start work toward the AAS with the Fall, 1976 semester. Class Sept. 18. Apply now.  
**Parsons School of Design**  
 An Affiliate of The New School  
 66 Fifth Ave., N.Y., N.Y. 10011 (212)

Parsons/66 Fifth Avenue, N.Y., N.Y. 10011  
 Please send me more information on the Applied Science Degree Program.  
 Name \_\_\_\_\_  
 Address \_\_\_\_\_  
 City/State/Zip \_\_\_\_\_

**french**  
 Register Sept. 13-15 for conversation Native French teachers, modern Small classes. Call 644-1820 for  
**French Institute / Alliance**  
 A friendly corner of France at 22 E. 60 St.

**PACE UNIVERSITY**  
 FALL SEMESTER COURSEWORK:  
 Sept. 1 - Pleasantville (914) 798-3788  
 Sept. 8 - White Plains (914) 948-8494  
 Sept. 17 - N.Y. City (212) 285-3529

**"I studied for three years and I can speak a"**

**NYU**

**LSAT GMAT GRE S.A.T.**

**Calligraphy Workshop**  
 NEW TERM STARTS SEPTEMBER 13TH

Apply to 150



Education

Students Found to Lack Calcul-Aid Know-How

By GENE I. MAEROFF

availability of billions of dollars for college students... recipients may not be maximum benefits because of the know-how to cope... The number of pupils in a class is considered by most educators to be a key factor in determining their performance...

Complex Problem... getting information is one that has grown... Just a few years ago, when many women's colleges were hurrying to become coeducational, some people were predicting that there was no future for such institutions...

Now, the facts indicate otherwise... The Women's College Coalition, an organization of 70 institutions, is expected to see a 3.4 percent increase in the combined undergraduate enrollment of its members...

Education

"I studied French for three years, and I can't speak a word!"

Everybody says it, it seems. But not those who have taken any of the courses in our Foreign Language Program... Here, classes are taught by teachers experienced in teaching adults and who understand the difficulties of learning a language...

NYU School of Continuing Education form with fields for Name, Address, City, State, Zip, and a note to send a copy of a free brochure.

LSAT, GMAT, GRE S.A.T. Etc. advertisement for test preparation.

Calligraphy Workshop advertisement for a new term starting September 13th.

EDUCATION

R.S.V.P.

New York University invites you to join us.

- Joseph Hellar, Erich Leinsdorf, Felix Rohatyn, Joel Siegal, Israel Horowitz, Victor Gottbaum, Alix Katas, Shulman, Maurice Nadjari, Gail Sheehy, Albert Shanker, Jack Newfield, Tom O'Horgan, Robert Morgenthau, Hiro Mel-Gussow, Robert Ornstein, Cornell Capa, Nat Henloff, Nicholas Scoppetta, Dan Dorfman, Bernadine Morris, Harold Schoenberg, Jerzy Kosinski, and others.

Active New Yorkers teach and learn at NYU—their kind of excitement means involvement and discovery on an adult level... You can learn everything from Art to Zen. More than 800 stimulating non-credit evening and daytime courses...

NYU School of Continuing Education form with fields for Name, Address, City, State, Zip, and a note to send a copy of a free brochure.

continuing education at COLUMBIA

This fall, Columbia University, one of the world's leading research and teaching institutions, inaugurates a Program for Continuing Education...

The initial phase of the program begins in early October with a series of non-credit courses in areas of both traditional importance and contemporary interest...

- Courses are taught by Columbia faculty. All classes meet in the early evenings or on Saturdays. Students enrolled in courses may use Columbia's extensive facilities. Indoor parking is available on campus, which may also be reached by bus or subway. Registration is by mail. Fees are moderate.

Columbia University form with fields for Name, Address, City, State, Zip, and a note to send a copy of a free brochure.

Four Masters Programs at the Center for New York City Affairs of The New School

I. Evening Masters Program in Human Resources, Personnel and Manpower Development... Designed to provide people presently employed in the field of personnel, labor relations, and manpower with a broad foundation of theoretical and practical knowledge.

II. Daytime Masters Program in Urban Affairs and Policy Analysis... Prepares college-graduates for challenging careers in government, community organizations and business.

III. Master of Professional Studies in Gerontological Services Administration... This new graduate degree program—the first of its kind in the New York metropolitan area—is intended primarily for those now employed in city and state departments of senior citizens' affairs...

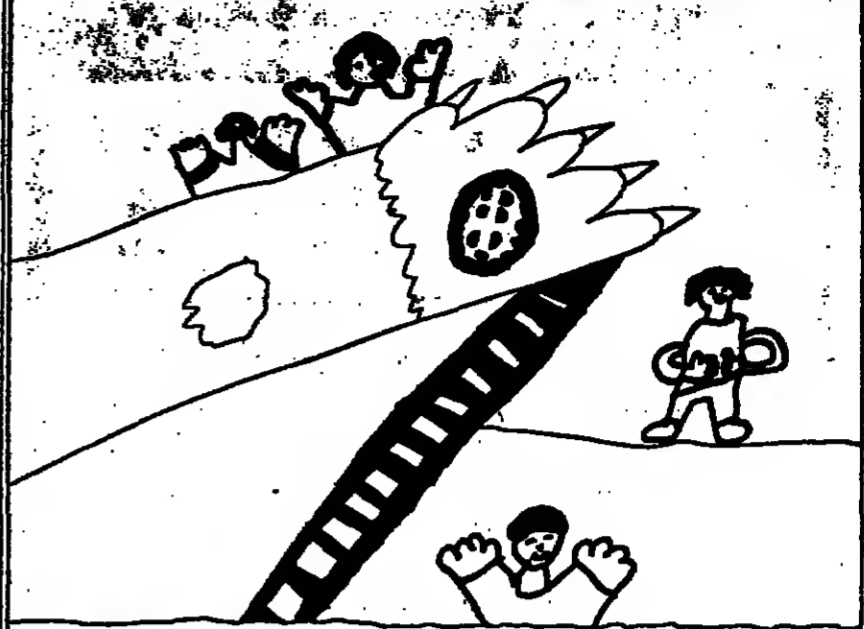
IV. Master of Professional Studies Degree in Health Services Administration... This program is primarily designed for administrators in nursing homes, mental health centers, ambulatory health facilities, health maintenance organizations, voluntary health agencies, comprehensive health planning agencies, state and federal regulatory agencies, governmental health and mental health departments, and other health agencies.

A limited number of students not seeking a degree will be permitted to register for individual courses. Applications for all programs for the Fall are now being accepted. For more information on all programs, call 741-7820 or mail the coupon.

The New School form with fields for Name, Address, City, State, Zip, and a note to send a copy of a free brochure.

Media Production

Young Filmmakers Inc. is offering accredited, evening practical workshops at The New School... FILM ANIMATION, SUPER 8MM, MEDIA ELECTRONICS & REPAIR, SYNC SOUND SLIDE SHOWS, DIRECTING ACTORS.



When Saturday's child grows up... why does the fun go out of art? Brandon White, Age 7

When you are a child, you're encouraged to create for the fun of it. So, what you do is spontaneous and free. But, the conditioning of a controlling world, often diverts a natural talent from taking a natural course...

THE SCHOOL OF VISUAL ARTS advertisement listing various art programs like Fine Arts, Media Arts, Film, Video, Tape, Photography.

Only at The New School

51 Literature Courses

- Courses include: Modern and Contemporary Poetry (#3513), The Logic of Poetry (#3518), American Poetry and the Visual Arts since Cezanne (#3520), The Art of the Short Story (#3533), The Ghost Story in England and America (#3535), The Roots of Contemporary Drama (#3540), Sociological Approaches to Modern Literature (#3545), The Russian Novel I: From Pushkin to Tolstoy (#3550), Latin America and the European Literary Avant-Garde (#3555), Yiddish Theatre and Drama (#3563), The Novel of the Supernatural (#3568), American Indian Literature: Traditional Verbal Art (#3575), Kabuki Theatre—Techniques and Appreciation (#3580), Chinese Culture and Civilization (#3585).

All of these courses may be taken for non-credit and most for credit. Classes start September 18. Send for the free, illustrated Fall '76 New School Bulletin or call 982-5555 at any time.

The New School advertisement with logo and address: 66 West 12th St., N.Y. 10011.

Advertisement for Greek language classes and other educational services.

Vertical text on the left edge of the page, including 'York State', 'to Train America', 'Education', 'ork nals', 'ETS:', 'LSAT', 'GMAT', 'GRE', 'S.A.T.', 'Etc.', 'Calligraphy', 'Workshop', 'NEW TERM STARTS SEPTEMBER 13TH', 'en to', 'fr', 'en to'.



# The New York Times Is Fun. Here's living, flippable proof.

## DE GUSTIBUS

### Ale Lovers: A Yard of Flannel

by CRAIG CLAIBORNE

"The Savoy Cocktail Book" containing cocktail recipes compiled by Harry Craddock, bartender of the Savoy Hotel in London, was published in 1930 and is something of a museum piece. We recently referred to it again and read the hints on cocktail mixing for the novice bartender. The instructions are as follows:

"1. Ice is nearly always an absolute essential for any cocktail.

"2. Never use the same ice twice.

"3. Remember that the ingredients mix better in a shaker rather than in a glass. This is not necessary to contain them.

"4. Shake the shaker as hard as you can; don't just rock it; you are trying to wake it up, not send it to sleep."

We made reference to the book pursuant to a letter from Marshall M. Reisman of Manhattan who asked, "Do you have a recipe for a well-spiced rum beverage that was popular in the early 1800s, which was called either a 'flip' or a 'yard of flannel'?"

The Savoy book explained that "the flip, particularly the variety made with rum, is renowned as an old-fashioned drink of great popularity among sailors. It is usually made in the following manner:

#### RUM FLIP

1 egg  
1/2 tablespoon powdered sugar  
1/2 glass [2-ounce] of rum, brandy, port wine, sherry or whisky.  
Shake well and strain into a medium-size glass. Grate a little mace on top. In cold weather a dash of powdered ginger can be added.  
The book then proceeds to a recipe for an ale flip, and we presume with some assurance that this is the drink known as a "yard of flannel." The name, we deduce, comes about in that the drink is made by pouring back and forth from one jug to another, one jug raised high above the other. This is not a recipe.

#### ALE FLIP

"Put on the fire in a saucepan one quart of ale, and let it boil; have ready the whites of two eggs and the yolks of four, well beaten up separately, add them by degrees to the boiling ale by degrees, heating up the mixture continually; then pour it rapidly backward and forward from one jug to another, keeping one jug raised high above the other 'til the flip is smooth and finely frothed." The bartender adds "This is a good remedy to take at the commencement of a cold." Another presumption: We believe the "mace sugar" referred to is brown sugar.

Join the fun every day... right in your own home. Just call toll-free 800-325-6400 for convenient, dependable home delivery of **The New York Times**. Home delivery is available through independent route dealers for an extra service charge in most parts of the New York metropolitan area and in key cities throughout the United States.

## CROSSWORD PUZZLE

Edited by WILL WENG

**ACROSS**

1 Shri! cries  
6 Unharmonious  
10 Forgery  
14 N.Y. city  
15 Unaccompanied  
16 Ore deposit  
17 Bear of down under  
18 Follower of four  
19 Arden et al.  
20 Pullman section  
22 Morays  
23 Shea player  
24 Deserve  
25 Skunk's protection

26 Govt. agency  
27 "One-way" sign  
30 Prefix for suggestion  
33 Year-end sale  
37 Actor Evans  
40 Aquatic mammal  
41 Least homely  
43 Swiss artist  
44 Baker's need  
45 Draft agency: Abbr.  
47 Presents  
50 Be contiguous  
52 Hart's "One"

55 Indian of Arizona  
56 Canopy bed  
59 Sobert  
60 King of Siam's friend  
61 Valarie Harper role  
62 Brew, as coffee  
63 Vegas "lady"  
64 It makes the mare go  
65 Important times  
66 Wimbledon V.I.P.  
67 Gardener's purchase

**DOWN**

1 L'I' Abner  
2 Run away  
3 Vanited  
4 Fence picket  
5 Caught  
6 TV actor Ed  
7 Periodical  
8 Got off  
9 Portnoy's creator  
10 Emulates Lady Macbeth  
11 Be doubtful  
12 Miss St. Johns  
13 Unkempt  
21 Sheepish cry  
23 Rail bird  
26 Nap  
28 Leftovers  
29 Sheila Mac  
30 Elec. unit  
31 Mideast abbr.  
32 Calendar abbr.  
33 \$100 bills  
34 Zero  
35 Iowa college  
36 Compass point  
38 Residents: Suffix  
39 Undercover group: Abbr.  
42 Loyal  
45 Dine  
46 Rages  
47 Form  
48 Hank Aaron's poet  
49 Verdi work  
51 Bus stopper  
52 Redeem oneself  
53 Gave up  
54 Salvors  
56 F.D.R. pet  
57 Burden  
58 Moccasin

ANSWER TO PREVIOUS PUZZLE

1. SHRIEK 2. SIGN 3. VANISHED 4. PICKET 5. CAUGHT 6. ED 7. PERIODICAL 8. GOT OFF 9. PORTNOY'S CREATOR 10. EMULATES LADY MACBETH 11. BE DOUBTFUL 12. MISS ST. JOHNS 13. UNKEMPT 14. N.Y. CITY 15. UNACCOMPANIED 16. ORE DEPOSIT 17. BEAR OF DOWN UNDER 18. FOLLOWER OF FOUR 19. ARDEN ET AL. 20. PULLMAN SECTION 21. SHEEPISH CRY 22. MORAYS 23. SHEA PLAYER 24. DESERVE 25. SKUNK'S PROTECTION 26. GOVT. AGENCY 27. "ONE-WAY" SIGN 28. LEFTOVERS 29. SHEILA MAC 30. PREFIX FOR SUGGESTION 31. MIDEAST ABBR. 32. CALENDAR ABBR. 33. \$100 BILLS 34. ZERO 35. IOWA COLLEGE 36. COMPASS POINT 37. ACTOR EVANS 38. RESIDENTS: SUFFIX 39. UNDERCOVER GROUP: ABBR. 40. AQUATIC MAMMAL 41. LEAST HOMELY 42. LOYAL 43. SWISS ARTIST 44. BAKER'S NEED 45. DRAFT AGENCY: ABBR. 46. RAGES 47. FORM 48. HANK AARON'S POET 49. VERDI WORK 50. BE CONTIGUOUS 51. BUS STOPPER 52. REDEEM ONESELF 53. GAVE UP 54. SALVORS 55. INDIAN OF ARIZONA 56. CANOPY BED 57. BURDEN 58. MOCCASIN

## Bridge: A Modest Player Triumphs And Keeps Identity Secret

By ALAN TRUSCOTT

It is widely believed that there are no modest bridge players—at any rate in the higher echelons of the tournament world. If there is such a player, he has so far failed to come forward and claim the honor.

There was some reason to think that there was a modest player in the Spring Nationals in Kansas City, but he might have had something to be modest about. An anonymous gentleman achieved a rare technical triumph on the diagramed deal from a Swiss team match, but neglected to report his wizardry to the assembled journalists. This duty was carried out by one of his opponents, Ganesan Sekhar of Winnipeg, Manitoba.

The opening bid of one spade was passed around to South, who ended the auction with a jump bid to four hearts. West led the spade king and had a problem at the second trick.

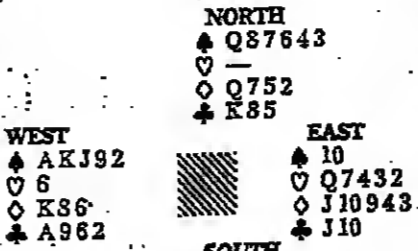
South Wins With Queen

A shift to a red suit would have been best, but this was hard to judge and in practice he played the club ace followed by another club. South won with the queen and played trumps to force out the queen. After East's diamond return, taken by the ace, South played two more trumps to reach this position:



When South led another trump, West was helpless. He could not part with either king without giving dummy a trick, and when he threw a club, South simply played that suit, establishing a winner in his hand to make the last trick.

Sekhar, sitting East, subsequently reported that his partner had been the victim of a rare position, a triple trump squeeze. The fact that South failed to take the credit might be due to his innate modesty, or to the fact that had no idea what he had accomplished and was content to be modest about his ignorance.



Both sides were vulnerable. The bidding: West North East South: 1♠ Pass Pass Pass: 2♠ Pass Pass Pass: 3♠ Pass Pass Pass: 4♥

The winners of titles at the New Jersey Bridge League's sectional tournament at West Orange over the weekend were:

- Men's Pairs—Robert Danielson, Hackensack, and Robert Hertzberg, Midland Park.
- Women's Pairs—Darrow Baird, Scotch Plains, and Trudy Farnis, Union.
- Mixed Pairs—Marge West, Maplewood, and Al Florenza, Livingston.
- Open Pairs—Barbara Tepper, Montclair, and Lester Scholover, Nutley.
- Life Master Pairs—E. J. Carone, West Orange, and Erwin Perli, East Orange.
- Non-Life Master Pairs—Stanley Chomak, Wayne, and Robert Hertzberg, Midland Park.
- Swiss Teams—Richard Celler, Madison; Robert Ryder, Caldwell; Frank Bursuch, Springfield, and William Dmlar, Basking Ridge.

## New Books

- GENERAL**
- Alcoholism: Its Causes and Cure, by Harry Milt (Scribner's, \$7.95).
  - Hide in Plain Sight, by Leslie Waller (Delacorte, \$8.95). How the Federal Government kept a man from his family.
  - Islam & The Arab World, edited by Bernard Lewis, illustrated with 435 reproductions of photographs and maps (Knopf, \$29.95 until Dec. 31, \$35, thereafter).
  - Modigliani, by William Fairfield (Morrow, \$11.95). Biography of painter.
  - Mothers Ireland, by Edna O'Brien (Harcourt Brace Jovanovich, \$12.95). Novelist's view of her native country, illustrated with 38 photographs.
  - Signal Zero, by George Kirkham (Lippincott, \$8.95). College professor becomes police officer.
- FICTION**
- Bloody September, by C. A. Haddad (Harper & Row, \$7.95). Adventures of Israeli intelligence agent.
  - Serenade for a Skylock, by Anthony Zeiger (Putnam, \$7.95). Loan shark and police battle vice-criminals.

## Lawyers From Four States Are Indicted: Not Evident In Conspiracy on Jersey Child Adoption

Continued From Page 1

accused of violating the laws he helped to write. He was also charged with advising prospective adoptive parents to withhold information specifically, the amount of money they paid for their babies. Case workers conducting routine interviews.

Mr. Turner publicly denounced the grand jury investigation several months ago when he learned that some of his clients were being interviewed. He was out of town and unavailable for comment today, but his secretary said he would be available tomorrow.

The attorney had previously said he had volunteered to testify before the grand jury but had been turned down. This was confirmed by Mr. Woodcock today, but the Prosecutor said Mr. Turner wanted immunity in return for his cooperation.

Those indicted, besides Mr. Turner, were Harry D. Cohen of Chicago, Bernard Lampareo of Southfield, Mich., Harold Rosenstein of New York City, J. George Ivler and End Ivler of Paterson, and Robert Ackerman of Fort Murray.

The indictments covered the illegal placement of 11 babies and payment of more than \$48,000 by adoptive parents in transactions that dated to 1972. Mr. Woodcock said the investigation would be continued by a new grand jury.

New Jersey law provides that only authorized agencies, the natural mother or relatives are permitted to place a baby for adoption. Private placements "without proper authority" and for a fee are viola-

tions classed as high which carry penalties up in jail.

A typical case cited in went as follows: A childless couple from went to Mr. Turner's office in 1974 to discuss the possibility of a child for adoption.

The husband left his telephone with Mr. Turner and a received a telephone call in Chicago offering him his babies soon to be up for adoption.

The couple made a series of telephone calls to Mr. Cohen and were told as yet unborn, would cost was to be paid \$6,000 in a check.

On Jan. 28, 1975, Mr. inform the couple the child and advised them to refer their attorney and to of the birth immediately.

The couple then flew Jan. 31, paid the money requested, received the papers signed by the mother.

Mr. Turner processed court papers and advised when they were interviewed appointed case workers should be made of the \$6,000 to Harry D. Cohen and any connection between and Edward Turner, stated.

**LEGAL**

**NOTICE OF PROPOSED CHANGES IN TELEPHONE COMPANY RATE SCHEDULES**

Notice is hereby given that the following proposed changes in Weather Forecast Service and Recorded Announcement Service have been filed with the Public Service Commission to be effective October 1, 1976:

**1. Weather Forecast Service**


- a. Introduction of a separate Westchester County weather forecast, 910-936-1212, at a charge of one message unit from message rate and flat rate telephones and 10¢ from coin telephones in New York Telephone Company exchanges in the 914 Numbering Plan Area. Calls from exchanges outside the 914 Area are charged to Westchester Zone W2.
- b. Charges for calls to the New York City weather forecast, (212) 536-1222, from exchanges outside the 212 Numbering Plan Area, are as follows:
  1. Calls from Westchester Zones W1 through W9 are charged to New York City Zone 3.
  2. Calls from Nassau Zones N1 through N9, and from Amityville, Cold Spring Harbor and Farmingdale are charged to New York City Zone 10, as before.
  3. Calls from all other exchanges are charged as toll calls to New York City Zone 1.
- c. No change in charges applies for calls to the weather forecast, (516) 526-1212, for Nassau and Suffolk Counties.

**2. Recorded Announcement Service (New York City)**

- a. All completed calls dialed on a 7-digit basis to Recorded Announcement Service from telephones in New York Telephone Company exchanges in the 212, 316 and 914 Numbering Plan Areas are charged at one message unit from message rate and flat rate telephones and 10¢ from coin telephones.
- b. All other calls to Recorded Announcement Service are charged the same as calls to Weather Forecast Service in New York City.

NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY

The rather remarkable new Pulsar® that's a calculator and Time Computer® combined



Stainless steel case and bracelet, \$550.

AVAILABLE AT

**KL GROSS**

115 FRANKLIN AVENUE GARDEN CITY, L.I. 747-4444 AND

**PERKINSON-CROW**

SOUTH SHORE MALL DAY SHORE, L.I. 925-8616

"We recommend her book to those who... quest for truth, peace and comfort."—Guy Hamel, C.S.P. World News

**I AND POWER**

by Veronica Ruus

\$6.75 ppd.

I AND POWER gives you the keys to "DIVINE MEDITATION," to live a full life.

Exposition Press Hicksville, N.Y. 11801 (516) 822-5700

POWER AUTHORITY OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK GREENE COUNTY NUCLEAR POWER PLANT ADVERTISEMENT FOR PROPOSALS FOR THE FURNISHING AND DELIVERY

MAIN STEAM SAFETY VALVES CONTRACT NO. GC-4-217

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS: THE STATE OF NEW YORK will receive sealed proposals for Contract No. GC-4-217 for the furnishing and delivery of Main Steam Safety Valves for the Greene County Nuclear Power Plant until 10:30 A.M., Eastern Daylight Time on October 15, 1976 at the Authority's Office, 17th floor, the Coliseum Tower, 10 Columbus Circle, New York, New York 10019, at which time and place bids will be publicly opened and read aloud.

Bids will be received for the Furnishing and Delivery of Main Steam Safety Valves in accordance with the Bidding Schedule. The Bidder shall be completely responsible to the Quality Assurance section of the equipment specification which requires a documented Quality Assurance Program Manual, which is supplemented by written procedures, in conformance with the provisions of Article B to 10CFR90, "Quality Assurance Criteria for Nuclear Power Plants." The Bidder's Quality Assurance Program and supporting procedures shall be subject to review and evaluation by the Authority, or its Engineers. The Authority, or its Engineers, may also elect to verify operation of the Quality Assurance System at the Bidder's facility prior to the Award of a Contract. Complete field delivery of the equipment will be required by November 30, 1981. Contract Documents, including Proposal Forms, for the work may be obtained from the Power Authority of the State of New York, 17th floor, the Coliseum Tower, 10 Columbus Circle, New York, New York 10019, upon application and payment of a fee of \$25.00 per initial set of Contract Documents, and \$10.00 per set for additional sets. The Authority, or its Engineers, may also elect to verify operation of the Quality Assurance System at the Bidder's facility prior to the Award of a Contract. Contract Documents, including Proposal Forms, for the work will be on file in the Authority's office and in the offices of the Engineers, Stone & Webster Engineering Corporation, New York Operation Center, One Penn Plaza, New York, New York, 10001, and may be inspected by prospective Bidders during office hours. Bids must be made and returned in triplicate in accordance with instructions contained in the Information for Bidders. Guarantee will be required for each bid in an amount of not less than 20 percent of the Gross Sum Bid. The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

George T. Berry General Manager and Chief Engineer

William Goldman is the author of "Marathon Man." Everything he writes is touched with MAGIC



His most dazzling novel yet, on today's book page.

delacorte press

**De-tarred but not de-tasted**

Only 7 mg. tar

Want low tar and good taste, too? Here's Pall Mall's famous tobacco taste made extra mild by the Air-Stream Filter.

De-tarred to only 7 mg., Pall Mall Extra Mild is lower in tar than 97% of all cigarettes sold today.

**Lower in tar than all the Lights**

	tar mg/cig	nicotine mg/cig
R.....h Extra Mild	14	0.9
V.....y Extra Mild	14	0.9
W.....n Lights	13	0.9
M.....o Lights	13	0.8
K..l Milds	13	0.8
S...m Lights	12	0.9
V.....e	11	0.7
M...t	9	0.7
K..t Golden Lights	8	0.7
PALL MALL Extra Mild	7	0.6

Of all brands, lowest...tar 1 mg. nic. 0.1 mg. av. per cigarette by FTC method.

**PALL MALL EXTRA MILD**

Lower in tar than all the Lights

Warning: The Surgeon General Has Determined That Cigarette Smoking Is Dangerous to Your Health.

7 mg. "tar", 0.6 mg. nicotine av. per cigarette by FTC method.

**THE LARDNER**

Mr Family Remembered Ring Lardner

**The Sister**

Anne Lambeau

**WEST Navigator**

copy 101520







# The New York Times

Founded in 1851  
ADOLPH S. OCHS, Publisher 1896-1962  
ARTHUR HAYS SULZBERGER, Publisher 1962-1967  
ORVILLE DRYFOOS, Publisher 1967-1976

ARTEUX OCHS SULZBERGER  
Publisher  
JOHN F. OAKES, Editorial Page Editor  
FRED HECHINGER, Assistant Editorial Page Editor  
A. M. ROSENTHAL, Managing Editor  
SEYMOUR TOFFIN, Deputy Managing Editor  
ARTHUR OELLS, Assistant Managing Editor  
PETER MILLONES, Assistant Managing Editor  
JACK ROSENTHAL, Associate Editor  
CHARLOTTE CURTIS, Associate Editor  
CLIFTON DANIEL, Associate Editor  
MAX FRANKEL, Associate Editor  
TOM WICKER, Associate Editor

## Embattled Schools . . .

Vacations are over. This week and next, pupils across the country are entering, or returning to, school. They may go back with mixed feelings; but as they look toward a new school year, few are likely to experience the sense of gloom that seems to affect the adult view of education's present state.

A Connecticut teacher spokesman complained about the public perception of education: "There is a lessening of priorities. . . . People don't seem to want to put their heart and soul behind education as they did a few years ago."

That perception of a national mood seems quite accurate. The schools are not as close to politicians' and voters' hearts as they were in the expansive years of baby boom and burgeoning suburbs, when real estate values rose in direct proportion to a community's reputation for good schools. Little remains, too, of America's intellectual contest with the Soviet Union, after the launching of Sputnik in 1957.

Education has less political sex appeal now that suburbs are growing old, enrollments decline and schools must be closed rather than built. The recession has cut deep into budgets. Taxpayer resistance is strong, largely because the schools are frequently the only tax item on which taxpayers can vote directly.

Embattled, or neglected, as the schools appear at the moment, it nevertheless seems to us that politicians who assume that education occupies a place of lesser priority on most families' agenda are deluding themselves. For the parents of nearly 50 million pupils the priority has not lessened—nor has it, one should expect, for the grandparents and others interested in America's coming generations.

The schools' problems are real, and so is the declining political consciousness of those problems. Revival of broad popular and political support is essential. For the moment, much could be accomplished by a more rational approach to school financing—better state aid formulas (as actively sought in a continuing court challenge in New York) and improved Federal support to relieve local taxpayers of excessive burdens. Equally important is a more flexible and inventive look by educators at ways of improving the schools—harnessing community resources, volunteers and students-as-teachers; using television and other teaching devices; reforming teacher-training and deployment.

A long-term retreat from public education would be a threat to American democracy and therefore a national tragedy. No economic, political, or pedagogical realities could justify such a retreat.

## . . . and Campuses

The by now almost chronic warnings about the fiscal crisis of the nation's colleges and universities are not phony cries of "wolf"; they point to an all-too-real wolf closing in on the campuses, while the public fails to heed the warnings.

In 1971, a study by the Carnegie Commission was aptly labeled "The New Depression in Higher Education." In the five years that followed, about 200 colleges ceased operations or had to merge with other institutions. Now, an even more intensive survey, commissioned by Change Magazine, reports that almost half of the nation's institutions of higher learning are in a "less than healthy" fiscal state, while some 300, or 14 percent of the total, approach insolvency and may not survive without aid.

These findings indicate that financial difficulties are not confined to any single type of institution. Even though it is among the private colleges that the crunch is most severely felt, an increasing number of publicly financed institutions have drifted into deep budget trouble. Hardest hit appear to be two categories: those campuses that expanded dramatically in the 1960's, often moving too rapidly into graduate programs; and relatively isolated small colleges for whom an enrollment drop of only 100 students can spell disaster.

Such dismal findings should not suggest that every college that has come on hard times deserves to be rescued by some magic infusion of private or governmental aid. The study shows clearly that many institutions, though "less than healthy," might well be "turned around by good management."

It would nevertheless be the height of irresponsibility to pretend that higher education can struggle out of what is by now a chronic depression without the help of effective national strategies. It is not by chance that the colleges' decline began when the Nixon Administration turned its back on higher education. The recession affected all American enterprises, but few were shown as little sympathy as the campuses.

New policies are needed to avert permanent harm to the nation's intellectual, scientific, technological and economic strength. Those policies must aim at halting the tuition inflation which threatens to create new social stratifications based on ability to pay; they must assure every qualified student of access to higher education and maximum choice of the institution best suited to each; they must design subsidies aimed at rewarding quality, effective management and public service.

The search for solutions to higher education's problems ought to be one of the high-priority issues of the Presidential election campaign. How could a candidate claim concern about America's future without providing new hope for the campuses where future generations seek wisdom and competence.

## The New Cadets

And now for the good news from West Point. Beast Barracks (the tough initiation into the Academy) is over, and 103 of the 119 women who entered the Military Academy on July 7 completed with their male classmates the long march with full packs and rifles from the field back to the main campus to take a salute from the Academy's Superintendent, Lieut. Gen. Sidney

B. Berry. Though the female dropout rate was higher than that for males, fewer women were driven out of the corps by the long hard summer than military officials had expected.

So far, it seems clear that the opposition to women at West Point was as unwarranted as the view of the Congressman who derided the proposal for a Women's Army Corps in a debate 34 years ago by saying, "Take women into the armed service, who will do the cooking, the washing, the mending, the humble homey tasks to which every woman has devoted herself?" The homey tasks still got done and the Army survived.

And so, we suspect, will West Point. The expressions on the faces of the women who successfully completed basic training suggest that many of them did not just try harder "because we have to make it for succeeding classes of women," as one of them put it; they simply enjoyed their new roles as cadets.

## Clean Air, Low Priority

After all the laborious effort that has gone into amending the Clean Air Act of 1970, there is an acute danger that heavy pressures from both the automobile industry and the utilities, coupled with remarkably inept scheduling, will scuttle the entire legislation.

The consequence of this inexcusable failure would be twofold and contradictory: The air over some of the pristine areas of the West would be left subject to serious degradation from coal-burning plants, but the motor companies would get no extension of the deadlines currently prescribed for limiting auto emissions of hydrocarbons, carbon monoxide and oxides of nitrogen.

In this complicated situation, the utility lobbyists see everything to gain from delay. With Congress scheduled to adjourn Oct. 2 and a great deal of complex legislation still ahead, they can all but feel relief from the prospect of having to install such costly technology as "scrubbers" in order to meet the requirement of maintaining the quality of air that is still above nationally prescribed standards.

From the auto industry a more devious strategy is to be feared. If its Congressional champions could manage to sever the emission amendments from the rest of the bill, they would stand a good chance of getting their extensions on a separate vote. Both sets of lobbyists would have gained by the maneuver—but the nation's health would have suffered a setback.

Representatives Maguire of New Jersey and Waxman of California have brought in amendments concerning auto emissions which, for all their comparative stringency, make excellent sense in view of the scientifically established damage that is now being imposed on the American people by automobile pollution. They call for compliance with the full statutory standards in 1981.

Should the Maguire-Waxman amendments fail, the less demanding recommendations of the Commerce Committee itself would be a reasonable compromise, if not a wholly adequate response to the problem. If action is taken quickly, there would then still be the time and the likelihood of reconciling the House bill with the measure already passed by the Senate. But there can be no excuse, after all that is now known on the subject, for the House to accept the far slacker requirements embodied in the Dingell-Broyhill amendments, which would effectively repeal the standard for nitrogen oxides altogether.

If the House fails now to produce a sound set of changes in the Clean Air Act, it will be hard for the country to avoid the impression that there is more to the failure of its leadership than what Representative Rogers of Florida calls "ludicrous scheduling." That leadership surely knows what it is doing—and must be prepared to take the political consequences.

## Partition at Panmunjom

Partitioning of a territory is not an ideal solution to a problem of recurring violence but it is sometimes the least unsatisfactory way out of a chronically dangerous situation. So it should be with the new agreement for partitioning the joint security area at Panmunjom between the forces of North Korea and those of the American-led United Nations Command.

If there were hopes that the mingling of guards from the Stalinist North Korean regime with their American and South Korean counterparts would allay suspicions and build a climate for constructive negotiation, they were dashed soon after the armistice agreement was signed in 1953. During that first year of the agreement, the United States proposed partitioning the zone to halt a series of troop clashes, but North Korea rejected the idea.

This time it was North Korea that suggested partition in negotiations scheduled after the brutal murder of two American Army officers in the dispute over the pruning of a tree in the truce zone Aug. 18. Under the new agreement, the zone, which is only 800 yards deep, will be bisected by a raised pavement. Guards will be required to stay on their own side of the line and four North Korean guard posts will be removed from the southern part of the area.

The most encouraging aspect of a generally disquieting situation is that, obviously, neither party desired to escalate the tree-pruning episode into a major crisis. After a show of air and naval strength in the area, Washington chose to interpret President Kim Il Sung's mildly worded statement of regret for the incident as "a positive step." North Korea then revived the American partition plan, leading to the pact concluded this week.

It would be comforting to believe that the climate that produced the agreement presages serious negotiations for the long-overdue Korean peace settlement. In the absence of a clear-cut North Korean renunciation of military conquest of the south, however, the United States has no alternative to helping South Korea defend its territorial integrity.

# Letters to the Editor

## Of Medicaid, Fraud and Health-Care Providers

To the Editor:  
The Senate committee revelations of flagrant and widespread fraud by doctors involved in the Medicaid program raise a serious question: "What is the medical profession itself going to do to put a stop to such chicanery and misuse of public trust and funds?"

David Rosenbaum's analysis in the Sept. 2 Times emphasized the needs for tighter controls at Federal, state and local levels, new legislation, etc. However, there was nary a word about what kind of professional ethics this involved on the part of doctors. Or what responsibilities the medical profession had or should have taken to clean up this mess as quickly as possible. Should not an M.D.'s license be suspended or revoked for such grossly unprofessional behavior as we've been shown?

If this medicine is too strong for the Medicaid chiseler, at least county, state and national professional societies should organize their own ethics boards to expose and discipline these culprits. They can get to the bottom of this more quickly than Washington investigators.

Lawyers and accountants have self-policing professional groups. Let's hear what the doctors will do—they are the knaves in this scandal.

HUGH M. BEVILLE JR.  
Douglaston, N.Y., Sept. 2, 1976

To the Editor:  
Senator Moss' idea to prove Medicaid fraud by faking a complaint strikes me as—to say the least—simplistic and naive. Any medical student learns that the treatment of a patient starts with a carefully taken history. No one can expect a physician to make the diagnosis of "a healthy individual" within the framework of one office visit, especially if the patient lies to the doctor. As any experienced physician knows, it is much more complicated and costly to disprove an organic disease than to make the diagnosis of appendicitis or tonsillitis. It may take several thousand dollars' worth of tests to prove the psychogenic origin of some complaints, and the same holds true for complaints that are completely faked.

This particular Medicaid clinic may very well be out to make a buck, not from Senator Moss' experience one can only conclude that he received a careful, comprehensive and free check-up, something that seems to be the right of every citizen.

WALTER M. GERHOLD, M.D.  
Flossmoor, Ill., Aug. 31, 1976

To the Editor:  
A national health service in the United States is certainly a humanitarian goal. But how can one possibly support such a concept when the Government has proved itself so completely incompetent in the administration of our present social services and so many of the medical profession seem to have abdicated both the professional and the ethical standards we have been accustomed to expect from them? My compliments to Senator

## Bella Abzug's Way

To the Editor:  
Bella Abzug has announced that if Daniel Moynihan wins the nomination she will not support him in his drive to unseat Senator James Buckley.

In other words, she would not use her considerable influence with a great many voters to urge them to support the Democratic nominee against the Conservative-Republican incumbent, implying that she would rather they do not vote or perhaps vote against Mr. Moynihan.

Ms. Abzug's repeated criticism of Mr. Moynihan is that, though a Democrat, he accepted a post under the Nixon-Ford Administration. This sounds like specious criticism when one realizes that Ms. Abzug would be directly aiding the re-election campaign of Senator Buckley, a man in many ways to the right of even Nixon or Ford.

My reaction to Ms. Abzug's announcement is that she is simply being vindictive and hypocritical.

JULIUS HELLER  
Kew Gardens, N. Y., Aug. 30, 1976

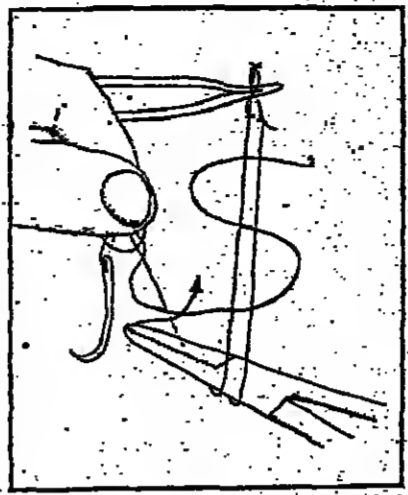
To the Editor:  
Why the brouhaha over Bella Abzug's forthright announcement of non-support for Daniel Moynihan, should the latter win the Democratic Senatorial primary? Mrs. Abzug, Ramsey Clark and Paul O'Dwyer have all been naming Mr. Moynihan, properly, as a Nixon apologist and Vietnam hawk. A hypocritical turnaround that puts politics ahead of principle is not, thank God, Bella Abzug's way. The wonder is that it's Ramsey Clark's and Paul O'Dwyer's.

GERALD E. ROWE  
New York, Aug. 31, 1976

Moss and his staff for their persistence in uncovering the current Medicaid abuses.

Now if we can only go on to uncover, with equal persistence, the waste and corruption in other departments of our Government and begin to do something about it, we will be making progress.

Surely we have the ability. So what are we waiting for? HELEN HALLETT  
Seneca Falls, N.Y., Aug. 31, 1976



To the Editor:  
As a past president of the Medical Society of the County of New York, and an officer of the Medical Society of the State of New York, I am intrigued by your Aug. 31 editorial in which you state that "organized medicine has a special responsibility to give support to administrative and legal actions against unscrupulous practitioners." This refers to the expose of Medicaid abuses.

"Organized medicine" was discouraged from lending its limited power to help correct the inevitable abuses which we predicted and which have come to pass. It was suggested to the Social Security Administration that organized medicine could have some leverage if it were obligatory for all practitioners to be members of organized medicine through their state societies. The reason for membership is that the only "power" organized medicine has is to deprive a physician of such membership, of course after due process, and thereby control the individual's participation in any scheme of medical care.

The foregoing is just a hint of what could be. It is not so because there has been interference with the practice of medicine by lay persons whose interest is primarily political and materialistic. Add to this the burden placed on the practitioner of medicine to be involved in matters but indirectly related to medical care, such as slum clearance, sociological imperfections and other essential areas, and one has what today is an industry and not a profession.

Organized medicine is more than willing and able to cooperate "to the fullest in governmental and judicial efforts to rid its ranks of practitioners

who, by their disregard of ethics, have forfeited any protection and respect peers." To do so, however, the tools to perform the task must be provided. Those tools can only come who have the ability to perform. Unfortunately, in today's profession and particularly medicine is denigrated, made the "fall guy" for whom our mores and political education, to my surprise, the crowd in their boundless passion unlike any other necessity is vital to all of SAMUEL Z. FINE  
New York, N.Y.

To the Editor:  
Any taxpayer who reads skims your Aug. 30 and of the Senate investigation abuse in major cities and the idea of a national has got to be insane or Do you hear me, Edward ANN  
Elmhurst, N.Y., A

To the Editor:  
Most physicians are pleased to read about the ing made on the part of agencies to eliminate exploitation of the Medicaid care system. However, the problem has received a hazard that the very "aid" and "Medicare" equated in the mind of the fraud, abuse and exploit it is not the intention of paper to tarnish the original Medicaid and Medicare by falling to remind that that intent was and how ceased in many respects the obvious failures which we predicted and which have come to pass. It was suggested to the Social Security Administration that organized medicine could have some leverage if it were obligatory for all practitioners to be members of organized medicine through their state societies. The reason for membership is that the only "power" organized medicine has is to deprive a physician of such membership, of course after due process, and thereby control the individual's participation in any scheme of medical care.

The intent of the original poor and the elderly who passage of the legislation not have general access to care system; the provision financial umbrella has providing such access to is best in medical care. If you check the records of populations in New York hospitals in New York Medicaid and Medicare present time, you will find poor and the elderly, spent prior to 1966, at between 40 percent and the patient populations of

This is not intended a for either the exploit many other problems in Medicaid and Medicare by point out that the intent legislation has been achieved, albeit imperfectly. EUGENE B. FE  
Director, Psych  
St. Luke's HC  
New York,

## Oil Divestiture: Questionable Opp-

To the Editor:  
W. T. Slick Jr., a senior vice president of the Exxon Corporation, in his Aug. 27 Op-Ed article, argues forcibly that the facts do not warrant or support present Congressional efforts at divestiture of the oil industry.

In support of his position, Mr. Slick states that critics of the industry "profess to see something sinister in the existence of integration" and then proceeds to support his arguments by using industry statistics indicating the large number of competitors at each functional level (i.e., production, refining, transportation and marketing).

After stating the obviously vested interest position of Exxon as objective reasons for opposition to oil industry restructuring, Mr. Slick attempts to support his case by stating that "more than 300,000 retail outlets offer motor gasoline—over 90 percent of them operated by individual proprietors who are independent, self-employed businessmen." He further states in support of opposition of divestiture that "retail gasoline sales by the smaller or private brand chains have risen from around 20 percent of total U.S. sales in 1968 to almost 30 percent today." Mr. Slick is a high-ranking employee of the world's largest oil company, and it troubles me to find him so misinformed—further indication, I believe, of why a large number of citizens find it difficult to believe big oil.

By law the Federal Energy Administration is required to report monthly to Congress on the market share of various parts of our domestic oil industry. The most recent monthly report, for May 1975, prepared by the F.E.A. shows that rather than 300,000

retail outlets there are 200,000 (199,800) to be exact rather than an absurd 3 total U.S. sales, private, keters have less than 10 total U.S. gallonage (9.9 billion gallons) of gasoline.

I would suggest to Mr. Slick that prompt critics of article to develop the "sinister" referred to in his article.

General Counsel  
Gasoline Mark  
Washington, D.C.

## The Cheaters

To the Editor:  
In all the brouhaha about the West Point hood central issue is almost tioned. Every nit-picking paraded. Congressmen w little" on their wives, their stationery allows franking privilege mutes pressures and stresses to are subjected. They see moral distinctions that irrelevant. Congressmen w venal; but their peccadillo necessarily about the process.

Cheating in education different matter. Public act to center upon degrees a sions—the symbols, but n stance, of education. I matter is the impairment of the educational pr What facts the student collaga are, for the most forgotten or become obsol progress. The essence of tion is learning how to le ing one's perspectives, one's insights, making the process more rigorous. education expands life. Che circuits all those proo cheater diminishes his pow his growth. However imp moral issue is secondary. I is that no education takes mind is not enlivened; it deadened.

The upshot is not only money, a squandering of total defeat of the central the educational enterprise. operation becomes pointless why cheating is intolerable. Marston's Mills, Mass., Se

**The New York Times Company**  
229 West 43rd St., N.Y. 10036

**Corporate**

**The New York Times**

**Affiliated Companies**

ARTHUR OCHS SULZBERGER, Chairman and President  
JOHN J. MCCABE, Senior Vice President  
JAMES C. GOODALE, Executive Vice President  
MICHAEL E. RYAN, Secretary  
RALPH BOWMAN, Treasurer

WALTER MATSON, Executive Vice President  
JOHN MORTIMER, Senior Vice President  
JOHN D. POMFRET, Senior Vice President  
GUY T. GARRETT, Vice President  
DONALD A. NIZEN, Vice President  
FRED O. THOMPSON, Vice President

SYDNEY GRUBSON, Executive Vice President  
BENJAMIN HANDELMAN, Senior Vice President  
CHARLES B. BRAKEFIELD, Vice President  
WILLIAM H. DAVIS, Vice President  
JOHN R. HARRISON, Vice President  
ROBERT S. NOVEMBER, Vice President  
ARNOLD ZOHN, Vice President

Handwritten signature or mark at the bottom of the page.



# Mr. Flip And Ir. Flop

James Reston

WASHINGTON, Sept. 7—President Governor Carter are, now another with "flip-flop" the Presidential campaign voters should not be or this is obviously a con Mr. Flip and Mr. Flop. . . bubbled up the other day Faithful in Yellowstone when Mr. Ford proposed \$1.5 billion transference for Park system. Fritz Mond that "the only Park Mr. approved in the last eight President of South Korea." Carter's press secretary, and offer a calculated elec- flip-flop" and the President that Mr. Carter was "the flopper I know of." . . a warning on the level of to come, for the flip-flop id to be part of the politi- of the next two months, and is extensive on both ample. . . repeal of the Taft-Hart- 14 (b) or Right-to-Work 1976: "I don't care one other" about its repeal, that month: "I think 14 repealed." . . grain embargoes (Aug. prefer to go from my White House and stop ce and for all. . . There'll embargoes if I'm elected ug. 26, 1976: "Obviously 'stances' in which a act to prevent the commodities to other example in the "extreme catastrophic crop failure, his right mind would not e of food. . . You have statement within the donality. . . the 1976 race (Oct. 13, are as emphatically and

WASHINGTON

I can, I have no inten- a candidate for any ent, Vice President or in 1976." . . 28, 1974: "I will pro- bidate in 1976. . . Feb. h the optimism that I me from more employ- ment, and a bet- just inflation, I think the instances will be good ify at least my seeking . . . Nixon pardon, Novem- don't think the public for it. . . Aug. 28, situation, I am the final e have been no charges as been no action by re has been no action ury. And until any legal en undertaken, I think a untimely for me to mitment. . . Sept. 3, herefore, I, Gerald R. of the United States full, free and absolute richard Nixon. . . All most of this page ps and flops on both n "ethnic purity," later n "unfortunate, use of on "balanced budgets" us, followed by one of its in peacetime history, unemployment as the f the campaign before l, board in Washington, week by emphasis on e major issue, Ford on between his philosophy Reagan's, (while he was n for the nomination) e statement at Kansas n was "a person whose virtually identical with . . . If consistency were a Presidential candidates, ever be elected. The g is that the Republi- ired when they are so the charge themselves, the Republican campaign, phase at least, is based charges that Carter, is e issues if not down- e and that he is not nt but inexperienced. . . Goldwater and Sena- e tone of the Republi- Carter at the Kansas ng by charging him with ng in the North and South, one thing to the the to the poor, one blacks and another to f of which Carter denies. ional campaigns, a few are often more effective y of "position papers" a few days, the Carter- ine has been picking up- ing attitude. . . In particular, has been ftergate scandals into- fferendo, and comparing ert Hoover—pleasant- trol of the economy, d said he was going to e the economy, crime, for- ec. . . Mondale remarked: py on his staff who list of his failures, and he mowing the difference." voter beware, it will be- and jokes, and gags if November, but no one- opoly on this sort of he epidemic proportions has, but it's not fatal de it seriously.



By Howard Hiatt

# The Use of Basic Research

Fresh insights are now urgently needed for other pressing medical problems. Those who believe that a series of crash programs would lead to ready cures of cancer, heart, vascular, emotional and mental diseases are sadly misled. The essential pieces of back- ground information are not merely awaiting assembly; most have yet to be discovered. While some problems are so pressing that society may decide on expensive crash programs even if they are long shots, most will fail. . . The research that led to the Ames test was directed at understanding basic biologic processes and for years had no apparent connection to cancer. Many of the insights that will lead to

applied researchers studying chemical carcinogenesis, reflecting inadequate communication between basic and applied scientists. To minimize delays resulting from the separation of basic and applied research, we must build bridges between the two within our universities and outside. . . Further, I agree with those who criticize us in the biomedical research community for neglect of many health problems accorded high priority by society. Large segments of our population do not have access to health care, and too little attention has been given to the quality and costs of care. Young people who might have welcomed career opportunities in dealing with

BOSTON—Some years ago, Prof. Bruce Ames, a University of California molecular biologist, noticed a list of chemical preservatives on a bag of potato chips that his young son had asked him to open. His concern about the possible health hazards of the chemicals led to what proved to be a futile search for relevant information. . . Further, he found that existing procedures to identify potentially dangerous chemicals were time-consuming, expensive and often unreliable. It has been estimated that a complete test of the carcinogenic potential in mice of one chemical costs about \$100,000 and requires three years. Mr. Ames decided to attempt to devise more satisfactory ways for detecting carcinogens. While his previous research in bacterial genetics had not been conducted with medical problems in mind, it made possible his developing an ingenious laboratory test for measuring the capacity of chemicals to cause mutations in bacteria. . . The test is simple, relatively inexpensive, and requires only 48 hours. Because almost all chemicals that cause cancer in animals and man produce mutations in bacteria, the Ames test increasingly serves as an "early-warning" system for chemical carcinogens. As such, it will likely stand as one of the most significant advances in cancer research of our time. . . There is now widespread debate in the Congress and outside concerning the wisdom of devoting precious health resources to basic biological research. Definitions of basic and applied research vary. In the current context, the first refers to research of a fundamental nature without obvious "practical" significance; the second to research that applies available information to human health problems. Some ask whether our society would be better served if all available research money were designated to apply existing knowledge to the conquest of disease. Others state that the quest for knowledge as an end in itself is an essential component of a free society. While I subscribe to the latter view, I believe that there are also compelling pragmatic arguments for continuing support of first-rate basic research. Some important points emerge from the Ames story. . . Basic research provided the insights—the possible relation of bacterial mutations to mammalian cancer—and the technology—bacteria very sensitive to chemical mutagens—essential to the development of the Ames test.



Collapses by Peter Brantley

progress in dealing with other human diseases will also surely come from unexpected directions. Some now ask for "relevance" as a condition of support of young people seeking careers in biological research. Such insistence 25 years ago would have deprived us of the knowledge necessary for the development of the Ames test. . . In advancing a case for support of basic research, I surely do not argue for maintaining the status quo. For example, it would be unwise to ignore another lesson of Ames's story: The application of his research to the cancer problem occurred by the chance of his own curiosity. Its relevance was not appreciated earlier by the many

such problems, have looked in vain for role models, at a time when much prestige was accorded those doing basic research. However, if previous shortcomings lead us to neglect our continuing responsibility to the search for new knowledge in biology, we, and our children, will be the losers. . . Howard Hiatt, M.D. is dean of the Harvard School of Public Health.

# Too Much Too Soon

By William V. Shannon

WASHINGTON—As America's children return to school, many conscientious parents are genuinely uncertain whether they may be delivering their children into enemy territory. . . Their concern is not academic instruction but the values and opinions, the tastes and expectations that older children in the sixth through twelfth grades acquire from one another. These values are quite different from those that loving parents try to inculcate. They comprise what might be termed the "new sophistication."

These newer values arise from the adult society, are diffused through movies, records and magazines, and enforced among older children and adolescents by peer-group pressure. Schools are enemy territory because it is there that children congregate, that family-held standards are subverted, and children are coerced by their equals to conform to different standards.

The new sophistication involves introducing children at ever younger ages to marijuana, hard drugs, alcohol and sexual experience. The first tentative explorations of the adult world that used to be thought of as college-age experiences are now commonplace in junior high school. Girls of 13 and 14 who refuse to engage in sexual intercourse are accused of being "frigid." Boys of the same age who refuse to try marijuana or alcohol are ridiculed as cowards.

The new sophistication made its appearance more than a dozen years ago. Historically, it is related to the spread of the drug subculture from the black slums to the white middle classes, the invention of the birth control pill, and the rebellious attitudes of the 1960's.

But it is more than a passing phenomenon of the 60's. Its evil effects can be seen today in the grim statistics on suicide, now the second leading cause of death among persons aged 13 to 24 and occurring at a rate twice what it was a decade ago. It can be seen, too, in the skyrocketing rates of venereal disease, drug addiction and alcoholism among the young.

Parents dread losing their children to one of these self-destructive courses. But even the most conscientious parents cannot fully screen their children against these dangers. Much of America's popular culture adds up to a conspiracy to destroy the innocence of youth and to force upon children premature knowledge and ways of acting that they can understand intellectually but not cope with emotionally.

There has always been some tension between the moral ideals of a family

and the cynicism of a corrupt world. In 1910, a boy might dream of running away with the circus or a girl think of going off to a big city. But those were relatively innocent daydreams. . . Even in the 1930's, when movies and radio had become powerful value-forming instruments penetrating the defenses of family and community, children were protected by the self-censorship of the entertainment industries. Popular magazines usually gave Hollywood stars a scrubbed-up image. Now privacy is a lost value. Is there anything left to learn about Mick Jagger or Richard Burton?

If yesterday's popular culture was intrusive, today's is pervasive. A child can hardly escape the popular music spread by inexpensive records and transistor radios. Movies, popular magazines and, increasingly, television have become recklessly explicit, purveying a pornography of sex and violence. Nothing is left to the imagination. On the contrary, budding imaginations are desecrated and deformed by the relentless pounding of vivid images. On screens big and small and over the airwaves come the messages: If it can be experienced, experience it. If you want to do it, do it!

The distinctive theme of this new sophistication is the absence of restraint. But good families frame their children's lives with love—and with restrictions. These restraints are not idle do's and don'ts. They represent accumulated folk wisdom aimed at the child's self-preservation, at protecting him against dangers he cannot fully recognize or foresee. But how to enforce these restraints when so much of the culture argues against any limits, any discipline, any self-denial?

The struggle by parents and teachers against these demoralizing tendencies, an unequal struggle at best given the power of the popular culture, involves the reversal of much that is now fashionable in families and schools. Parents have to be unafraid to make up their own minds and assert their natural authority. They have to stop plying their children with gadgets; every year that a child is denied his own television, his own stereo set, his own transistor radio is a year gained.

Teachers have to belt their headlong flight from intellectual and moral standards and make schools once again places of challenge and decorum. A return to sexually segregated schools from the sixth grade on would free adolescents of both sexes from unwholesome pressures during school hours, leaving "socialization" for evenings and weekends. This is a reactionary idea but, as many parents would agree, a reaction is overdue.

C. L. Sulzberger is on vacation.

# Capitalism's Fate

By Michael Harrington

Capitalism is stumbling toward its end, which will come, not with a bang but with a whimper. . . At first glance, this is a particularly preposterous statement to make at this point in American history. Even though the nation is just recovering from the deepest economic downturn since the 1930's, and the revival is accompanied by intolerably high levels of unemployment, all the economic indicators are pointing upward. . . Under such circumstances, when capitalism in this country is proving its resiliency, how can one talk of an impending doom? . . . One reason is that the capitalists who preside over this incipient prosperity are members of a kept class. This is illustrated in their drive to get the Federal Government to put up the "risk" capital for American industry, while the profits remain private. . . This is the program of the New York Stock Exchange, the Chase Manhattan Bank and other pillars of the system. There is, they say, a capital shortage. As a result, the corporations do not have enough money to invest in the nation's future (why they should determine that future is another issue). . . Therefore, Washington should cut back on social spending, hold the line on wages and taxes, a higher rate of profit by means of new tax privileges for capital gains, dividend income and the like. The average taxpayer's burden would be increased, that of the wealthy, who own most of the stock in America, is lightened. . . When, for instance, the corporate campaigns call for "more realistic" depreciation allowances, the innocent might think that they actually want to more "flexibly" find those allowances to fit the actual life of the machines they theoretically value. They really intend to know that they simply want bigger, faster, more unrealistic deductions. . . It was not always this way. Once upon a time, capitalists were brutal innovators and competitors—robber barons, to be sure, but barons. They were, of course, vicious foes of the working people and, especially in the United States, suppressed the armed and repressive power of the state, to put down anyone who resisted their will. And yet they took risks and raised the productive power of the society. . . Ironically, when Marx said his respects to this capitalist accomplishment in the Communist Manifesto, he

got so carried away with this praise that he exaggerated the success of his own mortal foes. . . But then capitalism was forced to reform itself as workers educated the monied elite in some of the ABC's of social decency. At first, the corporate class dogmatically fought against its own salvation and executed its savior, Franklin D. Roosevelt. But then it learned that a Federal agency following corporate principles can be much gentler to businessmen than the invisible hand of Adam Smith's market. . . Moreover, since executives were indeed in control of the investment—which is to say the job-generating process, they were able to persuade the society that it was in the interests of the common good to pamper the rich with "privileges" whose bounty would then trickle down to the rest of us. . . So there were billions in subsidies to stock speculators in the form of special treatment for capital gains; enormous handouts for the booting of the rich; massive give-aways to truckers through the interstate highway system; and, above all, hundreds of billions of dollars in direct and indirect outlays for multinational energy companies, which responded to this largesse by making the nation unnecessarily vulnerable to the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries cartel. . . These measures are defensible in and of themselves. They also explain how American capitalists became a parasitic and dependent class. That class will die in one of two ways: given the sloppiness of history, through a combination of both. . . The corporation will become so completely integrated with the state that the executive will turn into a commissar, and American capitalists, to be sure, much more liberal and polite than the Soviet, will a commissar government. . . In either case, the people might realize that the governmental mechanism that now allocates resources to maximize corporate profit could, if it is thoroughly democratized, be used to maximize social needs. . . In either case, the system, even as it now recovers from the recession, is marching toward a rather ignominious end. . . Michael Harrington, who is national chairman of the Democratic Socialist Organizing Committee, is author of "The Other America." "Socialism" and, most recently, "The Twilight of Capitalism."



# Look down, America.

At Monsanto's "America The Beautiful" pavilion in Walt Disney World, everyone was looking up. No wonder. A dazzling

nine-screen movie in the round held everyone spellbound. Meanwhile, under their very feet, a great performance went unnoticed.

Acrilan® 2000+ carpeting made of solution-dyed Acrilan acrylic fiber by Monsanto. After fifteen million people, it was nearly like new.

Acrilan 2000+ carpets are not only abrasion-resistant and stain-resistant, but heavy traffic won't wear the color off. Because the color isn't on. It's in, all the way through for long-lasting good looks.

This same solution-dyed Acrilan fiber is used to make carpeting designed for home and non-residential installations. Both indoors and out, it offers performance and versatility.

If you visit our pavilion at Walt Disney World, look down before you look up.

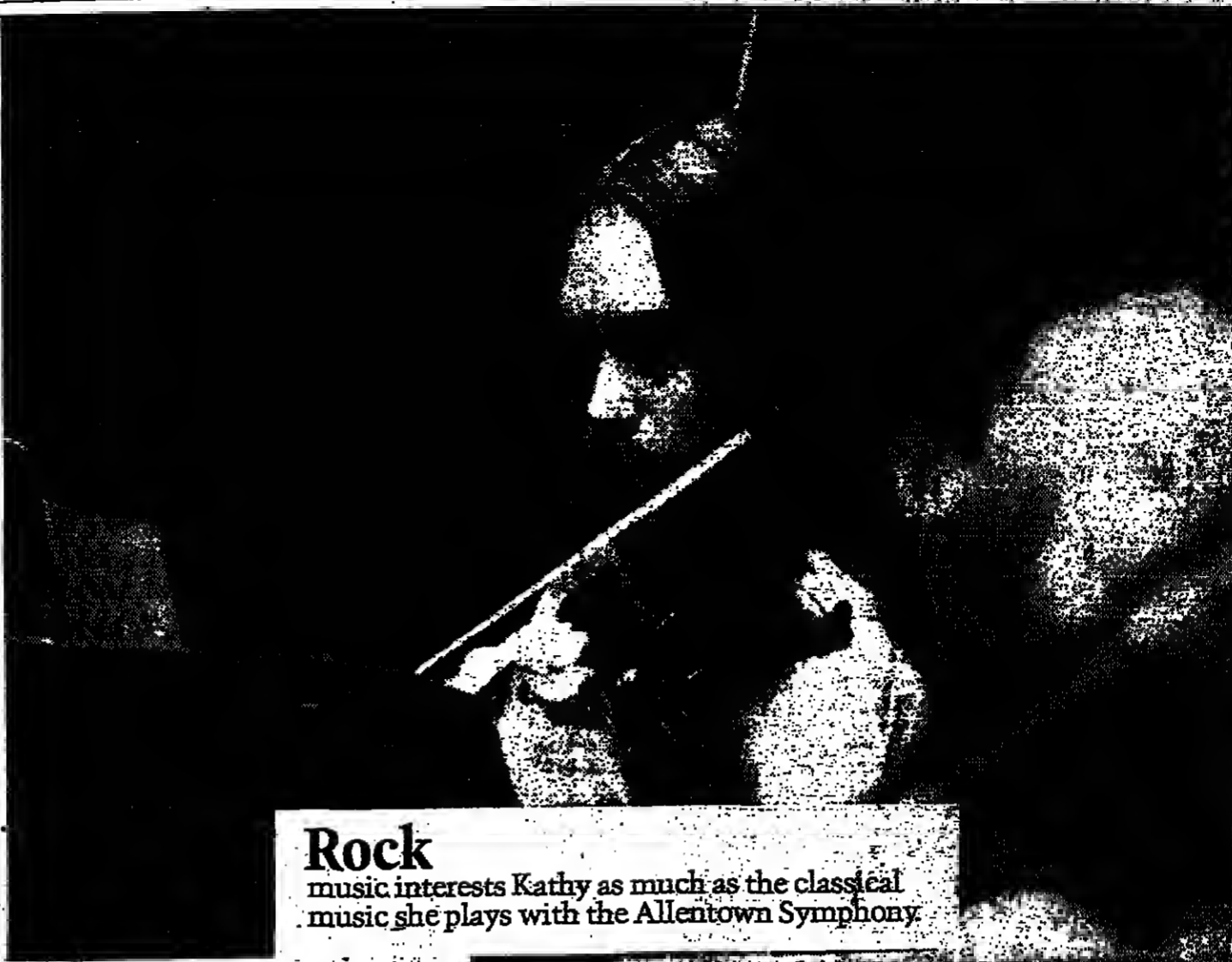
And see a great performer from **Monsanto the science company.**

FOR OUR LATEST ANNUAL REPORT WRITE TO MONSANTO COMPANY, 800 N. LINDBERGH BLVD., ST. LOUIS, MO. 63166

VISIT MONSANTO'S "AMERICA THE BEAUTIFUL" SHOW AT WALT DISNEY WORLD IN FLORIDA. IT'S OUR BICENTENNIAL SALUTE TO THE GREAT LAND.



**Kathy Knapp**  
Allentown, Pa.  
Age 17. Seventeen reader.



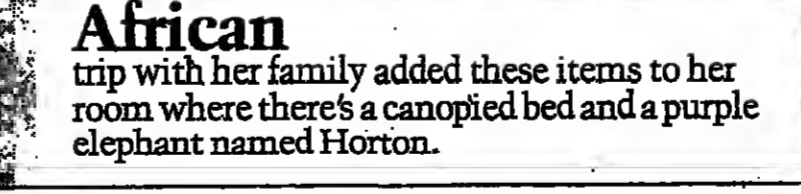
**Rock**  
music interests Kathy as much as the classical music she plays with the Allentown Symphony.



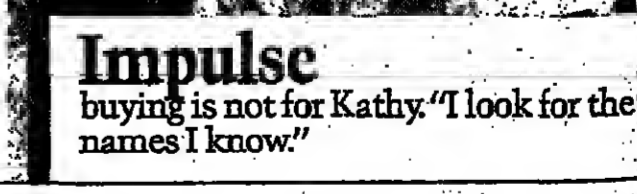
**"Canaries"**  
are members of the girls' track team. Kat placed twice in the 440 last spring.



**Tacos**  
were an instant hit when Kathy introduced them to her family.



**African**  
trip with her family added these items to her room where there's a canopied bed and a purple elephant named Horton.



**Impulse**  
buying is not for Kathy. "I look for the names I know."

Multiply her by *seventeen* and you're into a \$20 billion market

TRIANGLE COMMUNICATIONS INC.

20120120

Drive  
News Summary  
WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, 1976  
Campaign  
Little  
Red  
The  
Cleaning



Log Drive in U.S. Floating to End in Maine

JOHN KIFNER
Maine, Me.—The last log drive is floating to an end here.



Lumberjacks Bested by Mechanic

SCHAGHTICOKE, N.Y., Sept. 7—A 33-year-old diesel mechanic, poked a huge tree trunk equipped with an ax and a sniped...

The hard work of America's last log drive still left time for a woodsman to reflect on the passing of a way of life.



Richard Slingerland competing in lumberjack contest.

Wealthy Families Fall Victim To Thief Who Arrives at Dinner

By GEORGE VECSEY
Special to The New York Times
WOODBURY, L.I.—Just as the etiquette books would recommend, the uninvited guest did not disturb the dozen dinner guests at a Long Island estate recently.

List of Victims

- Long Island detectives list among so-called dinner burglaries the following cases with victims and estimated losses: April 10—Candace Van Allen, Old Brookville, \$9,000.

News Summary

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, 1976

International
Backs remained divided as leaders of five black nations...

Business/Finance
Ford Motor's new cars will be essentially the same size and weight as last year's models.

Government/Politics
San Francisco job stir dispute Senate blocks pay rise for Congress Gov. Mondale goes on trial today

Education/Welfare
Israel to train New York doctors Students miss out on financial aid

Health/Science
U.S. Health Service urges control of costs Viking 2 instruments pass test

Amusements/Arts
La Scala Opera in Washington

Index

Table with 3 columns: Section, Page, Page. Includes International, Business/Finance, Government/Politics, Education/Welfare, Health/Science, Amusements/Arts.

Quotation of the Day

"I have been longing for freedom in the United States. Life in the Soviet Union has not changed from that existing in the days of Czarist Russia where there had been no freedom."



Lieut. Viktor I. Belenko

News Analysis

Leonard Silk on major issues of election campaign

Editorials/Comment

Editorials and Letters James Reston explores the flip-flop issue

CORRECTION

In an article in The Times on Saturday, the chef at the Hammond Museum, Lynne Bierer, was inadvertently referred to as "be."

National

Order said that he would have Clarence Kelly as F.B.I. director accepting gifts and perquisites from his staff.

Metropolitan

Cleaning the Hudson River of highly toxic PCB's that it dumped there will cost General Electric \$3 million.

Vertical text on the left margin: "Canaries", "Impulse", "teen", "ma"







### BILITY FOUND FARE CENTER

#### es Accepted in Month id Unit Are Disputed ver by State Urged

EPH B. TREASTER  
10 percent of the welfare  
in one month by a freed  
Upper East Side center  
for public support, state  
id yesterday. They recom-  
mination of the center  
the city's hands.

zweig, a senior official in  
's welfare system, said he  
has a serious problem at  
Center, at 312 East 94th  
argued that a takeover  
"simply not warranted."  
e can and will implement  
n."

ndation was based on a  
fice of the State Welfare  
al, Richard V. Horan, of  
accepted at the East End  
st 1975. In addition to  
und ineligible, investiga-  
3 10 percent of the cases  
ent or underpayment was

the state takeover, Mr.  
ditions at the center were  
e demanded "immediate  
of the most drastic type."  
ory, tawny-colored brick  
yesterday afternoon, the  
M. Slade, insisted that  
s "absolutely not" chaot-  
chaos here," he asked,  
nearly empty main walk-  
a handful of welfare re-  
ting to talk with clerks.  
ize any breakdown here,  
outine plus or minus dis-  
find in any operation  
Slade said.

argest District  
Center serves some 7,600  
uth of 109th Street and  
reet between Fifth Ave-  
t River. It ranks as the  
al service district in the  
marks notwithstanding,  
who is the deputy ad-  
come maintenance pro-  
's Human Resources Ad-  
a new auditing system  
g the eligible recipi-  
er's rolls was being put  
londay.  
o or three staff members  
ed to double-check all  
within 30 days of their  
ident." Mr. Rosenzweig  
n three months we will  
n be comparable, if  
it is being achieved else-

1971 and 1972 charged  
percent of the caseload  
Center consisted of inel-  
nd in 1975 a city study  
cent of the cases were  
of one kind or another.

### Road Deaths bove Forecast

pt. 7 (UPI)—Highway  
526 persons during the  
nd, the highest number  
e Arab oil embargo,  
an died in the holiday  
final figures showed  
h toll was 401.  
h count was 66 above  
limit in the pre-holiday  
by the National Safety  
suggested that deaths  
n 360 to 400 but had  
be possibilities of in-  
could bring greater

## Metropolitan Briefs

### h Court Asked ity Moratorium

ate's highest court was  
y to declare unconstitu-  
rk City's 10-month-old  
payments of short-term  
1.6 billion. In arguments  
rt of Appeals in Albany,  
r the Flushing National  
measure not only violated  
eral Constitutions, but  
rdships for thousands of

ts were heard in Albany  
fter a Federal judge in-  
ling in another case, up-  
stadium and the Emerg-  
um Act that imposed it,  
remained unclear what  
ing would have on the  
lonal Bank's case. The  
um law was passed by  
signature last November  
avering a city default.

### ars Full Term

or Ronald Blackwood of  
n, the first black Mayor  
State, announced that he  
d that his name not be  
mination for election to  
s Mayor in November  
aid, he lacked the support  
publican party members.  
od, as president of the  
on City Council, auto-  
ame Acting Mayor Aug-  
death of Mayor August-

he Mount Vernon Repub-  
Michael Horgan, has an-  
his party has decided to  
elman Joseph Ragno for  
Horgan, said the decision  
nt on race, but on Mr.  
ity to the party when he  
to run against Mr. Pettillo  
primary a year ago. The  
k Mr. Ragno has aroused  
of a group of black  
bo plan a suit to delay



Fishermen at the mouth of the Salmon River, where it flows into Lake Ontario at Pulaski, N.Y., angling Sunday for salmon

## Fishermen Ignoring Perils Of Infected Upstate Salmon

By RICHARD SEVERO  
Special to The New York Times

PULASKI, N.Y.—Thousands of salmon  
—many of them believed to be seriously  
contaminated by mirex, PCBs and other  
toxic chemical compounds—have begun  
to leave Lake Ontario to begin their annual  
spawning run in the rivers and streams  
that flow into the lake.

But here on the Salmon River, just a  
few miles from the lake, the fishermen  
who stalk the salmon and who try to  
impale the fish on huge hooks in a sport  
called "snatching" or "snagging" do not  
seem terribly concerned.

For them, the sport's the thing and  
many say they will eat the salmon, even  
though in some instances the fish may  
contain chemical levels that exceed several  
Federal guidelines.

"First we had mercury, then it was  
PCB's, now it's mirex, and who knows  
what's next?" said Bob Larison, owner  
of the busy Silver Saddles Sports Shop  
in this Oswego County community.

"We eat salmon four times a week,"  
said John Phelps, a guide, "and we proba-  
bly put 700 pounds in the freezer every  
year. Everybody in the family eats them  
and there has been no problem at all."

The substances in question, which also  
include Kepone and DDT, tend not to be  
acutely toxic, at least not when consumed  
in the levels at which they appear to be  
present in Lake Ontario fish.

They have caused cancer in experi-  
ments with laboratory animals but  
there are questions as to what they do  
to humans who ingest them over a  
period of many years. It is known that  
the substances tend to store them-  
selves in the fatty tissue of humans and  
wildlife.

### Agency Warned

In a recent investigation into the nature  
of the contamination of Lake Ontario and  
the reasons for it, The New York Times  
learned that the State Department of  
Environmental Conservation has been  
stocking Lake Ontario and Lake  
Erie with millions of salmon.

The department also plans to construct  
a \$10 million hatchery for trout and salmon  
near the lake, although it has been  
warned that any fish put into the lake  
might well be contaminated by it. But  
plans for both the stocking program  
and the hatchery remain unchanged.  
"We don't have the data we need as  
yet on salmon," said Dr. Ted Hullar, a  
departmental deputy commissioner, in a  
recent interview. He also said that the  
department had assumed that even if the  
contamination did not disappear with

time, the fish from the new hatchery  
could be used someplace else.

No formal alert about the mirex situa-  
tion has been issued to the fishermen  
by the department.

The agency's public relations office issued  
a press release last Aug. 10 that  
noted some changes in fishing regulations  
on Lake Ontario "to improve the fishing  
opportunity for anglers-seeking... salm-  
on... as they begin their spawning runs."

The release did not mention mirex, al-  
though for the last year, the department  
has received many warnings about con-  
tamination, from United States and Cana-  
dian researchers as well as from its own  
scientists, most notably Dr. Ward Stone,  
an associate wildlife pathologist.

### Snagging Criticized

Basically, the critics are saying that  
even if the salmon are not eaten by those  
who catch them, the poisons they contain  
may be spread. The chemicals in question  
are very persistent in the environment  
and could reappear in the lake, in the  
earth, or in an animal that eats the salm-  
on.

There is also criticism of another kind—  
criticism of snagging.

"I find snagging repulsive and those  
who do it are sportsmanlike," said Jim  
Sheedy, chairman of the Fish Committee  
of the New York State Conservation  
Council, an organization that claims a  
membership of 350,000, most of them  
fishermen and hunters.

State regulations allow the fishermen  
to use triple hooks, each two inches long  
and weighted with lead, with as many  
as five treble hooks on a single line.  
When a fisherman sees a salmon hover-  
ing in a pool, he casts, trying to hook  
any part of it.

"It really doesn't matter," one of them  
said. "The fish are spawning. They're  
going to die anyhow."

John N. Hoeko, president of Catskill  
Waters, an influential group of trout fish-  
ermen who pride themselves on their  
lures, said the fishing ritual last weekend  
and said, "It's barbaric. Why not dynam-  
ite them or hit them on the head with a  
rock?"

Mr. Sheedy said that some fishermen  
waited in the river in the dark to club  
the fish with cut-off cans. Other fish-  
ermen have attached their treble hooks to  
cables and used them on the fish like  
cat-o-nine-tails, he said.

"It's like a fever," said Mr. Phelps. "I've  
seen grown men fight over whose hooks  
actually got the fish."



A fisherman with his catch. Most fishermen did not seem concerned with possible contamination.

## G.E. TO PAY \$3 MILLION FOR DUMPING OF PCB'S

Continued From Page 1

brought him into conflict with Governor  
Carey, who favored balancing economic  
and environmental concerns. Mr. Reid  
had other problems with Governor Carey,  
but this was considered the major one.

Before his resignation, Mr. Reid  
warned the public not to eat the fish  
from the Hudson and then closed the  
river to most types of commercial fish-  
ing.

PCB's have caused cancer in laboratory  
animals and a variety of illnesses among  
General Electric workers who have been  
in contact with the substance for a long  
period of time. The toxic chemical was  
discovered recently in the milk of more  
than 30 women living in Michigan. In  
Japan, more than 1,000 people became  
ill from PCB's that had leaked into rice  
oil used for cooking.

The Hudson River is believed to con-  
tain about 500,000 pounds of the chemi-  
cal, which binds itself to particulate  
matter suspended in the water as well  
as to the sediment on the bottom of  
rivers, lakes and estuaries.

For about 45 years, PCB's were used  
in lubricants, paper coatings, hydraulic  
fluids, plasticizers, paints, inks and ad-  
hesives. Because of their inertness, fire  
resistance and ability to hold an electri-  
cal charge, they were regarded as well-  
suited to the manufacture of capacitors  
and generators.

### Decline in Output Stressed

General Electric has been dumping  
PCB's into the Hudson for more than 25  
years. Between 1966 and 1972 alone,  
the company discharged an estimated 84,000  
pounds of it. The company says, how-  
ever, that it has reduced its output in  
recent months, from about two pounds  
a day last December to a few ounces  
daily now.

Congress is moving toward legislating  
a ban on PCB production, but conflict  
exists over the best way to eliminate the  
substance that has already been de-  
posited.

"We don't really know if dredging is  
good," said Dr. Karim Ahmed, a bio-  
chemist with the Natural Resources De-  
fense Council. "We need to do some pilot  
studies of how to get rid of it and where  
it goes with it. It's not just a matter of  
agreement is to study the problem first."

### Fishing Banned in Georgia River

ATLANTA, Sept. 7 (UPI)—The Georgia  
Board of Natural Resources today ordered  
an end of commercial fishing on the  
Coosa River because of PCB poisoning  
and urged sportsmen to throw back fish  
they catch on the river. The emergency  
120-day ban was imposed from Rome  
to the Alabama line after laboratory tests  
of fish caught in the Coosa showed levels  
of PCB's up to 25 times the safe content.

The Commission of Natural Resources,  
Joe Tanner, said the pollutant was spilled  
over a 20-year period from a General  
Electric plant at Rome, where electrical  
transformers are manufactured. He said  
that since 1970, G.E. has been working  
to prevent PCB drainage from the plant.

## Suffolk Accuses Chief of Aviation In Landing Case

By ARI L. GOLDMAN  
Special to The New York Times

RIVERHEAD, L.I., Sept. 7—The Suffolk  
County Commissioner of Aviation was in-  
dicted today for turning off the instru-  
ment landing system at Suffolk Airport  
as a plane was approaching in a thick  
fog. The action was reportedly taken to  
keep a principal in a hotel purchase, who  
was in the plane, from consummating the  
deal.

The Commissioner, Col. Robert L.  
Rosasco, pleaded not guilty to a charge  
of reckless endangerment before Judge  
Frank L. Gates of County Court. As he  
left the courtroom, Colonel Rosasco's  
lawyer said the 48-year-old former Air  
Force officer would have no comment.

District Attorney Henry F. O'Brien, who  
announced the indictment, would not  
comment on the circumstances surround-  
ing the alleged act. But, sources close  
to the case told a tale of two partners  
who decided to purchase a Westhampton  
beach club, a falling out between them,  
an attempt by one of them to purchase  
the property and the wait for a court  
order as a six-seated Piper Twin Aztec  
approached the airport on a foggy, rainy  
afternoon.

The story begins in early 1975 when  
two business partners, Clifford Sigmeister  
and Leonard M. Tuttmann, decided to pur-  
chase the Dune Deck Hotel in Westhampton  
for about \$500,000. They entered into a  
deal with the executors of the estate  
of the late Hyland Chessler, who owned  
the 11-acre beach resort for more than  
20 years, that they would operate the  
hotel for the summer of 1975 with intent  
to purchase it after the season.

### Call to Official Reported

The two partners apparently had a fall-  
ing out during the summer, and, on Aug.  
4, one of them, Mr. Tuttmann, arranged  
a meeting with Morris Chessler, a co-  
executor of the estate, at the offices of  
a Westhampton lawyer. Associates of Mr.  
Sigmeister found out that Mr. Chessler  
was on his way to Suffolk Airport in  
Westhampton to close the deal.

In an effort to stop the purchase, a  
lawyer for Mr. Sigmeister went to the  
chambers of Judge Gordon M. Lipetz of  
State Supreme Court in Southampton to  
ask for a restraining order.

When the attorney did not return by  
4 P.M. one of Mr. Sigmeister's associates  
reportedly called Colonel Rosasco at his  
home in Westhampton Beach and asked  
the Commissioner to delay the plane.

According to these sources, shortly be-  
fore 5 P.M. Colonel Rosasco drove to the  
airport and went directly to the shack  
that controls the instrument landing sys-  
tem, which emits a radio beam to guide  
the pilot through a fog. When he got  
there, the plane was hooked into this sys-  
tem, traveling about 110 miles an hour,  
and was about 40 seconds from the run-  
way. Colonel Rosasco allegedly ordered  
the system shut down.

The aircraft climbed back into its hold-  
ing pattern, and landed about 10 minutes  
later when the automatic system was  
turned back on.

Mr. Chessler was late for his business  
appointment. By the time he arrived, so  
had an order from Judge Lipetz prohibi-  
ting the sale.

On Aug. 15, Mr. Sigmeister pur-  
chased the hotel from the Chessler estate.

## New York State's Lottery, Is Started Prematurely; One Dealer Loses Permit

The sale of tickets to New York State's  
first instant lottery, officially scheduled  
to get under way today, had an embar-  
rassingly premature, albeit successful  
start yesterday as several dealers in the  
city and upstate sold thousands of the  
lot tickets.

At least one unnamed dealer had his  
license to sell the tickets suspended after  
he failed to heed a warning to hold off  
selling them until today, according to  
John Quinn, director of the lottery.

But any winners of the prematurely  
sold tickets, which offer prizes ranging  
from \$2 to \$1,000 a week for life, will  
be paid, Mr. Quinn said.

Harvey Kedansky, who runs a oes-  
tandard across from Macy's, said he had  
sold nearly 500 tickets in two hours.

Many of the prematurely sold tickets  
had been picked up by vendors from a  
branch of the Chemist Bank, which sent  
out employees later in the day to try  
to halt the sales, but not, in some cases,  
until the vendors had sold all their tick-  
ets.

Susan Weeks, speaking for the bank,  
said that the branch had sold the tickets  
to the vendors when it opened at 8 A.M.  
and had not told the wholesale buyers  
that they could not sell them until today.

LOTTERY NUMBER  
Sept. 7, 1976

N. J. Pick-It—717

## COLLUSION CHARGED IN FEEDING PROGRAM

### Miss Holtzman Questions Contracts Between Sponsor and Affiliates in the Summer Lunch Plan

By RICHARD J. MEISLIN

Representative Elizabeth Holtzman,  
Democrat of Brooklyn, said yesterday  
that affiliates of a major association of  
New York City summer food sponsors  
were operating \$7.6 million worth of pro-  
grams in four other cities and charged  
that their contracts in those cities indicat-  
ed collusion with two New York City  
caterers.

Government sources said yesterday that  
investigators for the Agriculture Depart-  
ment, which financed the Summer Food  
Service Program, had "for several weeks"  
been scrutinizing the relationships na-  
tionwide between affiliates of B'nai Torah  
Institute, the largest food sponsor in New  
York City, and its caterers.

The non-profit, tax-exempt organiza-  
tion, headed by Rabbi Lieb Pinter, has  
operations in Chicago, Philadelphia, New  
Jersey and St. Louis in addition to its  
five sponsorships in New York City. Miss  
Holtzman said, it has contracts for food  
with Meals and Snacks in Philadelphia  
and with Hi-Score Foods or affiliated  
companies in the other three cities. Both  
firms also cater parts of B'nai Torah's  
New York City operation.

"The Pinter group seems to have set  
up a network of sponsors and favored  
vendors," Miss Holtzman said in a news  
conference. "The relationship is obviously  
a close one [and] extracts the maximum  
price from the U.S. Government and thus  
its taxpayers."

The Summer Food Service Program  
is designed to feed needy children as a  
counterpart to the school lunch program.  
Administered by the State Education  
Department here with Agriculture Depart-  
ment funds, the 10-week program, which  
ended last week, is expected to cost  
\$80 million in New York City and \$150  
million nationwide.

### Wrongdoing Is Denied

Victor Mayer, executive director of  
B'nai Torah, denied any wrongdoing and  
said his organization had "no connection  
with [the vendors] other than that they  
serve us lunches."

Mr. Mayer acknowledged that Special  
Programs for Americans, a B'nai Torah  
affiliate, operated food programs in  
Chicago, Philadelphia and New Jersey. He  
also confirmed that executives of B'nai  
Torah interceded on behalf of the St.  
Louis organization, but said that organiza-  
tion was not affiliated with B'nai  
Torah.

Miss Holtzman said that in two cities—  
St. Louis and Chicago—the vendor select-  
ed was the only one who bid on the Pinter  
organization's contract, and the Pinter  
organization was the only ones who re-  
ceived only one bid.

Records of bid acceptances and rejections  
were not available for Philadelphia,  
she said.

She said that all four Pinter organiza-  
tion contracts were signed at the maxi-  
mum rate allowed by law, unlike any  
other food-program contract in St. Louis  
and unlike the majority of contracts in  
the other three cities.

"The coincidences are too coincidental,"  
Miss Holtzman said.

### Comments on Bidding

The Representative said she believed  
the lack of bids on the Pinter organiza-  
tion's contracts was caused by an unusual  
provision in the bidding offer, requiring  
caterers to provide an interest-free loan  
to the sponsor for an indeterminate time  
as a condition of the bid.

"It seems to me," Miss Holtzman said,  
"that this was inserted to discourage  
businessmen who had a legitimate bid-  
ding interest from bidding on the con-  
tracts."

In New Jersey, the interest-free loan  
requirement was rejected by state admin-  
istrators, and the Pinter operation there  
received bids from two caterers at bids  
below Food Distributors of America, a  
Hi-Score organization. But it rejected the  
lower bids and contracted with Food Dis-  
tributors instead, Miss Holtzman said.

Mr. Mayer said he could give no im-  
mediate explanation of his organization's  
contract procedure in New Jersey.

George Ribowsky, the apparent head  
of the Hi-Score organization, could not  
be reached for comment yesterday.

In New York City, Miss Holtzman said,  
the vendors who served the Pinter organ-  
ization this year appear to be the same  
as those who served the B'nai Torah pro-  
gram in 1975, with one of last year's  
caterers—Luigi Golstein Inc.—replaced by  
two apparently related vendors, Jacbo  
Food Services and Food Service Dynam-  
ics.



Amnesia victim at St. Clare's hospital

### Woman's Identity Sought

An elderly well-dressed woman who  
was found wandering the New York  
City's streets two weeks ago by the  
police is at St. Clare's Hospital, trying  
to remember her name and where she  
came from, according to the police.

When found lying in front of a  
Chock Full o'Nuts restaurant at 39th  
Street and Broadway in mid-afternoon  
on Aug. 26, the police said, she was  
suffering from malnutrition and inco-  
herent. She was wearing a white and  
beige short-sleeved print dress, high-  
heeled black shoes and carrying a  
black leather handbag, according to  
Detective Edward F. Gannon of the  
Missing Persons Squad. Detective Gon-  
non said that the woman is 60 to 70  
years old, weighs about 130 pounds,  
is 5 feet 3 inches tall, with a light  
complexion, straight gray hair and  
blue-gray eyes. The police have asked  
anyone with information to call 374-  
8913.

### School Strike Threat

The Jersey City Board of Education  
and the Jersey City Education Associa-  
tion continued intensive bargaining in  
an effort to avert a strike today against  
the city's public schools. A third of  
the 2,000 teachers began picketing,  
joining clerks and nonprofessional  
members of the union who struck ear-  
lier in the day.



Representative Frank Horton sur-  
rendering in police on Sept. 1.

### Horton Is Released From Upstate Jail

After a week's stay in the Genesee  
County jail for drunken driving and  
speeding, Representative Frank Horton  
was released and his driving license  
restored on condition that he attend  
a driving-rehabilitation school. The 56-  
year-old Republican was let out four  
days early for good behavior.

The Congressman had to pay a \$200  
fine. The fine and jail sentence were  
imposed last Tuesday by Town Justice  
Frederick Muskopf of Stafford. Mr.  
Horton, who has served 14 years in  
the House, said in Rochester that he had  
rejected his lawyer's advice to fight  
the charges. He said that serving the  
sentence had cleared his conscience.



Representative Elizabeth Holtzman  
telling of irregularities found in op-  
erations of food-program sponsors.



# Giants Laughing Again; End of Cuts Quells Fear

By MICHAEL KATZ  
Special to The New York Times

PLEASANTVILLE, N. Y., Sept. 7—There was laughter again today in the Giants' locker room.

The final cuts had been made, the two newest Giants—a wrestler of Polish descent from Passaic, N. J., and a landscaper of Italian descent who grew up playing soccer in Spokane, Wash.—were installed in their new cubicles, and the other 41 players were holding news conferences.

While yesterday nervous players had gathered and waited for the Giants to get down to the National Football League player limit, now spirited young men were joking about the survival of the fittest. And while yesterday Craig Brantley and Bob Hyland had dressed, now Ron Mikolajczyk and Joe Daneilo were holding news conferences.

Obtained From the Raiders  
Yesterday, the sign on the cubicle read, "80-Brantley," but the wide receiver has been released and now the sign reads, "62-Mik-." Mikolajczyk, an offensive lineman who is as wide as his name and who has been in the offense for the last four years, was obtained yesterday from the Oakland Raiders for a draft choice. Mikolajczyk calls me Mik, I guess—had come home.

He grew up in Passaic, played on the same high school team as did Jim Tatum of the Raiders, and then passed through the University of Tampa; Toronto in the Canadian football League (two years) and Memphis in the World Football League (two years). The 6-foot-3-inch, 275-pound player was used mostly at guard by Oakland ("I'm a tackle") and had asked to be traded to the Giants, who had him working out today at guard.

But the man who lost a 45-minute match to Jerry Lawler for the Southern heavyweight wrestling championship of the world before training camp began will be given an opportunity later to tackle Mike Gibbons, one of the former Memphis players who had to sweat out yesterday's cuts. He played tackle behind Mike at Memphis and called him "one of the best I've ever seen."

Across the less-crowded room, Daneilo was occupying Hyland's old locker and saying how nice it was to have a locker anywhere. "I didn't know if I was going to have to find another job outside football," said the place-kicker, who was traded to the Giants yesterday by the Green Bay Packers for another draft choice. "I've been doing landscaping for a fellow around Spokane for the last eight years. I guess that's what I probably would've done."

But Daneilo, who had Chester Marcol, one of the league's best, to compete with at Green Bay, will help the Giants kick off their 52d N.F.L. season at Washington. He'll do it soccer-style, and not only because he was a soccer player as well as a place-kicker in high school and at Washington State.

Gregory to Open at Right End  
Jack Gregory, the defensive end, left camp to be at the bedside of his 3-year-old son, who is undergoing another transplant operation Thursday morning. Gregory will miss the "defensive day" of the preparation for the Redskins, but will open at right end in any case at Washington. The Redskins have listed Billy Kilmer, their regular quarterback, as "questionable" for the opener because of bruised ribs. Joe Theismann is the replacement.



Leon Douglas

## Keystone Pioneer Wins Trot at Meadowlands

Special to The New York Times  
EAST RUTHERFORD, N. J., Sept. 7—Keystone Pioneer, driven by Bill Houghton, won the \$50,000 Hiram Woodruff free-for-all trot tonight at The Meadowlands, but another entrant stood in the spotlight following the race.

Meadow Bright, who finished fourth after the race, was officially retired after the Miller and will be shipped tomorrow to Hanover Shoe Farm in Hanover, Pa., to await her first foal. Meadow Bright is expected to foal in April. Keystone Pioneer, a 3-year-old filly, was impressive in winning the Woodruff. She overcame an early break to score a 1:59 2/5 triumph, her fastest in seven victories this year. She paid \$5.40 for \$2 to win. Dream of Glory finished second with Price of Carlisle third.

## People in Sports

# Douglas, No. 1 Choice, Ready To Sign Pistons' Pact Today

The Detroit Pistons have called a news conference for today to announce the signing of Leon Douglas, their No. 1 draft choice. The 6-foot-9 1/2-inch 200-pound Douglas was given a reported four-year, no-cut \$500,000 contract. Douglas averaged 21 points and almost 13 rebounds a game last season for the University of Alabama. The Pistons, who have several unsigned players, are still negotiating with Marvin Barnes, their first choice in the American Basketball Association dispersal draft. Barnes has expressed displeasure with the Spirit of St. Louis contract the Pistons have inherited. He wants more of his money up front.

With the signing of Douglas, and the addition of Barnes, to go with Bob Lanier, Curtis Rowe, George Trapp, Howard Porter and M. L. Carr, the Pistons are overstocked with frontcourt men. It appears certain Detroit will try to use its excess talent to trade for a big guard. Rowe, who is not signed and would be in his option season, has been mentioned often as trade bait. The Knicks have expressed interest in acquiring Rowe. They are trying to find a guard acceptable to the Pistons to work out a possible three-team trade.

Don Nelson, who retired as a player with the Boston Celtics at the end of last season after 14 years in the National Basketball Association, has been named the assistant coach of the Milwaukee Bucks. The 36-year-old Nelson played 11 seasons with the Celtics and was a member of five championship teams. He succeeds Jack McKeimney, who resigned to become the assistant coach of the Portland Trail Blazers.

Steve Yeager, the Los Angeles Dodgers' catcher, underwent surgery

for the removal of nine splinters from his esophagus. Yeager caught a piece of Bill Russell's bat during Monday night's game against the San Diego Padres. Yeager was on deck when Russell took a swing at a Randy Jones pitch. The barrel end of the bat took a jagged hole a half inch deep in Yeager's neck. Dr. H. Paul Bauer Jr., the Padres' team doctor, had to cut a four-inch lateral incision in Yeager's neck. "It was sickening," said Steve Garvey, the Dodgers' first baseman. Wall Alston, the Dodger manager, said, "The only thing I've ever seen that in any way resembled the incident was in an exhibition game at Vero Beach when Duke Snider had broken and the top half hit Larry Jackson in the face, breaking his jaw."

George Foster, the Cincinnati Reds' outfielder and the major league's leading in runs batted in, suffered a fractured eye when he was struck in the face by a ball that bounced off the wall in the seventh inning of Monday night's game against the Houston Astros. Foster, the Reds' home run leader with 29, leaped for a ball hit by Babe Cabell when he was struck. He will miss "a day or two," said Sparky Anderson, the Reds' manager. The Texas Rangers have hired Eddie Robinson, the former general manager of the Atlanta Braves as executive vice president.

Mayor Beame, joined by City Councilman Howard Golden, was presented with a check for \$10,000 by representatives of the Jets and Giants as contributions to support the Public Schools Athletic League program. The monies were part of the proceeds from the Jets' and Giants' preseason game last Aug. 11 at the Yankee Stadium. "These donations," said the Mayor, "will help

## Sports To

**BASEBALL**  
Yankees vs. Milwaukee Brewers Stadium, 7:15 p.m. at the Bronx. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Mets vs. Cubs at Chicago, 7:25 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Reds vs. Pirates at Cincinnati, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Astros vs. Houston Astros at Houston, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Braves vs. Atlanta Braves at Atlanta, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Phillies vs. Philadelphia Phillies at Philadelphia, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Pirates vs. Pittsburgh Pirates at Pittsburgh, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Cubs vs. Chicago Cubs at Chicago, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Dodgers vs. Los Angeles Dodgers at Los Angeles, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Giants vs. New York Giants at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Mets vs. New York Mets at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Astros vs. Houston Astros at Houston, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Braves vs. Atlanta Braves at Atlanta, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Phillies vs. Philadelphia Phillies at Philadelphia, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Pirates vs. Pittsburgh Pirates at Pittsburgh, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Cubs vs. Chicago Cubs at Chicago, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Dodgers vs. Los Angeles Dodgers at Los Angeles, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Giants vs. New York Giants at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Mets vs. New York Mets at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Astros vs. Houston Astros at Houston, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Braves vs. Atlanta Braves at Atlanta, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Phillies vs. Philadelphia Phillies at Philadelphia, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Pirates vs. Pittsburgh Pirates at Pittsburgh, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Cubs vs. Chicago Cubs at Chicago, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Dodgers vs. Los Angeles Dodgers at Los Angeles, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Giants vs. New York Giants at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Mets vs. New York Mets at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Astros vs. Houston Astros at Houston, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Braves vs. Atlanta Braves at Atlanta, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Phillies vs. Philadelphia Phillies at Philadelphia, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Pirates vs. Pittsburgh Pirates at Pittsburgh, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Cubs vs. Chicago Cubs at Chicago, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Dodgers vs. Los Angeles Dodgers at Los Angeles, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Giants vs. New York Giants at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Mets vs. New York Mets at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Astros vs. Houston Astros at Houston, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Braves vs. Atlanta Braves at Atlanta, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Phillies vs. Philadelphia Phillies at Philadelphia, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Pirates vs. Pittsburgh Pirates at Pittsburgh, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Cubs vs. Chicago Cubs at Chicago, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Dodgers vs. Los Angeles Dodgers at Los Angeles, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Giants vs. New York Giants at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Mets vs. New York Mets at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Astros vs. Houston Astros at Houston, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Braves vs. Atlanta Braves at Atlanta, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Phillies vs. Philadelphia Phillies at Philadelphia, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Pirates vs. Pittsburgh Pirates at Pittsburgh, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Cubs vs. Chicago Cubs at Chicago, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Dodgers vs. Los Angeles Dodgers at Los Angeles, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Giants vs. New York Giants at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Mets vs. New York Mets at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Astros vs. Houston Astros at Houston, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Braves vs. Atlanta Braves at Atlanta, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Phillies vs. Philadelphia Phillies at Philadelphia, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Pirates vs. Pittsburgh Pirates at Pittsburgh, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Cubs vs. Chicago Cubs at Chicago, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Dodgers vs. Los Angeles Dodgers at Los Angeles, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Giants vs. New York Giants at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Mets vs. New York Mets at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Astros vs. Houston Astros at Houston, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Braves vs. Atlanta Braves at Atlanta, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Phillies vs. Philadelphia Phillies at Philadelphia, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Pirates vs. Pittsburgh Pirates at Pittsburgh, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Cubs vs. Chicago Cubs at Chicago, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Dodgers vs. Los Angeles Dodgers at Los Angeles, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Giants vs. New York Giants at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Mets vs. New York Mets at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Astros vs. Houston Astros at Houston, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Braves vs. Atlanta Braves at Atlanta, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Phillies vs. Philadelphia Phillies at Philadelphia, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Pirates vs. Pittsburgh Pirates at Pittsburgh, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Cubs vs. Chicago Cubs at Chicago, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Dodgers vs. Los Angeles Dodgers at Los Angeles, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Giants vs. New York Giants at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Mets vs. New York Mets at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Astros vs. Houston Astros at Houston, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Braves vs. Atlanta Braves at Atlanta, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Phillies vs. Philadelphia Phillies at Philadelphia, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Pirates vs. Pittsburgh Pirates at Pittsburgh, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Cubs vs. Chicago Cubs at Chicago, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Dodgers vs. Los Angeles Dodgers at Los Angeles, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Giants vs. New York Giants at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Mets vs. New York Mets at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Astros vs. Houston Astros at Houston, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Braves vs. Atlanta Braves at Atlanta, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Phillies vs. Philadelphia Phillies at Philadelphia, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Pirates vs. Pittsburgh Pirates at Pittsburgh, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Cubs vs. Chicago Cubs at Chicago, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Dodgers vs. Los Angeles Dodgers at Los Angeles, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Giants vs. New York Giants at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Mets vs. New York Mets at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Astros vs. Houston Astros at Houston, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Braves vs. Atlanta Braves at Atlanta, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Phillies vs. Philadelphia Phillies at Philadelphia, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Pirates vs. Pittsburgh Pirates at Pittsburgh, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Cubs vs. Chicago Cubs at Chicago, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Dodgers vs. Los Angeles Dodgers at Los Angeles, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Giants vs. New York Giants at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Mets vs. New York Mets at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Astros vs. Houston Astros at Houston, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Braves vs. Atlanta Braves at Atlanta, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Phillies vs. Philadelphia Phillies at Philadelphia, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Pirates vs. Pittsburgh Pirates at Pittsburgh, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Cubs vs. Chicago Cubs at Chicago, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Dodgers vs. Los Angeles Dodgers at Los Angeles, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Giants vs. New York Giants at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Mets vs. New York Mets at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Astros vs. Houston Astros at Houston, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Braves vs. Atlanta Braves at Atlanta, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Phillies vs. Philadelphia Phillies at Philadelphia, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Pirates vs. Pittsburgh Pirates at Pittsburgh, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Cubs vs. Chicago Cubs at Chicago, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Dodgers vs. Los Angeles Dodgers at Los Angeles, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Giants vs. New York Giants at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Mets vs. New York Mets at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Astros vs. Houston Astros at Houston, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Braves vs. Atlanta Braves at Atlanta, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Phillies vs. Philadelphia Phillies at Philadelphia, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Pirates vs. Pittsburgh Pirates at Pittsburgh, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Cubs vs. Chicago Cubs at Chicago, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Dodgers vs. Los Angeles Dodgers at Los Angeles, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Giants vs. New York Giants at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Mets vs. New York Mets at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Astros vs. Houston Astros at Houston, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Braves vs. Atlanta Braves at Atlanta, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Phillies vs. Philadelphia Phillies at Philadelphia, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Pirates vs. Pittsburgh Pirates at Pittsburgh, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Cubs vs. Chicago Cubs at Chicago, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Dodgers vs. Los Angeles Dodgers at Los Angeles, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Giants vs. New York Giants at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Mets vs. New York Mets at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Astros vs. Houston Astros at Houston, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Braves vs. Atlanta Braves at Atlanta, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Phillies vs. Philadelphia Phillies at Philadelphia, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Pirates vs. Pittsburgh Pirates at Pittsburgh, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Cubs vs. Chicago Cubs at Chicago, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Dodgers vs. Los Angeles Dodgers at Los Angeles, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Giants vs. New York Giants at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Mets vs. New York Mets at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Astros vs. Houston Astros at Houston, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Braves vs. Atlanta Braves at Atlanta, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Phillies vs. Philadelphia Phillies at Philadelphia, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Pirates vs. Pittsburgh Pirates at Pittsburgh, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Cubs vs. Chicago Cubs at Chicago, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Dodgers vs. Los Angeles Dodgers at Los Angeles, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Giants vs. New York Giants at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Mets vs. New York Mets at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Astros vs. Houston Astros at Houston, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Braves vs. Atlanta Braves at Atlanta, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Phillies vs. Philadelphia Phillies at Philadelphia, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Pirates vs. Pittsburgh Pirates at Pittsburgh, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Cubs vs. Chicago Cubs at Chicago, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Dodgers vs. Los Angeles Dodgers at Los Angeles, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Giants vs. New York Giants at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Mets vs. New York Mets at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Astros vs. Houston Astros at Houston, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Braves vs. Atlanta Braves at Atlanta, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Phillies vs. Philadelphia Phillies at Philadelphia, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Pirates vs. Pittsburgh Pirates at Pittsburgh, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Cubs vs. Chicago Cubs at Chicago, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Dodgers vs. Los Angeles Dodgers at Los Angeles, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Giants vs. New York Giants at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Mets vs. New York Mets at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Astros vs. Houston Astros at Houston, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Braves vs. Atlanta Braves at Atlanta, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Phillies vs. Philadelphia Phillies at Philadelphia, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Pirates vs. Pittsburgh Pirates at Pittsburgh, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Cubs vs. Chicago Cubs at Chicago, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Dodgers vs. Los Angeles Dodgers at Los Angeles, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Giants vs. New York Giants at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Mets vs. New York Mets at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Astros vs. Houston Astros at Houston, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Braves vs. Atlanta Braves at Atlanta, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Phillies vs. Philadelphia Phillies at Philadelphia, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Pirates vs. Pittsburgh Pirates at Pittsburgh, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Cubs vs. Chicago Cubs at Chicago, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Dodgers vs. Los Angeles Dodgers at Los Angeles, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Giants vs. New York Giants at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Mets vs. New York Mets at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Astros vs. Houston Astros at Houston, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Braves vs. Atlanta Braves at Atlanta, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Phillies vs. Philadelphia Phillies at Philadelphia, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Pirates vs. Pittsburgh Pirates at Pittsburgh, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Cubs vs. Chicago Cubs at Chicago, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Dodgers vs. Los Angeles Dodgers at Los Angeles, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Giants vs. New York Giants at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Mets vs. New York Mets at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Astros vs. Houston Astros at Houston, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Braves vs. Atlanta Braves at Atlanta, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Phillies vs. Philadelphia Phillies at Philadelphia, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Pirates vs. Pittsburgh Pirates at Pittsburgh, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Cubs vs. Chicago Cubs at Chicago, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Dodgers vs. Los Angeles Dodgers at Los Angeles, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Giants vs. New York Giants at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Mets vs. New York Mets at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Astros vs. Houston Astros at Houston, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Braves vs. Atlanta Braves at Atlanta, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Phillies vs. Philadelphia Phillies at Philadelphia, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Pirates vs. Pittsburgh Pirates at Pittsburgh, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Cubs vs. Chicago Cubs at Chicago, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Dodgers vs. Los Angeles Dodgers at Los Angeles, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Giants vs. New York Giants at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Mets vs. New York Mets at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Astros vs. Houston Astros at Houston, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Braves vs. Atlanta Braves at Atlanta, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Phillies vs. Philadelphia Phillies at Philadelphia, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Pirates vs. Pittsburgh Pirates at Pittsburgh, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Cubs vs. Chicago Cubs at Chicago, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Dodgers vs. Los Angeles Dodgers at Los Angeles, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Giants vs. New York Giants at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Mets vs. New York Mets at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Astros vs. Houston Astros at Houston, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Braves vs. Atlanta Braves at Atlanta, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Phillies vs. Philadelphia Phillies at Philadelphia, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Pirates vs. Pittsburgh Pirates at Pittsburgh, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Cubs vs. Chicago Cubs at Chicago, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Dodgers vs. Los Angeles Dodgers at Los Angeles, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Giants vs. New York Giants at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Mets vs. New York Mets at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Astros vs. Houston Astros at Houston, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Braves vs. Atlanta Braves at Atlanta, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Phillies vs. Philadelphia Phillies at Philadelphia, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Pirates vs. Pittsburgh Pirates at Pittsburgh, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Cubs vs. Chicago Cubs at Chicago, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Dodgers vs. Los Angeles Dodgers at Los Angeles, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Giants vs. New York Giants at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Mets vs. New York Mets at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Astros vs. Houston Astros at Houston, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Braves vs. Atlanta Braves at Atlanta, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Phillies vs. Philadelphia Phillies at Philadelphia, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Pirates vs. Pittsburgh Pirates at Pittsburgh, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Cubs vs. Chicago Cubs at Chicago, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Dodgers vs. Los Angeles Dodgers at Los Angeles, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Giants vs. New York Giants at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Mets vs. New York Mets at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Astros vs. Houston Astros at Houston, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Braves vs. Atlanta Braves at Atlanta, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Phillies vs. Philadelphia Phillies at Philadelphia, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Pirates vs. Pittsburgh Pirates at Pittsburgh, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Cubs vs. Chicago Cubs at Chicago, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Dodgers vs. Los Angeles Dodgers at Los Angeles, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Giants vs. New York Giants at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Mets vs. New York Mets at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Astros vs. Houston Astros at Houston, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Braves vs. Atlanta Braves at Atlanta, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Phillies vs. Philadelphia Phillies at Philadelphia, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Pirates vs. Pittsburgh Pirates at Pittsburgh, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Cubs vs. Chicago Cubs at Chicago, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Dodgers vs. Los Angeles Dodgers at Los Angeles, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Giants vs. New York Giants at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Mets vs. New York Mets at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Astros vs. Houston Astros at Houston, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Braves vs. Atlanta Braves at Atlanta, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Phillies vs. Philadelphia Phillies at Philadelphia, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Pirates vs. Pittsburgh Pirates at Pittsburgh, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Cubs vs. Chicago Cubs at Chicago, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Dodgers vs. Los Angeles Dodgers at Los Angeles, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Giants vs. New York Giants at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Mets vs. New York Mets at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Astros vs. Houston Astros at Houston, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Braves vs. Atlanta Braves at Atlanta, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Phillies vs. Philadelphia Phillies at Philadelphia, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Pirates vs. Pittsburgh Pirates at Pittsburgh, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Cubs vs. Chicago Cubs at Chicago, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Dodgers vs. Los Angeles Dodgers at Los Angeles, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Giants vs. New York Giants at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Mets vs. New York Mets at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Astros vs. Houston Astros at Houston, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Braves vs. Atlanta Braves at Atlanta, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Phillies vs. Philadelphia Phillies at Philadelphia, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Pirates vs. Pittsburgh Pirates at Pittsburgh, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Cubs vs. Chicago Cubs at Chicago, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Dodgers vs. Los Angeles Dodgers at Los Angeles, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Giants vs. New York Giants at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Mets vs. New York Mets at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Astros vs. Houston Astros at Houston, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Braves vs. Atlanta Braves at Atlanta, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Phillies vs. Philadelphia Phillies at Philadelphia, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Pirates vs. Pittsburgh Pirates at Pittsburgh, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Cubs vs. Chicago Cubs at Chicago, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Dodgers vs. Los Angeles Dodgers at Los Angeles, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Giants vs. New York Giants at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Mets vs. New York Mets at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Astros vs. Houston Astros at Houston, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Braves vs. Atlanta Braves at Atlanta, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Phillies vs. Philadelphia Phillies at Philadelphia, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Pirates vs. Pittsburgh Pirates at Pittsburgh, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Cubs vs. Chicago Cubs at Chicago, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Dodgers vs. Los Angeles Dodgers at Los Angeles, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Giants vs. New York Giants at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Mets vs. New York Mets at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Astros vs. Houston Astros at Houston, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Braves vs. Atlanta Braves at Atlanta, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Phillies vs. Philadelphia Phillies at Philadelphia, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Pirates vs. Pittsburgh Pirates at Pittsburgh, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Cubs vs. Chicago Cubs at Chicago, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Dodgers vs. Los Angeles Dodgers at Los Angeles, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Giants vs. New York Giants at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Mets vs. New York Mets at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Astros vs. Houston Astros at Houston, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Braves vs. Atlanta Braves at Atlanta, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Phillies vs. Philadelphia Phillies at Philadelphia, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Pirates vs. Pittsburgh Pirates at Pittsburgh, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Cubs vs. Chicago Cubs at Chicago, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Dodgers vs. Los Angeles Dodgers at Los Angeles, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Giants vs. New York Giants at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K. Rader, P.M.)  
Mets vs. New York Mets at New York, 7:35 p.m. (E. K



الرياض 20 1976

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, 1976

# Yanks Beat Red Sox, Tiant, 4-2

By JOSEPH DURSO

The Boston Red Sox made their final Yankee Stadium appearance of the year last night, and not even old Luis Tiant could reverse the fortunes of baseball war that one summer had brought.

The Yankees, riding high with only 27 games in the regular season after last night, rattled Tiant for two runs in the first inning and two more in the fourth, then stifled the Boston bats and scored a 4-2 victory.

This was the 11th time in their last 15 games that the Yankees had won, and the 10th time in 13 games against the Red Sox, guaranteeing the Yankees the season's series with Boston for the first time in five years. The two teams play each other 18 games a season.

If there was any doubt that the magic had deserted the Red Sox, the doubt was dispelled in the eighth inning, when they loaded the bases with nobody out. That was when Dick Tidrow relieved Dock Ellis for the Yankees and threw two pitches that yielded three outs, and the Red Sox rustled no more.

For most people, part of the charm of the Red Sox last year was the sight of the portly, cigar-smoking Cuban pitcher with the spinning motion and the tantalizing stretch on the mound. But, as the memory of Boston's crushing World Series effort against the Cincinnati Reds faded this year, so did most of the charm. They even began to badger old "Loo-ie" about his age, which is 35.

"What difference does it make how old a man is if he does his job?" Tiant said. "I do my job. I don't want to leave Boston, but I will if I have to—and I'll pitch someplace else."

The Yankees' relations with Tiant go back to 1964, the last year they won the pennant. He was a rookie with the Cleveland Indians after six seasons in the minor leagues, including three with the Mexico City Tigers. In his debut in Yankee Stadium, he outpitched Whitey Ford, 3-0, and through the years went on to complete a record of 21 victories and 10 defeats against the Yankees. No pitcher in the American League has beaten them more often.

Yanks Take Quick Lead

The high point in their relations, from Tiant's point of view, arrived two years ago, when he won five of six decisions against the Yankees. The low spot arrived this summer, when the Yankees began to rise again and included Tiant among their victims: one victory, one defeat before last night's meeting.

For Tiant, the low spot got even lower in the first inning last night, when Roy White walked and Thurman Munson bled out, but the left side of the mound, Greg Niekro, signaled whacked a sliocg shot that bounced to the 430-foot sign in left-center for a triple and a 2-0 lead. That also gave Chambliss 89 runs batted in, tying him for the Yankee leadership in production with Munson.

In the fourth, Tiant's relations with the Yankees deteriorated even further. With one down, Craig Nettles signaled to right field, and then Oscar Gamble unloaded a skyrocket off the balcony above right field, at the third deck high above the marker reading "363 feet." It was his 15th home run since the Yankees pried him from the Cleveland Indians last winter for Pat Dobson, and now old Luis Tiant was four runs short.

While all this was going on, the Red Sox were trying to get back into the game.

Continued on Page 46, Column 2

# Orantes, Borg, Miss Evert Reach Open Quarterfinals

By FARTON KEENE

The defending men's and women's singles champions made successful appearances yesterday, while the five-set marathon match returned in thrilling fashion at the United States Open tennis championships in Forest Hills, Queens.

Manuel Orantes of Spain, who defeated Jimmy Connors in last year's final, needed all five sets to turn back Stan Smith, 3-6, 1-6, 6-2, 7-6, 6-1, while Chris Evert continued to blitz her opponents as she routed Sue Barker of Britain, 6-1, 6-0.

Orantes and Miss Evert moved into the quarterfinals. The Spanish champion was joined by Bjorn Borg, who outlasted Brian Gottfried, 6-7, 3-6, 6-4, 6-2, in the most exciting match of the day, and Dick Stockton, who had little trouble with Jaime Velasco of Colombia, winning, 6-3, 7-5, 6-4.

Other women advancing to the round of eight included Mima Jausovec of Yugoslavia, Rosemary Casals, Dianne Fromholtz, Virginia Ruzici of Rumania and 16-year-old Zenda Liess of Daytona Beach, Fla., who put out Wendy Overton.

The triumphs by last year's champions helped dispel somewhat the tales surrounding injured parts of their anatomy, namely Miss Evert's hand and Orantes' left arm.

Smith's Elbow Problem

"My hand feels fine," said Miss Evert last night after taking her 98th consecutive contest on a clay-like surface. "I still have to put ice on it, but the inflamed tendon seems to be no problem now."

"My arm is better too," conceded Orantes, "but I didn't think so when the match first started. When I swung my arm for a ball, the racket didn't want to go with it. It was a very funny feeling, and for awhile I just wanted to go home."

Smith, who won this tournament in 1971, also has been having arm problems, though his malady is centered in the elbow. He was far from the polished and aggressive player fans had been accustomed to seeing here.

The first five-set cliff-hanger involved the master of the comeback club, the 20-year-old Borg. Orantes explained the Swede's performance by saying where most players start on about an 80 percent level and descend to 40 percent as they get tired, Borg plays a whole match on one supreme level.

So the ultimate difference settled on Gottfried and his ability to take one of Borg's explosive topspin drives and return it well enough to rush the net for a volley. In the beginning, Borg's return for a ball, the racket didn't want to go with it. It was a very funny feeling, and for awhile I just wanted to go home."

Continued on Page 46, Column 5

of eight included Mima Jausovec of Yugoslavia, Rosemary Casals, Dianne Fromholtz, Virginia Ruzici of Rumania and 16-year-old Zenda Liess of Daytona Beach, Fla., who put out Wendy Overton.

The triumphs by last year's champions helped dispel somewhat the tales surrounding injured parts of their anatomy, namely Miss Evert's hand and Orantes' left arm.

Smith's Elbow Problem

"My hand feels fine," said Miss Evert last night after taking her 98th consecutive contest on a clay-like surface. "I still have to put ice on it, but the inflamed tendon seems to be no problem now."

"My arm is better too," conceded Orantes, "but I didn't think so when the match first started. When I swung my arm for a ball, the racket didn't want to go with it. It was a very funny feeling, and for awhile I just wanted to go home."

Smith, who won this tournament in 1971, also has been having arm problems, though his malady is centered in the elbow. He was far from the polished and aggressive player fans had been accustomed to seeing here.

The first five-set cliff-hanger involved the master of the comeback club, the 20-year-old Borg. Orantes explained the Swede's performance by saying where most players start on about an 80 percent level and descend to 40 percent as they get tired, Borg plays a whole match on one supreme level.

So the ultimate difference settled on Gottfried and his ability to take one of Borg's explosive topspin drives and return it well enough to rush the net for a volley. In the beginning, Borg's return for a ball, the racket didn't want to go with it. It was a very funny feeling, and for awhile I just wanted to go home."

Continued on Page 46, Column 5



# Tomarchibroda Returns, Reappointed, to the Colts

By WILLIAM N. WALLACE

Tomarchibroda was rehired as coach yesterday by the Baltimore Colts, thus concluding a bizarre episode as one can imagine a coach, a general manager and an owner. The quiet, middle-aged Tomarchibroda, voted National Football League's coach of the year last season, had quit last Thursday night in Chicago, and again on Sunday the owner's yacht, which was to be in Milwaukee. His resignation was accepted Tuesday.

Robert (Tiger) Isray of the Colts, who had fired Tomarchibroda last season, had two key assistants, Whitley and Brian, who run the offense, and Tomarchibroda, who runs the defense, to quit, too, and the Colts considered, but rejected, his resignation in support of their coach.

Tomarchibroda was rehired as coach yesterday by the Baltimore Colts, thus concluding a bizarre episode as one can imagine a coach, a general manager and an owner. The quiet, middle-aged Tomarchibroda, voted National Football League's coach of the year last season, had quit last Thursday night in Chicago, and again on Sunday the owner's yacht, which was to be in Milwaukee. His resignation was accepted Tuesday.

Tomarchibroda was rehired as coach yesterday by the Baltimore Colts, thus concluding a bizarre episode as one can imagine a coach, a general manager and an owner. The quiet, middle-aged Tomarchibroda, voted National Football League's coach of the year last season, had quit last Thursday night in Chicago, and again on Sunday the owner's yacht, which was to be in Milwaukee. His resignation was accepted Tuesday.

Continued on Page 44, Column 2



Bjorn Borg defeating Brian Gottfried in U.S. Open competition at Forest Hills yesterday. Borg won in five sets.

# Comeback by Smith Is Incomplete

The moment of truth came at the beginning of the third set. Stanley Roger Smith, the matador of championships past, had taken the first two sets from Manuel Orantes, and the Spaniard had all but conceded the ears and the tail.

"I was very worried," Orantes said later. "Yeah, I thought I was going home already. I didn't see too much hope for me."

But the moment passed unseized. Orantes, the defending champion, reached down, deeper than he had assumed possible, and came up with a winning game. He beat Smith in the third set, edged him in a tiebreaker in the fourth and sent him off to his ice packs in the trainer's room in the fifth. The match lasted 2 hours 46 minutes, and when it was over the matador had fallen on his own sword.

"The third set," Smith told his friend and attorney, Donald Dell. "I should have had him in the third set. I should have jumped on him."

Certainly Orantes had seemed to be inviting the jumping. He had come to the United States Open tennis championships with damaged goods—a muscle problem in his left arm, his striking arm. It had been questionable that he would even enter the tournament, doubtful that he would last very long and almost inconceivable that he would win it.

And Smith, who had won at Forest Hills five years ago, was in the midst of a comeback that would have been complete had he won last night.

"The conditions were right," Smith said. "I felt confident out there. My arm didn't bother me at all."

Smith knew all too well what Orantes' arm might have felt like. Smith's right arm around the elbow had been a source of almost constant pain the last two years. Before the trouble he had been ranked No. 1 in the United States four times since 1969. But this year he had fallen, as if down a flight of stairs, to No. 12. His road back had seemed transcontinental. But, though he had lost, he was cruising now.

"I'm not playing this tournament for practice," he said. "Not for future reference." Last night was "for real." But, as Smith knew, and as he said later, "You got to win three sets out there." And Orantes won them.

It might have been a megalomaniac lapse that allowed Orantes back into the match, as Smith suggested. It might have been that Orantes suddenly regained the touch he had lacked. In any event, there was a change. And, even in the tiebreaker, when Smith pulled ever so close to victory, it was Orantes who controlled the flow.

"I thought I played well," Smith said. "In retrospect, I guess I'd have to be satisfied."

Orantes was thrilled. He had beaten Smith in the third set. He had beaten Smith in the fourth set. He had beaten Smith in the fifth set. He had beaten Smith in the tiebreaker. He had beaten Smith in the match.

Continued on Page 46, Column 5

# Tomarchibroda Returns, Reappointed, to the Colts

By WILLIAM N. WALLACE

Tomarchibroda was rehired as coach yesterday by the Baltimore Colts, thus concluding a bizarre episode as one can imagine a coach, a general manager and an owner. The quiet, middle-aged Tomarchibroda, voted National Football League's coach of the year last season, had quit last Thursday night in Chicago, and again on Sunday the owner's yacht, which was to be in Milwaukee. His resignation was accepted Tuesday.

Tomarchibroda was rehired as coach yesterday by the Baltimore Colts, thus concluding a bizarre episode as one can imagine a coach, a general manager and an owner. The quiet, middle-aged Tomarchibroda, voted National Football League's coach of the year last season, had quit last Thursday night in Chicago, and again on Sunday the owner's yacht, which was to be in Milwaukee. His resignation was accepted Tuesday.

Tomarchibroda was rehired as coach yesterday by the Baltimore Colts, thus concluding a bizarre episode as one can imagine a coach, a general manager and an owner. The quiet, middle-aged Tomarchibroda, voted National Football League's coach of the year last season, had quit last Thursday night in Chicago, and again on Sunday the owner's yacht, which was to be in Milwaukee. His resignation was accepted Tuesday.

Tomarchibroda was rehired as coach yesterday by the Baltimore Colts, thus concluding a bizarre episode as one can imagine a coach, a general manager and an owner. The quiet, middle-aged Tomarchibroda, voted National Football League's coach of the year last season, had quit last Thursday night in Chicago, and again on Sunday the owner's yacht, which was to be in Milwaukee. His resignation was accepted Tuesday.

Tomarchibroda was rehired as coach yesterday by the Baltimore Colts, thus concluding a bizarre episode as one can imagine a coach, a general manager and an owner. The quiet, middle-aged Tomarchibroda, voted National Football League's coach of the year last season, had quit last Thursday night in Chicago, and again on Sunday the owner's yacht, which was to be in Milwaukee. His resignation was accepted Tuesday.

Tomarchibroda was rehired as coach yesterday by the Baltimore Colts, thus concluding a bizarre episode as one can imagine a coach, a general manager and an owner. The quiet, middle-aged Tomarchibroda, voted National Football League's coach of the year last season, had quit last Thursday night in Chicago, and again on Sunday the owner's yacht, which was to be in Milwaukee. His resignation was accepted Tuesday.

Continued on Page 44, Column 2

# On Being Number One

Where you end up. The difference is a subtle one, but important. To honor especially the one who can climb to the top is fine; to denigrate everyone else as a "failure" no matter how high they do climb is a destructive, and recent, aberration.

The Raiders are only one example of a widespread condition. The disease is more virulent in college football and basketball, where "No. 1 ranking" is the monomaniacal goal of coaches and rooters, in a context where no rational system exists for determining any ranking at all. (The N.F.L., at least, produces its champion on the field, not through a poll.)

It is easy to see why television networks, who sell commercial minutes at peak prices during a Super Bowl game, devote 17 weeks of high-pressure promotional propaganda to the proposition that only the final victory is worth anything. It is harder to understand why people who should know better, participants and spectators alike, succumb to it.

Yet they do, more and more. Teams that win division titles or season-long pennant races are jumped, in the public imagination, with "losers," student-athletes who work and perform so well that they win enough to get to tournament and bowl games are made to feel second-rate when they finally lose a game there, silver and bronze medal winners in the Olympics are defined by "they didn't win."

This unhealthy viewpoint can be combated only by the public itself, by conscious attention to this kind of loss of perspective. The crucial difference is between accomplishment and status, between doing (winning as much as possible) and being (having that No. 1 label, one way or another). If accolades can be given only to one final winner, how can one justify the effort and expense of thousands of other competitors?

Perhaps, while automatically tuning out commercials, promos and pregame palaver, we might consider such questions occasionally.

Red Smith is on vacation.

Continued on Page 47, Column 1

Why is Tareyton better?  
**Others remove.**

**Tareyton improves.**

Charcoal is why. The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency reported that charcoal is the best available method for filtering water.

History's No. 1 filter: Charcoal helps freshen air in submarines and spacecraft, mellows the taste of fine bourbon and aids in auto pollution control.

Activated charcoal does something for cigarette smoke, too. While ordinary filters reduce tar and nicotine, they also remove taste. Tareyton's unique two-part charcoal filter reduces tar and nicotine—but the taste is actually improved by charcoal.

Warning: The Surgeon General Has Determined That Cigarette Smoking Is Dangerous to Your Health.

King Size, 21 mg. "tar," 1.4 mg. nicotine; 100 mg. 19 mg. "tar," 1.4 mg. nicotine; av. per cigarette, FTC Report Apr. 72.











# Mets' 16-Hit Attack Routs Cubs, 11-0

By THOMAS ROGERS  
Special to The New York Times

CHICAGO, Sept. 7—Jon Matlack suggested today that all the Mets pitching staff needs to win any particular game is to be supported by "a halfway decent defense and four runs."

While registering his 15th victory today, the lanky left-hander received almost an embarrassment of riches. The Mets pounded 16 hits (and made only one error) in an 11-0 trouncing of the Cubs before 5,281 fans at Wrigley Field.

There was nothing exceptional about the drubbing that the Met hitters gave five Chicago pitchers. While winning six of eight games here this season, New York batters have produced 102 hits, 14 home runs and 67 runs (an average of more than eight runs a game). In all other National League parks, the Mets have averaged about 3.5 runs a game.

"It was definitely not one of my better efforts," was Matlack's description of the eight-hit effort that gave

him the league lead in strikeouts with six. "I had good stuff, but it was a continual struggle. They hit some hard-hit balls that we caught."

With the help of two double plays and some fielding gems by Ed Kranepool at first base and Bruce Boiesclair in center field, only one Cub reached third base against Matlack.

On the other hand, third base was a busy way-station for Met base-runners. Mike Phillips in the first inning and Leo Foster in the ninth loped over it while running out home runs. And John Milner pulled up there in the fourth inning after lining his third hit, a triple into the right-field corner.

Foster, a 25-year-old utility infielder that the Mets purchased from Tidewater on July 22, enjoyed his best day at bat as a major-leaguer. The third baseman walked, singled twice, cracked his first homer of the season and drove in five runs.

Harrelson Enjoys Good Day at Bat  
"I feel I can play every day," he said afterward. "But nobody owes me anything. I have to stay healthy and go out on the field and do the job. If I can't do that, I'll stay a utility player. But its tough on this team with Bud Harrelson at shortstop and Roy Staiger at third base."

Harrelson had one of his best batting days of the season, lining three singles and scoring a pair of runs.

Playing in his first major league game was Lee Mazzilli of Brooklyn, an outfielder the Mets brought up today from Jackson (Miss.) of the Texas League. The 21-year-old graduate of Lincoln High School in Brooklyn entered the game in the seventh inning as a replacement for Milner in left field. He grounded out to the pitcher in his only time at bat. He had batted 282 with 13 homers at Jackson.

After having taken the first two games of an eight-game road trip, the Mets will attempt to complete a sweep of the Cubs tomorrow with Tom Seaver hurling for New York against Steve Renko and a probable assortment of Cub relief pitchers.

## Yankees Defeat Red Sox, 4 to 2, In Teams' Last Test at Stadium

Continued From Page 43

### Yankee Box Score

BOSTON (A)		YANKEES (A)	
Burton, ss	4 1 0 0	Maddox, cf	4 1 0 0
Dwight, 2b	2 0 0 0	White, rf	1 0 0 0
Lyne, c	4 1 1 0	Munson, c	4 1 0 0
Vestris, 1b	4 1 1 0	Chambliss, 1b	4 1 0 0
Cramer, 1b	4 0 1 0	May, dh	4 0 0 0
Rice, dh	4 0 0 0	Nettel, 3b	4 0 0 0
Bent, rf	4 0 0 0	Gamble, 2b	4 0 0 0
Holmes, 2b	2 0 0 0	Tower, 2b	3 0 0 0
Harmon, 3b	2 0 0 0	Gamble, 2b	3 0 0 0
Holmes, 3b	2 0 0 0	Ellis, p	0 0 0 0
Holmes, 3b	2 0 0 0	Tidrow, p	0 0 0 0
Holmes, 3b	2 0 0 0		
Total	32 2 2	Total	39 4 4

Sox were hitting a lot of ground balls to Yankee infielders; three in the first inning, two in the second, two more in the fourth and the fifth, and in the sixth and three in the seventh.

Two of the grounders were hit by Carlton Fisk, the Boston catcher who was one of the heroes of 1975. But, in the top of the seventh, Fisk finally got one of Ellis's pitches into the air, driving it down the left-field line into the seats for his 14th home run of the year and Boston's first run of the night.

Ellis Loses Control  
Then, in the eighth, ceeding six outs to win, Ellis lost his control and his role in the game. Jim Rice opened with a ground single to center. Dwight Evans walked, and Rick Miller, a pinch-hitter, also walked. Ellis had fired two quick strikes. New the bases were loaded with nobody out. Nobody, that is, except Ellis.

He was relieved by Tidrow, who promptly threw one pitch and got two outs. The pitch was slammed by Rick Burleson to third base, where Nettles stepped on the bag for a forceout and then whipped the ball to the plate. Munson not only blocked the plate but also put the tag on Rice to com-

plete the double play. Then one more pitch and one more out, Danny Doyle lined it to Gamble, in right field, to kill the rally.

### Palomino Title Bout Put Off

LOS ANGELES, Sept. 7 (AP)—Carlos Palomino, the World Boxing Council welterweight champion, suffered rib injuries in training Sunday and his scheduled title defense, Saturday against Mando Muniz, was postponed today.

Associated Press  
Bud Harrelson of the Mets forcing Cubs' Rob Sperring in first half of a double play at Chicago yesterday.

METS (A)		CHICAGO (A)	
Harrelson, 2b	4 1 0 0	Mondry, 1b	4 0 0 0
White, rf	4 1 0 0	Carlson, 1b	4 0 0 0
Munson, c	4 1 0 0	Trillo, 2b	4 0 0 0
Chambliss, 1b	4 1 0 0	Holmes, 3b	4 0 0 0
May, dh	4 0 0 0	Sperrin, 3b	4 0 0 0
Nettel, 3b	4 0 0 0	Ketcher, 2b	4 0 0 0
Gamble, 2b	4 0 0 0	Valis, cf	4 0 0 0
Tower, 2b	3 0 0 0	Schultz, p	0 0 0 0
Gamble, 2b	3 0 0 0	Peschke, p	0 0 0 0
Ellis, p	0 0 0 0	Schultz, p	0 0 0 0
Tidrow, p	0 0 0 0	Gorman, p	0 0 0 0
		Yonson, p	0 0 0 0
		Corman, p	0 0 0 0
Total	41 16 11	Total	34 0 0

## Major League Scores

ST. LOUIS (A)	MONTREAL (A)	BALTIMORE (A)	DETROIT (A)
St. Louis 7, Montreal 2	Baltimore 5, Detroit 3	St. Louis 7, Montreal 2	Baltimore 5, Detroit 3

### MONDAY NIGHT

TEXAS (A)	KANSAS CITY (A)	HOUSTON (A)	CINCINNATI (A)
Texas 3, Kansas City 2	Houston 5, Cincinnati 3	Texas 3, Kansas City 2	Houston 5, Cincinnati 3

### Mets' Records

BATTING	HR	RBI	PC
Torres	2	1	1
Kane	1	1	1
Harrelson	1	1	1
White	1	1	1
Munson	1	1	1
Chambliss	1	1	1
May	1	1	1
Nettel	1	1	1
Gamble	1	1	1
Tower	1	1	1
Gamble	1	1	1
Ellis	1	1	1
Tidrow	1	1	1
Total	16	16	16

### Yankees' Records

BATTING	HR	RBI	PC
Rivers	1	1	1
Munson	1	1	1
Lyne	1	1	1
Vestris	1	1	1
Cramer	1	1	1
Rice	1	1	1
Bent	1	1	1
Holmes	1	1	1
Holmes	1	1	1
Holmes	1	1	1
Total	16	16	16

## The Standings

AMERICAN LEAGUE		NATIONAL LEAGUE	
New York 52, Boston 4	Philadelphia 52, Pittsburgh 4	Philadelphia 52, Pittsburgh 4	Pittsburgh 4, Philadelphia 52

### Pro Transactions

BASEBALL  
MILWAUKEE (A)—Recalled Steve Bowling, outfielder, and Bryan Haas, right-handed pitcher, from Jackson of the Texas League.

### Football

ATLANTA (AP)—Olinde Jim Bailey, defensive lineman from Cleveland on waivers, waived by Atlanta, defensive end.

### League Leaders

Player	Club	AB	R	H	PC
Bjorn Barn	San Francisco	132	22	45	132
Carroll Min	San Francisco	125	22	44	132
Carroll Min	San Francisco	125	22	44	132

### Tennis

U.S. Open  
MEN'S SINGLES  
FOURTH ROUND  
Bjorn Barn, defeated Edberg, Brian Gottfried, Fort Lauderdale, Fla., 6-7, 6-4, 6-4, 6-2; Dick Stockton, Dallas, defeated Jaime Yzenda, Columbia, S.C., 6-3, 6-4, 6-2, 6-2.

### House Begins Hearings On Pro Sports Today

WASHINGTON, Sept. 7 (AP)—Baseball's exclusion from the Federal antitrust laws will come under close inspection this month when the Select House Committee on Professional Sports begins its second series of hearings. Chairman B.F. Sisk, Democrat of California, has set aside four days to hear from Justice Department antitrust officials, Commissioner Bowie Kuhn, the presidents of the American and National Leagues, Lee MacPhail and Chub Feese, respectively, and some baseball owners on how the game would be affected if the sport were covered by antitrust laws.



LOW BRIDGE, Phil Garner of the A's almost managed to duck under the tag of Ron Jackson, Angels' third baseman, at Anaheim, Calif., yesterday as Garner tried to advance on Bill North's single. Russ Goetz made the call. Oakland won, 2-1.

## Orantes and Borg Ra From Two-Set Defr

Continued From Page 43

ground strokes were short enough for Gottfried, 24, to make approach shots and win two sets. But when they became longer, Gottfried's approaches no longer succeeded.

"Crisis? I don't mind crises. Really, I don't," emphasized the second-seeded Borg after his 3 1/2-hour triumph. "It's good to have tough matches, though five sets can wear you down if you're not careful. It's good I have a rest tomorrow."

After the first set reached 6-6, the 6-foot Gottfried had little trouble capturing the tiebreaker, 7 points to 3. He took the heart out of Borg's strategy and the meat out of his drives when, at 3-3 in the second set, he rallied from 40-0 to break Borg's service.

One point typified Gottfried's play at that moment. When his first drive caught the top of the net, bounced up and ticked the net again on the way down, Borg made a tremendous get, flicking the ball almost straight up and over the net. But the lunging Gottfried was able to send the ball looping over Borg's head for the winner, and the young Swede could only return to the service line to double-fault.

Borg's Rally Anticipated  
"I've seen Bjorn play a thousand times, and I know he doesn't get disturbed," said Gottfried afterward. "I've seen him come from two sets down so often I expect him to do it almost every time. I knew this, and I also knew the match was a best-of-five. Just because I'd won the first two sets didn't mean at all I was winning the match."

So the classic serve-and-volleyer (Gottfried) was forced to the backcourt while the game's emerging top-spike stylist (Borg) lengthened his shots and took the momentum—as well as the points—away from his opponent. "The baseline's his game, not mine," Brian explained. "I had to try to go

up to the net. At Wimbledon, he met me, he passed me about today. It was only 100 the shows I'm improving, things winning."

Borg and Gottfried have times, with the Swede unbeaten. Gottfried denied, how was any revenge motive in "This may sound silly, but I don't think about losing when I go out on I just go out to play the I can, if I do, that's enough. And I was satisfied to think I played well."

Before departing, Gottfried said he was looking for the "title." The other two, Connors and J. Nastase, "All three are playing extremely well."

Borg offered a slight though: "I'm not moving to said, 'and I haven't for the J. Nastase. I needed a lot on my body and legs after a lol, but that's a day-to-day could change overnight."

His Defeat to Orantes Makes Smith's Comeback Incom  
Continued From Page 43  
a former champion in a match he might easily have lost. He had beaten the pain, beaten the odds.

After his victory, by 3-6, 1-6, 6-2, 7-6, 6-1, Orantes said:  
"You see, I enjoy to be playing here. I have to be dying to out play here. My arm is better, but it's still not right; I have twinges sometime when I reach. But maybe a lot of people will be surprised by what I do here. You see, it's easier for me to play when everyone think I cannot win. It make me angry when they say that; I want to punch them in their nose."

Smith was having none of that anger, one of that motivational therapy. He had simply addressed himself to playing the best tennis he could on a surface that has frequently been

**TWO EVENINGS WITH THE SUPERSTARS AT THE**

**SUPER GAMES Pro Basketball '76 Tournament**

See the superstars of the N.B.A.—Dr. J. Tiny Archibald, George McGinnis, Spencer Hayward and a host of others—play two double headers.

Proceeds go to the inner-city educational, recreational and economic development projects for children throughout the United States.

All seats reserved—\$14.00, \$12.00, \$10.50, \$8.50, \$7.00

maddison square garden Sept. 8-9, 1976

Tickets available at all Ticketron Locations and Madison Square Garden (212) 564-4400.

**USA Six 4**

**Notes on Wayne After**

**Today's Pair**

**STADIUM**  
11:30 A.M.—Gardino Vitis vs. Second Match—Ronny Connors vs. Paul Kravich-Fletcher

**GRANDSTAND**  
11:30 A.M.—Mina Jovanovic vs. Ruzic

**NIGHT**  
8:00 P.M.—Rosemary Casals vs. Goolagong

**Second Match—Willy Ambraser vs. Tom Okker-Marty**

**up to the net. At Wimbledon, he met me, he passed me about today. It was only 100 the shows I'm improving, things winning."**

**Borg and Gottfried have times, with the Swede unbeaten. Gottfried denied, how was any revenge motive in "This may sound silly, but I don't think about losing when I go out on I just go out to play the I can, if I do, that's enough. And I was satisfied to think I played well."**

**Before departing, Gottfried said he was looking for the "title." The other two, Connors and J. Nastase, "All three are playing extremely well."**

**Borg offered a slight though: "I'm not moving to said, 'and I haven't for the J. Nastase. I needed a lot on my body and legs after a lol, but that's a day-to-day could change overnight."**

**His Defeat to Orantes Makes Smith's Comeback Incom**

**Continued From Page 43**

**a former champion in a match he might easily have lost. He had beaten the pain, beaten the odds.**

**After his victory, by 3-6, 1-6, 6-2, 7-6, 6-1, Orantes said:**

**"You see, I enjoy to be playing here. I have to be dying to out play here. My arm is better, but it's still not right; I have twinges sometime when I reach. But maybe a lot of people will be surprised by what I do here. You see, it's easier for me to play when everyone think I cannot win. It make me angry when they say that; I want to punch them in their nose."**

**Smith was having none of that anger, one of that motivational therapy. He had simply addressed himself to playing the best tennis he could on a surface that has frequently been**

**alien to him. And, though he might not have lost. He had beaten the pain, beaten the odds.**

**After his victory, by 3-6, 1-6, 6-2, 7-6, 6-1, Orantes said:**

**"You see, I enjoy to be playing here. I have to be dying to out play here. My arm is better, but it's still not right; I have twinges sometime when I reach. But maybe a lot of people will be surprised by what I do here. You see, it's easier for me to play when everyone think I cannot win. It make me angry when they say that; I want to punch them in their nose."**

**Smith was having none of that anger, one of that motivational therapy. He had simply addressed himself to playing the best tennis he could on a surface that has frequently been**

**up to the net. At Wimbledon, he met me, he passed me about today. It was only 100 the shows I'm improving, things winning."**

**Borg and Gottfried have times, with the Swede unbeaten. Gottfried denied, how was any revenge motive in "This may sound silly, but I don't think about losing when I go out on I just go out to play the I can, if I do, that's enough. And I was satisfied to think I played well."**

**Before departing, Gottfried said he was looking for the "title." The other two, Connors and J. Nastase, "All three are playing extremely well."**

**Borg offered a slight though: "I'm not moving to said, 'and I haven't for the J. Nastase. I needed a lot on my body and legs after a lol, but that's a day-to-day could change overnight."**

**His Defeat to Orantes Makes Smith's Comeback Incom**

**Continued From Page 43**

**a former champion in a match he might easily have lost. He had beaten the pain, beaten the odds.**

**After his victory, by 3-6, 1-6, 6-2, 7-6, 6-1, Orantes said:**

**"You see, I enjoy to be playing here. I have to be dying to out play here. My arm is better, but it's still not right; I have twinges sometime when I reach. But maybe a lot of people will be surprised by what I do here. You see, it's easier for me to play when everyone think I cannot win. It make me angry when they say that; I want to punch them in their nose."**

**Smith was having none of that anger, one of that motivational therapy. He had simply addressed himself to playing the best tennis he could on a surface that has frequently been**

**alien to him. And, though he might not have lost. He had beaten the pain, beaten the odds.**

**After his victory, by 3-6, 1-6, 6-2, 7-6, 6-1, Orantes said:**

**"You see, I enjoy to be playing here. I have to be dying to out play here. My arm is better, but it's still not right; I have twinges sometime when I reach. But maybe a lot of people will be surprised by what I do here. You see, it's easier for me to play when everyone think I cannot win. It make me angry when they say that; I want to punch them in their nose."**

**Smith was having none of that anger, one of that motivational therapy. He had simply addressed himself to playing the best tennis he could on a surface that has frequently been**

**up to the net. At Wimbledon, he met me, he passed me about today. It was only 100 the shows I'm improving, things winning."**

**Borg and Gottfried have times, with the Swede unbeaten. Gottfried denied, how was any revenge motive in "This may sound silly, but I don't think about losing when I go out on I just go out to play the I can, if I do, that's enough. And I was satisfied to think I played well."**

**Before departing, Gottfried said he was looking for the "title." The other two, Connors and J. Nastase, "All three are playing extremely well."**

**Borg offered a slight though: "I'm not moving to said, 'and I haven't for the J. Nastase. I needed a lot on my body and legs after a lol, but that's a day-to-day could change overnight."**

**His Defeat to Orantes Makes Smith's Comeback Incom**

**Continued From Page 43**

**a former champion in a match he might easily have lost. He had beaten the pain, beaten the odds.**

**After his victory, by 3-6, 1-6, 6-2, 7-6, 6-1, Orantes said:**

**"You see, I enjoy to be playing here. I have to be dying to out play here. My arm is better, but it's still not right; I have twinges sometime when I reach. But maybe a lot of people will be surprised by what I do here. You see, it's easier for me to play when everyone think I cannot win. It make me angry when they say that; I want to punch them in their nose."**

**Smith was having none of that anger, one of that motivational therapy. He had simply addressed himself to playing the best tennis he could on a surface that has frequently been**

**alien to him. And, though he might not have lost. He had beaten the pain, beaten the odds.**

**After his victory, by 3-6, 1-6, 6-2, 7-6, 6-1, Orantes said:**

**"You see, I enjoy to be playing here. I have to be dying to out play here. My arm is better, but it's still not right; I have twinges sometime when I reach. But maybe a lot of people will be surprised by what I do here. You see, it's easier for me to play when everyone think I cannot win. It make me angry when they say that; I want to punch them in their nose."**

**Smith was having none of that anger, one of that motivational therapy. He had simply addressed himself to playing the best tennis he could on a surface that has frequently been**

**up to the net. At Wimbledon, he met me, he passed me about today. It was only 100 the shows I'm improving, things winning."**

**Borg and Gottfried have times, with the Swede unbeaten. Gottfried denied, how was any revenge motive in "This may sound silly, but I don't think about losing when I go out on I just go out to play the I can, if I do, that's enough. And I was satisfied to think I played well."**

**Before departing, Gottfried said he was looking for the "title." The other two, Connors and J. Nastase, "All three are playing extremely well."**

**Borg offered a slight though: "I'm not moving to said, 'and I haven't for the J. Nastase. I needed a lot on my body and legs after a lol, but that's a day-to-day could change overnight."**

**His Defeat to Orantes Makes Smith's Comeback Incom**

**Continued From Page 43**

**a former champion in a match he might easily have lost. He had beaten the pain, beaten the odds.**

**After his victory, by 3-6, 1-6, 6-2, 7-6, 6-1, Orantes said:**

**"You see, I enjoy to be playing here. I have to be dying to out play here. My arm is better, but it's still not right; I have twinges sometime when I reach. But maybe a lot of people will be surprised by what I do here. You see, it's easier for me to play when everyone think I cannot win. It make me angry when they say that; I want to punch them in their nose."**

**Smith was having none of that anger, one of that motivational therapy. He had simply addressed himself to playing the best tennis he could on a surface that has frequently been**

**alien to him. And, though he might not have lost. He had beaten the pain, beaten the odds.**

**After his victory, by 3-6, 1-6, 6-2, 7-6, 6-1, Orantes said:**

**"You see, I enjoy to be playing here. I have to be dying to out play here. My arm is better, but it's still not right; I have twinges sometime when I reach. But maybe a lot of people will be surprised by what I do here. You see, it's easier for me to play when everyone think I cannot win. It make me angry when they say that; I want to punch them in their nose."**

**Smith was having none of that anger, one of that motivational therapy. He had simply addressed himself to playing the best tennis he could on a surface that has frequently been**

**up to the net. At Wimbledon, he met me, he passed me about today. It was only 100 the shows I'm improving, things winning."**

**Borg and Gottfried have times, with the Swede unbeaten. Gottfried denied, how was any revenge motive in "This may sound silly, but I don't think about losing when I go out on I just go out to play the I can, if I do, that's enough. And I was satisfied to think I played well."**

**Before departing, Gottfried said he was looking for the "title." The other two, Connors and J. Nastase, "All three are playing extremely well."**

**Borg offered a slight though: "I'm not moving to said, 'and I haven't for the J. Nastase. I needed a lot on my body and legs after a lol, but that's a day-to-day could change overnight."**

**His Defeat to Orantes Makes Smith's Comeback Incom**

**Continued From Page 43**

**a former champion in a match he might easily have lost. He had beaten the pain, beaten the odds.**

**After his victory, by 3-6, 1-6, 6-2, 7-6, 6-1, Orantes said:**

**"You see, I enjoy to be playing here. I have to be dying to out play here. My arm is better, but it's still not right; I have twinges sometime when I reach. But maybe a lot of people will be surprised by what I do here. You see, it's easier for me to play when everyone think I cannot win. It make me angry when they say that; I want to punch them in their nose."**

**Smith was having none of that anger, one of that motivational therapy. He had simply addressed himself to playing the best tennis he could on a surface that has frequently been**

**alien to him. And, though he might not have lost. He had beaten the pain, beaten the odds.**

**After his victory, by 3-6, 1-6, 6-2, 7-6, 6-1, Orantes said:**

**"You see, I enjoy to be playing here. I have to be dying to out play here. My arm is better, but it's still not right; I have twinges sometime when I reach. But maybe a lot of people will be surprised by what I do here. You see, it's easier for me to play when everyone think I cannot win. It make me angry when they say that; I want to punch them in their nose."**

**Smith was having none of that anger, one of that motivational therapy. He had simply addressed himself to playing the best tennis he could on a surface that has frequently been**

**up to the net. At Wimbledon, he met me, he passed me about today. It was only 100 the shows I'm improving, things winning."**

**Borg and Gottfried have times, with the Swede unbeaten. Gottfried denied, how was any revenge motive in "This may sound silly, but I don't think about losing when I go out on I just go out to play the I can, if I do, that's enough. And I was satisfied to think I played well."**

**Before departing, Gottfried said he was looking for the "title." The other two, Connors and J. Nastase, "All three are playing extremely well."**























Corporation Affairs

Steel-Industry Shipments Trail Estimates, Bethlehem Discloses

BETHLEHEM, Pa., Sept. 7—The head of the nation's second-largest steel-making corporation indicated in an interview here today that business spending for new plant and equipment had not increased so much as the steel industry had hoped.

Lewis W. Foy, chairman and chief executive officer of the Bethlehem Steel Corporation, said the result had been lagging behind earlier estimates in the industry's orders and shipment for heavier steel products used by construction and equipment industries.

He reported that Bethlehem's third-quarter shipments and earnings were likely to be moderately below those of the second quarter this year, when the company reported a net income of \$54.4 million, or \$1.25 a share, on shipments of 3.6 million tons of steel products.

The company now estimates that the nation's mills will ship 85 million tons of steel products in 1976, up from 80 million tons last year. The industry's two biggest years were 1973 and 1974, when shipments were 109 million tons and 111 million tons, respectively.

Earlier this year, some industry executives felt that this year's steel shipments would run in a range between 97 million and 100 million tons.

"We had expected the capital-goods sector to show some real strength in the third quarter and increasing in the fourth quarter and into next year," Mr. Foy said. "But this has not happened. There has been some indication in the past few weeks that the capital-goods market is picking up very slightly. It will probably be late in the first quarter of next year and the second quarter before the industries affected feel any strong pick-up—a delay of a half-year to a year."

Plant Losses Cited

By Nuclear Fuel

Nuclear Fuel Services has disclosed that it is losing millions of dollars annually on its long-idle nuclear fuel reprocessing plant in West Valley, N.Y., near Buffalo. The company, a unit of the Getty Oil Company, said also that, even under the most optimistic circumstances, it expected that it would take a dozen years and more than \$600 million of additional capital to bring the facility back into production.

The disclosures were made in a July 13 letter to an official of the Consumers Power Company of Jackson, Mich., from C. R. Moore, Nuclear Fuel's marketing manager. The nuclear concern has since introduced the letter into records of a law suit in Buffalo Federal Court where the Michigan utility is seeking to compel Nuclear Fuel to meet an October 1970 fuel-reprocessing contract. The suit was filed in February.

Mr. Moore noted in his letter that additional costs of reactivating the West Valley plant, projected to 1988, would make its contract price \$1.1 million a metric ton, or 25 times the highest price in the 1970 contract. He commented that these and other "stark facts" made the plant "commercially impractical."

Exxon U.S.A. Confirms

Metal Discoveries

The Exxon Company U.S.A., a unit of the Exxon Corporation, said that continued drilling at its previously announced metal discovery near Cranston, Wis., had substantiated the presence of a large zinc and copper deposit. The company said that available information indicated a mineralized body of about 60 million tons lying between 200 and 1,675 feet below the surface.

It added that deposits average about 6.5 per cent zinc and 1 per cent copper along with much lower amounts of silver, gold and lead. While drilling is to continue through 1977, the company noted that results to date warrant preliminary studies of mining feasibility.

VW Sees Plant Pact

Volkswagenwerk AG. announced that it expected to reach agreement with Pennsylvania authorities this month that would allow the auto company to begin equipping its planned assembly plant at New Stanton, Pa. In making the announcement at the company's

headquarters in Wolfsburg, West Germany, a spokesman said that the signing of the formal memorandum of closing was expected shortly after Sept. 15. A preliminary agreement was reached July 14.

Credit Letters

At Abercrombie

Jeffrey Swaabe, acting chairman of the bankrupt Abercrombie & Fitch Company, disclosed that a major creditor of the retail chain, the First National Bank of Chicago, had agreed to provide letters of credit for every new order placed by the retail company.

The credit arrangement was disclosed in Federal Bankruptcy Court here. The presiding judge, Stanley T. Lesser, said he believed that such support from a major creditor was unprecedented. Abercrombie & Fitch filed for bankruptcy Aug. 9.

Public Stock Offering

Set by BankAmerica

The BankAmerica Corporation, the bank holding company whose principal unit is the Bank of America, announced the registration with the Securities and Exchange Commission of a proposed public offering of 7 million shares of common stock. BankAmerica's common stock closed on the New York Stock Exchange yesterday at 53 3/4, down 1/4.

In addition to 6.8 million shares to be offered in the United States, Britain and other countries, 400,000 will be offered concurrently in Japan. BankAmerica noted that the offering was the first by a United States issuer to be registered for concurrent offerings in both the United States and Japan.

The bulk of the offer will be handled by an international group represented by Blith Eastman Dillon & Company, Merrill Lynch, Fenner & Smith Inc., Salomon Brothers and Dean Witter & Company. The offering in Japan will be made by a Japanese group represented by the Nomura Securities Company Ltd.

Net proceeds of the sale will be added to the equity capital of the Bank of America, the world's largest non-governmental bank which on June 30 had total assets exceeding \$5 \$66 billion.

Schaefer Corp. Suit

Alleges Data Fraud

The F. & M. Schaefer Corporation said it had filed suit in United States District Court in New York against the Electronic Data Systems Corporation of Dallas for breach of contract, negligence and fraud in the design, implementation and operation of Schaefer's data-processing systems.

The New York company, which owns and operates the F. & M. Schaefer Brewing Company, is seeking \$115 million in compensatory and punitive damages. Electronic Data Systems did not respond yesterday to a request for comment on the suit.

Farm Workers Return

To Mushroom Facility

Castle & Cooke Inc., the major food concern, said that members of the United Farm Workers Union has resumed work at the Ventura, Calif., mushroom production facility of its West Foods subsidiary following the settlement Monday of a seven-day strike. This strike involved about 200 workers.

A two-year contract was ratified by the union, ending its national boycott of Dole products, chiefly pineapples and bananas, which are produced and marketed by Castle & Cooke.

MAPCO Discloses

Plan Alterations

MAPCO Inc. of Tulsa, Okla., said that its planned development and commercialization of a new coal desulfurization process in partnership with the Battelle Memorial Institute research organization had been suspended and replaced with a broad agreement for possible cooperation on future opportunities for better utilization of coal.

The earlier plans, made last December, had provided for development of the Battelle hydrothermal coal process and included provision by MAPCO of one-third of \$33 million of equity venture capital. Suspension of the plans, the Tulsa company said, was prompted by studies indicating that hydrothermally desulfurized coal might not be



Rolling steel plate at Bethlehem's Burns Harbor, Ind., plant. The company reported that earnings may drop this quarter below the second.

competitive and that further development was necessary to simplify the process.

MAPCO is an integrated energy and pollution-control company operating major liquefied petroleum gas and anhydrous ammonia pipelines.

Jersey Bell Offer Set

The New Jersey Bell Telephone Company said it planned to offer \$100 million principal amount of 40-year debentures due Sept. 15, 1916, for competitive bidding about Sept. 21. Proceeds will be used for possible redemption of its \$160 million issue of 40-year debentures due June 1, 2010.

United Airlines Took Million Overbookings in Y

By STEVEN RATTNER

Air travelers have long been simultaneously irritated and mystified by the airlines' apparent practice of overselling flights on the theory that many people with reservations do not show up. United Airlines may not have soothed its bumped passengers, but it has recently enlightened them.

In a letter to passengers published in the carrier's inflight magazine, Mafiniser, United's president Richard J. Ferris disclosed that in the year ended June 30, 1976, more than a million reservations were taken beyond seating capacity, and 16,545 passengers holding confirmed reservations were turned back.

"To compensate for the no-show phenomenon, we deliberately confirm more reservations than there are aircraft seats on certain flights," Mr. Ferris wrote. "Ideally, no-shows balance out overbookings, which allows us to accommodate all passengers who really will take the flight and deny boarding to none."

The disclosure by United comes just a few months after the Civil Aeronautics Board announced that because of a sharp increase in airline overbooking, it was planning to investigate the practice. In the year ended June 30, 1975, 102,000 passengers were disallowed seats despite reservations, up from 94,000 the preceding year, the C. A. B. said.

In addition, Ralph Nader, the consumer advocate, recently won a round in the United States Supreme Court in his battle to extract \$50,000 in damages from Allegheny Airlines, which "bumped" him from a flight in 1972.

Now, according to C. A. B. rules, any passenger bumped and not transported to his destination within two hours of the originally scheduled time is entitled to a penalty payment of \$25 to \$200, depending on the value of the ticket.

In his letter, Mr. Ferris said that of the 16,545 passengers that United bumped during the 12-month period, 5,828 arrived at their destinations within the two hours. Mr. Ferris also noted that United carried 30.35 million passengers



The New York Times/Robert A. ... Richard Ferris of United Airlines during a recent interview.

in the period, bumping five one-hundredths of one percent of them.

United's release contained no information that the carriers are not required to report to the C.A.B. routinely. Other lines cite similar experience with denied boarding. American Airlines, for example, last year bumped 16,400 travelers of the more than 20 million that it carried. The difference in the amount reported by United was the distribution and the prominence that it was accorded.

United calculates that 10 to 15 percent of the travelers who reserve space will not use it. Other carriers report that on crowded flights, such as on Friday night, no-shows can range up to 50 percent.

"This practice constitutes an estimate of a well-educated one, of the level of seating we can confirm without creat-

ing a denied boarding problem," he wrote in the magazine. "The results bear out the practice only acceptable but desirable."

Mr. Ferris maintained that if no-shows were eliminated, other measures would be needed to solve the problem.

"Airlines might be forced to pick up and pay a day ahead of the flight," he said. "Passengers might have to check in at least an hour before departure."

In an interview with reporters of The New York Times, made a number of other points, the following:

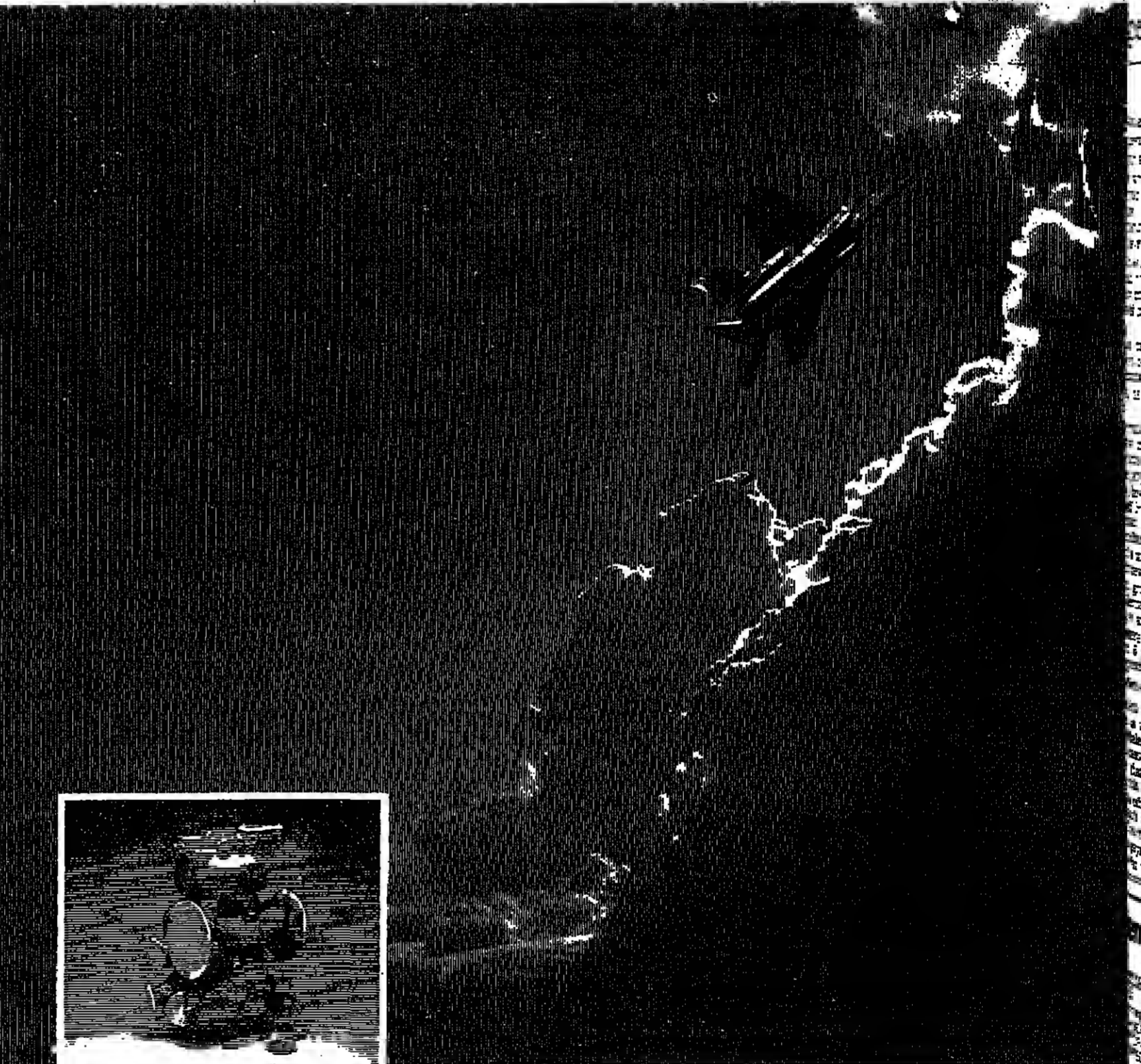
"Airline traffic in 1976 was a 'super strong year.' Estimates of growth made early in the year were revised to 10.5 percent. However, after increasing at a 10 percent annual rate during the first six months of the year, the rate during the 70's. For 1977, predicted a 6.1 percent increase in the industry."

"If a new-generation airplane produced, as aviation experts advocating, airlines are going to step up and get their money's worth. Given present air traffic, the Boeing 777-200 and McDonnell Douglas DC-10."

"The increase in overseas points recently recommended by C.A.B. includes routes of global connectivity. Some of them look good and thin to us," he said.

"Mr. Ferris, echoing similar comments throughout the industry, said C.A.B. for not allowing sufficient increases. 'To finance new equipment, a consistent record of deregulation, maintaining the level of the marketplaces.'"

How this high-flying bird gets some of its get-up-and-go from an industrial products company like Colt Industries.



The Air Force F-15 can climb to 49,000 feet 10 seconds faster than the lunar launch vehicles. Built by McDonnell Douglas, the F-15 is powered by twin Pratt & Whitney Aircraft engines, key elements of which are fuel pumps from our Chandler Evans Control Systems Division. Chandler Evans makes gas turbine engine control components both for military aircraft and for commercial airliners such as the DC-10 and Boeing 747. And Chandler Evans is another of the well-known product names that make us what we are today. A leading supplier to major markets in the industrial sector of the U.S. economy. For our latest financial reports, write Colt Industries Inc., Dept. 3, 430 Park Avenue, New York, N.Y. 10022.

Crucible specialty steels □ Trent welded stainless steel pipe and tubing Crucible permanent magnets and coil springs □ Fairbanks Morse diesel engines Fairbanks scales □ Pratt & Whitney and Elox production equipment □ Quincy compressors □ Central Moloney transformers □ Chandler Evans fuel controls Fairbanks Morse pumps □ Holley carburetors □ Garlock industrial seals and components □ Colt treams and sporting equipment

Colt Industries



Companies Post Earnings Results

Table with columns for COMPANY REPORTS, 1976, and 1975. It lists various companies and their financial performance metrics such as sales, net income, and earnings per share for both years.

A vertical strip of advertisements on the right side of the page. It includes ads for 'Increase Plant Income', 'Well Above Quarterly', 'Ponder Economic as the Record', 'Canada Curb To 5%', and 'Ottawa'.

Handwritten Arabic text at the bottom center of the page.



Business Increases Plans New-Plant Investments

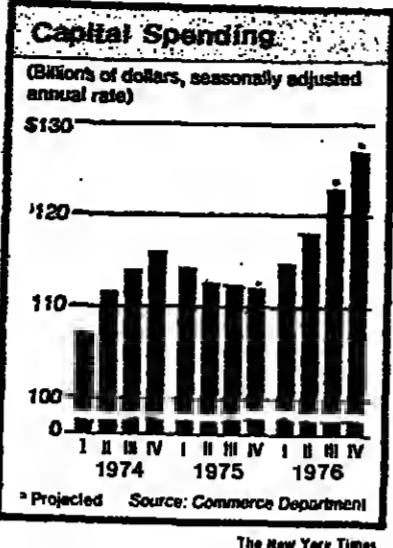
Shift Well Above Third Quarter

By OWEN L. DALE Jr. Special to The New York Times

ON Sept. 7—United States business investment plans to plant and equipment for the third quarter of this year, the Commerce Department reported today.

A whole investment interchange from those reports, with a dollar rise in investment goods the likely only 2 or 3 percent for the year has been in improved prospects for economic activity generally of the year.

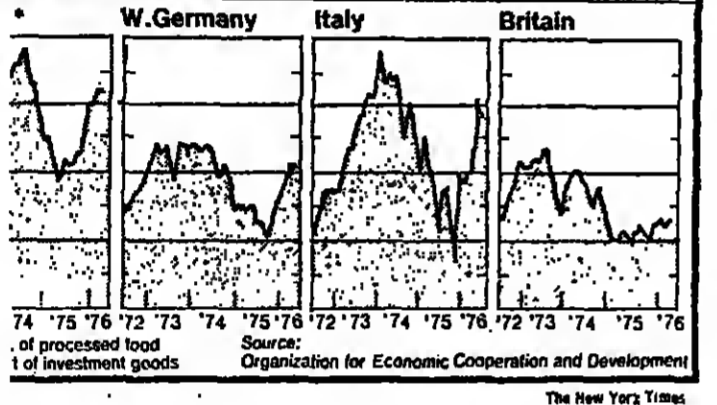
Other Indicators shift is in line with other reports of capital spending, capital appropriations by industries and new orders



Capital Spending (Billions of dollars, seasonally adjusted annual rate)

flowing to makers of nondefense capital goods. The business investment sector has been one of the laggards in the economic recovery and expansion up to now.

Production in Major European Countries



Production in Major European Countries (Index of processed food and investment goods, seasonally adjusted, 1970=100)

Business Ponder Economic Trends as the Recovery Falters

By CLYDE H. FARNSWORTH Special to The New York Times

7—Western Europe's most devastating postwar recession has slowed, and experts are unsure whether the economy entered a "pause"—as often in the United States, unemployment has remained unconfined.

strong capital spending, counted on in the United States expansion moving, appraising as a stimulus in economic machine start-

many, however, industrial led off in the spring and German economists said rebuilding of inventories and a moderate slackening for new automobiles.

economic growth has helped West German inflation out- prices are now expected to be no more than 5 percent from 8 percent in 1975 in the preceding two years.

ive in Second Quarter production in France was active in the second quarter, the balance of trade has been hit, caused in part by a franc that has increased in value.

France's other problems, the hit French agricultural output, the financial condition of farmers, and the loss of their losses, the

exempt N.Y.S. and N.Y.C. Income Taxes ID OFFER

ropcan Bank & Trust Co. 102 Park Avenue, New York, N.Y. 10005

Ladenburg, Almann & Co. Inc. 125 Park Avenue, New York

LANDING OF CONCORDE IN NEW YORK IS SEEN WITHIN 2 OR 3 MONTHS

F.A.A. Is Considering Court Moves —Port Authority Won't Alter Ban Pending Report on Noise Level

By RICHARD WITKIN Special to The New York Times

FARNBOROUGH, England, Sept. 7 — Approval for the Concorde supersonic airliner to land in New York is likely in the next two or three months, the head of the Federal Aviation Administration said here today.

The American official, Dr. John L. McLucas, also said his agency might join court action, if necessary, to remove the ban on Concorde landings at Kennedy International Airport.

But a spokesman for Transportation Secretary William T. Coleman Jr., under whom Dr. McLucas serves, said in Washington that the department had not changed its position that "this is a matter for local authorities."

"It is not the present intention of the department to join in the court action," he said in a telephone conversation after consulting with Mr. Coleman.

News Conference Held The views of Dr. McLucas on the Concorde's prospects were given at a news conference here on the third day of the week-long Farnborough air show.

His remarks buoyed the spirits of the British and French partners in the Concorde program. They also tended to dispel any residual resentment at some comments the F.A.A. chief had made about the aircraft's flight earlier this year.

British Airways and Air France, which the hope was expressed by Dr. McLucas today that the Port Authority, of New York in the light of its study of actual Concorde operations, would itself approve the plane's entry to New York.

If not, he said, the courts could be expected to overrule the authority. A spokesman for the Port Authority, which asked to comment on the remarks of Dr. McLucas, said officials of the Port Authority could not comment formally without knowing precisely what he had said.

Noise Levels Studied However, the spokesman noted that tests of the Concorde's noise levels were being taken for the Port Authority at several airports under a six-month evaluation program that was previously announced.

The spokesman said the six-month period would end in late November, after which the test results would be evaluated. Pending the results, he said, "the Port Authority's position remains the same—the Concorde won't be operating out of Kennedy Airport."

When first asked if his agency would step into the court case, Dr. McLucas said flatly: "Yes, we'd be prepared to step in if necessary. But I hope it won't be necessary."

Later, he hedged a bit more, saying the F.A.A. would step in "if it would serve any purpose," and that it would "have to get a legal ruling"—apparently

Continued on Page 63, Column 1

To Our Readers

The Business/Financial section of The Times begins today an expanded news report, including various new features, as well as a consolidated display of New York Stock Exchange and other tables.

Service columns on labor relations, commodities, taxes, technology, Washington activities, management and personal finance will appear Monday through Saturday. A new column, Economics of The Times, beginning Sept. 12, will be written on Sundays, Tuesdays and Fridays by Thomas E. Mullaney and on Thursdays by Leonard Silk.

Technology

Low-Cost Lens for Available Light

By VICTOR K. MCLEBENY Dim light has long created problems for amateur photographers who want to take candid color shots at parties or of their children opening presents at Christmas.

Although there are increasingly convenient arrays of flashbulbs and flash attachments for mass-market cameras, the photographer who uses them must observe certain disciplines—focusing carefully, avoiding eye-level shots that make the subject's eyes glow red and staying away from highly reflective backgrounds.

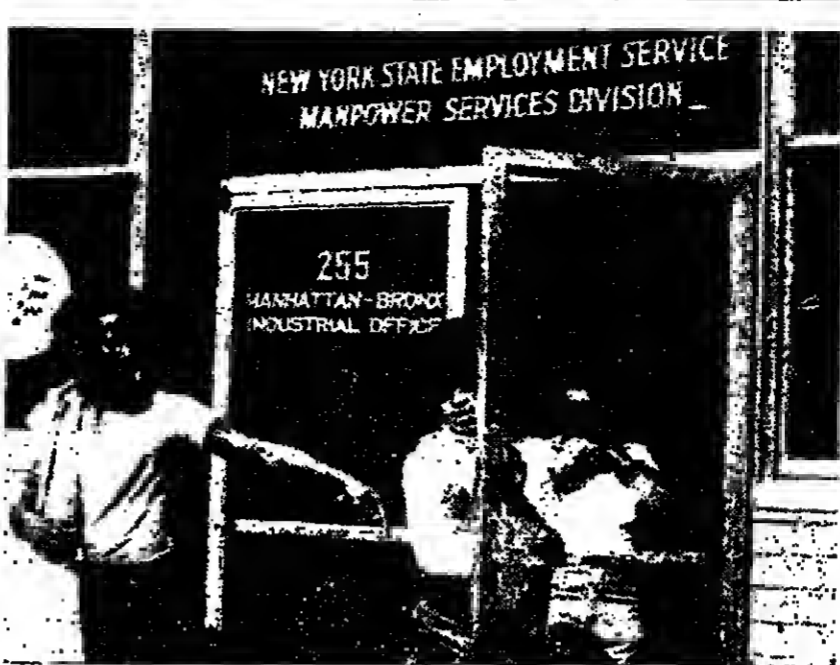
Could the photographic companies develop a color camera, the home photographer's wonder, perhaps as compact as the Eastman Kodak pocket Instamatic, with a powerful lens to gather dim light, and a film that is more sensitive—that is, faster—than Kodak's high-speed Ektachrome?

Walter Fallon, Kodak's president, told securities analysts in Atlanta last year, "Putting these features together presents a problem a lot like squaring the circle."

He told them that Kodak laboratory workers already had developed "something like" a film that would work well in many light conditions, including levels of light that inhibit today's snapshot.

Industry observers were inclined to believe him, because available light color film for movie cameras was introduced in 1971 with an ASA speed

Continued on Page 57, Column 1



A scene outside the state employment office on 54th Street west of Broadway. The nation's unemployment rate continues its climb.

Joblessness vs. Inflation

By LEONARD SILK

What is the major campaign issue—unemployment, inflation, or both? The rise in unemployment in August for the third month in a row to a level of 7.9 percent is clearly worrying the Republican camp, since the President has put "jobs" at the head of his list of election issues.

Mr. Ford, who had consistently named inflation as the No. 1 issue when he was fighting to get aid keep conservative support, has begun to shift his focus to the employment issue. He has declared that "we will achieve that goal of full employment," which he does not define except by implication as a state in which "every American who wants to work has a meaningful and productive job."

That presumably excludes persons who do not really want to work or the creation of public jobs that are not "meaningful and productive."

In the Democratic camp, a reverse shift is going on. Jimmy Carter, who had been putting unemployment at the head of the list of campaign issues as he sought the support of George Meany and other labor leaders, has been mov-

ing to reassure voters that he is not soft on inflation. Mr. Carter has told reporters that one of the biggest weaknesses he will face in his debates with Mr. Ford is the Republican charge that he is "irresponsible, a spendthrift and a liberal."

Apparently Mrs. Carter, a trusted adviser, has been insisting that her husband pay more attention to the charge that he would worsen inflation, and lately he has been stressing that he would phase in new Government spending programs carefully and would balance the budget by 1980.

Both candidates are thus showing every sign of listening more to the demands of the voters that both unemployment and inflation be attacked simultaneously—and less to the cautious and skeptical counsel of those economists who believe that a national policy maker must decide which is his first priority—stopping inflation or unemployment.

In shifting ground to embrace both issues in their political campaigns, the two candidates have instinctively reached

Continued on Page 59, Column 1

Stock Average Rises 7.48 Points; Rucker Up 6 1/4 as Kodak Gains 2 3/8

By ALEXANDER R. HAMMER

The stock market, after some early hesitation, closed higher yesterday, aided by strength in blue-chip, gold and electronic issues.

The Dow Jones industrial average, off 0.41 point at noon, ended the day up 7.48 points at 996.58. In the last six sessions, the average has risen 32.66 points.

Analysts said that the momentum from last week's strong performance undoubtedly had brought more investors and traders in from the sidelines.

Turnover on the New York Stock Exchange increased to 16.31 million shares from 11.04 million shares on Friday. The market was closed Monday because of the Labor Day holiday.

Consolidated trading of stocks listed on the exchange rose to 19.03 million shares from 15.91 million shares Friday.

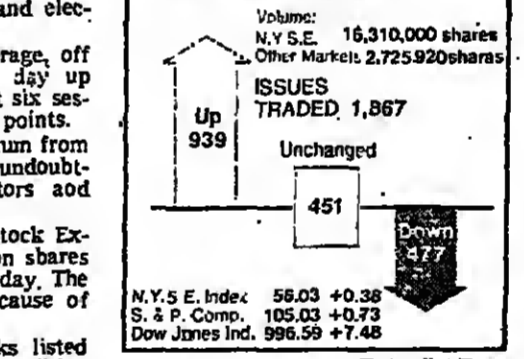
Rucker Soars 6 1/4 The volume leader and biggest gainer yesterday was the Rucker Company, which soared 6 1/4 points to 27 3/8 on a turnover of 334,680 shares, including an opening block of 70,000 shares at 28 1/2.

Rucker and NL Industries announced a merger plan under which \$33 worth of NL common stock would be exchanged for each Rucker share. Rucker did not trade on Friday following news Thursday that NL planned to make a tender offer for some of Rucker's shares. Rucker makes equipment for the drilling and completion of oil and gas wells. NL Industries, formerly National Lead, finished off 1/2 at 20 1/4.

The early weakness in the market was attributed to the Commerce Department's report that although its July-August sur-

Continued on Page 55, Column 4

Market Profile



Market Profile Tuesday, September 7, 1976 New York Stock Exchange Issues

Bank Held Partly By Arabs Buys 10% Of Reynolds Firm

By ROBERT J. COLE A Paris-based investment bank partly owned by Arab interests has purchased a nearly 10 percent stake in Reynolds Securities International, the Big Wall Street brokerage firm said yesterday.

It identified the purchaser as Banque Arabe et Internationale d'Investissement, 50 percent owned by Arab institutions, including the Government of Abu Dhabi and the Kuwait Investment Company.

The other 50 percent is owned by major international banks, including the Bank of America, Dresdner Bank of West Germany and Barclays Bank.

The transaction, involving \$6 million, is the first public disclosure of Arab money invested in an American brokerage house.

It was the second foreign investment in a leading American securities firm in less than a week. Last Friday Cie. Bruxelles Lambert of Belgium reached an agreement to acquire an 11 percent interest, for about \$7 million, in Drexel Burnham & Company. The deal called for the firm to become known as Drexel Burnham Lambert Group.

An Investment, Chairman Says Yves Truffert, chairman of Banque Arabe, said the bank had purchased the minority interest as an investment. Mr. Truffert is a former chairman of the French-American Banking Corporation in New York.

Moving quickly to assure what it called its "substantial" number of Jewish employees, shareholders and customers, Reynolds announced that it "would not tolerate any boycott philosophy or action in any aspect of its business."

Reynolds said that the Arab bank had purchased 500,000 shares of company stock on Sept. 1 at \$12 a share from a group of individual shareholders. It said that the main sellers were Thomas F. Staley and John D. Baker, who retired two years ago as board chairman and vice chairman, respectively. Other sellers were identified only as members of Mr. Staley's family and other retired officers.

Management rejected any suggestion that the sale might represent the first in a series to relinquish control to foreign interests. Original shareholders of Reynolds—described as active company employees—own about 50 percent of the 5,080,000 shares

FORD HOPES TO GAIN FROM G.M.'S DECISION TO REDUCE MODELS

MARKET FOR BIG CARS IS CITED

Introduction of '77 Lineup Shows Many Designs Essentially the Same as Last Year's

Special to The New York Times

DETROIT, Sept. 7 —The Ford Motor Company today introduced a 1977 model lineup that is essentially the same size and weight as last year's because, the company said, there is still a market for big cars as they have been built.

Ford officials, in fact, said they expected to capitalize on a decision by the General Motors Corporation to reduce its regular-sized cars by a foot and 700 pounds.

"We haven't taken one inch or one pound from this car," a Ford official asserted as he showed off a 1977 Lincoln, that was 19 feet 5 inches long and weighed 5,007 pounds.

And the new Continental Mark V is actually two inches longer than the Mark IV it replaces. Lee A. Iacocca, president of Ford, said the company had spent \$120 million to change the design. But only a few hundred pounds of weight was saved and this by using a smaller engine.

"Welcome to the home of the Whopper—we sell the biggest ones in town and are proud of it," said Bennett E. Bidwell, sales group vice president at Ford.

Fuel Economy Factor "Government standards may ultimately doom the full-sized car, but we hope to defer that eventuality as long as the customer is voting for it in the marketplace," said William O. Bourke, executive vice president at Ford.

Mr. Bidwell said, "Our sales strategy for 1977 will be approximately what it has always been"—with cars in all sizes and weight classes.

The officials, at a news conference in Ford's engineering center in suburban Dearborn, admitted the difference between G.M. and Ford cars would be greater in 1977 than ever before.

Mr. Bidwell said: "There will be two big elections this fall—each, ironically, with a Ford in it. The fact is that the automotive election is at least as uncertain as the other one."

Mr. Bourke said, "There will be the clearest choice of products in 50 years" in the industry.

But he also confirmed that Ford "will bring out a new smaller luxury car early next year called the Lincoln Versailles."

But for this fall, the only "downsizing" at Ford is the Thunderbird, formerly built from the Continental body shell. It is going to be a variation of the lighter intermediate body shell in 1977. Thus, its weight is down 870 pounds and the price will be cut \$2,600," according to Mr. Bidwell.

The company also made some design changes to its intermediate cars and changed their names from Ford Torino to LTD 2 and from Mercury Montego to Cougar.

G.M. officials have maintained they have cut the size and weight of their regular cars in order to improve their fuel economy. Their regular cars will get two to three miles per gallon better economy.

Overall, G.M. is claiming an average 18.3 miles per gallon on its 1977 models, up 10 percent or 1.7 m.p.g. from this year's 16.6 m.p.g.

Ford officials maintain that the fuel economy difference in the full-sized car is not that important to these buyers. Mr. Bourke said a difference of one m.p.g. equalled "very modest \$30 a year, and that much or even a good deal more doesn't excite the full-size car owners."

But downsizing shoulder and hip room by critical inches does.

G.M. officials say the interiors of their new cars are as roomy as before although some dimensions are down. And they say mileage will be important.

Ford officials conceded their 1977 models would average about 17.1 m.p.g. up only 0.2 m.p.g. from 16.9 m.p.g. figure for 1976.

A fuel economy law will require that each company adjust its model mix to achieve an 18 m.p.g. average in the 1978 model year. This is increased to 20 m.p.g. in 1980 with the goal of 27.5 m.p.g. by 1985.

While G.M. is at the 1976 level in 1977, Ford isn't. If the law were in effect now, Ford would have to make fewer big cars and more small ones to raise its average to 18 m.p.g.

MONTHLY INCOME SHARES For free prospectus write your name and address on this ad and mail to CALVIN BULLOCK, LTD. Established 1894 ONE WALL ST., NEW YORK 10005

9.30% Current Tax Free Return A+ Rated Standard & Poor Call us you should get to know us. MIS Multi-Vest Securities, Inc. Municipal Bond Specialists 78 Wall St., New York, NY 212-425-0366 313 Woods End Rd., Westfield, NJ 201-643-1551 Members: NASD & SIPC





Trading specialists in stocks, options, and bonds, providing competitive agency price executions\* in all principal markets—NYSE, Third Market, CBOE, ASE, NASDAQ, MSE, PSE and PBW.

Direct order desk access for individuals and institutions who make buy and sell decisions for their own accounts and for the accounts of others.

Complete individual and institutional account clearance and custodial services.

\*Source acts as an agent for its customers in all principal trading markets to obtain the best possible price executions.

COMMISSIONS:

STOCKS: 30% to 60%\* off NYSE schedule. OPTIONS: 10% to 35%\* off last CBOE schedule. BONDS: \$2.50 per bond to \$4.50 per bond.

\*Discounts exceed these amounts on higher priced shares and contracts.

Commission Requirements:

Commissions of at least \$250 are required on deposit prior to opening an account.

There is a minimum commission charge of \$25.00 on orders for stocks, \$25.00 on orders for options \$1 and above and \$22.50 on orders for three bonds or more.

Equity Maintenance Requirements for Margin Accounts:

Stocks long, \$5 per share and above...35% Stocks long, below \$5 per share...100% Stocks short...35% or NYSE requirement (whichever is higher)

Option writing accounts, uncovered options...35% of assignable stock, minus profit or loss, \$250 per contract min. \$25,000 min. equity.

SOURCE

SOURCE SECURITIES CORPORATION 70 Pine Street, New York, New York 10005 Telephone: 800-221-2430 New York State 212-425-3428

We offer, subject to cancellation or prior sale, the following: Preferred Stocks

Table listing preferred stocks with columns for Shares, Price, and Yield. Includes companies like Alabama Power, American Telephone & Telegraph, and Florida Power & Light.

All railroad and industrial preferred stocks enjoy the 8 1/2% corporate tax advantage.

TAX ADVANTAGE: SF—SINKING FUND



Spencer Trask & Co. INCORPORATED 60 BROAD ST., NEW YORK, N.Y. 10004 / TELEPHONE: (212) 785-7700

MEMBERS: NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE, INC., AMERICAN STOCK EXCHANGE, INC., NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF SECURITIES DEALERS, INC., NATIONAL BOARD OF STOCK EXCHANGES, INC., NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF REAL ESTATE BROKERS, INC.

Before you take any investment or banking course—

compare our evening courses for quality and cost: Each of our courses is taught by an executive, often a recognized leader in his field, who supervises that same activity at a leading investment firm or metropolitan bank. Thus our courses are practical, up-to-date, and pertinent—should help you immediately on your job.

It also means our tuition fees don't need to cover other faculty activities, such as research and publishing. You pay only for the cost of teaching you.

Courses include: Accounting, Cost Accounting, The Options Markets, Advanced Options Strategies, Business Law, Options Operations, Margin Operations, Taxation, Liability Management/Money Market, Corporate Money Management, Security Analysis, Technical Analysis, U.S. Government Securities, and many others.

Classes begin Mon., Sept. 20. So telephone today. Ask for Andrew Morse. He'll be glad to answer any questions you may have—and to send you a free class schedule so you can compare courses and fees at your convenience. The number is (212) 344-2900.

NEW YORK INSTITUTE OF FINANCE 70 Pine St., New York, N.Y. 10005

Founded 1923 • Degree program approved for veterans

Special Situations Investment Advisory Service David J. Greene and Co. 36 Wall St. • New York, N.Y. 10005 (212) 344-5180

MISSOURI PACIFIC CORPORATION

(Formerly Missouri River Corporation) St. Louis, Missouri A quarterly dividend of 40¢ per share has been declared on the Common Stock of the Company, payable on September 30, 1976 to holders of record at the close of business on September 15, 1976. This represents an increase of 5¢ over the Company's previous quarterly dividend rate, or an increase in the annual dividend rate from \$1.40 to \$1.80 per share and is the second dividend increase made in 1976.

DOWNING B. JENKS Chairman of the Board

MEET A TAX FREE MUNICIPAL BOND EXPERT... FACE TO FACE

Call us, we'll come to you! Marks, Allen & Co. 134 Evergreen Place East Orange, NJ 07018 Members of SIPC & NASD (201) 677-3700 (212) 964-8999

Leslie Report Sends Soybeans and Corn Upon Chicago Board

CHICAGO, Sept. 7 (AP)—After an estimate by a private crop analyst that there would be less corn and soybeans produced this year than the Government had forecast, several commodity futures advanced the permissible daily limit on the Chicago Board of Trade today.

Soybeans advanced 20 cents a bushel, soybean meal \$10 a ton, soybean oil 100 points, corn 10 cents and oats 6 cents—all limits. Wheat futures closed 11 cents a bushel higher, far short of the 20-cent limit.

Conrad Leslie, an agricultural statistician and crop analyst, estimated as of Sept. 1 that the corn crop would total 5.98 billion bushels and soybeans 1.25 billion bushels. The soybean figure was 18 percent under 1975 production. Last month, the Agriculture Department estimated the corn crop at 6.19 billion bushels and soybeans at 1.34 billion bushels. High temperatures in August and not enough rain were blamed for the crop loss.

Trade was active and hectic the first few minutes as soybeans opened at limits higher in all six options. Within 15 minutes, there were orders to buy an estimated 10 million bushels of soybeans but there were no sellers. Later, meal, oil, oats and corn became locked at higher levels. At the close, there were an estimated 12 million bushels of soybeans on purchase, but no sellers. As corn prices roared to limits, new crop highs were set.

Wheat trading was fairly active and mixed throughout the session, and prices dropped a couple of cents from their highs at the final bell.

Market Place Rucker Provides a Bit of Inspiration

By RICHARD PHALON

Some securities analysts began recommending the Rucker Company, a major producer of such oil company goods as drill bits and blowout preventers, as a turnaround industry more than a year and a half ago.

For most of that period, the description seemed to have fallen on deaf investment ears. The price of the stock moved pretty much sideways, despite the plausibility of a thesis that saw Rucker as undervalued—both in terms of its own rising earnings curve and price run-ups in such better-known competitors as Hughes Tool and Schlumberger.

Yesterday, however, in that most pragmatic of all crucibles—the stock market—the assessment of Rucker as undervalued turned out to be a real bit of inspiration.

The announcement that NL Industries, the old National Lead Company, and Rucker had agreed in principle to a merger that could bring Rucker shareholders as much as \$33 a share worth of NL stock touched off a small celebration in the marketplace.

Rucker closed at 27 3/4, for a gain of 6 1/4 points, on a big upsurge in trading volume that made it the day's most actively traded stock.

The close was the highest price at

Market Place Rucker Provides a Bit of Inspiration

which Rucker has traded since 1969, when securities analysts were talking about the company's bright future as a conglomerate.

Like many other conglomerates put together in the 60's, Rucker marched up the hill only to march down again. A string of shaky earnings years turned into outright deficits between 1970 and 1972.

Management, presuaded that itself might be beautiful after all, began shucking off its electrical safety and avionics controls business to concentrate on where it thought the money was—oil.

The correctness of that judgment soon began to show on the income sheet. Thanks to oil shortages and the big rise in exploration, demand for the drilling valves, regulators and other oil company goods that are Rucker's stock in trade rose apace.

Between 1973 and last year, the company's sales rose from \$55.4 million to \$161.2 million, and earnings expanded even more rapidly—from \$2.3 million to almost \$17 million. A turnaround situation, indeed.

NL Industries, on the other hand, was having its problems. Last year NL grossed \$1.3 billion—eight times Rucker's sales—but earned \$45.6 million,

less than three times that of Rucker's profits. NL has been whipsawed in zinc prices as decided to get out of the zinc resale business entirely.

NL, however, through its Petroleum Services Division, a foothold in such markets mud and oil-well services, for Rucker is basically a broader product line in which all the earnings of a growth

From Rucker's point of view, the dynamics of the situation are better. A rise in oil prices, for example, would benefit Rucker heavily, but not NL, which is a one-product company, and counted for much of the trade in the issue.

One of the big beneficiaries of the arbitrage play in the stock run up it caused—Gen. Sotomayor Debevoise, the former NL chairman, bought 316,000 shares in April 1974 at a price of \$9.25 a share. At General Sotomayor's own shares and appears to have been talking about a turnaround at

GRAINS & FEEDS CHICAGO BO. OF TRADE

Table of grain and feed prices including Wheat, Corn, Soybeans, and Oats. Columns show Open, High, Low, and Close prices.

CHICAGO BO. OF TRADE ICEB BROKERS

Table of ice cream prices with columns for Open, High, Low, and Close.

KANSAS CITY BO. OF TRADE

Table of grain prices for Kansas City with columns for Open, High, Low, and Close.

LIVESTOCK CHICAGO MERC. EXCH.

Table of livestock prices including Cattle, Hogs, and Sheep. Columns show Open, High, Low, and Close.

Prices of Commodity Futures Tuesday, September 7, 1976

Table of commodity futures prices including Potatoes, Eggs, and Soybeans. Columns show Open, High, Low, and Close.

CHICAGO BO. OF TRADE ICEB BROKERS

Table of ice cream prices with columns for Open, High, Low, and Close.

KANSAS CITY BO. OF TRADE

Table of grain prices for Kansas City with columns for Open, High, Low, and Close.

LIVESTOCK CHICAGO MERC. EXCH.

Table of livestock prices including Cattle, Hogs, and Sheep. Columns show Open, High, Low, and Close.

PLATINUM

Table of platinum prices with columns for Open, High, Low, and Close.

U.S. SILVER CO.

Table of silver prices with columns for Open, High, Low, and Close.

COMMODITY EXCH. (N.Y.)

Table of commodity exchange prices including Gold and Silver.

WIRE BARS

Table of wire bar prices with columns for Open, High, Low, and Close.

U.S. SILVER CO.

Table of silver prices with columns for Open, High, Low, and Close.

U.S. SILVER CO.

Table of silver prices with columns for Open, High, Low, and Close.

U.S. SILVER CO.

Table of silver prices with columns for Open, High, Low, and Close.

7% Quality TAX FREE INCOME

"A" Rated Municipal Bonds There are many fine "A" rated Municipal Bonds with interest completely free of Federal, State and City income taxes that offer a 7% and greater tax free return on your investment. And, Municipal Bonds that are A-rated or higher offer you the highest degree of safety next to U.S. Government securities.

O'NEILL & FELDMAN 80 Wall St., New York, N.Y. 10005 (212) 344-4330 Members National Association of Securities Dealers

Looking for a Possible 100% to 200% (or more) Return on Your Money?

The unusual LEVERAGE feature offered by LONDON COMMODITY OPTIONS provides the spectacular profit possibilities of commodity futures trading without margin calls—with a modest, limited risk investment. A GUIDE TO LONDON COMMODITY OPTIONS, our booklet, shows you why and how. It's yours for the asking. Simply call Gary Paltas (212) 425-4283 or return the coupon now.

GREGORY COMMODITY OPTIONS INC. One Whitehall St. (3rd floor), New York, N.Y. 10004 (212) 425-4283

We are pleased to announce that SUSAN M. SOUTHERN has joined our Industry and Stock Research Department

Salomon Brothers Members New York Stock Exchange, Inc. One New York Plaza, New York, N.Y. 10004 Atlanta/Boston/Chicago/Cleveland/Dallas London/Los Angeles/Philadelphia/San Francisco

As filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on August 21, 1976: COLLIERS AND BROTHERS SECURITIES COMPANY Public Invitation for Bids for the Purchase of \$35,000,000 Principal Amount of First Mortgage Bonds.

Electric Company 82 A.G. O'Brien, Chairman of the Board, August 19, 1976

Vertical advertisement on the right edge of the page, partially cut off, mentioning 'SUGAR' and 'GAINS'.



Sept 20 1978

DRIFT BACK, EARLY GAINS

Market Over Fed Inaction As Rate Rise Leads to Forward Price Move

JOHN H. ALLAN Markets advanced yesterday... The downward trend in the afternoon resulted in a net gain for the day.

Reserve negotiated a \$1.2-billion agreement for the purchase of Treasury bills...

Central bank did not add to the banking system by buying government securities...

Action understandable money-market analysts... The price of gold fell on major European bullion markets today.

of the credit markets was price behavior of the Treasury 10-year notes...

which closed Friday at 102 1/2... The dollar closed virtually unchanged in Frankfurt at 2.5225 West German marks...

porate bond market, the New Telephone Company, for the first time, announced plans to issue \$100 million of 9.35 percent debt...

King Is Sentenced to One Year For Defrauding I.O.S. Holders

John McCandish King, former chairman and chief executive officer of the King Resources Company of Denver, was sentenced yesterday to one year in prison after being convicted on fraud and conspiracy charges.

Mr. King's associate and co-defendant, A. Rowland Boucher, formerly president of King Resources, was sentenced to seven months in jail.

On July 2, 1978, Mr. King and Mr. Boucher were found guilty on four counts of fraud and conspiracy for fraudulent valuations of certain Arctic oil and gas permits.

Mr. King and Mr. Boucher, according to the indictment, arranged for fraudulent sales of a small percentage of Arctic property, including secret inducements concealed from the Fund of Funds and its auditors.

The King Resources Company, now bankrupt, was formed in 1960 by Mr. King in Denver to carry out oil and gas exploration and development.

Sucrest Asks Stock Trading Halt; Says It Can't Meet Report Deadline

By H. J. MAIDENBERG The Sucrest Corporation, one of the largest sugar refiners in the nation, asked that its stock be suspended from trading by the New York Stock Exchange yesterday because it could not meet a deadline for filing its annual report for the year ended last May 29 with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Robert M. Rapoport, president of Sucrest, said in a statement that the annual report and related data were being delayed so independent auditors could examine "certain company transactions."

Although these examinations were not expected to "have a materially adverse effect upon the financial condition of the company," Mr. Rapoport asked the S.E.C. and Big Board to suspend its stock until the audit was completed and the annual statement filed.

Last week, Sucrest's common closed at \$8 a share, down 3/4 for the week. Its range this year was 8 1/4 to 11 1/4.

Mr. Rapoport's statement also said that Robert Simons, who had been a director for many years, had been elected vice chairman and chief financial officer of Sucrest.

Further, Sucrest's president said that Allerton D. Marshall, who had been chief financial officer, would stay on as vice president, secretary and treasurer of the company. The post of vice chairman is a new position and would remain vacant.

Officers of Sucrest declined to amplify their statement or give any reasons for the changes in management. Nor would they give any explanation for the audits, which include operations for fiscal 1975 as well.

However, some knowledgeable sources in the sugar trade noted that the sharp rise in New York raw sugar cash prices from about 12.5 cents a pound in mid-1974 to the record of 57 cents in November of that year and the subsequent plummet to around 8 cents yesterday might be responsible.

"When you get such sharp movements," one broker observed yesterday, "valuing inventories, costs and the like become highly complex. It must raise questions of accounting measures used."

"While I'm not privy to Sucrest's problem, it wouldn't surprise me if questions had arisen about the company's accounting methods."

After these observations were read to Mr. Rapoport over the telephone, Sucrest's president would comment only that he could not expand on his original statement at this time. "I would like to say more but I can't," he added.

Gold Price Off in Europe On Wave of Profit Taking; Dollar Is Mostly Steady

LONDON, Sept. 7 (AP)—The price of gold fell on major European bullion markets today in a wave of profit taking after yesterday's sharp rise, but it remained well above Friday's levels.

The United States dollar held steady in most foreign exchanges. It dropped \$5 an ounce in London to \$110.50 an ounce and \$1.50 in Zurich to \$112. These prices were still above Friday's \$107.25 in London and \$107.375 in Zurich.

The dollar closed virtually unchanged in Frankfurt at 2.5225 West German marks and in Zurich at 2.4808 Swiss francs. In Paris, it eased from 4.92675 French francs to 4.9250; in Amsterdam from 2.6335 guilders to 2.6315 and in Milan from 841.05 lire to 840.75.

A threatened national strike of merchant seamen depressed the British pound at the opening, but what dealers described as "heavy support" by the Bank of England steadied the rate, and sterling closed at \$1.77125, down only slightly from \$1.7730.

The seamen voted by a narrow margin yesterday to authorize their union officials to call a strike in support of a wage claim.

Corporate bond market, the New Telephone Company, for the first time, announced plans to issue \$100 million of 9.35 percent debt...



Some of the brands made by Sucrest

they give any explanation for the audits, which include operations for fiscal 1975 as well. However, some knowledgeable sources in the sugar trade noted that the sharp rise in New York raw sugar cash prices from about 12.5 cents a pound in mid-1974 to the record of 57 cents in November of that year and the subsequent plummet to around 8 cents yesterday might be responsible.

"When you get such sharp movements," one broker observed yesterday, "valuing inventories, costs and the like become highly complex. It must raise questions of accounting measures used."

"While I'm not privy to Sucrest's problem, it wouldn't surprise me if questions had arisen about the company's accounting methods."

After these observations were read to Mr. Rapoport over the telephone, Sucrest's president would comment only that he could not expand on his original statement at this time. "I would like to say more but I can't," he added.

DOW STOCK AVERAGE CLIMBS 7.48 POINTS

Continued From Page 40

Mr. Kinsey said that the preceding six months of consolidation this year had laid the necessary groundwork of skeptical opinion "which will ultimately lead to the extension of the major uptrend."

Gary Wallin, director of institutional research of Muller & Company, said that long-term factors such as the declining rate of inflation and lower short-term interest rates "continue to contribute to the recent bullish sentiment."

Mr. Wallin suggested that the market appeared to act "as if record new highs will be reached during this current upward move."

Another Wall Street analyst added that the post-Labor Day period was often a time of reassessment and reinvestment by traders who were relatively inactive during the summer.

Among the stronger blue chips yesterday were Eastern Kodak, which rose 2 1/2 to 97 1/2; Du Pont, 1 1/4 to 134; Sears, Roebuck, 1 1/4 to 70; F. W. Woolworth, 1 1/4 to 24 1/2; and Monsanto Chemical, 1 1/4 to 90 1/2.

The strength in Sears reflected a statement yesterday by Arthur M. Wood, chairman, that he saw "continuing steady sales growth" at least through the spring of 1977.

Although bullion prices abroad gave up some of their sharp gains made Monday, the gold-mining issues traded here finished higher. ASA rose 1/2 to 16 1/2; Campbell Red Lake Mines, 1/4 to 19; Dome Mines, 1/4 to 37 1/2; and Homestake Mining, 1/4 to 29 1/2.

Most of the electronic and office-equipment issues posted sizable gains. Texas Instruments was up 2 to 113 1/4; Hewlett-Packard, 1 1/4 to 90 3/4; Burroughs, 1 1/4 to 94; Raytheon, 1 1/4 to 62 1/4; Digital Equipment, 5/8 to 169 1/2; National Semiconductor, 1 to 36 1/2; International Business Machines, 1 1/2 to 280 and Data General, 2 1/4 to 51.

Teledyne, also in the electronic group, climbed 3 to 73. Last week, Curtiss-Wright said that units of Teledyne had increased their holdings in Curtiss-Wright to about 12 percent of the outstanding shares from the previously held 8 percent. Curtiss-Wright fell 1/4 to 16 1/4.

Standard Oil (Ohio) fell 1 1/2 to 68 1/2 while Atlantic-Richfield slipped 1/4 to 101 1/2. The weakness in the two issues was attributed to delays in construction of the Alaskan Pipeline due to faulty welding and political problems both at the state and Federal level.

Bethlehem Steel added 3/4 to 43. After the market closed, the steel producer said that earnings for the third quarter would not match the second-quarter results of \$1.25 a share.

Genly Oil advanced a point to 178 despite news that one of its subsidiaries was losing millions of dollars a year on its long-idle nuclear-fuel-reprocessing plant in West Valley, N.Y.

Another gainer was Reynolds Securities, which rose 1/4 to 11 1/4. An Argeny investment company bought a 10 percent interest in Reynolds Securities International, parent of Reynolds Securities.

On the downside, Ponderosa System fell 1/4 to 12 1/2 after trading at a 1978 low of 7 1/4. The fast-food chain reported these earnings for the quarter ended Aug. 12 fell to 24 cents a share from 30 cents a share a year earlier.

The American Stock Exchange and the over-the-counter market yesterday posted their seventh consecutive advances in stepped-up trading. The price of an average share gained 7 cents. Turnover climbed to 1.75 billion shares from 1.45 billion shares on Friday.

Incoterm A stock advanced 1 1/4 to 10 1/4. The computer software manufacturer said it had received a contract for more than \$3.3 million from a Swedish company.

Frigitronics topped the active list and dipped 1/4 to 12 1/2, on a turnover of 76,900 shares. The eyeglass-lens maker made a special offering of 86,600 shares at \$12.50 a share.

Syntex, the second most heavily traded issue, gained 3/4 to 25 1/4 after the pharmaceutical concern reported that its fourth-quarter operating net rose to 57 cents a share from 44 cents a share a year earlier.

Resisting the upward trend, Risdon Manufacturing lost 1/4 to 17 1/4. The cosmetics company announced it had signed an agreement to purchase the Franklin Brush Company of Laconia, N.H.

A total of 32,476 options contracts traded on the Amex yesterday against Friday's 21,115. On the Chicago Board Options Exchange, 71,179 contracts changed hands, compared with 43,728 Friday.

In the counter market, the NASDAQ industrial index climbed 0.12 to 94.58 while the composite index gained 0.19 to 91.21. Turnover expanded to 4.88 million shares from 4.81 million shares Friday.

Highs and Lows

Thursday, September 7, 1978

Table with columns for Stock Name, High, Low, and Change. Includes entries for American Express, IBM, and various other major stocks.

Standard Oil (Ohio) fell 1 1/2 to 68 1/2 while Atlantic-Richfield slipped 1/4 to 101 1/2. The weakness in the two issues was attributed to delays in construction of the Alaskan Pipeline due to faulty welding and political problems both at the state and Federal level.

Bethlehem Steel added 3/4 to 43. After the market closed, the steel producer said that earnings for the third quarter would not match the second-quarter results of \$1.25 a share.

Genly Oil advanced a point to 178 despite news that one of its subsidiaries was losing millions of dollars a year on its long-idle nuclear-fuel-reprocessing plant in West Valley, N.Y.

Another gainer was Reynolds Securities, which rose 1/4 to 11 1/4. An Argeny investment company bought a 10 percent interest in Reynolds Securities International, parent of Reynolds Securities.

On the downside, Ponderosa System fell 1/4 to 12 1/2 after trading at a 1978 low of 7 1/4. The fast-food chain reported these earnings for the quarter ended Aug. 12 fell to 24 cents a share from 30 cents a share a year earlier.

The American Stock Exchange and the over-the-counter market yesterday posted their seventh consecutive advances in stepped-up trading. The price of an average share gained 7 cents. Turnover climbed to 1.75 billion shares from 1.45 billion shares on Friday.

Incoterm A stock advanced 1 1/4 to 10 1/4. The computer software manufacturer said it had received a contract for more than \$3.3 million from a Swedish company.

Frigitronics topped the active list and dipped 1/4 to 12 1/2, on a turnover of 76,900 shares. The eyeglass-lens maker made a special offering of 86,600 shares at \$12.50 a share.

Syntex, the second most heavily traded issue, gained 3/4 to 25 1/4 after the pharmaceutical concern reported that its fourth-quarter operating net rose to 57 cents a share from 44 cents a share a year earlier.

Resisting the upward trend, Risdon Manufacturing lost 1/4 to 17 1/4. The cosmetics company announced it had signed an agreement to purchase the Franklin Brush Company of Laconia, N.H.

New Bond Issues

Table listing various bond issues with columns for Issuer, Amount, Maturity, and Yield. Includes Utility Bonds, Industrial Bonds, and International Issues.

Standard Oil (Ohio) fell 1 1/2 to 68 1/2 while Atlantic-Richfield slipped 1/4 to 101 1/2. The weakness in the two issues was attributed to delays in construction of the Alaskan Pipeline due to faulty welding and political problems both at the state and Federal level.

Bethlehem Steel added 3/4 to 43. After the market closed, the steel producer said that earnings for the third quarter would not match the second-quarter results of \$1.25 a share.

Genly Oil advanced a point to 178 despite news that one of its subsidiaries was losing millions of dollars a year on its long-idle nuclear-fuel-reprocessing plant in West Valley, N.Y.

Another gainer was Reynolds Securities, which rose 1/4 to 11 1/4. An Argeny investment company bought a 10 percent interest in Reynolds Securities International, parent of Reynolds Securities.

On the downside, Ponderosa System fell 1/4 to 12 1/2 after trading at a 1978 low of 7 1/4. The fast-food chain reported these earnings for the quarter ended Aug. 12 fell to 24 cents a share from 30 cents a share a year earlier.

The American Stock Exchange and the over-the-counter market yesterday posted their seventh consecutive advances in stepped-up trading. The price of an average share gained 7 cents. Turnover climbed to 1.75 billion shares from 1.45 billion shares on Friday.

Incoterm A stock advanced 1 1/4 to 10 1/4. The computer software manufacturer said it had received a contract for more than \$3.3 million from a Swedish company.

Frigitronics topped the active list and dipped 1/4 to 12 1/2, on a turnover of 76,900 shares. The eyeglass-lens maker made a special offering of 86,600 shares at \$12.50 a share.

Syntex, the second most heavily traded issue, gained 3/4 to 25 1/4 after the pharmaceutical concern reported that its fourth-quarter operating net rose to 57 cents a share from 44 cents a share a year earlier.

Resisting the upward trend, Risdon Manufacturing lost 1/4 to 17 1/4. The cosmetics company announced it had signed an agreement to purchase the Franklin Brush Company of Laconia, N.H.

ADVERTISEMENT FOR BIDDING A.N.D.A. North Zone Project—FIRST STAGE. B.I.D. LOAN - 426/SF-ES. CONTRACT 4-DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION OF PRESTRESSED CONCRETE TANKS (TURN-KEY CONTRACT). The "Administración Nacional de Aduanas y Alcantarillados" (A.N.D.A.), of the El Salvador Republic, invites contractors experienced in the design, furnishing of materials, and the construction of prestressed concrete tanks for water supply, to participate in Bidding No. IM 6/78.

TESORO PETROLEUM CORPORATION Common Stock. 1,391,897 Shares. This transaction having been completed, this announcement appears as a matter of record only. September 7, 1978. The issuer received gross proceeds of approximately \$19,208,000 upon exercise of common stock purchase Warrants which expired August 24, 1976. E. F. Hutton & Company Inc.

Consolidated Natural Gas Company. Public Invitation for Bids for the Purchase of \$75,000,000 Principal Amount of 7 1/2% Debentures Due September 1, 1996. The Consolidated Natural Gas Company (hereinafter called the Company) is a Delaware corporation, having its principal office at 100 West Street, New York, New York.

Thiokol Corporation has acquired approximately 25% of the outstanding Common Stock of Ventron Corporation. We acted as financial advisor to Thiokol Corporation in this transaction and as Dealer Manager of its tender offer. Goldman, Sachs & Co. New York, Boston, Chicago, Dallas, Detroit, Houston, Los Angeles, Memphis, Philadelphia, St. Louis, San Francisco. International Subsidiaries: London, Tokyo, Zurich. September 8, 1978.

Aristar, Inc. \$11,000,000 Convertible Junior Subordinated Note Due 1986. \$4,000,000 Convertible Senior Subordinated Note Due 1986. This private placement has been arranged by the undersigned with Gemini-Skogmo, Inc. Salomon Brothers. One New York Plaza, New York, New York 10004. Atlanta, Boston, Chicago, Cincinnati, Dallas, London, Los Angeles, Philadelphia, San Francisco. Member New York Stock Exchange, Inc.







July 20 1976

Technology

Continued From Page 53

about the same as for... technology... about the same as for...

Enriching Plan: Atomic Issues Are Big

Atomic issues are involved... Enriching Plan: Atomic Issues Are Big...

High-Yield Wheat and Acreage Continues to Rise

According to the chief scorekeeper... High-Yield Wheat and Acreage Continues to Rise...

STEEL OUTPUT OFF 0.6% FROM WEEK-AGO LEVEL

Steel production for the week ended... STEEL OUTPUT OFF 0.6% FROM WEEK-AGO LEVEL...

UNITED STATES

Midwest, Pacific, Boston, Toronto

Table of stock prices for United States markets including Midwest, Pacific, Boston, and Toronto.

Other U.S. and Foreign Stock Exchanges

London, Montreal, Paris, Sydney, Buenos Aires

Table of stock prices for other U.S. and foreign stock exchanges including London, Montreal, Paris, Sydney, and Buenos Aires.

AMSTERDAM

Table of stock prices for Amsterdam.

BRUSSELS

Table of stock prices for Brussels.

FRANKFURT

Table of stock prices for Frankfurt.

JOHANNESBURG

Table of stock prices for Johannesburg.

MILAN

Table of stock prices for Milan.

ZURICH

Table of stock prices for Zurich.

KYDZ

Table of stock prices for KYDZ.

Foreign Exchange

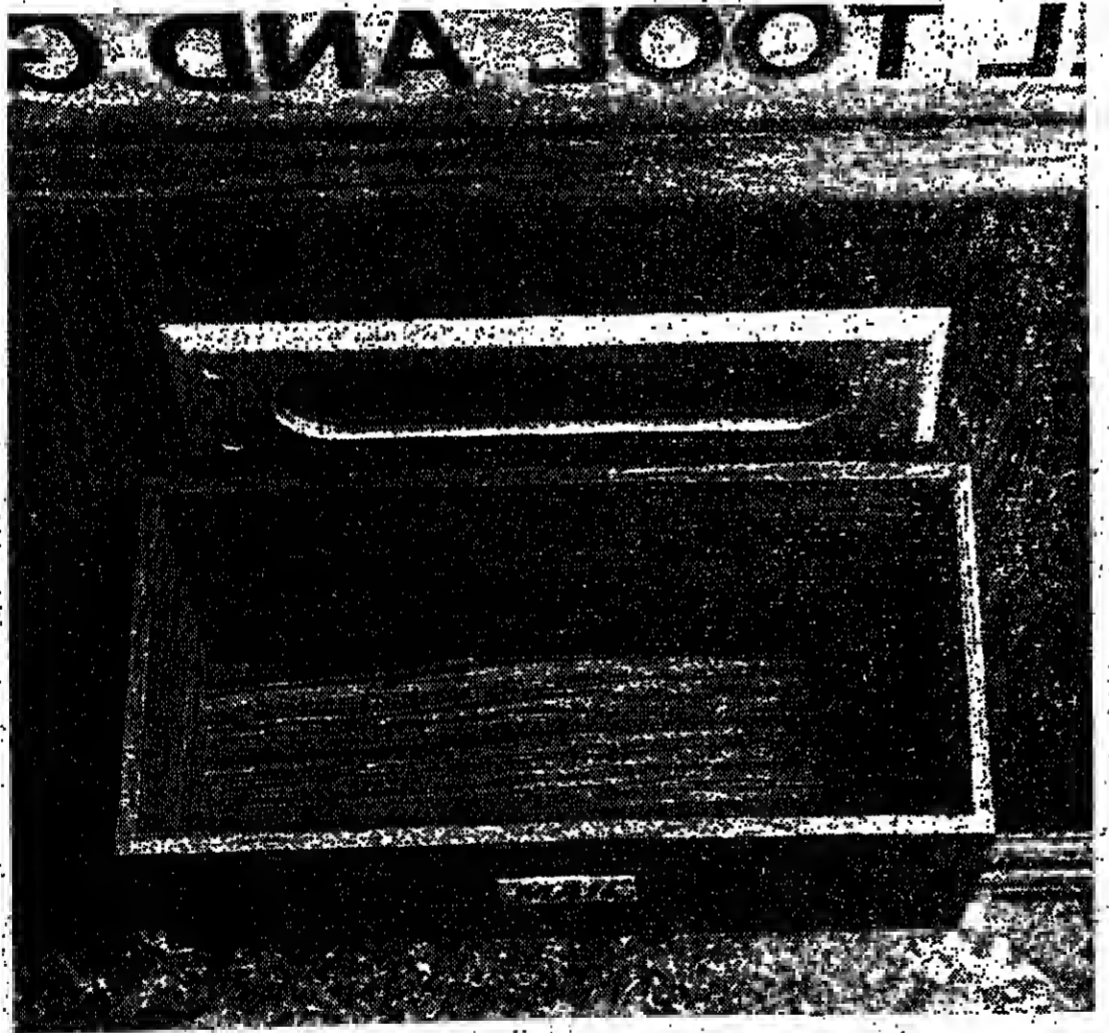
Table of foreign exchange rates for various currencies.

Money

Table of money market rates and interest rates.

Helsinki

Vertical text column on the left side of the advertisement, likely related to the Helsinki office or a specific service.



While everyone's telling you "the check's in the mail," we can put the money in your pocket.

The sad fact of the matter is, that just when your business needs the money most... MARINE MIDLAND BANK THE BANK THAT'S CLOSER TO YOUR BUSINESS.

Discover the NON-BANK ACCOUNT

Dreyfus Liquid Assets gives you free checks plus daily dividends. The new Dreyfus Intermediate Bond Fund gives you free checks plus the opportunity for better yields.

Before you put your money into a non-interest checking account, get the facts about a "Non-Bank Account." Dreyfus Liquid Assets pools the money of thousands of investors to buy short term low-risk high-yield money market instruments...



Form for Dreyfus 600 Madison Avenue, New York, N.Y. 10022, including fields for Name, Address, City, State, Zip, and checkboxes for Dreyfus Liquid Assets and Dreyfus Intermediate Bond Fund.







Bond Trade

# Major Campaign Issues: Unemployment vs. Inflation

Continued From Page 49

conclusion on how to handle the issue as that implied by the study, "Inflation and Unemployment," by the Public Agenda, a nonprofit and nonpartisan organization. The study's aim is to clarify the complex relationship between inflation and unemployment. The study's board includes such and economically diverse members as William D. Eberle, John Gardner, Howard D. Eberle, John Gardner, James J. Irwin Miller, Frank Stan-ley Vainco, Thomas J. Watson, Woodcock, Daniel Yankelovich and Whitney M. Young Jr.

The study interviews economic experts from different walks of life. The Public Agenda concluded that the sharpest possible contrast between professional economists' views on the priorities of inflation and unemployment, and the voters' views, are threefold:

**1. Basic Options Favored**  
A study found that if one asks the voters, there are three basic options favored:

**A** consists of economic policies of priority to curbing inflation and hope of bringing unemployment in the future and the risk of not being brought down as much as everyone would like.  
**B** gives top priority to curbing inflation with the hope that a reduction of inflation will not be achieved but with the risk that it may be.  
**C** calls for combating inflation and unemployment at the same time. The study found that if one asks the voters, there are three basic options favored:

down is to keep large numbers of our citizens out of work, or the idea that if job opportunities are made plentiful for all Americans, they will want to work, prices have to go berserk.  
Many Democratic economists think that the high priority given by the Ford Administration to fighting inflation by restrictive monetary and fiscal policies has needlessly prolonged unemployment at levels far above the 4 1/2 to 5 1/2 percent level at which inflation might be expected to heat up. President Ford's budget for the 1977 fiscal year, submitted last January, forecast 7.7 percent unemployment in 1976 and 6.9 percent unemployment in 1977.

This is proving to be one of the best unemployment forecasts ever issued by an Administration, whatever the dire consequences for the President's political fortunes. At present, with the jobless rate back up to 7.9 percent, unemployment for the first eight months of 1976 has averaged 7.6 percent.

The main criticism that many professional economists raise about the preference of ordinary voters for Option C, the simultaneous attack on both inflation and unemployment, is that nobody knows how to deliver it.

**Voters Appear More Pragmatic**  
The Public Agenda study suggests that the voters are simply more pragmatic and less ideological than the economists. If Government intervention works, they will favor it; if letting market forces operate works, they will favor that. They care about the end, not the means, and they refuse to give ground on according a priority to inflation over unemployment, or vice versa.  
And it is this demand to which Mr. Carter and Mr. Ford are now responding. But are they offering pie in the sky? This is far from clear, despite the

skepticism of many economists about Option C.  
Otto Eckstein, the president of Data Resources Inc., who served as a member of President John F. Kennedy's Council of Economic Advisers, has tested various policy courses with his elaborate econometric model. He finds that, with economic policies not too different from those of the last couple of years, unemployment will not get down below 6 percent until 1980, and that the inflation rate would show some mild acceleration to 1978, and then show a gradual improvement.  
But the average annual inflationary rate for the next four years would still be 5.4 percent, and in 1980 inflation would still be 5 percent.

When Mr. Eckstein ran his econometric model on the assumption of a much faster pace for monetary and fiscal stimulus, he got the unemployment rate down to 4.1 percent in 1980, but the rate of inflation gradually climbed up to 7.3 percent by the end of the decade.

He then made different assumptions—ones that might correspond to Option C—in which selective policies were adopted to augment the capacity of basic industrial materials to accommodate a higher growth path, in which unemployment was lowered in ways other than pumping up total spending, and in which lower unemployment was accompanied by measures to prevent a wage explosion.  
Lo and behold, this "policy focus" model gave better results than either of the above two: Unemployment was brought down to 4.1 percent by 1980 and the inflation rate—though still unsatisfactory—was held to 5.6 percent, or not significantly worse than a slow-growth, relatively high unemployment path similar to the Ford Administration's.  
But the problem is whether the specific measures needed simultaneously to reduce "structural" unemployment and check wage and price explosions are actually available, and whether the next Administration would know how to design them, and would gain the necessary cooperation of labor and management. Success in the past with either manpower programs or incomes policies has not been conspicuous, which is what makes the economists so skeptical.  
Yet the voters are insistent that the next President promise to slay the twin dragons of inflation and unemployment, and both political parties are responding.

Following, reprinted in full, is the text of the joint communique issued by the Israel-U.S. Business Council at the conclusion of its inaugural meeting in Jerusalem. The Council, whose membership comprises a cross section of business leadership in Israel and the United States, is the private sector counterpart to the Intergovernmental U.S.-Israel Joint Committee for Investment and Trade.

Following, reprinted in full, is the text of the joint communique issued by the Israel-U.S. Business Council at the conclusion of its inaugural meeting in Jerusalem. The Council, whose membership comprises a cross section of business leadership in Israel and the United States, is the private sector counterpart to the Intergovernmental U.S.-Israel Joint Committee for Investment and Trade.

## Inaugural Meeting ISRAEL-U.S. BUSINESS COUNCIL JOINT COMMUNIQUE

The Israel-U.S. Business Council held its inaugural meeting in Jerusalem June 7-9, 1976. The American delegation, led by The Honorable George W. Romney, chairman, National Center for Voluntary Action, comprised 20 senior executives representing a cross section of the American business community. The Israeli Section, consisting of 23 business leaders, was headed by Mark Moscovice, chairman of the board, Elitz, Ltd.

The Council, formed at the request of the Israeli and U.S. Governments, is designed to serve as a private sector complement to the intergovernmental U.S.-Israel Joint Committee for Investment and Trade. Specifically, the Council serves as a catalyst for broader and closer bilateral business relations.  
During this inaugural meeting, Council members were addressed by and met with high ranking Israeli officials, including Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin, Commerce and Industry Minister Chaim Bar-Lev, and Finance Minister Yehoshua Rabinowitz. U.S. Secretary of Commerce Elliot Richardson sent a special message to the Council. These officials emphasized the importance of expanding Israeli-American economic relations and stressed the key role that the Council can and should play in generating increased flows of trade and investment.

During the meeting, members of the two sections reviewed and discussed the current situations and outlooks for the Israeli and U.S. economies, the measures that both countries have and plan to take to curb inflation, restore balance of payments equilibrium, expand exports, increase productivity and, generally, restore business confidence by, among other things, stimulating the environment for investment.  
Council members reviewed the notable increase in bilateral trade that has occurred over the past two years as a result of greater efforts by the two governments to improve the political and economic factors that bear directly on the environment for business growth. Also, they welcomed the increased interest of U.S. business in investment in the Middle East.

The Council recognized that much more needs to be done to intensify and streamline relations between the two countries, and the Council addressed practical ways in which the two business communities—separately and together with their governments—could assist in generating broader and deeper commercial contacts between the two countries.  
Following these discussions, which were marked by a high degree of candor and openness, the two sections agreed to issue this joint statement which incorporates both the Council's principles and its program of action.

**I. ECONOMIC COLLABORATION**  
The two sections agreed that a higher level of trade and investment between Israel and the United States is in the mutual interest of both countries. In this regard, the two sections agreed to collaborate closely on ways to encourage bilateral business activity, principally through:

1. an ongoing process of dialogue aimed at identifying obstacles to expanded business activity and developing solutions to them; and
2. action programs to optimize existing trade and investment potentials.

The Council emphasized the importance for the two countries of working closely together to create a global environment that will enable a freer international flow of goods, services, capital and people. In that connection, the Council members expressed their opposition to discriminatory practices in international economic relations based on race, religion or national origin. In furtherance of this position, the U.S. Section adopted the policy statement which follows this communique.  
Specifically, the Council agreed to implement two recommendations:

1. Members of the two sections, on a continuing basis, will encourage and assist Israeli and American firms to explore business opportunities in both countries—especially the areas to which Israel gives high priority, including export industries, science-based industries, defense-related products, industrialization of construction, tourist facilities and recycling operations.
2. In tandem with its next meeting in the United States, the Council will sponsor one or more special workshops on business opportunities in Israel tailored specifically to attract new-to-market U.S. firms.

**II. INVESTMENT CLIMATE**  
The Council discussed comprehensively Israel's investment climate, including the prospects for and the problems attendant to increasing foreign investment in Israel. The Council reviewed the initiatives that have been and are being undertaken by the business communities and governments in the two countries to stimulate investment activity and agreed that the following measures would enhance these efforts:

1. The Council urges that the U.S. Senate promptly consent to ratify the U.S.-Israel Income Tax Convention that the two governments signed on November 20, 1975. The Convention, which would avoid double taxation and prevent fiscal evasion, would have a positive impact on investment by either country. The U.S. Section stated it would convey the Council's agreement as a formal recommendation to the U.S. Senate.
2. The Council, after reviewing the main elements of the financial incentives for foreign investment now being considered by the Knesset, agreed that these measures should be enacted promptly to enhance the foreign investment climate in Israel. In addition, the Council urged that the proposed law include measures to neutralize the impact of devaluations and inflationary pressures on foreign investment.
3. Responding to presentations by the Israeli Section on the advantages Israel offers to foreign investors, the U.S. Section emphasized that Israel's industrial expansion program must stress the use of realistic and objective economic criteria in the conception and development of project proposals. In this connection, the Council agreed to establish a joint working group which will develop a conceptual framework for project development, incorporating typical expectations of an American investor in evaluating the feasibility and desirability of an investment opportunity in Israel.
4. The Council recommends that the Israeli Government retain a respected American consulting firm specializing in market analyses and investment to recommend ways in which Israel can improve its foreign investment potential.
5. Concurrently, the Council established a joint working group to review Israel's foreign investment incentives and promotion programs to ascertain ways in which both could be made more effective. Meantime, this working group stressed the need for an effective and coordinated system to process applications for foreign investment. In this connection, the Council recommended that:
  - a. Further study should be undertaken of the various governmental steps required in the review, approval and implementation of investments by foreign firms in Israel.
  - b. The final goal of such study shall be to centralize governmental authority relating to foreign investments in Israel so that there will be a speeding up of the approval and implementation process; the development of a "one-stop" service as far as practical and the elimination of so-called "red tape", wherever possible.
  - c. The joint working group continue its discussions and submit additional recommendations at the next meeting of the Joint Executive Committee of the Council.

**III. TRADE OPPORTUNITIES**  
The Council, noting that two-way trade in 1976 exceeded \$1.8 billion, expressed confidence that improving world economic conditions, coupled with more vigorous export promotion programs by Israel and the availability of the U.S. Generalized System of Preferences should result in a higher trade turnover in 1976. In addition, the Israeli Section pointed out that Israel's comprehensive trade agreement with the European Community—which will gradually scale down customs duties and eventually establish a free trade area between them—offers advantageous opportunities for U.S. investment in Israel in export-oriented industries. The U.S. Section concurred that this agreement offers new investment possibilities and further agreed to spread the word of trade opportunities within the American business community through, among other vehicles, the Intergovernmental U.S.-Israel Joint Committee for Investment and Trade, which has been organized for the specific purpose of facilitating individual business contacts.

**IV. RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT COOPERATION**  
The Council reviewed opportunities and incentives for industrial research and development in Israel.  
The Council noted with satisfaction that the two countries have established a U.S.-Israel Industrial Research and Development Foundation and a U.S.-Israel Industrial Research and Development Council to foster technological cooperation between the two countries. The Council expressed its support for the work of these two bodies. Furthermore, the Council:

1. Recommended that the Foundation and the Council seek to identify specific ways in which Israel's research potential can be more fully realized. The Israeli side suggested, such potential fields as: agricultural machinery, irrigation accessories, solar energy, water purification, mobile training centers, medical instrumentation, diagnostic systems and enzyme engineering.
2. Believes that one of Israel's most significant assets is its extensive pool of technical and scientific talent and the comparatively lower cost of high quality R & D (from one-sixth to one-half the cost in the United States). High technology-intensive U.S. companies should take advantage of this valuable resource. The Joint Business Council, the U.S.-Israel Industrial Research and Development Council, the Committee for the Economic Growth of Israel, and the Israel Investment Authority should use this unique leverage in promoting joint industrial efforts between the United States and Israel.

**V. FUTURE WORK**  
The two sections of the Council concurred that the inaugural meeting had succeeded in creating a better understanding of the prospects for expanding bilateral business relations, that the discussions had served to clarify several key issues, and had produced an ambitious and promising program of work. They further agreed that the Joint Executive Committee of the Council should meet in Israel in early 1977. Meantime, the Council will begin immediately to implement the agreed-upon recommendations and the action program of the two joint working groups established by the Council.

**ISRAEL-U.S. BUSINESS COUNCIL  
POLICY STATEMENT OF THE U.S. SECTION ON THE ARAB BOYCOTT**  
The U.S. Section considers normalization of trade relations in the Middle East to be an essential step toward peace in that region. In furtherance of that goal, the U.S. Section believes American skills, technology and products are vital to the general economic development and well-being of all peoples in this area and constitute an important component of its long-term stability.

The U.S. Section encourages mutual trade between American firms and their counterparts in all Middle Eastern countries and believes, in this connection, that the Arab boycott is an artificial impediment and is contrary to America's traditional policy of free trade.  
Therefore, the U.S. Section supports existing Federal law which states that it is the policy of the United States to oppose boycotts imposed against countries friendly to America and endorses the President's directive of November 20, 1975, prohibiting compliance with any acts imposed by a foreign country which discriminate against U.S. citizens or firms on the basis of race, religion, sex or national origin.

The U.S. Section urges the U.S. Government, in its contacts with representatives of Arab countries, to secure the elimination of their boycott of Israel.

June 9, 1976

This communique is sponsored by The U.S. Section of The Israel-U.S. Business Council, 1625 H Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20019

### Transport Authority Votes Offer to Rock Island Lines

CHICAGO, Sept. 7 (UPI)—The Regional Transportation Authority board today voted to offer \$7.5 million to the bankrupt Rock Island Lines in a purchase-of-service agreement.  
But Rock Island trustee William Gibbons said he may recommend that Frank McGarr, reject the offer because some of the money is earmarked for repairs he thinks the authority should pay.  
Judge McGarr, overseeing Rock Island operations since the line declared bankruptcy last year, has appointed Mr. Gibbons to take steps to put the railroad back on its feet.  
The proposed transportation authority contract would give the Rock Island \$1.6 million for its fiscal 1976 deficit and \$5.9 million for a one-year purchase-of-service agreement ending June 30, 1977.

We take pleasure in announcing that

**RICHARD A. DEBS**

has become a Managing Director of

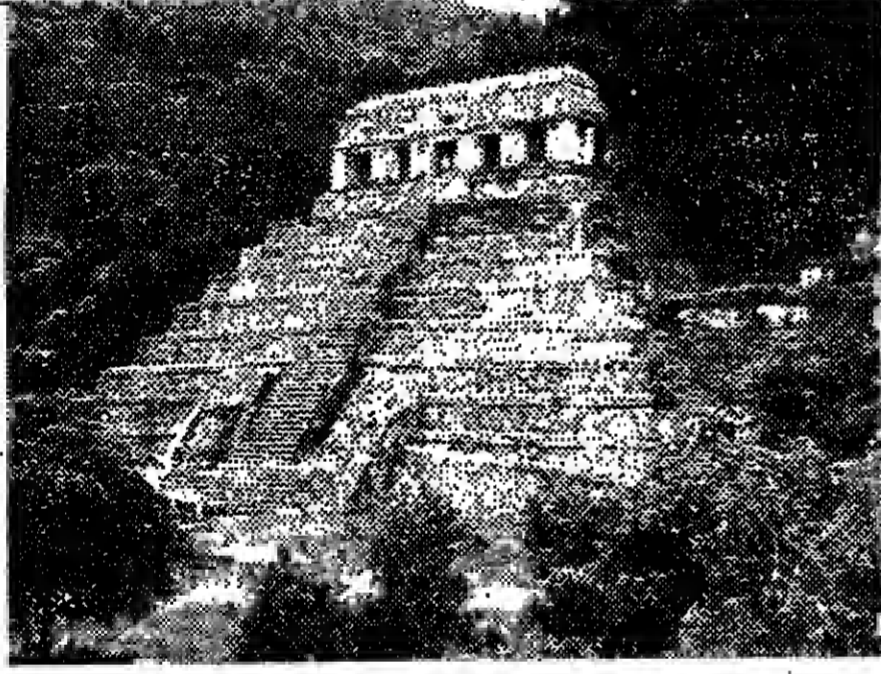
**MORGAN STANLEY & CO.**  
Incorporated

and President of

**MORGAN STANLEY INTERNATIONAL**  
Incorporated

effective September 1, 1976

September 8, 1976 1251 Ave. of the Americas, New York, New York 10020



## Today, 3,000,000 Mexicans earn their living from tourism

During the last six years Mexico has opened — for the enjoyment of tourists from Mexico and the whole world — fascinating new tourist complexes such as Cancún, Ixtapa-Zihuatanejo, Puerto Escondido, Bahía de Banderas and Cumbres del Llano.  
To visit "Mexico Today and Tomorrow" is to learn about the infrastructure and the projects which have made it possible to bring tourism to a wide variety of different areas throughout Mexico, carefully chosen for their location, superb climate, local color and great natural beauty.  
To visit "Mexico Today and Tomorrow" is to understand how, today, 3,000,000 Mexicans earn their living from tourism. All that we have achieved during the last six years has not only been for us, the citizens of Mexico in 1976, but is also the basis for the future well-being of our children.

EXPOSICION  
**MEXICO HOY  
Y MAÑANA**

For additional information write to: Subsecretaría de la Presidencia. Los Pinos. México, D.F., Mexico City, México.

Placing a Call OX... between 9 A.M. and...



# American Stock Exchange Transactions: Consolidated Summary of Yesterday's Trading

1976 Stocks and Div. Sales										1976 Stocks and Div. Sales										1976 Stocks and Div. Sales										1976 Stocks and Div. Sales									
High	Low	In Dollars	P/E 100's High	Low	Last	Chg	Net	Dev's	Year to Date	High	Low	In Dollars	P/E 100's High	Low	Last	Chg	Net	Dev's	Year to Date	High	Low	In Dollars	P/E 100's High	Low	Last	Chg	Net	Dev's	Year to Date	High	Low	In Dollars	P/E 100's High	Low	Last	Chg	Net	Dev's	Year to Date
100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

## Results of Trading in Stock Options

American Stock Exchange										Chicago Board										Philadelphia Options																			
Option & Price	Vol.	Last	Vol.	Last	Vol.	Last	Vol.	Last	Vol.	Option & Price	Vol.	Last	Vol.	Last	Vol.	Last	Vol.	Last	Vol.	Option & Price	Vol.	Last	Vol.	Last	Vol.	Last	Vol.	Last	Vol.										
Alcoa	20	40	12	8	10	10	10	10	10	Alcoa	20	40	12	8	10	10	10	10	10	Alcoa	20	40	12	8	10	10	10	10	10	Alcoa	20	40	12	8	10	10	10	10	10

Over-the-Counter

MUTUAL

Dividends Annou

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1976

Placing a classified ad? Call OX 5-3311 between 9 A.M. and 5:30 P.M.

Handwritten scribble or signature at the bottom center of the page.



Yesterday's Times

9/21/50

Over-the-Counter Quotations

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1950

Quotations supplied through NASDAQ as of 4:00 P.M. Quotes do not include retail markup, markdown or commissions. Volume represents shares that changed ownership during the day. Figures include only transactions effected by NASDAQ market-makers but may include some duplication where market-makers traded with each other.

Main table of over-the-counter quotations for various stocks, including columns for stock names, bid prices, and asked prices.

AUTHORITY BONDS

Table listing Authority Bonds with columns for bond name, bid price, and asked price.

U.S. Government and Agency Bonds

Table listing U.S. Government and Agency Bonds, including Treasury bills, notes, and bonds, with columns for bond name, bid price, and asked price.

MUTUAL FUNDS

Table listing Mutual Funds with columns for fund name, bid price, and asked price.

Supplementary O-T-C

Table listing Supplementary O-T-C (Over-the-Counter) securities with columns for security name, bid price, and asked price.



# SI SELECT

...a brand-new national edition of Sports Illustrated that goes to just the top 2,200 zip code areas in the country (out of a total 36,000 U.S. zips).

SI SELECT zeroes in on a selective national slice of SI's top-of-the-market newsweekly audience, at a price attractive to marketers of quality goods, services and ideas.

Ask your SI representative about it.

## Sports Illustrated

We could be your favorite newsweekly.

### Sometimes he reads Sports Illustrated or Newsweek or Playboy but he always reads House Beautiful.



"Pam and I are building a new home and House Beautiful has helped every yard of the way."

Larry Csonka

**HOUSE BEAUTIFUL** The magazine for people who are interested in a lot more than just a beautiful house.

## Advertising

### The British Are Coming—on WOR-TV

By WILLIAM D. SMITH

The most ambitious invasion of American television to date began Labor Day and will end at about 3 o'clock Saturday morning.

The invader is, most fittingly in this Bicentennial year, the "old enemy," the British, in the form of Thames Television Ltd., the largest supplier of programs to Britain's single commercial television channel, ITV.

The collaborator, as all invasions must have, is WOR-TV, Channel 9. It is a rather bold experiment not only in programming but also in advertising and promotion.

From 5:30 P.M. to closing time every day this week, Thames will provide almost all the material including advertising and news for Channel 9. The material will be largely reruns of successful shows Thames created and produced for British TV, with a smattering of original programs for the American market, particularly, live a magazine-type talk show carried by satellite and emanating from London and New York every day.

Thames has bought all the time for a "substantial amount, although we would really not like to say exactly how much," according to Muir Sutherland, chief executive of Thames International, an overseas sales subsidiary. The purpose of Thames is threefold, according to Mr. Sutherland, a bustling Anglo-Scot who is the originator and chief mover behind the project.

The first purpose is to present the image of Thames as a quality producer of shows for the American market. "Quite often BBC [the Government-controlled British Broadcasting Corporation] gets credit over in the States for successful shows we created such as 'World at War' and 'Jenny,'" he said. "We are trying to reach the decision makers in the New York market, which is, after all, the world's largest commercial market," Mr. Sutherland added. "We are trying to show them our product on hope that advertisers will buy and viewers will view a slightly different product."

Thames's second objective is to celebrate the 20th anniversary of commercial television in Britain, where prior to 1956 television had been a Government monopoly.

The third goal, as in all commercial ventures was to make money. But in this regard Mr. Sutherland commented frankly, "if we break even in this venture we will be pleased." He added, "However, we have left plenty of room for a profit and would be very happy to turn one in."

Thames is running the ads in single long segments per half-hour as it would do on British commercial TV rather than the traditional shorter but more numerous ones in American method. Mr. Sutherland said he hoped that an interesting insight into viewer acceptability of ad interruptions might be gained from this project. "Would a chap prefer to have his chain of interest interrupted once for a long period of time or on several occasions for shorter periods is a topic that may not really have been studied here," Mr. Sutherland commented.

Jim Shaw, director of sales and marketing for Thames International, sought advertisers in three broad categories — British manufacturers who want to build an image in the United States; the travel industry and traditional American advertisers.

The project has been able to attract all three groups with advertisers thus far, including major British manufacturers such as EMI Ltd. and British Leyland; travel sponsors such as Cunard Lines, British Airways, Air India, Trust House Forte, Europe's largest hotel and restaurant chain and American advertisers such as the Chrysler Corporation, Eastern Airlines, the New York Telephone Company and the General Foods Corporation.

Thames spent about \$100,000 in promoting this week's program schedule.



The logo for Thames shows on TV here

Mr. Sutherland said: "Of course we can't be sure that the New York public will like what we show, but we believe that there is a permanent niche somewhere in the American market for what we have to offer. We have learned something from attempting this operation and we hope modestly that American advertisers may have learned a little too."

CBS's 'Greek Grapevine' CBS Sports will be adding a new dimension to its program "The NFL Today" with the addition of Jimmy "The Greek" Snyder, oddsmaker and sports analyst, who will analyze football games to be played on that particular day and explain why certain teams are favored. He will not be giving point spreads or predictions but will be stopping just ever so short of being television's first official astroturf.

Mr. Snyder's four-minute segment called "The Greek's Grapevine" will be sponsored by the Consolidated Cigar Corporation, a Gulf and Western Company, at a cost of about \$500,000. The cigar company seems to have locked on to these minisports presentations. Last year it was the "NFL Armwrestling Championship" during NFL games and "Red Auerbach on Roundball" during National Basketball Association games.

While there is an official NFL ban against betting, Consolidated Cigar and CBS seem to believe that in the real world of the viewer and smoker there are some who like to place a friendly wager. The cigar company will be pushing its Dutch Master and Muriel cigars during the minisport. That you can bet on.

RCA Drive on CB's The RCA Distributor and Special Products Division of the RCA Corporation will be promoting its line of citizens band radio with a \$2.7 million advertising campaign scheduled to begin in October and run through 1977.

The campaign, created by the division's ad agency, Al Paul Lefton, will use television—around network sports programs—and trade and special-interest publications. The advertising theme will be "RCA CB Co-Pilot—Now Your's Taking".

Not since the mid-sixties has RCA had a line of CB radios. "It just wasn't going anywhere at that time," said a company spokesman. Now there are as many as 60 or 70 different brands, and this is where RCA hopes to cash in—the familiar RCA handle.

Agency for TreeSweet The TreeSweet Products Company of Santa Ana, Calif., processors and marketers of citrus juices and other drinks, have named Botsford Ketchum Inc. of San Francisco as its new ad agency. The previous agency was Clinton E. Frank.

TreeSweet, a division of the DiGiorgio Corporation, plans to spend \$3 million in advertising next year. That should satisfy any agency's sweet tooth.

People Robert B. Funkhouser, director of advertising for the Carnation Company, selected a director of the Audit Bureau of Circulations.

## More PT readers have spirit than Esquire readers

"Cheers." According to Simmons that's heard more often from our readers than the reader of almost any other major magazine. Now that's the spirit.

They live their dreams today, not tomorrow. Psychology Today A Ziff-Davis Publication

## OUR TEXANS KNOW MORE ABOUT PLANES THAN PLAINS

Texas. The mere mention of the word evokes images of longhorns, holsters and "Howdy partner, this here yer first cattle drive?" Well that formula might have been fine a century or so ago, but today it's obsolete. And emerging from it all has come a new breed of Texan. More intelligent. More affluent. More cosmopolitan. Today's Texans are our Texans. A paid circulation of 200,000, and almost 1,000,000 readers, who spend an average of 103 minutes with each issue of one of the fastest growing magazines in America. Just who is this new breed? They're young. Almost 60 percent of Texas Monthly subscribers are in the acquisitive 25 to 49 year-old bracket.

They're educated. Almost two-thirds are college graduates in a state where only one in five attend college. And they're financially able. T annual median income for subscriber families is \$25,600, two and a half times the Texas average. And on the average, percent took six airline round trips last year, while 31 percent currently have a valid passport. What does all this mean to advertisers? An attentive bloc of consumers consuming in the vibrant economic market in this country today. So remember Texas Monthly. And fly with us.

Texas Monthly Get the best of Texas. Monthly

Real Estate Long Island  
FOR SALE OR NET LEASE  
**HEMPSTEAD L.I. 6 STORY OFFICE BUILDING**  
73,000 Sq. Ft.  
Plus 20 Car Garage  
Ideal For Any Large Space User  
Modern Brick Construction  
Fully Air Conditioned  
Centrally Located  
2 Trucks from Bus and L.I.C. Station  
Near Local Shopping Areas  
SALE PRICE \$980,000  
NET LEASE \$140,000  
Excellent Terms to Qualified Buyer  
Brokers invited  
SUTTON TOWNE  
William B. Weinbaum, Sr. V.P. or My Telch  
(212) 867-5390 • (516) 487-5775

Real Estate Manhattan  
MODERN APARTMENTS  
WALL ST. AREA  
RIELA REAL ESTATE  
425-8694  
Mortgages  
SECOND MORTGAGES  
\$100,000 to \$1,000,000  
1-3 yr. Loans Available on Income Producing Properties. Favorable Amortization Schedules. First Closings—Books Protected  
STERLING COMPANY  
41 East 42nd St., N.Y. 10017  
(212) 637-0610  
We will consider applications for top quality, short-term MORTGAGES AND CONSTRUCTION LOANS in amounts to \$250,000  
LURIE MORTGAGE Corp.  
22 E. 41 St., N.Y. 10017  
(212) 679-9989  
Al Lurie Nat. Surety

ATTENTION CHIEF EXECUTIVES & FINANCIAL OFFICERS:  
**BARTER**  
Your goods and services in exchange for first class hotel accommodations, resort facilities and various services.  
For complete details, Write on letterhead to  
Y 7680 TIMES

Real Estate  
Financing for business, industry and real estate  
**THE MASTAN COMPANY**  
INCORPORATED  
AN OFFICE OF L.S. VITKOVIC, SUPERVISOR  
640 Fifth Avenue, New York, N.Y. 10019  
Telex: (212) 977-2500

Real Estate Wanted  
**HOTELS WANTED**  
We buy hotels over 250 rooms. Negotiations invited. We use Peterbilt.  
H. B. CANTOR  
201 West 43rd St., N.Y.C. • W 7-4888

**SELIGMAN & LATZ TO DROP AMEX LISTING ON SEPT. 15**  
Seligman & Latz Inc., a New York-based operator of a chain of beauty salons, said yesterday that it would drop its American Stock Exchange listing on Sept. 15 when its New York Stock Exchange listing begins.  
A company spokesman said the company doesn't see "any particular advantage" in dual trading of its stock.

## Getting a seat to Washington or Boston is as easy as sitting down.

Eastern's Air-Shuttle Service guarantees you a seat without a reservation. Nothing is as easy as getting a seat on the Air-Shuttle. You don't need reservations because there's a guaranteed seat waiting for you. And you don't have to buy tickets in advance because you pay for them on the plane. The Air-Shuttle leaves LaGuardia every hour on the hour from 7 am to 9 pm to Washington and 7 am to 10 pm to Boston, with some weekend exceptions. Just show up, sit down, and shuttle off.  
For information about Eastern's regular service to over 70 other cities call Eastern at 986-5000 in New York or 621-2121 in Newark. Or call your travel agent.

**The Air-Shuttle**  
EASTERN

Real Estate Manhattan  
**EDISON N.J. TPKE. EXIT 10**  
JCT. OF RTs. 287-440-1 & G.S. PKWY  
NEW BUILDINGS  
231,000 Sq. Ft.  
100,000 Sq. Ft.  
50,000 Sq. Ft.  
36,000 Sq. Ft.  
14,000 Sq. Ft.  
8,200 Sq. Ft.  
WILL DIVIDE  
• 24 Ft. Clear Ceiling  
• Ideal for Dist. & Light Mfg.  
• Fully Sprinklered A.D.T.  
• Unlimited Floor Load  
• Tailboard Loading  
• Private R.R. Siding  
• A/C Offices  
• Ample Parking  
AVAILABLE IMMEDIATELY  
Call or Write:  
**FEDERAL BUSINESS CENTERS**  
300 RARITAN CENTER PARKWAY  
EDISON, NEW JERSEY 08817  
(201) 225-2200

Real Estate Manhattan  
**425 PARK AVE.**  
ENTIRE TOWER FLOOR  
5,900 SQ. FT.  
MAGNIFICENT VIEWS  
POSSESSION IMMEDIATE  
CROSS BUYERS PROGRAM  
(212) 687-9200  
B. Shaw D. Danneman

Real Estate Manhattan  
**100 BROAD**  
LOBBY  
RETAIL  
BOOTIE  
Available in present Bank of To. 23 story of building  
Charles L. Goldenberg  
Pres.  
212-844-0044

Real Estate Manhattan  
**450 WEST 33RD**  
MIDTOWN N.Y.  
BUILDING EXPECTED  
APPROX. 15,500 SQ. FEET AVAILABLE FOR OFFICE RESTAURANT LITE MANUFACTURE  
FOR PRICE & TERMS  
Please call MR. E. KIRK  
(212) 869-1177

Real Estate Manhattan  
**27 EAST 39 STREET**  
Fully air-conditioned 5 story bldg., partially owner-occupied, fourth-floor approx. 3000 sq. ft. available now. Self-service elevator.  
Inquire through Henry Kissel  
**686-4010**  
Brokers protected.

Real Estate Manhattan  
**EXCITING SUBLEASE**  
909 3rd Avenue  
5,000 Sq. Ft.  
Corner Unit  
Executive Space  
Priced To Rent  
CROSS BUYERS PROGRAM  
687-9200 G. Horn, Jr.

Real Estate Manhattan  
**1110 SECOND**  
NEW BUILDING  
Cor. 38th St.  
1900 Sq. Ft. S.I.  
Immediate Occupancy  
24 hour bid. tenant controlled elevator to parking  
Call Richard K...  
(212) 421-...  
BROKERS PHOTO

Real Estate Manhattan  
**MOVED!**  
WHOLESALE ONLY OFFERINGS TO BUYERS -3800-  
WHOLESALE ONLY BUYERS WANTS -3500-  
This advertising now appears near Business Opportunities advertising published on the last page of Classified announcements.

Real Estate Manhattan  
**14 E 32 ST**  
(5th/Manhattan)  
OFFICE/SHOWROOM  
6500 SQ FT  
\$2.50 SQ FT  
FREE ALTERATION  
Modern lobby & elevators  
See Sept 8 at 438-3472

Real Estate Manhattan  
**PLOT FOR SALE**  
411 BROADWAY  
Cor. LISBARD ST. & PRIME 8,500 Sq. Ft.  
Now used as parking lot. Excellent location. Exclusive Agent. Brokers inquiries invited.  
Charles L. Goldenberg  
344-0044

Real Estate Manhattan  
**GRAND CENTRAL AREA OFFICE SPACE BARGAIN**  
Under \$4.25 per Sq Ft  
15,000 Ft & 23,500 Ft Floor  
Perfect for Exec & Gen'l Offices  
Lively Area—Busiest Part  
Size 24 by 36 ft  
G. GREGG  
WILLIAMS  
582-8000

Real Estate Manhattan  
**232 Mad A**  
Reas. Rent. Several  
**2500-1800-9**  
Approx Sq. Ft.  
WILL DIVIDE  
Modern Installations  
Brokers Protection  
Abramson Brothers  
50 E. 42 St. MU 7-26

Real Estate Manhattan  
**2,000 to 6,000**  
WILL DIVIDE  
Modern space. Floor-to-ceiling. Schedule Office, Storage Room, etc. etc. etc. Large Party. Large Freight Elevator. Good Street.  
Phone SHL LINDER 255-...  
**75 Maiden L.**  
Choice OFFICE Space  
400, 2000 to 50,000 sq. ft.  
Immediate Possession  
SCHLANG BROS & CO  
75 Maiden Lane • 80 2-

## Notes on People

works wonders for your conversation. Tuesday through Saturday in The New York Times

Weekend Friday in The New York Times

MORE REAL ESTATE ADVERTISING APPEARS ON PAGE 64

Handwritten scribble



July 10 1976

More  
T readers  
ave spin  
quire

### OMIES IN EUROPE MANY PROBLEMS

Continued From Page 49

situation looks in Britain was recently by an Opposition member of Parliament, Geoffrey Rippon, at a public forum in Alpbach in the Austrian Alps. Rippon, a former Conservative Minister, gave good grades to Labor Minister James Callaghan's efforts to get the economy back into shape. Britain is in the corner because of recognition in the country now that inflation causes unemployment, Rippon observed.

Unemployment at present is running at 5 1/2 percent of the work force in Britain and between 4 and 5 percent in France and Germany. Italy has a reliable unemployment statistic it is believed to be at least as high as in Britain. In some smaller countries such as Belgium, the unemployment rate is approaching 7 percent. This would create great social problems because of improved unemployment benefits in practically every European country, there has been relative

stability being asked now by many how long this calm will last. If for fiscal reasons large unemployment benefits are threatened or reduced, the social problems would be acute.

**Local Test for Viability**  
The success of free-market economies in Europe is being tested by a report of the Deutsche Landesbank Girozentrale, the largest state saving bank in West Germany.

Turn in Europe, which came about a year after the recovery in the United States, was initiated by government measures aimed at stimulating private consumption and capital investment. But inflation is creating barriers to both consumer spending and investment.

Prices are still pushing most European countries into double-digit inflation. An exception, however, is West Germany, where consumer prices actually fell in July, and in the three months ended July stood only 4 1/2 percent above the level of a year earlier.

**Success Do Not Look Bright**  
In France, a new Government under Raymond Barre, a former economist, is trying to induce firms to restrain demands. The success of these measures do not look too bright.

Wage settlements in France are at 16 to 17 percent annually, higher than the rate in Germany, and higher than expected in Britain. A "social consensus" now seems to be emerging to check union demands.

Wage settlements have become a serious problem in some of the European countries as well. In the Netherlands, the Government nearly fell last year through an emergency program seeking other ways to limit wage increases to 6 percent.

The Netherlands has been in economic trouble. The Dutch Government has initiated a program to get wage increases limited to 5 percent this year.

Prices are now sputtering and after what seemed to be a sharp rise in the first quarter, they began sweeping cobwebs out of the economy and stocking goods to buoyant consumer mood.

### WORK IS EXPECTED CONCORDE LAND

Continued From Page 49

Government lawyers at the time of the 1,350-mile-an-hour plane to Washington, Rio de Janeiro, Caracas, and Bahrain, have hopes for eventual profits to New York. Largely because of the noise, a ban was imposed early this year pending an order of at least six months of service to other cities.

**Support Is Indicated**  
Dr. Lucas, in his statements today, indicated support for the Concorde. Coconcorde supporters have been holding out the possibility of support in the British-French talks to lift the Kennedy airport ban.

Spokesmen in Washington, however, stressed the Transportation Department position had not changed. It was not enough for the British that, once again, a high-ranking official had spoken so favorably about the plane.

That the Constitution gave the Government the power to regulate commerce, Dr. McLucas said he would recognize these courts "as the ultimate authority" in the case.

It had been due to come up in the District Court in Manhattan last May. But, by agreement of both sides, the matter has been put off until after the next Election Day will ease political pressures involved in the case. It will also mean that there have been six months of flight ban. Service to Rio and Bahrain in January.

Lucas said the F.A.A. noise level around Washington's Dulles International Airport showed the plane almost exactly the noise levels in the environmental impact statement. The impact statement served as the basis for Dr. Coleman's February approval of limited flights to New York for a 16-month period.

Former head of the Civil Aeronautics Board, Secor D. Browne, thought Dr. Lucas might be trying to improve the atmosphere for the resumption of flights on a new British-American treaty. The current treaty is due to expire next summer following a formal renegotiation by the British last June.

Browne, a consultant for numerous companies, has been working to help the airlines obtain approval for operations to New York.



## Who is this man?

The face is familiar—the pale blue eyes that caress or stab; the smile held endlessly by some secret isometric; the thatch of graying rust hair, blow-dried and spray-held; the skin still sun-cured under the banquet-room pallor.

It is primer knowledge that he comes from a Georgia boondock called Plains; that he trained at Annapolis and officered on nuclear submarines; that he has governed Georgia, made four-fifths of a million in peanuts and spent nearly two years

running full-time for President.

Yet, for most of America, he has progressed merely from Jimmy Who? to Jimmy What?

This week Newsweek sizes up Carter—the front runner and the unknown.

In a special 22-page report (to be followed soon by a comparable appraisal of President Ford's two years in the Oval Office), Newsweek examines the man behind the Sunday-school manner and the peanut-patch accent, following him from child of

the Bible Belt to bionic candidate.

What kind of a White House would Carter run? What are his startling ideas for the first six months? Who would be the key men in a Carter administration?

Look for the answers in this week's Newsweek. It's an issue filled with the kind of editorial excitement that attracts 19,000,000 readers each week—and, over the past eight years, more advertising pages than any other newsweekly.

**Newsweek**



Psychology Today

OUR TEXANS KNOW ABOUT PLANES

ISON  
425  
ENTIRE  
5,900  
MAGNETIC  
VIEW  
POSSESSION  
IMMEDIATE

27  
39

4 E 32

VED!

ADVERTISING

APPLIANCE

PAGE 2

he  
Work  
nes



About Real Estate

Profound Effects on Leasing Seen in Accounting Changes

By CARTER B. HORSLEY

Accountants are turning the lights on leases in a way that could lead to a demand by commercial tenants, among others, for shorter-term obligations.

The Financial Accounting Standards Board, which sets the rules for the industry, recently drafted new regulations that are expected to affect substantially the balance sheets of many companies that depend heavily on leasing.

The new rules, which have been issued for comment until Oct. 1 and are scheduled to go into effect in 1977, are designed, according to a spokesman for the board, which is headquartered in Stamford, Conn., to bring a degree of uniformity to the reporting of leases in financial statements.

The concern of accountants is that major assets, such as jumbo jets, supertankers, heavy equipment, or plants, often have not appeared on anyone's books in recent years, leasing as a means of acquiring the right to use property has proliferated greatly and pressures have increased to reflect more fully the nature and magnitude of such activity so that investors can more readily determine the scope of financial commitments and impact on net income.

A few years ago, the Securities and Exchange Commission began to address the problem by requiring that such leased assets be disclosed. As a result, some details have begun to appear in footnotes in financial statements. The proposed new rules by the Financial Accounting Standards Board, go much further and require that many of these leased properties now appear as assets and liabilities on balance sheets.

For many companies, the effect of such accounting changes will be dramatically reflected in their liabilities. Normally, rents appear as operational costs. Under the new rules, however, the leased property is capitalized as an asset against which depreciation and interest payments must be made, resulting possibly in a lower net income report.

For commercial real estate, the proposed regulations, according to some consultants, investors and accountants, may have significant long-range effects.

"It's a sure thing," according to Peter E. Pattison, a leading real estate consultant here, to create pressures on some companies, "who don't like an increase in their liabilities which impedes their ability to raise equity to seek shorter term bases."

Most major leases for office, or industrial, or commercial, space have traditionally been for periods of 10 to 20 years or longer. Short-term leases, which obviously represent a smaller commitment, usually run for terms equal to 10 years. Mr. Pattison observed that the short-term lease is prevalent in many other locations and to a large extent is a function of supply

and demand. Nonetheless, he said, that the impact of the regulations on the New York City speculative builder could be major, for a demand for shorter-term leases would tend to structure up rents and possibly lead to a restructuring of much long-term real estate financing which is geared closely to long-term leasing.

Benjamin V. Lambert, the head of Easton Realty Inc., observed that the regulations would make it "virtually impossible for a corporation to keep new obligations off the balance sheet." He said his firm was now involved in "restructuring" new kinds of real estate financing to offset some of the impact of the regulations.

The short-term lease is not expected to be an easy solution for lessees in many instances because it may necessitate higher occupancy and more moving costs, Mr. Lambert said. Lewis Rudin of the Rudin Management Company said that for many commercial tenants, especially in the present office market, long-term leases can offer better security, greater economic leverage and be simply "a better business decision."

Some companies have already begun to re-examine their lease commitments with an eye toward the balance sheet. One concern, Mr. Pattison said, just renewed a large lease for office space for a long term but insisted on an early cancellation option that carried with it stiff penalties. Stanley Weiss of the accounting firm of Clarence Raines & Company, said that many companies had queried his firm in recent weeks about the regulations, which he described as "highly complex and in keeping with present accounting trends away from historical reports to economic realities, to actual substance over form."

According to the heads of the real estate departments of several leading insurance companies and banks, the new regulations are not likely to influence their lending attitudes towards companies because their financial analysis already go beyond printed financial statements. For the less sophisticated analyst or stockholder or potential investor, the regulations, however, may cause "severe shocks," according to one banker.

The board's regulations "derive from the view that a lease that transfers substantially all of the benefits and risks incident to the ownership of property should be accounted for as the acquisition of an asset and the incurring of an obligation by the lessee, and as a sale or financing by the lessor." The regulations would apply to both parties.

Under the proposed regulations, all leases would have to be reported in the aggregate that transfer ownership at the end of the lease term, or contain "bargain purchase options," or have terms equal to 75 percent or more of the estimated economic life of the leased property, or have a present value equal to 90 percent or more of the fair value of the leased property.

Real Estate One Lefrak City Plaza Horace Harding Blvd (L.I.E.) & Junction Blvd 72,000 FT. SUBLEASE

Manhattan Corner Store 6100 sq. ft. Ave. of the Americas and 42nd St.

501 Madison N.E. Corner 52 St. ENTIRE FLOOR 6700 SQ FT

50 E. 42 St. Cor Mad Ave SUBWAY IN BUILDING Approx. Sq. Ft. 2100-1500-408

THE CITY OF NEW YORK MUNICIPAL SERVICE ADMINISTRATION DEPARTMENT OF REAL ESTATE PUBLIC AUCTION

Lowest rent in town! We have up to 18,000 square feet in 1560 BROADWAY until December 31, 1978.

5th AVE & BWAY of 19th St. ENTIRE FLOOR 40,000 sq ft gross

145 E. 32 St. Opp. Post Office ENTIRE 3RD FLOOR 7200 sq ft

For the first time in recent years, we have space available in 380 Madison Avenue (46th to 47th Streets)

30,506 Ft Tower Sublease Avail. ONE PENN PLAZA Entire 42nd Floor-Magnificent

FOR SALE 114 W. 27 St (Betw 6-7 Aves) 12 Story Left Bldg 43.5x100

29 B'WAY Exceptional Office Space 300 to 8300 SQ. FT. No office without a window

TOTOWA N.J. ROUTE 46 8000 SQ. FT. INDUSTRIAL NEW BLDG. BROKERS PROTECTED

PLAINVIEW SPLIT 4 BR Ranch, low country hills, 5 1/2 acres

PLAINVIEW-REDUCED 4 BR Ranch, low country hills, 5 1/2 acres

SEAUQUET-Stony E 3 1/2 acres, 4 BR ranch on 3 1/2 acres

MOTHER/DAUGHTER WATERFRONT 2 1/2 acres, 3 BR, 2 1/2 bath, 1 1/2 car

GREAT NECK SCHOOLS 3 BR, 2 1/2 bath, 1 1/2 car, 1 1/2 car

HOUSES -100- 70's East 4 bedrooms, 4 bathrooms, full basement

Houses-Manhattan 101 105 ST. E.P.W. Home being totally renovated

Houses-Manhattan 102 ELEGANT 3 1/2 story city apartment

Houses-Manhattan 103 ALLEGRA 3 1/2 story city apartment

Houses-Manhattan 104 335 E. 58th St. 5 bedrooms, 4 bathrooms

Houses-Manhattan 105 235 W. 110th St. 3 bedrooms, 2 bathrooms

Houses-Manhattan 106 235 W. 110th St. 3 bedrooms, 2 bathrooms

Houses-Manhattan 107 235 W. 110th St. 3 bedrooms, 2 bathrooms

Houses-Manhattan 108 235 W. 110th St. 3 bedrooms, 2 bathrooms

Houses-Manhattan 109 235 W. 110th St. 3 bedrooms, 2 bathrooms

Houses-Manhattan 110 235 W. 110th St. 3 bedrooms, 2 bathrooms

HOUSES -BROOKLYN- DWORC & KORN 252-7300

KINGS HY-CLARENDON RD 2 car all brick duplex

EXCLUSIVE 646-5000 Bklyn Union Gas Co Cinderella brick townhouse

PARK SLOPE 2 1/2 car garage, 4 bedrooms, 3 1/2 bath

FLUSHING 3 BR ranch, 1 1/2 car, 1 1/2 car

FLUSHING 3 BR ranch, 1 1/2 car, 1 1/2 car

FLUSHING 3 BR ranch, 1 1/2 car, 1 1/2 car

FLUSHING 3 BR ranch, 1 1/2 car, 1 1/2 car

FLUSHING 3 BR ranch, 1 1/2 car, 1 1/2 car

FLUSHING 3 BR ranch, 1 1/2 car, 1 1/2 car

FLUSHING 3 BR ranch, 1 1/2 car, 1 1/2 car

Houses-Queens 111 JAMAICA ESTATES & VIC Save Energy-Save Time

Houses-Queens 112 BELMONT LEGAL 2 year new, full, carpet, 1 1/2 car

Houses-Queens 113 BELMONT LEGAL 2 year new, full, carpet, 1 1/2 car

Houses-Queens 114 BELMONT LEGAL 2 year new, full, carpet, 1 1/2 car

Houses-Queens 115 BELMONT LEGAL 2 year new, full, carpet, 1 1/2 car

Houses-Queens 116 BELMONT LEGAL 2 year new, full, carpet, 1 1/2 car

Houses-Queens 117 BELMONT LEGAL 2 year new, full, carpet, 1 1/2 car

Houses-Queens 118 BELMONT LEGAL 2 year new, full, carpet, 1 1/2 car

Houses-Queens 119 BELMONT LEGAL 2 year new, full, carpet, 1 1/2 car

Houses-Queens 120 BELMONT LEGAL 2 year new, full, carpet, 1 1/2 car

Houses-Queens 121 BELMONT LEGAL 2 year new, full, carpet, 1 1/2 car

Houses-Queens 122 BELMONT LEGAL 2 year new, full, carpet, 1 1/2 car

Houses-Queens 123 BELMONT LEGAL 2 year new, full, carpet, 1 1/2 car

Houses-Queens 124 BELMONT LEGAL 2 year new, full, carpet, 1 1/2 car

Houses-Queens 125 BELMONT LEGAL 2 year new, full, carpet, 1 1/2 car

Houses-Queens 126 BELMONT LEGAL 2 year new, full, carpet, 1 1/2 car

Houses-Queens 127 BELMONT LEGAL 2 year new, full, carpet, 1 1/2 car

Houses-Queens 128 BELMONT LEGAL 2 year new, full, carpet, 1 1/2 car

Houses-Queens 129 BELMONT LEGAL 2 year new, full, carpet, 1 1/2 car

Houses-Queens 130 BELMONT LEGAL 2 year new, full, carpet, 1 1/2 car

Houses-Queens 131 BELMONT LEGAL 2 year new, full, carpet, 1 1/2 car

To place want ads in The New York Times OX5-3311 9 A.M. to 5:30 P.M.







**Leffle-Manhattan 1061**  
 15th St. 5th Ave. (off 6th Ave)  
 2,500 sq ft. 10,000 sq ft.  
 23rd St. 5th Ave. (off 6th Ave)  
 2,500 sq ft. 10,000 sq ft.  
 23rd St. 5th Ave. (off 6th Ave)  
 2,500 sq ft. 10,000 sq ft.  
 23rd St. 5th Ave. (off 6th Ave)  
 2,500 sq ft. 10,000 sq ft.

**Stones-Manhattan 1101**  
 23rd St. 5th Ave. (off 6th Ave)  
 2,500 sq ft. 10,000 sq ft.  
 23rd St. 5th Ave. (off 6th Ave)  
 2,500 sq ft. 10,000 sq ft.  
 23rd St. 5th Ave. (off 6th Ave)  
 2,500 sq ft. 10,000 sq ft.

**Offices-Manhattan 1201**  
 5th Ave & 43rd St  
 GRAND CENTRAL LOC  
 Entire floor 16,000 sq ft.  
 Other units 300-1,500-3,500-6,000 sq ft.  
 57th St. 5th Ave. (off 6th Ave)  
 2,500 sq ft. 10,000 sq ft.

**Offices-Manhattan 1201**  
 57th St. 5th Ave. (off 6th Ave)  
 2,500 sq ft. 10,000 sq ft.  
 57th St. 5th Ave. (off 6th Ave)  
 2,500 sq ft. 10,000 sq ft.

**Offices-Manhattan 1201**  
 57th St. 5th Ave. (off 6th Ave)  
 2,500 sq ft. 10,000 sq ft.  
 57th St. 5th Ave. (off 6th Ave)  
 2,500 sq ft. 10,000 sq ft.

**Professional Offices 1201**  
 57th St. 5th Ave. (off 6th Ave)  
 2,500 sq ft. 10,000 sq ft.  
 57th St. 5th Ave. (off 6th Ave)  
 2,500 sq ft. 10,000 sq ft.

**Apartments Park-Manhattan 1201**  
 57th St. 5th Ave. (off 6th Ave)  
 2,500 sq ft. 10,000 sq ft.  
 57th St. 5th Ave. (off 6th Ave)  
 2,500 sq ft. 10,000 sq ft.

**Apartments Park-Manhattan 1201**  
 57th St. 5th Ave. (off 6th Ave)  
 2,500 sq ft. 10,000 sq ft.  
 57th St. 5th Ave. (off 6th Ave)  
 2,500 sq ft. 10,000 sq ft.

**Apartments Park-Manhattan 1201**  
 57th St. 5th Ave. (off 6th Ave)  
 2,500 sq ft. 10,000 sq ft.  
 57th St. 5th Ave. (off 6th Ave)  
 2,500 sq ft. 10,000 sq ft.

**Apartments Park-Manhattan 1201**  
 57th St. 5th Ave. (off 6th Ave)  
 2,500 sq ft. 10,000 sq ft.  
 57th St. 5th Ave. (off 6th Ave)  
 2,500 sq ft. 10,000 sq ft.

**The car you want...**  
 may be listed today in the Automobile Exchange of The New York Times. See the Sports Pages.

**Empty Towers**  
 Bed \$450  
 330 W. 56  
 Beam \$340



Five Rooms 1513
Townhouse
7 E Off 3rd Ave
...
116 ST
...
240 E
...
116 ST
...
240 E

Envy Towers
46 St., 300 E-Cor 2d
2 rms ..... \$318.44
2 1/2, sleeping cks ..... \$346.37
Dining Alcove, High Floor
Large Terrace ..... \$791
...
1 Bed \$450
...
330 W. 56

PARC VENDORIE
Old World Charm
Unique Spacious
Apartments
Studios ..... Fr. \$334
1 Bedrms ..... Fr. \$440
...
THE WESTMORE
...
330 W. 56

A PERFECT LOCATION
166 EAST 61 ST
Glenwood
MANAGEMENT CORP
...
2 bdrms \$645
...
315 W 70th St

UNIQUE
Groce Towne House
801 EAST 87 ST
Unbeatable Value!!
...
82 YORK AVE
...
315 W 70th St

Flashback
80'S EAST
ELECTRIC INCL
...
12 ROOM
CONDOMINIUM
...
315 W 70th St

Cooperative Apartments-
Condominiums
Whether you wish to
ACQUIRE OR DISPOSE OF a
furnished or unfurnished
apartment, we are at your
service 7 days a week
...
315 W 70th St

Over 500
Apts Rented
in 120 Days
at the fabulous new
ISLAND HOUSE
and
WESTVIEW
On Roosevelt Island
The Greatest Place
To Raise A Family
In Manhattan
...
315 W 70th St

ULTRA
ELEGANCE
IN THE FASHIONABLE
EAST SIXTIES
CARLTON TOWERS
200 EAST 64 ST
...
315 W 70th St

REGENCY EAST
301 EAST 64 ST
...
315 W 70th St

NATIONAL
CLASSIFIED
starts on
Monday,
September 13.
Order your
advertisements
full run, Monday
through Friday,
at only 70 cents
a line additional.
For more
information, call
(212) 633-3311
The New York Times



6x Rooms & Over 1516
Cont'd From Preceding Page
80's E LUX HI-RISE
Big 3 BR+DIN
Flex 4BR\$825
JL SOPHER & CO. 486-7000

80's E 3 Full Bldgs \$775
LUX BLDG 2 BR+DIN VIEW
BRIDGE, INC. 626-7229

88 St. 401E & 400 E 89 St
(CARROLL YORK AVENUE)
New Owner/Mgmt
Beautiful 6 Room Apts
LUXURY CENT AIR COND. BLDGS

2100 1st St. 1000 sq ft. 3 BR+DIN
2100 1st St. 1000 sq ft. 3 BR+DIN
CPW 60's Magnif 7 1/2 Parkvue
CPW 60's Magnif 7 1/2 Parkvue

SKYVIEW
APTS
5700 ARLINGTON AVE.
WEST OF RIVERDALE AVE.
FROM MANHATTAN
RECREATIONAL FACILITIES IN
23 ACRE
PARKLIKE SETTING
OLYMPIC POOL
KIDDIE POOL & CABANAS

5700 ARLINGTON AVE.
WEST OF RIVERDALE AVE.
FROM MANHATTAN
RECREATIONAL FACILITIES IN
23 ACRE
PARKLIKE SETTING
OLYMPIC POOL
KIDDIE POOL & CABANAS

THE CRYSTAL HOUSE
2140 Matthews Ave. Cor. 1st & 50th St.
2140 Matthews Ave. Cor. 1st & 50th St.

CONCORD
VILLAGE
BEAUTIFUL FINISHING
LUXURY PLAZA PARK
AND MANHATTAN SKYLINE
4 1/2 ROOM APTS
ALSO STUDIO & 2 APTS
MINUTES TO DOWNTOWN MANHATTAN
STATION AT PROPERTY

CONCORD
VILLAGE
BEAUTIFUL FINISHING
LUXURY PLAZA PARK
AND MANHATTAN SKYLINE
4 1/2 ROOM APTS
ALSO STUDIO & 2 APTS

CONCORD
VILLAGE
BEAUTIFUL FINISHING
LUXURY PLAZA PARK
AND MANHATTAN SKYLINE
4 1/2 ROOM APTS
ALSO STUDIO & 2 APTS

Studio \$199
UNBEATABLE VALUES ON
JR 3 & 1 BEDRM APTS
FREE AIR-COND. HEATING
FREE GAS
JUST 15 MINUTES TO AAX
81-11 45 Av 451-1234

Studio \$220
FREE ELECTRIC & GAS
1 BEDRM APT ..... \$259
2 BEDRM APT ..... \$315
44-11 Manhattan St. Call 672-2200

Studio \$199
UNBEATABLE VALUES ON
JR 3 & 1 BEDRM APTS
FREE AIR-COND. HEATING
FREE GAS
JUST 15 MINUTES TO AAX

THE APARTMENT MART
NEVER A FEE!
Better Life Renting Corp.
120-33 83rd Ave.
(212) 275-0900

COURT PLAZA
FREE G&E
Lge. 1 Bdrm ..... \$333\*
3 Bdrm ..... \$500\*

THE APARTMENT MART
NEVER A FEE!
Better Life Renting Corp.
120-33 83rd Ave.
(212) 275-0900

THE APARTMENT MART
NEVER A FEE!
Better Life Renting Corp.
120-33 83rd Ave.
(212) 275-0900

COURT PLAZA
FREE G&E
Lge. 1 Bdrm ..... \$333\*
3 Bdrm ..... \$500\*

THE APARTMENT MART
NEVER A FEE!
Better Life Renting Corp.
120-33 83rd Ave.
(212) 275-0900

TENNIS
DAY OR NIGHT
BRIARCLIFF
On Top of the Palisades
Overlooking N.Y. Skyline
Expressway, Buses at Door
Also featuring FABULOUS
SWIMMING POOL &
RECREATIONAL AREA
CHECK THESE
FANTASTIC VALUES
2 BERSAIDE FROM ONLY
\$468

TENNIS
DAY OR NIGHT
BRIARCLIFF
On Top of the Palisades
Overlooking N.Y. Skyline
Expressway, Buses at Door
Also featuring FABULOUS
SWIMMING POOL &
RECREATIONAL AREA

TENNIS
DAY OR NIGHT
BRIARCLIFF
On Top of the Palisades
Overlooking N.Y. Skyline
Expressway, Buses at Door
Also featuring FABULOUS
SWIMMING POOL &
RECREATIONAL AREA

TROY
TOWERS
Also the City of the Hudson
Magnificent View of NYC
700 ft. high
380 MOUNTAIN ROAD
FREE GAS & ELECTRIC

TROY
TOWERS
Also the City of the Hudson
Magnificent View of NYC
700 ft. high
380 MOUNTAIN ROAD
FREE GAS & ELECTRIC

TROY
TOWERS
Also the City of the Hudson
Magnificent View of NYC
700 ft. high
380 MOUNTAIN ROAD
FREE GAS & ELECTRIC

25 W 14 St
Employ Center Bldg
Office - Shopping & Recreational
24 HOUR SECURITY
24 HOUR SUPERMARKET
24 HOUR RESTAURANT
24 HOUR GYM
24 HOUR LAUNDRY

25 W 14 St
Employ Center Bldg
Office - Shopping & Recreational
24 HOUR SECURITY
24 HOUR SUPERMARKET
24 HOUR RESTAURANT
24 HOUR GYM
24 HOUR LAUNDRY

25 W 14 St
Employ Center Bldg
Office - Shopping & Recreational
24 HOUR SECURITY
24 HOUR SUPERMARKET
24 HOUR RESTAURANT
24 HOUR GYM
24 HOUR LAUNDRY

THE DOBIC
100 Manhattan Ave., Union City
A 23 Story Luxury Hi-Rise
You Don't Need a Car
3 Miles to Lincoln Tunnel
FREE ELECTRIC & AIR COND.
PERFECT AIR CONDITIONING
24 HOUR SECURITY
24 HOUR SUPERMARKET
24 HOUR RESTAURANT
24 HOUR GYM
24 HOUR LAUNDRY

THE DOBIC
100 Manhattan Ave., Union City
A 23 Story Luxury Hi-Rise
You Don't Need a Car
3 Miles to Lincoln Tunnel
FREE ELECTRIC & AIR COND.
PERFECT AIR CONDITIONING
24 HOUR SECURITY
24 HOUR SUPERMARKET
24 HOUR RESTAURANT
24 HOUR GYM
24 HOUR LAUNDRY

THE DOBIC
100 Manhattan Ave., Union City
A 23 Story Luxury Hi-Rise
You Don't Need a Car
3 Miles to Lincoln Tunnel
FREE ELECTRIC & AIR COND.
PERFECT AIR CONDITIONING
24 HOUR SECURITY
24 HOUR SUPERMARKET
24 HOUR RESTAURANT
24 HOUR GYM
24 HOUR LAUNDRY

THE DOBIC
100 Manhattan Ave., Union City
A 23 Story Luxury Hi-Rise
You Don't Need a Car
3 Miles to Lincoln Tunnel
FREE ELECTRIC & AIR COND.
PERFECT AIR CONDITIONING
24 HOUR SECURITY
24 HOUR SUPERMARKET
24 HOUR RESTAURANT
24 HOUR GYM
24 HOUR LAUNDRY

THE DOBIC
100 Manhattan Ave., Union City
A 23 Story Luxury Hi-Rise
You Don't Need a Car
3 Miles to Lincoln Tunnel
FREE ELECTRIC & AIR COND.
PERFECT AIR CONDITIONING
24 HOUR SECURITY
24 HOUR SUPERMARKET
24 HOUR RESTAURANT
24 HOUR GYM
24 HOUR LAUNDRY

THE DOBIC
100 Manhattan Ave., Union City
A 23 Story Luxury Hi-Rise
You Don't Need a Car
3 Miles to Lincoln Tunnel
FREE ELECTRIC & AIR COND.
PERFECT AIR CONDITIONING
24 HOUR SECURITY
24 HOUR SUPERMARKET
24 HOUR RESTAURANT
24 HOUR GYM
24 HOUR LAUNDRY

Century 21 logo and various small advertisements at the bottom of the page.



**Help Wanted 2600**

**Administrative**  
**Assistant** - Right Hand to President. Excellent benefits. \$18,000. Call 212-697-1234.  
**Executive Secretary** - To top administration of large corporation. Excellent benefits. \$22,000. Call 212-697-1234.  
**Administrative Assistant** - To top administration of large corporation. Excellent benefits. \$18,000. Call 212-697-1234.

**Bookkeepers**  
**Unlimited Agency** - 305 Fifth Avenue (2nd fl). Bookkeepers for various agencies. Call 212-697-1234.  
**Bookkeeper F/C** - For restaurant. Excellent benefits. \$18,000. Call 212-697-1234.  
**Bookkeeper F/C** - For retail store. Excellent benefits. \$18,000. Call 212-697-1234.

**Construction**  
**Construction Supt** - For large construction project. Excellent benefits. \$25,000. Call 212-697-1234.  
**Construction Personnel** - For various construction projects. Excellent benefits. \$18,000. Call 212-697-1234.

**Controllers**  
**Controller** - For large corporation. Excellent benefits. \$25,000. Call 212-697-1234.  
**Assistant Controller** - For large corporation. Excellent benefits. \$20,000. Call 212-697-1234.

**Design**  
**Designer** - For large corporation. Excellent benefits. \$20,000. Call 212-697-1234.  
**Assistant Designer** - For large corporation. Excellent benefits. \$18,000. Call 212-697-1234.

**Legal**  
**Legal Liaison** - For large corporation. Excellent benefits. \$20,000. Call 212-697-1234.  
**Legal Assistant** - For large corporation. Excellent benefits. \$18,000. Call 212-697-1234.

**Non-Grads**  
**Non-Grads** - For various positions. Excellent benefits. \$18,000. Call 212-697-1234.  
**Non-Grads** - For various positions. Excellent benefits. \$18,000. Call 212-697-1234.

**Other**  
**Other** - For various positions. Excellent benefits. \$18,000. Call 212-697-1234.  
**Other** - For various positions. Excellent benefits. \$18,000. Call 212-697-1234.

**Every month an average of 4,400 ads of vacation and leisure homes appear in The New York Times Classified Pages**

It's the place to look for the property of your choice... it's the place to advertise for quick and profitable response.

To order your classified ad, call (212) 697-5000. In the suburbs, call The Times regional office nearest you between 9 A.M. and 4:45 P.M., Monday through Friday. In Nassau, 747-0500; in Suffolk, 668-1800; in Westchester, WH 9-5300; in New Jersey, MA 3-3900; in Connecticut, 348-7767.

**The New York Times**

**Help Wanted 2600**

**Administrative**  
**Assistant** - Right Hand to President. Excellent benefits. \$18,000. Call 212-697-1234.  
**Executive Secretary** - To top administration of large corporation. Excellent benefits. \$22,000. Call 212-697-1234.  
**Administrative Assistant** - To top administration of large corporation. Excellent benefits. \$18,000. Call 212-697-1234.

**Help Wanted 2600**

**Administrative**  
**Assistant** - Right Hand to President. Excellent benefits. \$18,000. Call 212-697-1234.  
**Executive Secretary** - To top administration of large corporation. Excellent benefits. \$22,000. Call 212-697-1234.  
**Administrative Assistant** - To top administration of large corporation. Excellent benefits. \$18,000. Call 212-697-1234.

**Help Wanted 2600**

**Administrative**  
**Assistant** - Right Hand to President. Excellent benefits. \$18,000. Call 212-697-1234.  
**Executive Secretary** - To top administration of large corporation. Excellent benefits. \$22,000. Call 212-697-1234.  
**Administrative Assistant** - To top administration of large corporation. Excellent benefits. \$18,000. Call 212-697-1234.

**Help Wanted 2600**

**Administrative**  
**Assistant** - Right Hand to President. Excellent benefits. \$18,000. Call 212-697-1234.  
**Executive Secretary** - To top administration of large corporation. Excellent benefits. \$22,000. Call 212-697-1234.  
**Administrative Assistant** - To top administration of large corporation. Excellent benefits. \$18,000. Call 212-697-1234.

**Help Wanted 2600**

**Administrative**  
**Assistant** - Right Hand to President. Excellent benefits. \$18,000. Call 212-697-1234.  
**Executive Secretary** - To top administration of large corporation. Excellent benefits. \$22,000. Call 212-697-1234.  
**Administrative Assistant** - To top administration of large corporation. Excellent benefits. \$18,000. Call 212-697-1234.

**Help Wanted 2600**

**Administrative**  
**Assistant** - Right Hand to President. Excellent benefits. \$18,000. Call 212-697-1234.  
**Executive Secretary** - To top administration of large corporation. Excellent benefits. \$22,000. Call 212-697-1234.  
**Administrative Assistant** - To top administration of large corporation. Excellent benefits. \$18,000. Call 212-697-1234.

**Help Wanted 2600**

**Administrative**  
**Assistant** - Right Hand to President. Excellent benefits. \$18,000. Call 212-697-1234.  
**Executive Secretary** - To top administration of large corporation. Excellent benefits. \$22,000. Call 212-697-1234.  
**Administrative Assistant** - To top administration of large corporation. Excellent benefits. \$18,000. Call 212-697-1234.















# Commercial Overshadows Senate Race

Controversy over 30 seconds of radio time continued to overshadow an entire day of campaigning for the five Democratic candidates for the United States Senate from New York yesterday.

The dispute concerns a radio commercial that one of the candidates, Representative Bella S. Abzug, withdrew last week after conceding that it contained errors. Yesterday, Daniel P. Moynihan, another of the candidates, whom the Abzug commercial had attacked for his role in the administration of former President Richard M. Nixon, asked the Fair Campaign Practices Committee in Washington to investigate the making of the commercial.

"I expect them to find that a fraudulent, doctored, tampered tape was used," Mr. Moynihan, the former United States representative to the United Nations, told a news conference.

when the nation faced an "incredible range of enormously difficult problems," his opponents' "destructive attacks and political posturing" replaced a constructive dialogue.

On the other hand, he said, his campaign had focused on the issues. He pointed to stacks of his 84-page "Citizens Agenda" computer printouts of the 13,000 under-\$100 contributions to his campaign, copies of his 16 position papers and duplicates of the voter registration forms of persons controlled by his campaign, all arrayed on a table.

Behind him, attached to a bulletin board, were montages of newspaper headlines captured by Mrs. Abzug and Mr. Moynihan because of their recent attacks on each other. Next to that was a montage of headlines concerning Mr. Clark, all relating his positions on issues.

He called for a "permanent truce on truculence" in the campaign and for Mrs. Abzug and Mr. Moynihan to "tell us not who they are against, but what they are for."

RONALD SMOTHERS



## Hirschfeld Has Spent \$465,000 of His Own Money

By FRANK LYNN

Abraham Hirschfeld, who is generally believed to be trailing in the five-way race for the Democratic nomination for the United States Senate from New York State has already spent at least \$465,000 of his own money on his campaign—more than most of his opponents have raised for their entire campaign.

Mr. Hirschfeld's spending highlighted the latest campaign financial reports filed by the candidates—reports that were noteworthy for their details of low budget operations in comparison to recent New York campaigns.

As of last weekend, the five Democrats reported the following campaign receipts: Mr. Hirschfeld, \$615,000; Representative Bella S. Abzug, \$470,000; Daniel P. Moynihan, \$375,000; Ramsey Clark, \$345,000, and City Council President Paul O'Dwyer, about \$190,000, the lowest of the five although he is the Democratic committee designee for the Senate nomination.

In contrast, Senator James L. Buckley, the Republican incumbent, has raised more than \$1.3 million, much of it already squirreled away for election campaign television advertising. His opponents

staff, the salaries range up to the \$1,000 a week paid to Mr. Moynihan's campaign manager, Meyer S. Frucher. The other campaign managers are paid in the \$350 to \$500 per week range or nothing as in the case of Charles Keith, Mr. O'Dwyer's friend and campaign manager.

Mr. Clark, a former United States Attorney General, has also paid at least \$15,000 to a political consultant, Martilla, Piane, Kiley & Thorne of Boston, for campaign strategy. The firm also handled the unsuccessful bid of Representative Morris K. Udall, Democrat of Arizona, for the Democratic Presidential nomination.

CA top campaign aide to Mrs. Abzug, Harold Holzer, is on the Federal payroll as a \$17,000-a-year administrative assistant to Mrs. Abzug. Mr. Holzer said on Saturday that he only worked weekends and evenings at the Abzug campaign headquarters, but when reached at the campaign headquarters yesterday he said that he had applied for a Federal leave without pay for the final week of the campaign.

Salaries, printing, radio and television advertising and telephones are the major drains on the campaign treasuries.

White House or Role?

The commercial, which was produced for the Abzug campaign by the Communications Company, opens with a narrator saying: "The following tape comes to you from the Nixon White House." Mr. Nixon is then heard introducing Mr. Moynihan as his adviser on urban and domestic affairs.

But the event on the tape actually took place not at the White House, but at the Pierre Hotel in New York City, a month before Mr. Nixon's inauguration.

Mr. Abzug yesterday said she "deplored" the mistake, and accused Mr. Moynihan of "just trying to make this into something beyond what it really is."

The dispute broke out early in the morning at the tapes of a candidates' debate broadcast on seven radio stations in the state, Paul O'Dwyer, the City

Mrs. Abzug

Mrs. Abzug's day took her from an indoor rally in the garment district, where several hundred active and retired members of the Store Workers Union greeted with loud applause her bittersweet memories of being hired after graduation from Hunter College in 1942 to demonstrate how to tie turbans in a department store, to the Grand Concourse in the Bronx, where she campaigned with Representative Jonathan S. Brothman.

In between, she was made an honorary member of Eddie Condon's All-Star Jazz Band, and surprised herself as well as customers at the late guitar player's jazz club with a pleasant rendition of "Melancholy Baby" on the mandolin.

Mrs. Abzug also announced that she had been endorsed by Leonard Woodcock, president of the United Auto Workers, and released a position paper on crime in which she accused the Federal Bureau of Investigation of "interfering with our business" and harassing small dissident groups instead of concentrating its resources against organized crime.

LINDA GREENHOUSE

Moylman

There were three items on the sheet of yellow legal paper that Mr. Moynihan put on the chair in front of him as he sprawled on a wooden camp chair for news conferences in his volunteer headquarters at 130 Avenue of the Americas. "Leading Welfare—\$60B. Tapes," he disconcerted briefly on each, as follows:

"The first item is that I expect to win."

"He telephoned an adviser to Jimmy Carter, the Democratic Presidential nominee, about his fears that Mr. Carter, as President, might deter changes in the welfare system and was assured, he said, that the Carter administration would expand in Federal revenue over four years of \$60 billion. "If he doesn't let himself get nicked and dimed to death," Mr. Moynihan said of Mr. Carter, "that means he has the resource to do the two big-ticket items." Those items are welfare change and national health insurance, Mr. Moynihan said.

He asked the fair-campaign officials to investigate the Abzug tapes. Why, since the commercial had been withdrawn? "It was still playing yesterday," Mr. Moynihan said, "and it says something about the character of the campaign."

The Moynihan campaign people believe that the total tone of the opposition—Mrs. Abzug's statement, since modified, that she would not support Mr. Moynihan if he won, the tape controversy, the fight that was shoved into Mr. Moynihan's face the other day—is working to the benefit of Mr. Moynihan, who cultivates an image of polite attention to the issues.

MAURICE CARROLL

## ER ASKS U.S. AID

...Calls on Ford for Funds

...More Public-Safety Officers on the Streets'

THOMAS P. RONAN

...that violent crime was charged of New York City and asked that Ford provide emergency funds to allow more public-safety officers to be put on the streets and to stop these terrible and sickening attacks on our people."

...asked the President to send General Edward H. Levi to the city to report personally on this situation.

...Westchester County Republican, posing Senator James L. Buckley's nomination for the Senate, told in a letter that he had "just talking to the father of a young man of mine who was murdered in the streets of New York City this

...also recalled in the letter few weeks ago he "was helping widow whose husband was slaughtered on the streets of New York City."

...Sus McCready, Danish-born, 41-year-old, who was fatally stabbed in the Village, when she apparently vent the robbery of a friend's eyeglasses tried to help the widow were reports, which proved that she might be deported.

...ther Incident Recalled

...that emergency funds would be in a flood or drought, he is in the name of God can't that we have an emergency situation?"

...called on the State Public Mission yesterday to suspend a new policy of requiring sets from customers in arrears. The commission should allow of this requirement only hearings and guarantees by that it will be narrowly applied, only to those customers "not be trusted."

...headed, financial exaction" of single late payment and rebates." He said he recognized to insure prompt payment to cases security payments appropriate but they must be

## Weather Reports and Forecast

Summary

...and warmer con- expected today

...Northeast. Thun- will be scattered western lake re- Dakotas and brashes through pl Valley to the Georgia, and ina. Except for room thunder- central and south- rizoza, mostly they will cover the country. It ol in northern from the north- the Plains States northern and cen- into the north- region; cooler expected in the Mississippi Valley; only perature changes elsewhere.

...sunny yesterday poltan New York Middle Atlantic the late region used middle Missis- clouds covered New England and York. Scattered ms continued in South Carolina, Georgia, and the id central Gulf



## Clark

Ramsey Clark, took Mrs. Abzug and Mr. Moynihan to task yesterday, declaring that they had waged a campaign that began with "self-promotion" and was ending with each of them attacking the other.

Seated in his campaign offices at 505 Fifth Avenue and under the admiring eyes of his campaign workers and supporters Mr. Clark observed that at a time

## Shipping/Mails

Outgoing	SAILING TODAY
Trans-Atlantic	ASTIR 11:00 A.M. Rigo Sept. 18 and Geneva Oct. 31
	Trans-Atlantic
	GREAT REPUBLIC (AEL), Cadiz, Spain, Sept. 16 and Istanbul 19; sails from Rowland Hall, Staten Island.
	LACHOWICZ (Polish), Rotterdam Sept. 19; sails from West 11th St., Brooklyn.
	LASH ITALIA (Prod.), Casablanca Sept. 19; sails from 39th St., Brooklyn.
	SOUTH AMERICA, West Indies, Etc.
	ARABIA (Panama), San Juan Sept. 14; sails from Ft. Elizabeth, N.J.
	JALAKRISHNA (India), Yokohama, Taiwan Oct. 21 and Kaituma, Taiwan 25; sails from Newark, N.J.
	YEMERIAN (Yemen), Manila Oct. 13; sails from Kane St., Brooklyn.
SAILING TOMORROW	Trans-Atlantic
	AMERICAN ACCORD 10:31 A.M. L. Howe Sept. 30 and Portland 22; sails from Hudson River, Staten Island.
	HOUSTON (Sea-Land), Kingston Sept. 14, Pan Hama 16 CAPTAIN LINDBERG (S.A.) Casco Sept. 29; sails from 22nd Street, Brooklyn.
	WEST INDIES (Panama), Madeira Sept. 16, Cape H and Malaga 19; sails 3:30 P.M. from Ft. 55th St.
	South America, West Indies, Etc.
	HOUSTON 15th Land, Houston Sept. 14, Pan Hama 16 and San Juan 19; sails from Ft. Elizabeth, N.J.

## Abroad

Local Time	Temp.	Condition
1 P.M.	57	Cloudy
2 P.M.	58	Pl. clud.
3 P.M.	59	Pl. clud.
4 P.M.	60	Pl. clud.
5 P.M.	61	Pl. clud.
6 P.M.	62	Pl. clud.
7 P.M.	63	Pl. clud.
8 P.M.	64	Pl. clud.
9 P.M.	65	Pl. clud.
10 P.M.	66	Pl. clud.
11 P.M.	67	Pl. clud.
12 P.M.	68	Pl. clud.
1 P.M.	69	Pl. clud.
2 P.M.	70	Pl. clud.
3 P.M.	71	Pl. clud.
4 P.M.	72	Pl. clud.
5 P.M.	73	Pl. clud.
6 P.M.	74	Pl. clud.
7 P.M.	75	Pl. clud.
8 P.M.	76	Pl. clud.
9 P.M.	77	Pl. clud.
10 P.M.	78	Pl. clud.
11 P.M.	79	Pl. clud.
12 P.M.	80	Pl. clud.

## U.S. and Canada

City	Temp.	Condition
Albany	58	Pl. clud.
Albany	59	Pl. clud.
Albany	60	Pl. clud.
Albany	61	Pl. clud.
Albany	62	Pl. clud.
Albany	63	Pl. clud.
Albany	64	Pl. clud.
Albany	65	Pl. clud.
Albany	66	Pl. clud.
Albany	67	Pl. clud.
Albany	68	Pl. clud.
Albany	69	Pl. clud.
Albany	70	Pl. clud.
Albany	71	Pl. clud.
Albany	72	Pl. clud.
Albany	73	Pl. clud.
Albany	74	Pl. clud.
Albany	75	Pl. clud.
Albany	76	Pl. clud.
Albany	77	Pl. clud.
Albany	78	Pl. clud.
Albany	79	Pl. clud.
Albany	80	Pl. clud.

## Temperature Data

City	Temp.	Hum.	Wind	Dir.
3 P.M.	70	44	W	10-12
4 P.M.	71	45	W	10-12
5 P.M.	72	46	W	10-12
6 P.M.	73	47	W	10-12
7 P.M.	74	48	W	10-12
8 P.M.	75	49	W	10-12
9 P.M.	76	50	W	10-12
10 P.M.	77	51	W	10-12

## Precipitation Data

City	Precip.
12-hour period ended 7 P.M.	0.00
24-hour period ended 7 P.M.	0.00
48-hour period ended 7 P.M.	0.00
72-hour period ended 7 P.M.	0.00
96-hour period ended 7 P.M.	0.00
120-hour period ended 7 P.M.	0.00

## Sun and Moon

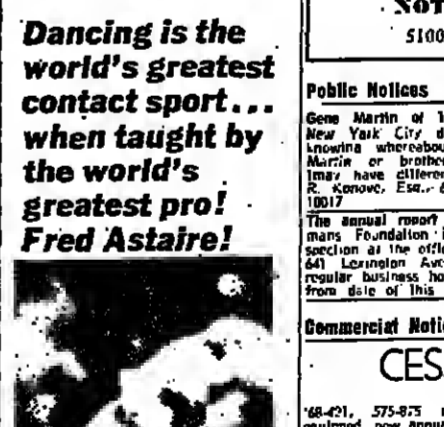
City	Sun	Moon
Sept. 8	6:29 A.M.	7:30 P.M.
Sept. 9	6:30 A.M.	7:31 P.M.
Sept. 10	6:31 A.M.	7:32 P.M.
Sept. 11	6:32 A.M.	7:33 P.M.
Sept. 12	6:33 A.M.	7:34 P.M.

## Planets

Planet	Low	High	Lat.
Mercury	10:30	11:30	10°
Venus	11:30	12:30	15°
Earth	12:30	1:30	20°
Mars	1:30	2:30	25°
Jupiter	2:30	3:30	30°
Saturn	3:30	4:30	35°
Uranus	4:30	5:30	40°
Neptune	5:30	6:30	45°
Pallas	6:30	7:30	50°
Juno	7:30	8:30	55°
Vesta	8:30	9:30	60°

## School of Dance

Dancing is the world's greatest contact sport... when taught by the world's greatest pro! Fred Astaire!



CONTACT SPORT SPECIAL! 8 Lessons for just \$8 (Introductory offer)

Make contact! Honest. There's no thrill in the world to match two people moving together as one on the dance floor. It's magic, it's exciting, it's fun! And you get a free lesson before anything just to see if you want to continue.

Come in, write, phone. Open 'til 10 P.M.

Fred Astaire DANCE STUDIOS

Hotel Gotham: 6th Ave. & 55th St. (2nd Floor) Tel: 341-5440

Forest Hills: 78-58 Main St. Tel: 263-1784

Hempstead: 256 Fulton Ave. Tel: 516-483-6733

Flushing: 40-42 Main St. Tel: 539-2525

We honor BankAmericard & Master Charge.

## Commercial Notices

Public Notices - \$100

Gene Martin of 128 West 94 Street New York City died 6/27/76. Surviving wife, three children, and several grandchildren. Burial in the Garden of the Holy Trinity, New York City. Arrangements by the Garden of the Holy Trinity, New York City.

Whitsett Construction 609-820-2000

SHIP YOUR CAR! ALL CALIF. FLORIDA ALL OFFICES INSURED \$5 MILLION

AAACON Auto All Gos Paid (212) 352-7277, N.Y.C. 328 West 41st St. (212) 251-1328, New Jersey (212) 251-2200, Queens (212) 251-2200, Long Island (212) 251-2200, Westchester, Co. Conn. (212) 251-2200.

LOST AND FOUND

1967

LOST at Kennedy Airport Men's wallet containing papers, REWARD: 212-554-2796 or 516-437-2641

LOST: Woman's Silver Grand Perpetual watch, approx. 30, Manhattan, 205 West 11th St., New York City. Reward: 212-251-2200.

LOST at the Gladiators Sunday, Sept. 5, personal documents and driver's license. Contact: Harvey, EN 3725 (Reardon)

LOST Initial files I.C.C. on ring back, 25 minutes from NYC, (NY) 168-1058. Marder Orchard, Box 174, Warwick, NY 73 L & Found

## CESSNA

44-421, 575-825 power, all Cessna available, new annual new parts, a/c no radar, lot other in the 300's.

Whitsett Construction 609-820-2000

Ship Your Car Nationwide Overseas \$10,000 Gov'l Bonded I.L.C. \$5 PAID 3 MILLION INS. DRIVE'S EXCHANGE INC. CH 4550 225 West 34 Street, N.Y.C. 10018

INSURED AUTO SHIPPERS INSURE FOR COLLISION & LIABILITY To Calif, Florida, All states All Gos Paid - 947-5230-I.C.C. Dependable Car Travel, 139 W. 49 St. New York City (212) 622-2004

PICK YOUR OWN APPLES 50-30 a basket, 100 lbs. 168-1058 Marder Orchard, Box 174, Warwick, NY

## CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING INDEX

Page	Section	Page	Section
46	Advertisements	71	March, Off. as
47	Auto Exchange	72	Pub. Notices
48	Beats	73	Real Estate
49	Business	74	Real Estate
50	Classified	75	Real Estate
51	Classified	76	Real Estate
52	Classified	77	Real Estate
53	Classified	78	Real Estate
54	Classified	79	Real Estate
55	Classified	80	Real Estate
56	Classified	81	Real Estate
57	Classified	82	Real Estate
58	Classified	83	Real Estate
59	Classified	84	Real Estate
60	Classified	85	Real Estate
61	Classified	86	Real Estate
62	Classified	87	Real Estate
63	Classified	88	Real Estate
64	Classified	89	Real Estate
65	Classified	90	Real Estate
66	Classified	91	Real Estate
67	Classified	92	Real Estate
68	Classified	93	Real Estate
69	Classified	94	Real Estate
70	Classified	95	Real Estate

## Selling the family jewels?

Great spot to do just that! The Merchandise Offerings columns of The New York Times. Tell the bargain-minded Times readers about the jewelry and diamonds you have to offer. Call (212) 633-3311 between 8 A.M. and 5:30 P.M. to place your advertisement. Merchandise Offerings Every day in The New York Times



# TV: British Fare on WOR Ranges From Giddiness to Pertinence

By JOHN J. O'CONNOR  
 "Thames on 9" is turning out to be the most intriguing television project of the year. While WOR/Channel 9 provides Thames Television with a Monday-through-Friday showcase for its better productions, the New York metropolitan area is being afforded an invaluable glimpse of what can be found in Britain, at least occasionally, on the single commercial channel that competes with the British Broadcasting Corporation.

The American arrangement gets under way daily at 5:30 P.M. with a program for children. At 6, London's glib Eamonn Andrews, interviewing assorted personalities in New York, and New York's droll Dick Cavett, visiting London, are booked up live by satellite for an exchange of light chatter. The proceedings Monday threatened to disintegrate into a complete giddiness as the various personalities greeted each other across the Atlantic ("Hello, Lynnle," Carroll Baker shouted cheerfully to Lynn Redgrave in New York). But New York's Mayor Beame remained deadly serious when confronted with any seeming criticism of the city's fiscal crisis. Mr. Beame, as we were reminded several times, was born in London.

Again via satellite, the Thames 11:30 P.M. London edition of the news is transmitted daily at 6:30, in 15 minutes, without commercials, concentrating on a no-nonsense survey of national and international events, from the Labor Day opening of Jimmy Carter's campaign to the Zurich meeting between Secretary of State Henry A. Kissinger and Prime Minister John Vorster of South Africa, both of whom were seen making brief statements to the press. The Thames "news reader" noted that neither managed to say anything of substance or significance. One of the more pertinent contributions of "Thames on 9" to correcting general misimpressions is the conclusive evidence that British television can be as silly and innocuous as its American counterpart. At 7 o'clock each night this week, there is a situation comedy

entitled "Father Dear Father," which might be subtitled "Father Does Not Know Best." The foil in this case is a divorced mystery writer with two teenage daughters. Monday's episode featured daddies with a toothache, one daughter with a see-through blouse, the other with an accident-prone boyfriend, and some unbelievable confusion over a dentist and a plumber. Everyone worked much too hard to no discernible purpose.

"Rock Follies," written by American-born Howard Schuman, doesn't waste anything. A deliciously perceptive commentary on the luscious and infuriating lovability of show business, the mini-series consists of six hours, two of them included in "Thames on 9" this week. Monday's episode got the three

central characters—stage actresses all—together for a disastrous revival of a stage musical called "Broadway Annie." This evening the women played to withering perfection by Julia Covington, Charlotte Cornwell and Rula Lenska—Join the music director of the show and plot a new career as a kind of soft-punk rock group called "Little Ladies."

The peculiar world of the performers and the machinations of show business are perceived hilariously and mercilessly. One actress copes with her penury in the suffocating protection of a commune. Another argues about the great literature of the theater with her melancholy boyfriend, who insists on being compulsively illuminating. The third "keeps" an American surfer, who exercises continuously under ultraviolet

lights while she struggles for a living with a producer of porno movies ("some bondage, a little lez, maybe a little bestiality," he explains blandly). And all of this is marching inexorably to immense success in the rock scene, where the cardinal rule is, "Sing from your groin, not your head." Mr. Schuman and his delightful company of players have played the scene well and wickedly.

"Thames on 9" is not all heavy scheduling. There are numerous passing moments that manage to startle, including bits and pieces from several of the British commercials also imported for the occasion. Mr. Cavett's interview with the Lord Mayor of London could have been plucked from "Monty Python's Flying Circus" for its underlying tone of amiable eccentricity.

# Suspect in the Kidnapping Of L.I. Business Executive Is Arrested in California

By ROY R. SILVER  
 Special to The New York Times  
 MINEOLA, L.I., Sept. 7—A California man has been arrested for allegedly kidnapping a wealthy Kings Point, L.I., business executive 22 months ago and releasing him unharmed after the payment of a \$750,000 ransom.

J. Wallace La Prade, assistant director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation in charge of the New York office, and Daniel P. Guido, the Nassau County Police Commissioner, said today that the man was arrested yesterday in Barstow, Calif. The suspect, Richard Warren Williams, 43 years old, of Pacoima, a suburb of Los Angeles, was seized in connection with the Nov. 12, 1974, kidnapping of Jack J. Teich from outside his home.

Mr. Williams waived the use of an attorney, and a preliminary hearing was set for Sept. 16 in Federal District Court in Los Angeles. He was held in lieu of \$500,000 bail.

Suspect a Realty Broker  
 Mr. Williams, a real estate broker who is married and has five children, was arraigned before a United States magistrate in Barstow today on a Federal charge of extortion. This evening, two Nassau County detectives, Richard McGuire and James Moran, both of whom had been involved in the investigation, flew to California with a warrant for the arrest of the defendant on a charge of kidnapping.

At the time of his arrest, the law enforcement officials said Mr. Williams had \$10,300 in \$100 bills that reportedly was part of the ransom money.

Mr. Teich, who is part-owner of the Acme Steel Partition Company in Brooklyn, was kidnapped from the driveway of his home at 2 Ballantine Lane by two armed men wearing masks.

He was then held chained in a closet for a week until his family, after a series of telephone communications with the

kidnappers, placed the ransom in a locker in Pennsylvania Station. F.B.I. agents observed a man up the money from the locker, escaped aboard a subway train the agents were concerned about people in the area and the need cautiously.

Three hours later, on the night of Sept. 18, Mr. Teich was left on the Bay Way near Kennedy International Airport, blindfolded but unchained. He was home and was later picked-up by police.

200 Originally on Case  
 After the kidnapping, for which a \$100,000 ransom was given, 100 F.B.I. agents similar number of county detectives assigned to the case. In recent just a few law enforcement officials involved in the investigation.

The arrest of Mr. Williams, moved from Brooklyn to California, was said to be the direct of an eight-day trip to California by Detectives McGuire and Moran. At that time they met with local F.B.I. agents and produced a "lead" to Mr. Williams' Mr. La Prade and Commissioner said the investigation was continuing an effort to find others who may have been implicated in the kidnapping.

# DAM BREAKS IN PAKIS FLOODING 5,000-MILE

RAWALPINDI, Pakistan, Sept. 7—Flood waters broke through a high dam and inundated more than 500 square miles of Punjab Province Government land today. Entire villages were washed away, officials said. Casualties in the flooding in Punjab, the largest and poorest of Pakistan's four provinces, were not known but loss of life among the area's population could be high.

The officials said army and relief workers evacuate residents. They said the rain-fed flood carved a breach in the middle Bolan Dam, an earth-filled structure built in 1957. The breach kept widening and the dam collapsed.

# The Presidential Debates and Network Frustrations

By LES BROWN  
 Although the commercial networks have sought televised debates between the major candidates for every Presidential election since that of 1960, their purposes have been more frustrated than fulfilled by the agreement between President Ford and Jimmy Carter to meet in a series of televised debates this fall under the sponsorship of the League of Women Voters.

Indeed these debates, because of the legal means by which they have been arranged, represent a severe setback for the broadcast industry in its 17-year drive for repeal of Section 315 of the Communications Act, which contains the so-called equal-time rule. Broadcasters have maintained that this rule, which requires television and radio to grant all legally qualified candidates for an office equal access to the air—bampers their ability to cover politics.

Even after Mr. Ford and Mr. Carter accepted the proposal from the league, CBS and NBC made last-ditch attempts to persuade Congressional leaders that

the viewers and candidates would be better served if the forthcoming debates were held in the same manner as the Kennedy-Nixon television debates of 1960.

The four debates in 1960 between John F. Kennedy and Richard M. Nixon had been made possible by a suspension of Section 315 just for that year and only for the Presidential race.

After securing agreements from the candidates for the series of joint appearances on television, the networks implored Congress to repeal the law but when instead the one-year suspension in the spirit of a test.

This year's Presidential race had seemed to afford the opportunity for another test—perhaps even the final one—but that evaporated when the league made its successful proposal to the candidates.

The move by the nonpartisan organization was prompted by a new interpretation of the equal-time law, issued by the Federal Communications Commission last fall. The commission ruled that radio and television may cover debates between

major party candidates, without being subject to equal-time requirements, if the debates are held outside television studios and are arranged by organizations other than the broadcasters.

This, the commission held, made them legitimate news events suitable for coverage. But it added the requirement that the debates be covered live and in their entirety, rather than in edited form.

The networks now find themselves in the curious position of being obliged to cover a series of events, the effect of which may be exactly the opposite of what the broadcast industry had hoped to achieve. For if the league-sponsored debates prove to be a satisfactory way for candidates to meet face to face on television, they will indicate that repeal of Section 315 is unnecessary.

Hoping to prevent such a reverse test, CBS prepared a memorandum for members of Congress detailing reasons why it believed another suspension of Section 315 would "serve the interests of the American electorate" better than the arrangement with the League of Women Voters.

# A Dime loan makes higher education easier.

- New, low 11% rate.
- Money as you need it: save with two advances a year.

Now the Dime's educational loan rate is a full percentage point lower than before. That's right for either our College Guaranty Plan where you make one loan arrangement that covers the full 4 years or the Scholastic Loan Plan designed to help you meet current scholastic expenses. The annual percentage rate on both loans has been reduced to 11% a year and that includes life insurance to a qualified borrower who has not reached age 65 on the effective date of the loan.

Dime loans are tailored to your needs also. Borrow up to \$20,000 outstanding at any one time to send your children to elementary, preparatory, vocational school or college. Take the money as you need it for each semester so you're not paying unnecessary interest costs. And spread monthly payments over as long as a 7-year period if you wish.

If your income is \$15,000 or more a year, or if the income of all members of your family adds up to this amount, you qualify to apply for one of these loans.

See how Dime's lower rate saves you money.

## College Guaranty Plan\* Covering 4 Years With 2 Advances Per Year, 84 Monthly Payments

Amount Financed	Amount of Each Advance	Total Payments	Finance Charges	Monthly Payment
\$ 4,000	\$ 500	\$ 4,808.00	\$ 808.00	\$ 97.25
8,000	1,000	9,617.16	1,617.16	114.49
12,000	1,500	14,426.16	2,426.16	171.74
16,000	2,000	19,235.16	3,235.16	228.99
20,000	2,500	24,043.32	4,043.32	286.23

\*Plan Guaranteed by Life Insurance

## Scholastic Plan

Amount Financed	Number of Monthly Payments	Total Payments	Finance Charges	Monthly Payment
\$ 2,000	24	\$ 2,237.04	\$ 237.04	\$ 93.21
3,000	36	3,535.56	535.56	98.21
5,000	60	6,522.60	1,522.60	108.71

Life Insurance Included

If the above examples do not fit your needs, stop in or call any of the following Dime offices for more information:

New York City area, Westchester, Rockland—Telephone—(212) 643-7107

Western Nassau and Queens counties—Telephone—(516) 561-6000

Eastern Nassau and Suffolk counties—Telephone—(516) 799-4132

Or just complete and mail the coupon.



I am interested in:  
 College Guaranty Plan  
 Scholastic Loan Plan  
 Please send me an application blank.  
 Please call me with more information. My telephone number is \_\_\_\_\_  
 I need \$ \_\_\_\_\_

Mail to:  
 William O. Keim  
 The Dime Savings Bank of New York  
 9 Oakleaf Avenue  
 Brooklyn, New York 11201

Name \_\_\_\_\_  
 Street \_\_\_\_\_  
 City \_\_\_\_\_  
 State \_\_\_\_\_ Zip \_\_\_\_\_



THE DIME SAVINGS BANK OF NEW YORK  
 MEMBER FDIC

Manhattan: Fifth Ave. & 48th St., 10017, Third Ave. & 58th St., 10022;  
 Brooklyn: Fulton Street & DeKalb Avenue, 11201; 8th Street & 13th  
 Avenue, 11214; Avenue J & Coney Island Avenue, 11230; Merrick Avenue  
 & West 7th Street, 11224; Kings Plaza Shopping Center, Flatlands Avenue  
 & Avenue U, 11224; Long Island City Shopping Center, Sunnyside  
 Highway, Valley Stream, 11582; Sunnyside Mall Shopping Center, Sunnyside  
 Hwy. & Queens Rd., Macoppeza, 11759; West Brighton Rd. 11696 & 1100  
 District Rd., Huntington Station, 11745; Banking Convenience Centers,  
 TSS Department Stores: Oceanside and Levittown, Long Island.

# Tonight Bell Telephone "Jubilee!"

"Leaves you wishing it would go on longer... a show of the century."  
 —BOSTON GLOBE

"One of those super-duper, all-shiny-slick TV extravaganzas that start up and dares one not to be amused."  
 —WASHINGTON POST

"I thought that program... was one of the most delightful I have seen on television in a long, long time."  
 —ROBERT E. THOMPSON, PUBLISHER, SEATTLE POST-INTELLIGENCER



Starring as hosts Bing Crosby & Liza Minnelli

Guest appearances by:  
 Roy Clark  
 Eydie Gorme  
 Joel Grey  
 Marvin Hamlisch  
 Steve Lawrence  
 Ben Vereen

performances by:  
 Julie Andrews  
 Louis Armstrong  
 Fred Astaire  
 Harry Belafonte

Ray Bolger  
 Pablo Casals  
 Gower Champion  
 Marge Champion  
 Maurice Chevalier  
 Van Cliburn  
 Duke Ellington  
 Peggy Fleming  
 Mary Ford  
 Erroll Garner  
 Benny Goodman  
 Lena Horne  
 Burl Ives  
 Mahalia Jackson

Kingston Trio  
 Gene Krupa  
 Ethel Merman  
 New Christy Minstrels  
 Anthony Newley  
 Rudolf Nureyev  
 Donald O'Connor  
 Les Paul  
 Robert Preston  
 Andre Previn  
 Carl Sandburg  
 Andreas Segovia  
 Joan Sutherland  
 Edward Villella

8:00-9:30 pm  
 Channel 4  
 NBC-TV



Bell System

# Radio

Evening

7:00-8:00 P.M. **WOL**  
 8:00-9:00 P.M. **WOL**  
 9:00-10:00 P.M. **WOL**  
 10:00-11:00 P.M. **WOL**

# Talk Show

7:00-8:00 P.M. **WOL**  
 8:00-9:00 P.M. **WOL**  
 9:00-10:00 P.M. **WOL**  
 10:00-11:00 P.M. **WOL**

# Philharmonic

mission time of  
 Philharmonic  
 learn about  
 great Jews.

8:00-9:00 P.M. **WOL**  
 9:00-10:00 P.M. **WOL**  
 10:00-11:00 P.M. **WOL**

# Sam Levine

8:00-9:00 P.M. **WOL**  
 9:00-10:00 P.M. **WOL**  
 10:00-11:00 P.M. **WOL**

# TRAVEL AGENTS

14 WEEKS COURSE

8:00-9:00 P.M. **WOL**  
 9:00-10:00 P.M. **WOL**  
 10:00-11:00 P.M. **WOL**

# Sobeisohn School

1545 Broadway  
 N.Y.C. 10026  
 575-1530

Handwritten text in a box: 10/1/75



July 20 1970

Radio

Music

11:55-12:30 P.M. WQXR: Micro-political Report. Bill Blair, broadcast correspondent.
WQXR: Piano Personalities on a Theme of Hans Zimmermann.
WNYC-FM: Cello and Viola in C. Strauss.
WQXR: The Listen. Robert Sherman, host.
WNYC-AM: Bassano, Water, Apollo.
WNYC-AM: Famous Art.
WNYC-AM: Concerto Grosso.
WNYC-AM: Concerto for Oboe, Strings, and Harp.
WNYC-AM: Concerto for Violin and Piano.
WNYC-AM: Concerto for Piano Quartet.
WNYC-AM: Concerto for Oboe, Strings, and Harp.
WNYC-AM: Concerto for Violin and Piano.
WNYC-AM: Concerto for Piano Quartet.

Events

6:58-8:10 P.M. WQXR: Micro-political Report. Bill Blair, broadcast correspondent.
WQXR: Piano Personalities on a Theme of Hans Zimmermann.
WNYC-FM: Cello and Viola in C. Strauss.
WQXR: The Listen. Robert Sherman, host.
WNYC-AM: Bassano, Water, Apollo.
WNYC-AM: Famous Art.
WNYC-AM: Concerto Grosso.
WNYC-AM: Concerto for Oboe, Strings, and Harp.
WNYC-AM: Concerto for Violin and Piano.
WNYC-AM: Concerto for Piano Quartet.

Talk/Sports

5-7 A.M. WBAI: Bill Monaghan.
WNYC-AM: John Garbiling.
WNYC-AM: Traveler's.
WNYC-AM: Marty Wayne.
WNYC-AM: Steve Kovacs.
WNYC-AM: Jeff Greenfield.
WNYC-AM: Culture Scene.
WNYC-AM: Business Picture.
WNYC-AM: Clive Barnes.
WNYC-AM: The World of Dance and Drama.
WNYC-AM: Joey Adams.
WNYC-AM: Dan Daniel.
WNYC-AM: Arlene Francis.
WNYC-AM: Patricia McCann.
WNYC-AM: Ruth Jacobson.
WNYC-AM: The Fitzgibbon.
WNYC-AM: Sally Jessy Raphael.
WNYC-AM: New York Hypothesis.

8:15-4. WOR-AM: George Henry.
WNYC-AM: Baseball.
WNYC-AM: Baseball.
WNYC-AM: Baseball.
WNYC-AM: Baseball.
WNYC-AM: Baseball.
WNYC-AM: Baseball.
WNYC-AM: Baseball.
WNYC-AM: Baseball.
WNYC-AM: Baseball.
WNYC-AM: Baseball.

News Broadcasts

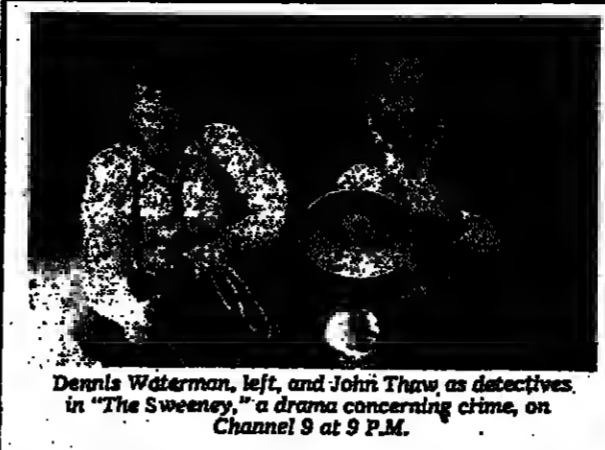
All News: WABC, WINS, WJWS.
Hourly News: WQXR, WNYC, WNBC, WOL.
Five Minutes to the Hour: WABC, WINS, WJWS.
On the Half Hour: WPAT, WFDV, WJWS, WNBC, WNYC, WOL.

Table with radio station call letters and frequencies: WABC 730 AM, WABC 1280 AM, WABC 1280 AM, WABC 1280 AM, WABC 1280 AM, WABC 1280 AM, WABC 1280 AM, WABC 1280 AM, WABC 1280 AM, WABC 1280 AM.

Television

Morning

8:57 (5) Friends.
8:59 (1) 78 Summer Soapster.
8:59 (2) Huck and Larn.
8:59 (3) The Cat.
9:00 (2) CBS Morning News.
9:00 (3) Today: Tom Brakespeare.
9:00 (4) Underdog.
9:00 (5) Good Morning America.
9:00 (6) The Little Rascals.
9:00 (7) The Banana Splits.
9:00 (8) The MacNeil/Lehrer Report.
9:00 (9) Captain Kangaroo.
9:00 (10) Percy Sutton Reports.
9:00 (11) The Wacky Races.
9:00 (12) The Banana Splits.
9:00 (13) The MacNeil/Lehrer Report.
9:00 (14) The Monsters.
9:00 (15) Sesame Street.
9:00 (16) Pat Collins: 'Black Theater'.
9:00 (17) Concentration.
9:00 (18) The Electric Company.
9:00 (19) The Electric Company.
9:00 (20) The Electric Company.
9:00 (21) The Electric Company.
9:00 (22) The Electric Company.
9:00 (23) The Electric Company.
9:00 (24) The Electric Company.
9:00 (25) The Electric Company.



Dennis Waterman, left, and John Thaw, as detectives in 'The Sweeney,' a drama concerning crime, on Channel 9 at 9 P.M.

8:00 P.M. Jubilee (R) (4)
8:00 P.M. Hazlett in Love (9)
9:00 P.M. Theater in America (R) (13)
10:00 P.M. News Special (4)
10:00 P.M. Rock Follies II (9)
(1) News.
(2) The Brady Bunch.
(3) The Electric Company.
(4) The Electric Company.
(5) The Electric Company.
(6) The Electric Company.
(7) The Electric Company.
(8) The Electric Company.
(9) The Electric Company.
(10) The Electric Company.
(11) The Electric Company.
(12) The Electric Company.
(13) The Electric Company.
(14) The Electric Company.
(15) The Electric Company.
(16) The Electric Company.
(17) The Electric Company.
(18) The Electric Company.
(19) The Electric Company.
(20) The Electric Company.
(21) The Electric Company.
(22) The Electric Company.
(23) The Electric Company.
(24) The Electric Company.
(25) The Electric Company.

Afternoon

12:00 (2) The Young and the Restless.
(3) The Young and the Restless.
(4) The Young and the Restless.
(5) The Young and the Restless.

Evening

8:00 (2) News.
8:00 (3) The Brady Bunch.
8:00 (4) The Electric Company.
8:00 (5) The Electric Company.
8:00 (6) The Electric Company.
8:00 (7) The Electric Company.
8:00 (8) The Electric Company.
8:00 (9) The Electric Company.
8:00 (10) The Electric Company.
8:00 (11) The Electric Company.
8:00 (12) The Electric Company.
8:00 (13) The Electric Company.
8:00 (14) The Electric Company.
8:00 (15) The Electric Company.
8:00 (16) The Electric Company.
8:00 (17) The Electric Company.
8:00 (18) The Electric Company.
8:00 (19) The Electric Company.
8:00 (20) The Electric Company.
8:00 (21) The Electric Company.
8:00 (22) The Electric Company.
8:00 (23) The Electric Company.
8:00 (24) The Electric Company.
8:00 (25) The Electric Company.

Advertisement for the intermission time of the Israel Philharmonic, featuring a drawing of a hand holding a baton and text about the performance of Akiba.

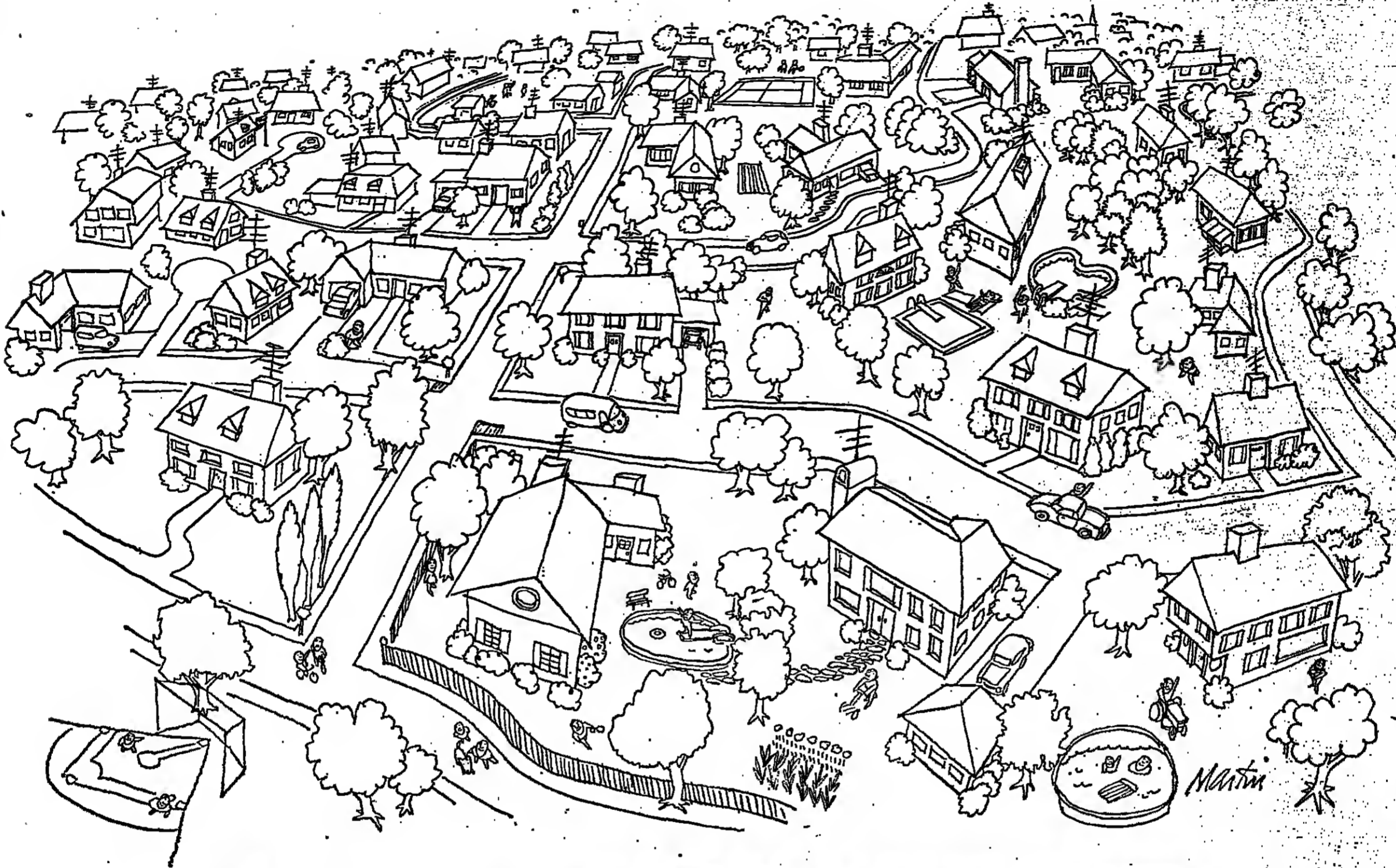
NBC Reports advertisement for 'The Sweeney' TV show, featuring a photo of the main characters and promotional text.

Large advertisement for the TV show 'Babe' starring Alex Karras, featuring a large photo of the actor and promotional text.

Advertisement for 'Travel Agents' and 'Sohelsohn School' with contact information and promotional text.

Advertisement for 'The Sweeney' TV show, featuring a photo of the main characters and promotional text.





# 42 MILLION IMPRESSIONS A WEEK CAN KEEP YOUR AWARENESS UP BETWEEN FLIGHTS.

Scheduling television advertising in flights, waves, blocks, or whatever term you use, makes good economic sense. But what do you do between flights?

The answer is print, but the magazine audiences you can reach quickly are mostly rather small. It takes a month or two or three for most magazines to accumulate their audience.

Only TV Guide can deliver an audience big enough and fast enough to keep your awareness up between flights. 42.2 million adult readers per issue. And you can reach almost all of them in 10 days.

With TV Guide you get the scheduling flexibility that only a weekly can offer plus the size and efficiency you used to work with in broadcast. So you can plan your advertising the way you want to—with massive reach and the opportunity for frequency only a weekly can provide.

TV Guide. To keep your sales flying between flights.

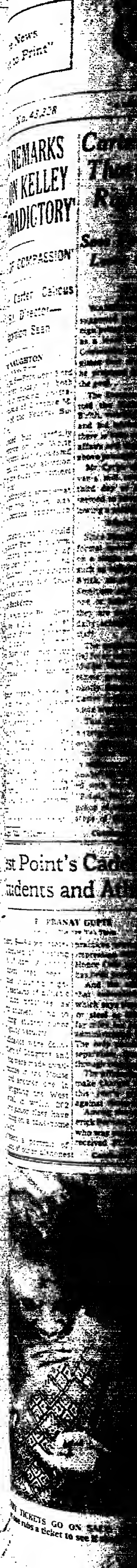


TRIANGLE PUBLICATIONS, INC.

**FIRST IN CIRCULATION.  
FIRST IN ADVERTISING REVENUE.**

Source: Simmons '76.

5/20/76



St Point's Cad  
Students and Ad

FRANAY GUY  
The body  
separation  
through  
The  
make  
this  
against  
erick  
who was  
received



TICKETS GO ON SALE  
has a ticket to see